

THE STATE WE LIVE IN

By Byron Defenbach

Gold

Gold was discovered in California in 1848. Four years later a French-Canadian found traces of the metal on the Pend O'Reille river; a similar discovery was made by Captain John Mullen in the Coeur d'Alene country in 1858.

Indian traditions of the existence of gold in the sands of the Clearwater reached the ears of one Captain E. D. Pierde, and in the summer of 1860 he set out with five companions to explore that section. Their entry into the region was resisted by the Nez Perces, and the white men, being strangers to the country, found their plans blocked by this opposition. Their only hope lay in securing the services of some native guide whose friendship for the whites should exceed his loyalty to and fear of his own people.

Two years prior to this time, Colonel Stepto of the United States army had suffered a serious defeat at the hands of an Indian force of mixed tribes, not, however, including any Nez Perce warriors. In fact Stepto's detachment would have been annihilated but for the friendly help of Timothy, a Nez Perce chief always a friend of the white man.

Pierce found Timothy encamped at the mouth of the Alpowa, just below Lewiston, on the Snake, and was successful in interesting and securing the services of the chief's daughter, an eighteen-year old Nez Perce maiden known as "Jane." With her clever and indispensable assistance the party made its way by night-traveling, up the Clearwater to the present Orofino, thence up Orofino Creek to the mouth of its tributary, Canal Gulch. A mess of trout was the first product of this effort; it was fried for supper. After the meal, one of the men, Bassette, with pipe, shovel and pan, went a few rods up Canal Gulch. His first trial produced a few cents in gold. Closely following this discovery, thousands of people swarmed into the country.

It is the purpose of this tabloid not so much to repeat a well-known page of history, as to emphasize more than has ever been done before, the supremely important part played by the girl, Jane. Her appearance on the stage of Idaho's story marks the beginning of our third era.

She afterward married the ferryman at Lewiston, a white man named John Silcott, and was a familiar figure on the streets of Lewiston for twenty-five years; a good woman, as many of our people will recall. She had no children.

Jane Silcott was accidentally burned to death in 1895, at the age of 53. Her husband buried her on the north bank of the river on whose shores she was born, and raised a modest but substantial stone over her remains; some years later he was laid to rest beside her. Cattle have broken down the fence around her grave, the stone has fallen. The State we live in has been ungrateful.

(Credit for the above is due Mr. P. T. Lomax of Lewiston, and to two of the latest survivors of old Pierce City, the late I. B. Cowen of Pierce and James Hart of Boise.

The Working Girls

There are two kinds of girls in the world: The girl who works, the girl who gads. Commend us to the former. Work lends dignity to the pretty girl, is an added charm to her. The girl who works, God bless her, combines the useful, ornamental. She might gad about, roll on sofas, gossip, read story books, but she prefers to be of some account in the world and goes out as stenographer, teacher, saleslady or housekeeper, bravely makes her own way. Such are the salt of the earth and of such is the kingdom of heaven.—Ex.

School Election Tomorrow

The annual school election will be held tomorrow afternoon at the school house, starting at 1 o'clock. One school trustee will be elected to serve for a term of three years, to take the place of N. E. Walker, whose term expires. Two names will appear on the ballots—Mrs. Frank W. Ellis and Wm. A. Watts, whose names were filed with the clerk. The name of R. H. Ramey was filed, but it was without his authorization and he withdrew. The election board will consist of James Emmett, Ira Foster and S. A. McCallister.

Voters must be electors of the State of Idaho, residents of the district at the time of election; parents or guardians of a child or children under 21 years of age residing in the district at time of election, or taxpayers within the district.

The Smallpox Situation

In spite of more or less wild rumors concerning the smallpox situation here, conditions remain much the same as last week. There are only two homes under quarantine—Kuykendahl's and Cardinal's. The members of the Kuykendahl family have practically recovered from the disease and are getting along nicely. None of the members of the Cardinal family is seriously ill.

There was an effort made the first of the week to close the schools because of the "deplorable conditions" existing. Frantic reports were sent in to the county health officer Tuesday morning. He came down from Moscow in the afternoon, made a thorough inspection, in company with Dr. Morehead, and found the reports which he had received to be without foundation. He stated that the situation was being handled here in a very satisfactory manner and there was no cause for alarm.

Closing the schools is a more or less hysterical public gesture that seems to soothe the too highly organized nervous systems of some individuals. They look upon such an action as the last word in the preservation of the public health. But in larger centers, such as the state university, Lewiston public schools and the normal school, they required compulsory vaccination rather than to close because of smallpox. The same method was put into effect here by the county health officer the first of the week.

If the general public will cooperate with Dr. Morehead, the local health officer, the epidemic, in all probability, will be of short duration.

Linden News

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Smith arrived from Spokane, Saturday evening to visit relatives a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Lyons and family and Mrs. Lynn were dinner guests at the C. H. Fry home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Weyen and sons spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Winegardner.

Cecil Darby, Arley Allen and Nevelin Whybark were Lewiston visitors Monday.

The Misses Josephine Popkey, Eva Smith and Maxine Garner were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Addison Alexander, Sunday.

Austin McCoy of Southwick has rented the Gus Farrington place and has recently taken possession. His daughter, Mrs. Hunter, and children, plan to make their home with him during the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Clem Israel and children spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kent.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Farrington spent Sunday at the Chas. Keeler home.

The picture show and all indoor public gatherings were called off the first of the week in response to an order by the county health officer, due to the fact that two homes in town are under quarantine for smallpox.

Cameron News

Wilma Schultz has returned to her home after spending the past four weeks with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schultz.

Little improvement is noticed in the condition of Grandpa Schultz.

Selma Hartung and Wilma Schultz spent Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings together, studying for the examination given last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Berriman and daughters, Reva and Veva, and Wilma Schultz helped Walter Hartung celebrate the twenty-first anniversary of his birthday, April 11th. The elders enjoyed the evening playing cards, while the children played cards. A delightful lunch was served at midnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Meyer and Grandma Meyer were callers at the Carl L. Wegner home, Thursday evening.

Erna Wegner was an overnight guest of Mildred Wegner last Wednesday evening.

Carl L. Wegner called at the A. H. Blum home, Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl L. Wegner and Grandma Wegner were guests of Mr. and Mrs. August Meyer last Tuesday evening.

Walter Wegner and Miss Perryman spent Tuesday afternoon at the Carl L. Wegner home.

Mrs. Blum, Mrs. Albright and Grandma Wegner were at Mrs. Carl L. Wegner's Wednesday to help quilt.

Margaret Schultz was an overnight guest of Selma Wegner, Monday night.

Mr. F. Reiche has been helping Carl L. Wegner the past few days with his work.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schoeffler were visiting friends at Southwick, Monday evening.

"Happy" Brunseik and Dutch Rogers were callers at the Otto Schoeffler home, Sunday.

Otto Rauschke has traded his old car in on a new truck.

Mr. Lohman and sons, Erwin and Elmer, were visiting at the Dave Schoeffler home, Monday afternoon.

Otto Schoeffler has been building a new road out of his place to join the main road.

Mrs. Chas. McCoy and daughter, Viola, called on Mrs. William McCoy, Sunday.

Carl L. Wegner and family and A. F. Wegner and family were dinner guests at the A. O. Wegner home, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Silflow, Sr. and Mrs. Emelie Teats were visitors Tuesday at the A. O. Wegner home.

Jake Berriman and family drove to Lewiston, Sunday. They were accompanied there by Mr. Berriman's father, Wm. Berriman, who went for medical treatment.

Mrs. Jake Berriman and daughters and Mrs. C. E. Hewett and son, Donald, drove to the Doc Betts place Saturday to witness the largest blast ever set off on this ridge.

Selma Hartung and Walter McCall, Jr. visited with Reva and Veva Berriman, Tuesday evening.

Wm. Wolff and Walter Hartung were business visitors in Lewiston, Monday.

Jack McCall of Juliaetta visited with Walter McCall over the week-end.

Mrs. O. W. Henry returned from Spokane, Wednesday, where she underwent an operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. Jacob Schmidt and son, Heinrich, of Spokane, arrived unannounced Friday evening to spend the week-end with relatives. They returned home Monday morning.

Clay Albright left Monday for Asotin where he has work.

Mesdames Fred Mielke, Ida Stoneburner, Jacob Schmidt and Marie Schwarz and the Messrs. Bill Mielke, Fred Mielke, Herbert and Edwin Mielke, Heinrich Schmidt and G. F. Cridlebaugh were callers at the Fred Newman home, Saturday evening.

Mrs. Reiche is staying with Grandma Schultz the present

Big Bear Ridge News

Mr. and Mrs. Eddie Galloway were Moscow visitors, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milo Slind of Lewiston visited home folks Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. James Emmett, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Emmett, Mrs. Thorvald Nelson, Mr. and Mrs. Wade Keene, Mrs. Ed Lien, Ingvald and Miss Emma Aas, Halvor Lien and Oscar Slind attended the funeral service of Mr. R. P. Drury in Moscow, Saturday.

Miss Ellen Peterson, county school superintendent visited the Taney school, Wednesday afternoon and was the guest of Mrs. Wade Keene.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Jones and children have moved to the Hooker farm.

L. B. Taylor, county agent, will be at the hall, Saturday, April 20 at 1 p. m. for the purpose of organizing a 4H Club for the boys and girls.

Mrs. A. Kleth entertained the Lutheran Ladies Aid at her home Wednesday afternoon.

Charivaries have been numerous in our midst within the past month. Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Wampler, who motored up from California were given a charivari at the Kleth home upon their arrival here. Mrs. Wampler was formerly Miss Betty Kleth. Mr. and Mrs. Reynard Carlson were also welcomed in the same manner. Mrs. Carlson being known here as Miss Esther Kleth. The crowd which gathered at the Kleth home on both occasions were given a nice treat, and a social time was enjoyed with music and in visiting. Everyone departed wishing the happy young couples much happiness thru life.

Last Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. Claude Jones returned from their wedding trip and were greeted at the A. W. Jones home by their neighbors and friends. Again a nice treat and a jolly evening was greatly enjoyed.

Everyone expressed well wishes and were glad to welcome Mr. and Mrs. Jones in our community.

Union Sunday school has been organized at the Taney school house to meet every Sunday morning. You are all cordially invited to attend.

Preaching services at the Lutheran church Sunday, April 21st at 3 p. m.

Miss Agnes Jones and a number of friends drove over from Teakean Friday evening for the charivari.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Weber, a son.

Had The Makings

One of our exchanges tells of an old German who had a handsome boy of whom he was rightly very proud, decided he would find out the trend of his mind. He adopted a very novel method by which to test him. He slipped into the boys room one morning, placed on his table a bottle of whiskey, a bible, a silver dollar. "Now, if he takes dot dollar, he is going to be a beeznis man; if he takes dot bible he is going to be a preacher; if he takes dot whiskey, he is no goot, going to be a drunkard." Then he hid behind the door to see which his son would choose. In came the boy whistling. He ran up to the table, picked up the bible, put it under his arm, then snatched up the bottle of whiskey, took a smell, picked up the dollar, put it in his pocket. The Dutchman poked his head out from behind the door, exclaimed: "Mein Got; he is going to be a politician."

"My husband is good to his employees," remarked one of the ladies of the Auxiliary. "Is he?" asked another. "Yes. He came home late from the office last night, all tired out, and I heard him say in his sleep, 'Jim, I'm going to raise you another ten.' And business is so poor just now."—Exchange.

week helping her care for Grandpa Schultz.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Newman were in Lewiston last Thursday.

The Magpie Contest

The magpie egg contest is now in full swing with a large number of boys searching the thorn thickets in the surrounding country during most of their spare time. It is not too late for others to start as the magpie egg season is now just well started. Boys who found but one or two eggs in the nests last week are now securing as many as six in one nest. The contest will continue until June 10, when the prizes will be awarded.

The committee in charge of the contest has fixed the following number of points for the different eggs: hawk, 20 points; crow, 10 points, magpie and bluejay 5. The present standing of the contest is:

- James Bolon 195 points
- Oscar Onstott 150 points
- Thos. Blevins 130 points
- Fred Reid 110 points
- Jim Schulze 50 points
- Archie Sloan 20 points

Denmar-Ehlen Wedding

Last Sunday, April 14, at 8 o'clock p. m., Miss Caroline Denmar of Fix Ridge and Rev. Otto Ehlen of Cameron, surprised their many friends by being quietly married in Lewiston. The ceremony was performed before an improvised altar in the living room of the home of Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Schwartz.

The bride entered to the strains of Lohengrin's Wedding March, played by Mrs. Schwartz at the piano and Mr. Schwartz the violin. The bride was preceded by little Miss Unice Schwartz as flower girl and attended by Mrs. E. A. Rein of Ritzville, Wash.

The groom, attended by George Denmar, brother of the bride, met the bride at the altar, where the impressive single ring service of the Lutheran church was pronounced by the Rev. E. A. Rein of Ritzville, former pastor at Cameron and a close friend of the groom.

Immediately after the wedding the young couple left for a trip to Orange, California, to attend the wedding of Rev. Ehlen's brother. They expect to return to Cameron about the middle of May.

Both young people are well known in this community, the bride having been born and raised on Fix ridge. For the past nine months she has been operating a beauty parlor at Ritzville. Rev. Ehlen was stationed at Lewiston before coming to Cameron and has many friends in both localities.

The Gazette and the many friends of the happy couple unite in wishing them well and a long, happy future.

Mild Language

Shocked by the language used by two men repairing telegraph wires near her home, a woman wrote to the company on the matter. The foreman was asked to make an official report on the occurrence. He did in the following way: "Me and Bill was on this job. I was up the telegraph pole, accidentally let the hot lead fall on Bill's neck. Then he said: 'You really must be moe careful, Harry'."—Ex.

What She Needed

"I am so nervous," said the lady prospective purchaser to the car salesman. "It seems to take me so long to think what to do." "Yes, yes," agreed the salesman. "This is just the car for you. These four-wheel brakes are so dependable that if you drive up a telephone pole, all you have to do is press down on your brake pedal, they will hold the car there until you have had time to collect your thots, figure out what to do next."

A Business Change

A colored blacksmith recently announced a change in his business as follows: "Notice—De coparternship heretofore resisting between me and Mose Skinner is hereby resolved. Dem what owes de firm will settle wid me, and dem what de firm owes will settle wid Mose."

Robbed Lewiston Bank

At about 9:30 yesterday morning a man walked into the Lewiston National bank and handed a note to one of the tellers, on which was written: "You are looking into the barrel of a 45 caliber automatic. Hand over your currency." The teller showed \$2,000 in currency over the counter and the robber grabbed it and made his escape, with the bank teller not far behind him.

When he reached the street he jumped into a taxi and told the driver to go to Clarkston. When he had crossed the river he handed the driver a one hundred dollar bill and told him he could have it if he could get him to Dayton in two hours. The driver started immediately to earn the money.

In the meantime the teller had secured a taxi and started in pursuit. As soon as he found the bandit was taking the Dayton road he phoned back to E. W. Lutz, cashier of that bank. Mr. Lutz immediately notified the Nez Perce county officers and also the sheriff's office at Dayton. The officers started closing in from both ends. Because of a blow-out the Nez Perce county sheriff was delayed but the sheriff from Dayton stopped the taxi and arrested the robbed between Pomerooy and Dayton.

The man refused to give his real name but signed a confession that he had done the job. It is believed that he is an amateur at the game. The full amount of cash stolen was recovered.

Village Election Next Tuesday

The municipal election for the Village of Kendrick will be held next Tuesday, starting at 9 o'clock a. m. and continuing until the hour of 7 p. m. of the same day. Two trustees will be elected to serve a term of four years.

Four candidates were nominated at a caucus held some time ago. They were E. T. Long, W. J. Carroll, E. A. Deobald and F. M. Long. The last named candidate withdrew from the race. Those whose terms expire are E. H. Dammarell and E. A. Deobald. Two trustees from the three nominated will be elected to serve.

Any qualified voter whose name appears on the registration books may vote. It is not necessary to be a property owner to vote in the village election.

Band Concert Here Sunday

The band concert, scheduled to take place last Sunday afternoon, had to be postponed on account of bad weather conditions, and will be held Sunday afternoon, April 21, at 1:30. It was deemed necessary to hold the concert at rather an early hour in order to make way for the leane ball game, which will be held immediately after the concert.

The concert will be held in the city park. It is free to everyone and a big crowd is expected to attend.

Picnic parties are welcome to use the park at any time.

League Ball Game Sunday

The opening game of the White-Pine-Latah baseball league schedule will be played here Sunday afternoon with Potlatch immediately after the band concert. Come to Kendrick, spread your picnic lunch in the park, hear the band play for an hour and then go to the ball park and see the 1929 league opener. It will be a ball game and we don't mean maybe!

Potlatch won the championship of the Whitman-Latah league last year. Manager Barnes feels that Kendrick will have one of the best teams on the field that has ever represented Kendrick. The local lineup will be taken from the following list of players: Red Sullivan, G. McPherson, Bill McCall, Tony Eichner, Chief Stevens, Fred Glenn, Frank Boyd, Gus Blum, Phil Types, Bobby Lough, Ed Dammarell, Earl Kulick, Ira Bolon, Chuck Davis, Harley Riehner, Bruce Glenn, Art Foster.

New Arrivals in Pretty Footwear

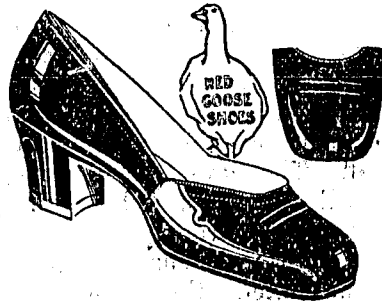


PUMPS
A patent center buckle pump, spike heel. Highway last, very clever for

\$5.50

BOW PUMP

Patent Modernistic calf bow pump. Something real new, similar to picture but has bow and two tone color **\$4.00**



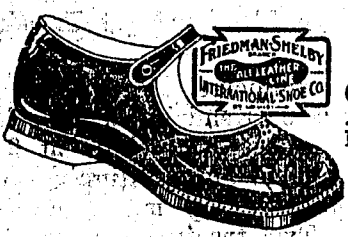
One-strap Pump

Ladies' one-strap pump, combination last, spike heel, like picture only it has front strap

\$4.40

Men's Dress Oxfords

Tan and Black
\$3.90
to
\$5.50



Children's Pumps
One-strap pumps and oxfords in all sizes
\$1.50 to \$3.25

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"Your Check"

You instinctively look up to the man who draws out a check book and tenders a check as payment. You know that he has money, that he looks ahead and that he conducts his financial most efficiently.

"Your Check" will give you an added financial standing that is very much worth while.

Open Your Account Today

Kendrick State Bank

"Your Home Bank"
KENDRICK, IDAHO

THE JUGGLER

Vaccination Enforced

Students who had neither had smallpox nor had been vaccinated were required to be vaccinated before re-entering school Monday morning. This measure was taken by the County Health Officer in an effort to forestall an epidemic in the community.

At present there is only one student absent from the high school who is suffering from the malady, and there are a few grade children who are now under quarantine. With the end of school only six weeks away it is a wise precaution, however, to keep illness out of the school as much as possible to enable all students to get the full benefit from the remainder of the term.

Report Cards Given Out

After getting their report cards the latter part of the week, some of the students have passed April resolutions to study more and play less in order to raise some of their low grades.

Freshman English Class Enjoys Classics

The Freshman English class has just finished reading Shakespeare's "As You Like It," a comedy which they all thoroughly enjoyed. The students are now deeply interested in a translation of the beautiful German play "The Blue Bird" by Maurice Maeterlinck. Before the semester ends they hope to read "Kenilworth," a novel by Sir Walter Scott.

The students who have worked all year on the elements of grammar are now learning to appreciate the style that correct English makes possible.

Ranks High in English Tests

On basis of 100 students with correct or substantially correct answers.

High school students 35; University students 2.

Six of the ten questions given the Freshman English Class of the high school were taken from the first sheet of an English test given to Freshmen of the University of Wisconsin.

In comparison with the University students of whom two out of one hundred answered all six questions correctly, five out of a class of thirteen of the high school students who took the test attained the same result. On this same quiz eleven of the university students failed to answer any correctly, while of the high school group only one failed, and he missed none of the questions entirely.

This is a record the Freshman Class is proud of, and the students are endeavoring to continue this standard of work.

Their glee is due, in part, to the knowledge that the Seniors who have been studying the same elements of grammar were beaten by these still somewhat "green youngsters."

Chuckler

Emma Lou: "What is a baseball fan?"

Claude (absently): "Oh, that's one of those things they use to keep the pitcher cool."

George: "If you keep looking at me like that I swar I'll kiss you."

Eldwa: "Well, I can't hold this expression much longer."

Walton (in restaurant): "Waiter, have you leg's legs?"

Waiter: "No, I have rheumatism."

Mr. Beardley: "When was the first loud-speaker made?"

Bill: "Why, when the Lord took Adam's rib!"

Miss Ledbetter: "Tell us of a queer incident which you heard of recently."

Elbert: "Why, er-ah—I know of a bald headed man who had the last hair on his head stuffed after it fell out."



THE KENDRICK GAZETTE

"The Pulse of The Pocatoh"

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PREVENT LOSS BY CLEAN HANDLING

Souring Is Caused by Bacteria After Milking.

Clean production, prompt cooling, and frequent deliveries will prevent the souring of milk and will put dollars in the pockets of dairy farmers. "This souring is caused by bacteria which get into the milk after it is drawn from the cow and can only be prevented by the most careful handling," says John A. Arey, extension dairyman at North Carolina State college.

When first drawn from the cow, milk contains very few if any of the bacteria and the contamination comes from outside sources. Chief among these are the cow's body, the hands of the person doing the milking, the air and the containers.

Mr. Arey states that all of the sources can be eliminated by seeing that the cow's flanks and udder are thoroughly cleaned before milking, that the milker's hands are clean, and that all vessels or containers have been cleaned and sterilized.

These containers should first be rinsed in lukewarm water and then scrubbed with a heavy brush in water to which has been added a strong alkali solution. They should then be sterilized with live steam or some chemical made for that purpose. All utensils in which the seams are not well flushed with suds should be avoided as these crevices are hard to clean and furnish a harboring place for bacteria.

The milk should be cooled as soon as possible after milking, placed in the containers in which it is to be delivered and stored in a refrigerator or cooling tank. Only by taking these precautions can the dairyman prevent the milk from souring and be sure of delivering pure, sweet milk to the market, states Mr. Arey.

Less Than No Value

A wise man who does not assist with his charity, and a poor man with his labor, are perfect nuisances to the commonwealth.—Swift.

First "Poet Laureate"

Ben Jonson, retained by Charles I in 1617, was the first poet attached to the royal household in England. He received a pension of 100 marks.

Local Ads

MONEY TO LOAN on approved farm security, 5 1/2%, 5, 7, or 10 years. C. L. Thompson, Moscow. 23-tf

KITCHEN RANGES

We have several good used ranges for sale at reasonable prices. If you are in the market come early and get first choice. The Washington Water Power Co., Kendrick, Idaho. 35-tf

Wood For Sale, also posts any size to order. Claud Craig, Leland. 28-tf

FOR SALE: Dairy ranch. A. E. Spekker, Cameron, Ida. 10-8

Wanted: An organ. Phone 492X. 15-1

FOR SALE: Three burner wickless oil stove with oven attachment \$25.00. Guaranteed. See this stove at the Washington Water Power Co. office. 15-tf.

FOR SALE: Used Thor washer in good condition. Washington Water Power Co. 15-tf

FOR SALE: Brunswick console phonograph, good as new, \$50.00 complete with records. See Jack Barnes. 15-tf

Turkey Eggs For Sale. Helene Reiche, Cameron. 15-3

FOR SALE: Yellow blossom sweet clover seed. Phone 501X. 16-1p

NOTICE: Boys with guns will please keep off of my place. This request will be rigidly enforced. John Kite, Kendrick. 16-1

FOR SALE: Horses, or trade for cattle. Wilfred Corkill, Leland, Idaho. 16-1

FOR SALE: Registered Spotted Poland China weaned pigs. Cyrus Roberts, Phone 2726, American ridge, Kendrick. 16-3

EDUCATIONAL PREPARATION A GROWING REQUIREMENT FOR SUCCESS IN MODERN BUSINESS

Death-Knell Sounded for Guesswork and Slipshod Methods by Advancing Technical Proficiency in Finance, Trade and Industry—How Banks Are Developing a Professionally Qualified Generation of Younger Bankers.

By HAROLD STONIER
American Bankers Association

The great school of Experience is still holding classes in America, but the scientific spirit of the age has so generally invaded the workshops of industry and trade that they have largely become technical research and training laboratories in themselves and are no longer run on the old-fashioned cut-and-try methods of former generations when Experience was considered the only teacher. It would be hard to find a working force in any pre-eminently successful business or industrial organization in the United States today but what the dominating leadership is schooled in the scientific principles of its specific field, whether manufacturing, merchandising or finance. The rapidly advancing standards of business in this country, with their relentless demands for efficiency as the only hope for survival in the competitive struggle for economic existence, has sounded the death-knell for guesswork and slipshod methods.



HAROLD STONIER

As a result, educational preparation in the techniques of commerce, industry and finance are virtually essential to outstanding success in these fields, as it is already an absolute prerequisite in the various recognized professions. This is not to depreciate the value of

native ability and experience in business, but education after all is merely a means for helping the individual to apply the net good of the accumulated experience of many to his own day's work—a means for helping special native ability to come into its own more rapidly and surely and for enabling all classes of ability to gain the maximum of success to which they are entitled.

These facts are plainly recognized by practical, work-a-day business in every line. Every progressive business organization in America is emphasizing the importance of education as never before. Education has come to be looked upon as the answer to many of the problems within the organization as well as to problems affecting industry as a whole.

Business Organizing Institutes

Institutes for developing specifically qualified workers are being operated or organized in many fields of commercial and industrial activity. These institutes are trying various types of educational work with a distinct trend toward more and more emphasis upon education for the rank and file of business employees of all grades.

We have been having business failures in this country at the rate of about 2,000 a month. This score speaks for itself. It is glaring evidence of incompetence on the part of thousands of business men in handling the problems inherent in their fields of endeavor. The detailed records show that practically 75% of business failure in this country is due to lack of training and competence on the part of those who failed. This is conclusive evidence that no one can afford to undertake executive business responsibilities without adequate education and training. It is for that reason that every enlightened business organization is today insisting as never before that its employees take advantage of some type of technical training.

American banking is fortunate and has just cause for pride in that it has a record of twenty-eight years of definitely organized educational activity among its workers to its credit for developing trained bankers. People in banks in large numbers are taking advantage of the educational opportunity given by the great non-commercial college of the banking business, the American Institute of Banking. They see on every hand evidences of the value of the training it gives. Of the 10,000 graduates of this Institute, 70% now occupy official positions in American banks. The other 30% are still too young to have attained such heights. Here is an example and an encouragement to the people of all lines of business.

The American Institute of Banking has a membership of 64,320. Of these 33,851 are class enrolments, comprising younger bank people, both men and women, who are learning the scientific technique of their chosen business at the same time they are engaged in the practical work of earning their livings at it. The difference between the 33,851 enrolled in classes and the 64,320 total membership comprises older bankers who have taken the Institute courses in the past or are at the present time sponsoring some type of educational work in the organization.

Banking Educates Its People

It has been estimated that there are probably 375,000 bank officers and employees in the United States at the present time. These figures would mean that about one banker in every six is either enrolled in Institute classes in banking or is actively supporting some educational function of the organization. No statement could possibly give more emphasis to the importance placed on education by the banking interests of America than these facts.

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It has been estimated that there are probably 375,000 bank officers and employees in the United States at the present time. These figures would mean that about one banker in every six is either enrolled in Institute classes in banking or is actively supporting some educational function of the organization. No statement could possibly give more emphasis to the importance placed on education by the banking interests of America than these facts.

ONE COW VS. ONE DOZEN

"Why milk twelve poor cows when one good cow will do the work of the twelve?" asks the bulletin of the American Bankers Association Agricultural Commission. It declares that analysis of more than 100,000 individual yearly records from cows on test in dairy herd improvement associations indicates that on the average: Cows that produced 100 lbs. butterfat a year returned \$14 each over feed cost; Cows that produced 200 lbs. butterfat a year returned \$64 each over feed cost; Cows that produced 300 lbs. butterfat a year returned \$96 each over feed cost; Cows that produced 400 lbs. butterfat a year returned \$138 each over feed cost; Cows that produced 500 lbs. butterfat a year returned \$178 each over feed cost.

In other words, one 500-pound producer will return \$10 more over feed cost than twelve 100 lb. producers. This does not take into account, either, the added labor of milking and caring for the larger herd, or the much greater expense of providing stable room for a dozen instead of a single animal. The figures are based on farm prices from all parts of country.

POULTRY

FEED FOR WINTER EGG PRODUCTION

Maturity and Health Make for Strong Bodied Fowls.

One of the paramount problems at this time is the matter of feeding for maximum egg production through the winter, when egg prices are highest. Some mighty good hints on this question are supplied by R. L. Watkins, extension poultry specialist, Ames, in his bulletin for record flock keepers. His suggestions follow:

"Winter eggs are laid by well-matured pullets and healthy old hens which are comfortably housed and properly fed. Maturity and health make for a strong-bodied egg machine. Pullets, to lay large eggs steadily throughout the winter, must have proper body size and weight. Leg-horns or other light breeds may be considered ready for a regular laying ration when three to three and one-fourth pounds in weight. Heavier breeds, such as Reds, Rocks and Wyandottes should weigh four and one-half to five pounds. Immature pullets must not be forced into egg production by feeding them on a regular laying ration.

"Comfort enables the bird to utilize feed in manufacturing eggs instead of using the energy thereby obtained to maintain body warmth. Feeds are the raw materials out of which hens build eggs.

"A well-balanced egg mash containing ground grains or grain by-products, protein concentrates in the form of meat and milk products; minerals in the form of bonemeal, salt and some grit; and often green food in the form of ground alfalfa must be kept available to hens and pullets if they are to lay any number of eggs during the winter months.

"Whole or cracked grains such as corn, oats, wheat and barley should be used in combination with a mash to maintain body weight and comfort. Body weight cannot be maintained during heavy egg production unless sufficient grain feeds are included in the ration. In a ration made up of mash and grain the mash feed contains most of the egg building material while the scratch grain contains most of the fat and heat-building material. Good poultry management requires that the birds consume sufficient mash to maintain their egg production, also that they eat sufficient grains to maintain body weight. Hens losing weight soon stop laying."

Cod Liver Oil Is Most Easily Given in Feed

The value of cod liver oil for poultry is summed up by one hen professor as follows: Stronger and healthier birds, prevention of leg weakness from heavy laying in late winter and spring, better looking egg shells, more and stronger chicks from the eggs hatched, and fewer blood spots in eggs.

Cod liver oil is most easily fed, this professor writes, in semi-solid buttermilk or cottage cheese. Or, he says, you can feed it with the scratch grain—a quart to 100 hens every week.

For a flock that size, his method is to mix about a tencupful of the oil with the scratch grain every other day. Keep this up until spring takes the flock outdoors again.

Guard Against Disease in Feeding Green Bone

Some butcher shops have installed bone grinders and sell ground green bone. This is an excellent feed when fed fresh, but poultry often must not be ground in because of the danger of transmitting disease to the flock. This is especially true of tuberculosis. Whenever a supply of green bone is purchased it should be spread out thin in a cold room. If left in a paper sack even in a room below freezing the center of the mass will heat and spoil. Green bone cannot be successfully kept in large quantities unless thinly spread.

Poultry Notes

A fresh supply of water should be available to the hens at all times.

During extremely cold weather birds should be given more corn and grain than during mild weather.

Birds prefer grain feeds. The amount of mash consumed is determined by the amount of grain fed.

The mash is the egg food and the birds will like it and eat it as long as there is plenty for them in the hoppers.

Let your breeders out every day regardless of the kind of weather, as it is eggs with good, healthy germs that you are after.

Only by constant improvement can you hope to get in the A-1 class, and when you do you'll find a waiting market for every egg or baby chick you can produce.

EARLIER HATCHED CHICKS FAVORED

Good Business to Have Good Laying Flock in Summer.

By hatching a part of the poultry flock between January 15 and February 15, so that the birds will mature in July, the poultryman takes a big step toward maintaining his late summer and early fall production, advises R. R. Hannas, poultry research specialist, in the New Jersey Agriculture.

Mr. Hannas points out that the price of eggs begins to climb as the summer wanes and that it is good business to have a flock of layers at this time. Ordinarily a decline in production takes place with the old fowls about July. If one-quarter to one-third of the flock is hatched between the middle of January and the middle of February the poultry keeper can offset this decrease.

The article goes on to say that brooding of chicks early in the season has been carried on successfully for a number of years. Chicks thus produced will reach a good growth and development before hot weather comes on, thereby giving them an advantage over later hatched stock.

One precaution, to prevent leg weakness, is advised. Because bad weather is likely to make it unsafe to let the chicks out on the ground and there is a lack of green food at this time, cod liver oil and sprouted oats should be supplied. The oil is given at the rate of 2 per cent either of the amount of grain or of the amount of mash fed. Experience has shown that it is easier to mix it into the grain, and that however used, it is highly effective in preventing leg weakness.

The writer concludes with the suggestion that the earlier hatching enables the general farmer to get this phase of his work out of the way before the heavy rush of spring arrives.

Crowded Conditions in Many Poultry Houses

A recent survey of a number of farms shows crowded conditions in the poultry houses. Many of these houses are almost wholly lacking in ventilation.

At night when one of these buildings is crowded with chickens the air is not fit to breathe. A human being will not remain long in such a place. If he did remain throughout the night, he would be "all in" by morning. And this is just the trouble with a lot of chickens now.

The chickens are badly crowded at night in a poorly-ventilated house. They are forced to breathe bad air. They become too warm. They are "all in" in the morning, and emerging into the cool outside air is a sudden change that many of them cannot withstand.

These crowded conditions at night and sudden changes from warm to cool air are responsible for many of our poultry ills. Giving the chickens medicine will not do any permanent good so long as the cause of the trouble remains unchanged. Either additional room should be provided or the size of the flock reduced.

FEED LIBERALLY FOR BIG PROFITS

Farmers Make Mistake by Cutting Down on Supply.

Some farmers when they find the price of dairy feeds going up seem to think that the only and most profitable thing for them to do is to cut down on the amount of feed which they are giving their cows, and some feeders have been known to cut down to such an extent that they reduce the body maintenance requirement, says a writer in the Michigan Farmer.

It is known that a cow which is fed the proper amount and quality of feed uses about one-half of it for maintaining her body and the other half for the manufacture of her product, hence, cutting down on the ration by 10 per cent may reduce the milk flow 20 per cent while the amount of feed which is used for the maintenance of her body will remain practically the same. The animal must first keep up its body weight and then whatever feed is left over goes for the production of milk.

It is of first importance that the cows have sufficient food for both body and production maintenance. A dairy cow that is bred for production, with the right kind of handling, will pay for her feed, and in many cases she will return two dollars' worth of dairy products for every dollar's worth she consumes.

Many dairy farmers make the mistake of reducing the grain ration in the spring, when the supply of grain begins to get low and the grass is beginning to start. It is well to keep in mind that green grass can in no way compare with concentrated grain feed, until the grass crop is well established. After the stock has been fed liberally during the winter, do not reduce the ration too early in the spring, and thereby lose much that already has been gained, and in making the change do so gradually.

Prevent Tuberculosis by Thorough Cleaning

After diseased animals are found and removed from the premises, a very thorough cleaning and washing of the inside of the barn and other buildings where the animals have been should be made. This must be followed by the proper application of some approved disinfectant. The use of disinfectants without first doing the necessary and proper cleaning is ineffective for the reason that the germs of the disease must be exposed. All utensils or anything else that may have become contaminated by use around the diseased animals should likewise be cleaned and disinfected. The manure and refuse must be hauled from barnyards or lots to plowed fields, spread thin, and exposed to the sunlight. The yards and lots, including feed troughs, water troughs, and fences, can then be sprayed properly with the disinfectant.

All this means much work, but it must be done to prevent infection from spreading to the healthy animals.

Individual Feeding of Dairy Cows Is Favored

Different cows have different capacities for converting feed into milk. No man who has not a full appreciation of the wide variation in individual cows will be fully successful as a feeder. Some cows may have natural

capacity for producing large quantities of milk, and may not receive feed enough for maximum production. By increasing the feed of the highest-producing cows and carefully consulting the milk sheets on which each cow's daily production is recorded, the skillful feeder will soon find that some cows in the herd will respond to the increased allowance and return a good profit on the additional feed given. On the other hand, there are cows that have a limited capacity for milk production and are very liable to be overfed. By carefully studying each individual cow the feeder will soon ascertain the point beyond which any addition to the grain ration becomes unprofitable.

Salt Overlooked

Feeding salt is seldom overlooked during the summer months as most men have flock salt before the animals at all times. During winter months dairy cows are housed in barns where they are entirely dependent upon their owner for all the feed they eat and some men overlook salt, except at irregular intervals. Large quantities of salt given at irregular intervals do not accomplish the same purpose as a regular supply.

Improve your flock next year by getting some good males to breed with them. Start right now to looking or writing around and locate some good ones.

Turkeys will begin laying indoors, even in the late winter months, if they are well sheltered and given a good laying mash.

There is plenty of room for more poultry meat and it pays to keep a flock of good meat fowls that have been bred for egg production.

Don't think you have to keep Leg-horns to get eggs. Any breed or variety can be bred for egg production. It is a matter of strain more than breed.

Culling out the "boarder" hen reduces the extra feed bill and also brings in extra money through sale of nonproducers.

Poultry houses which are too high are usually cold and drafty in winter. This may be remedied, easily and cheaply, by putting in a straw loft.

Architectural

In England architecture that corresponds to that known in America as "Colonial" is known as "Georgian," designating the style of architecture of the reigns of the four Georges, from 1714 to 1830.

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If you want the maximum tire mileage, buy Goodyear tires. There are no better tires for rough usage on these Potlatch roads. Give them a fair test and you will be satisfied.

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BANKERS IN NATIONAL MOVE FOR UNIFORM FINANCIAL PRACTICES

Would Promote Greater Consistency Among All the State Laws in Respect to Banking Conditions—Uniformity of Practice and Understanding Will Make for Greater Convenience, Efficiency and Safety for All Business.

By S. J. HIGH
President State Bank Division, American Bankers Association

RAPID interchange of business and the quick transportation of goods in the United States, coupled with almost instantaneous means of inter-communication by telegraph, telephone and wireless, have welded the country into an economic unit. The nation is not, in a business sense, conducting its affairs in water-tight compartments, as in a measure it did in the days of slow travel and remote places, but styles, methods, commodities and business practices flow freely today in all directions. Therefore it is desirable that finance, trade and industry throughout the country operate along generally uniform or at least consistent lines, so that a contract or an agreement or obligation in connection with business transactions shall mean virtually the same thing in all parts of the country. Particularly necessary in this connection is the establishment of uniform financial and banking practices so as to facilitate the flow of trade along accepted and understood lines.



S. J. HIGH

Banking in the United States is recognized as a semi-public type of business and is therefore subject to laws to define the scope and character of its activities. These laws at present set up a great diversity of conditions

under which banking is conducted in various parts of the country since they come from both state and federal authorities. The national banks are all chartered by the federal government and therefore operate on the same lines in every state of the Union, but there is no such regularity in respect to the conditions under which the state banks chartered by the respective forty-eight states must conduct their business. All state banking codes, while they have similarities, also have many great dissimilarities in respect both to the national bank laws and the banking laws covering state bank operations in other jurisdictions.

Bankers Move for Uniform Laws
The State Bank Division of the American Bankers Association, which latter includes in its membership banks of all descriptions throughout the country subject to all the variations of state and federal banking laws, is committed to the effort to bring about greater consistency and uniformity among the statutes of all these various jurisdictions. This body is conducting a vigorous nation-wide campaign urging that active steps be taken to secure greater co-ordination in banking legislation, more equitable conditions and more uniformly efficient public supervision of banks in the several states.

The organization is particularly concerned with fostering this movement to bring about more uniformly desirable conditions throughout the United States in respect to the public supervision of banking institutions by the state banking departments. It is on record as favoring the policy that the important office of state bank commissioner should be kept as free from entangling partisan politics as the judiciary itself and should be completely detached from all other functions of state government.

It is also on record as favoring the policy that the tenure of office of state bank commissioners should be made more secure and lasting than is now the case in many state jurisdictions and that this important public officer be granted sufficient compensation and discretionary power so that the office shall attract and retain the services of men of outstanding executive ability and successful banking experience.

It is also a part of this policy that the bank commissioner's ability to serve well should be strengthened by providing him with adequate forces of bank examiners, selected on the basis of merit from men having the requisite qualifications of honesty, ability, training and banking knowledge to carry out the duties of their offices on the highest plane of usefulness to the public as well as to banking.

The Trend of State Laws
The Association's State Bank Division has recently concluded a nationwide survey of state banking legislation and conditions and in general has discovered a definite trend along the following lines:

There is a distinct tendency among the states to raise the minimum capital required for banking institutions to \$25,000 and also to give the bank commissioners or the banking boards sole power as to the granting of charters for new banks, thus enabling them to use discretion as to the need or desirability of added banking facilities or the fitness of the organizers to enter the banking field. In this connection many states are creating banking boards to act in an advisory capacity with the state bank commissioners.

There has also been observed a tendency to increase the compensation of the bank commissioners and to lengthen their terms of office and to give them power to appoint necessary deputies and examiners so as to build up an adequate force to carry out their responsibilities and duties. An important augmentation of the powers of

bank commissioners in some states is found in laws giving them complete charge of insolvent banks and their liquidation as distinguished from more costly liquidation through the courts.

In the Public Interest
Distinctly in the public interest are laws prohibiting or limiting an officer or director of a bank from borrowing from his own bank unless his collateral security is approved by a majority of the board of directors of the bank. Also there is recent legislation noted providing for closer supervision and regulation of building and loan associations, credit unions, finance companies and private banks.

In some states measures have been enacted broadening the field for investment of funds of savings banks and trust companies, which have materially enhanced the service that these institutions can render, particularly in the way of co-operation with their customers in personal financial management. Another type of legislation, important especially to banking in view of the frequent efforts to defraud banks, is that which makes the issuance of worthless checks a misdemeanor with specific penalties.

The State Bank Division of the American Bankers Association endorses in the fullest degree in principle the development of banking laws along the foregoing lines and is actively engaged in fostering the spread of such legislation wherever its services are considered useful both to banking and to the public. Uniformly sound banking institutions and practices, together with common methods and understanding, will materially add to the convenience, efficiency and safety of business in serving the well-being of the public in all parts of the nation especially in those transactions involving dealings between different localities.

AMERICA LEADS THE WORLD IN SAVINGS

The past year saw the greatest gains in savings in a single twelve-month ever recorded in the United States, bringing the total savings deposits in banks to over \$28,400,000,000 on June 30, 1928, held in more than 53,000,000 individual accounts. It is reported by the American Bankers Association. These are the biggest figures in this field shown by any country in the world.

These figures are indicative of prosperity more general than any time since the business depression of 1920 the report declares. Only three states failed to show a gain and the 1928 volume of savings constituted an increase of more than \$2,327,000,000 above the 1927 figure. The gain per inhabitant for 1928 over 1927 was \$17 and the gain in number of savings depositors was 2,496,079, an increase of 5.2% as against a growth in the population of the country of 1.2%.

The gain in savings per inhabitant in New England and the Middle Atlantic states over the previous year was \$36. These groups of states, with 29.9% of the population of the United States and 52.8% of the total savings deposits, have the largest savings rate \$461 per inhabitant, of any area in the world. The per capita savings for the United States as a whole this year stands at \$237 as compared with \$222 last year.

"An acre of alfalfa for every cow in Howard County, Iowa," is the slogan adopted by the county bankers association there after watching several hundred thousand dollars go out of their county last winter for feed

DAIRY FACTS

EXPERIMENTS IN CATTLE FEEDING

Need Mineral Supplements With Poor Roughage.

When poor roughage is fed to dairy cows mineral supplements are shown to be necessary in a recent publication of the Wisconsin experiment station. Three cows fed on timothy hay, corn silage and a grain mixture were poor producers of milk. In addition they were slow to breed and when bred they tended to dry up from six weeks to two months earlier than three cows fed on alfalfa hay.

Another test on minerals showed that cows producing from 50 to 60 pounds of milk daily without direct exposure to sunlight were unable to maintain a calcium balance in their bodies even though the ration was otherwise adequate. When the cows were exposed to sunlight for six hours daily they decreased the loss of calcium from their bodies by 25 per cent.

In a comparison of soy bean hay versus alfalfa hay the cows produced approximately the same amount of butterfat and milk but the cows on soy bean hay gained only half as much body weight and wasted more of their hay. The results of this test, which does not check with tests run at some other stations, shows that soy bean hay was calculated to be worth 73 per cent as much as alfalfa hay.

In this connection it is interesting to note some experiments that were conducted in chopping alfalfa and soy bean hay. No advantage was noted in chopping alfalfa, but the cows wasted less of the soy bean hay. This caused the chopping to improve the value of soy bean hay by 23 per cent. These figures indicate that it may prove profitable to chop soy bean hay when used for feeding dairy cattle.

Modern Dairy Barn Must Have Good Ventilation

It must not be forgotten that each cow in the stable actually gives off from her breath alone about ten pounds of carbon dioxide per day and over two gallons of water. Hence, it is perfectly obvious that in the modern dairy stable there must be some system whereby this used, moist, foul air may be regularly taken out of the stable and replaced by fresh air. During the winter months, the occasional opening of doors and windows will help but how often is this done during winter months, and needless to say it is never done during the night.

King and other authorities on stable ventilation have estimated that there should be a continual air flow through the stable at the rate of about 3,000 cubic feet per cow per hour. In other words, in a cow stable 36 feet by 50 feet with an 8-foot ceiling, there should be a sufficient flow of air so that one-quarter of the air would be replaced every hour or that the air be completely changed in the stable six times per day. If this were done by the opening of doors and windows, the resulting changes of temperatures, chills to the animals, etc., would obviously be courting disaster. Hence, a regular system whereby such a change of air will go on continuously and still allow the maintenance of uniform heat conditions, should be the ambition of every one installing a ventilation system.

Well Bred Calves Most Valuable Dairy Asset

Calves from low producing stock are worth little more than their value for veal, but those from high producing strains must be assigned much greater valuation, as they command excellent prices as breeding stock. In the keeping of high producing animals there are, of course, added expenses such as increased depreciation and risk, increased labor in caring for the animals, and expenses of advertising and selling; but it will generally be found that the value of the calves produced from such stock will

more than offset the added expense of raising them over and above that involved in the keeping of common stock.

Cold Hampers Cow

A high producing dairy cow cannot continue normal production if she is exposed to severe weather. It is, therefore, important if good yields are expected to hold up through the cold months, that all discomforts be eliminated. A comfortable cow will more than repay for added labor for her protection. Milk is 87 per cent water, and a large part of this gets into the animal's system from the water trough.

Quarters for Cows

In addition to proper feeding, dairy cows will need good quarters if they are to produce maximum returns for their owners. Dairy cows do not have long hair or surplus fat to protect them from cold weather. They are more sensitive to cold winds, drafts and poor quarters than any other kind of farm live stock, unless it is the poultry. Warmth, comfort, ventilation and sanitation should receive consideration in fixing up the dairy barns or sheds for the winter months.

Poultry Facts

Birds that are not fit to be kept over as breeders should be disposed of at once.

Moldy or spoiled feed is always dangerous. It causes loss of appetite, diarrhea, fungus growth in the "innards," and often kills the fowls.

Don't be afraid to feed oats, especially if you can get heavy white oats. They are a great poultry feed, unless too much hull and not enough kernel.

If laying fowls lose weight, give them more grain. If they're lazy, heavy, and laying poorly, cut the grain down, so they'll eat more mash.

Corn, also barley, if fed, should be given in the evening, because these feeds provide needed heat for the birds during cold nights on the roosts.

Cheerfulness

What, indeed, does not that word "cheerfulness" imply? It means a contented spirit; it means a pure heart; it means a kind, loving disposition; it means humility and charity; it means a generous appreciation of others, and a modest opinion of self.—Thackeray.

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Cyanogas, 5 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs.	\$5.00
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COAL and WOOD, MILL FEED and FLOUR
Highest Market Prices for Your Grain and Beans
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Juliaetta, Idaho

Culling Farm Flock
There are two essentials in culling farm poultry. First, to get rid of hens that are not laying, and second, to distinguish between the hens that have been good producers and those that have not laid enough to pay for their feed. Culling should start in late May or June and continue throughout the year at regular intervals. Eliminating the hens as they become unprofitable saves feed and labor and improves the conditions for those that are laying.

Beware the Demonstration
Another thing that is likely to cost you a good deal is a free demonstration.—Ohio State Journal.

Wedding announcements and invitations printed at the Gazette office.

Wintering Herd Bull
Best breeders winter the bull away from the herd, but too often he is kept in a dark, dirty stall, without exercise. Exercise, protection from weather, and a moderate ration will keep him in good condition.

Build a strong stall in a corner of the cow barn, with a strong padlock or corral adjoining, or a cable can be run from stall to some point about 50 feet from the barn; a short, strong chain run from the ring in the bull's nose to a ring on the cable.

Sweden's Antiquity
What is considered the first historical reference to Sweden is contained in Tacitus' "Germania," published in A. D. 98 or 99.

A Gazette "for sale" ad will get results. Try one.

Dr. Salsberg & Simmons
Eye-Sight Specialists
512 Main Street
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Dr. Simmons will be in
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How About Those Side Curtains?

Is the celluloid good? Better have them fixed up for winter driving.

Shoe Repairing, Harness and Saddlery.

N. E. Walker Kendrick Idaho

SHERIFF'S SALE

Notice of Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Execution. C. I. T. Corporation, a corporation, Plaintiff vs. Carl Sparber and Frederick Sparber, Defendants. BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, issued out of the District Court, Second Judicial District, in and for the County of Latah, wherein C. I. T. Corporation, a corporation, were Plaintiffs and Carl Sparber and Frederick Sparber were Defendants, upon a judgement rendered the 19th day of March, 1929, for the sum of Two Hundred Forty-one and 41-100 Dollars in U. S. gold coin besides interest and costs, I have this day levied upon all right, title, claim and interest of said defendants, Carl Sparber and Frederick Sparber of, in and to, the following described real estate, to-wit:

That part of the Southwest quarter (SW 1/4) of the Southeast quarter (SE 1/4) of Section Twenty-three (23), Township Thirty-eight (38) North, Range Three (3) W. B. M., lying West of Brady Gulch Road, situate in Latah County, State of Idaho. Public Notice is hereby given that I will on Monday, the 6th day of May A. D. 1929, at 10 o'clock A. M., of that day in front of the Court-house door, in Moscow, Latah County, Idaho, sell at public auction, for the United States gold coin, all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendants, Carl Sparber and Frederick Sparber, of, in and to the above described property or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient amount to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidders.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1929. CHARLIE SUMMERFIELD, Sheriff of Latah County, Idaho. By Geo. K. Moody, Deputy. 15-4

Notice of Village Election

Notice is hereby given that there will be held in the City Hall of the Village of Kendrick, Idaho, on the 23rd day of April, 1929, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. of said day, a municipal election in accordance with Chapter 164 Title 32 of the Idaho compiled statutes A. D. 1919, and all acts amendatory thereto, for the purpose of electing two village trustees to serve for a term of four years.

That all qualified electors of the State of Idaho who have resided within the corporate limits of said Village of Kendrick for a period of three months next preceding such election, if and when properly registered according to law, shall be entitled to vote at such election.

That the place of registration shall be at the office of the Village clerk. You may register up to and including the Saturday just preceding the date of election.

Done by order of the Chairman and Board of Trustees of the Village of Kendrick, County of Latah, State of Idaho. N. E. Walker, Chairman, R. B. Knepper, Clerk. 14-3

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Stanley White, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Stanley White, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within six months after March 22, 1929, the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator at Juliaetta, Idaho, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in Latah County, State of Idaho.

A. W. BEHRENS, Administrator. Dated at Juliaetta, Idaho, March 18, 1929. 12-5

Wrong Number!

A telephone operator inherited a fortune and lost it at Monte Carlo. That's what the habit of wrong numbers will do for a person.—Kalamazoo Gazette.

BROWER-WANN CO. Funeral Directors 1434 Main, Lewiston, Ida

Our aim is to perfect ways and means of bringing you comfort and privacy and above all Specialized Service.

Lewiston Phone 275 or Kendrick Hardware Co. Kendrick, Idaho

Notice of Sale of Real Estate by Latah County for Monday, June 10th, 1929.

Notice is, Hereby Given That in and under and by virtue of an order of sale and resolution made by the Board of County Commissioners of Latah County, Idaho, on Wednesday, April 10th, 1929, the hereinafter described lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated in the County of Latah and State of Idaho, will be sold, or offered for sale, by the sheriff of said County, at public auction, at the front door of the county courthouse, in Moscow, Latah County, Idaho, on Monday, June 10th, 1929, at 2:30 o'clock P. M. of said day, or at such time or on the day to which the sale may be postponed or adjourned, to the highest and best bidders for cash, or such terms as the Board of County Commissioners may determine, which property is held by Latah County, under and by virtue of tax deeds, and is known and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot Two (2), Block (4), Old Town of Genesee in Section Thirteen (13), Township Thirty-seven (37) North, Range Five (5) West of the Boise Meridian, in Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, assessed to L. H. NICHOLS.

Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (NW 1/4 SW 1/4) less East 90 feet, of Section Three (3); Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (NE 1/4 SE 1/4). Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (NW 1/4 SE 1/4) and the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (SW 1/4 SE 1/4) of Section Four (4), Township Thirty-nine (39) North, Range One (1) East of the Boise Meridian, assessed to O'NEAL-IRWIN CO.

Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (SW 1/4 SE 1/4) of Section Seven (7), in Township thirty-nine (39) North, Range One (1). West Boise Meridian, assessed to KATIE MAYBEE.

Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (SW 1/4 SW 1/4). Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (NW 1/4 SW 1/4). Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (SW 1/4 SE 1/4) and Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (SE 1/4 SE 1/4) of Section Seven (7), Township Forty (40) North, Range Four (4) West of the Boise Meridian, assessed to A. A. WILSON.

Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (Lot 2), Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (Lot 3), Section Two (2), Township Thirty-nine (39) North, of Range One (1) West of the Boise Meridian; Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (SE 1/4 SW 1/4) Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (SW 1/4 SE 1/4). Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (SE 1/4 SE 1/4) of Section Seven (7), Township Forty (40) North, Range One (1) West of the Boise Meridian, assessed to OSCAR LARSON.

West Half of the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (W 1/2 NE 1/4 SE 1/4) in Section Thirty (30), in Township Forty-one (41) North, Range One (1) East of the Boise Meridian, assessed to MINNIE K. HOFFMAN.

Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (NW 1/4 NW 1/4) of Section Twenty-seven (27), Township Forty-one (41) North, Range Two (2) West Boise Meridian, assessed to HENRY FLICK.

Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (NW 1/4 SW 1/4), less five acres, right-of-way, Section Sixteen (16), Township Forty (40) North, Range One (1) West of the Boise Meridian, assessed to W. F. HEADRICK.

Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (NW 1/4 NW 1/4). Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (SW 1/4 NW 1/4) Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (NW 1/4 SW 1/4) of Section Thirty-two (32); Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (NE 1/4 SE 1/4), of Section Thirty-one (31), Township Forty (40) North, Range One (1) East of the Boise Meridian, assessed to E. H. ATHERTON.

Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (Lot 3), Section Four (4), Township Forty-one (41) North, Range Four (4) West of the Boise Meridian, assessed to MARTIN SOLBERG.

West Half of the Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (W 1/2 SW 1/4 NW 1/4) of Section Seventeen (17); Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (SE 1/4 NE 1/4) of Section Eighteen (18), Township Forty-one (41) North, Range One (1) West Boise Meridian, assessed to GEO. A. NELSON.

Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (SW 1/4 NW 1/4), Section Five (5); Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (SW 1/4 NE 1/4); Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (SE 1/4 NE 1/4), and Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (SE 1/4 NW 1/4) of Section Six (6), Township Forty-two (42) North, Range One (1) West of the Boise Meridian, assessed to FRANK E. FEATHERSTONE.

Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter Lot One (1), Section Nineteen (19), Township Forty-two (42) North, Range One (1) East of the Boise Meridian, assessed to GERTRUDE M. PITTARD.

Lot 1 and 4, Block 21; Lot 8, Block 30, Original Town of Kendrick, assessed to GEORGE F. WALKER.

Lot 8, Block 16, Original Town of Kendrick, Assessed to LATAH COUNTY.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, Block 32, Original Town of Kendrick, assessed to ALBERT WLEETH.

Lots 5 and 6, Block 16; Lot 7, Block 20; Lot 10, Block 38, all in Original Town of Kendrick, assessed to F. R. PORTER.

Lot 3 (less Ry.), Block 100, Oak's Addition to Kendrick, assessed to CHAS. BODENHOUSE.

Lot 4 (less Railway), Block 101, Oak's Addition to Kendrick, assessed to LATAH COUNTY.

Lots 8, 9, 10, Block 96, Oak's Addition to Kendrick, assessed to CHAS. BODENHOUSE.

Lots 2, 8, 10, 12, Block E; Lot 1, Block F, Addison's Addition to Kendrick, assessed to G. F. WALKER.

Lots 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 8, Block 23, in Original Town of Kendrick, assessed to JOHN NISBET.

West 20 feet of Lot 17, Block 1,

You Can Now Have A Westinghouse

Full Automatic Electric Range

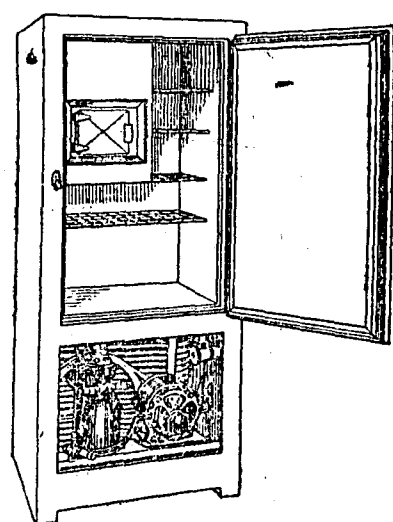
"The Range With the Clock and the Flavor Zone Oven"

Installed in Your Home, Complete With Electric Water Heater Automatic Control FOR ONLY



You will be proud of your kitchen with one of these Westinghouse Automatic Electric Ranges installed there. With that old dirty coal and wood range out of the way your kitchen will be as easy to clean as any other room in the house. You will have more time for other duties of house-keeping and your kitchen will not be a bake oven during the hot weather. It will be cool and comfortable and you will really enjoy cooking electrically as it is much easier and results are far better. It costs less to cook electrically than with coal or wood.

We will take your old cook stove in on an electric range.



ELECTRO-KOLD

"The Simplest Electric Refrigerator"

Now is the time to think about refrigeration for your home during the coming hot weather. There is an Electro-Kold machine to fit your purpose and your purse.

You Can't Go Wrong If You Purchase An ELECTRO-KOLD

Washington Water Power Co. Your Electric Service Company

Original Town of Juliaetta, assessed to F. KOHLENBERG. East 20 feet of Lot 12, Block 1, Original Town of Juliaetta, assessed to W. B. ROBINSON.

South half of Lot 10, Block 1, Original Town of Juliaetta, assessed to O. F. HOTTLE. Lots 15 and 16, Block 4, Original Town of Juliaetta, assessed to C. MUZIK.

Lot 5, Block 18, Original Town of Genesee, assessed to M. B. QUILLLEN.

Lot 6, Block 18, Original Town of Genesee, assessed to F. S. CASEBOLT.

Lot 3, Block 18, Original Town of Genesee, assessed to JAMES J. KEANE.

Oliver Tract, North Addition to Genesee, assessed to JOHN W. LAWSON.

South half of Lot 2, Block 17, North Addition to Genesee, assessed to BEN CALDWELL.

North half of Lots 1 and 2, Block 15, West Addition to Genesee, assessed to HENRY LORANG.

Lot 12, Block 8; Lot 12, Block 9; Lot 6, Block 14, Harvard, assessed to J. W. HASTINGS.

Lots 13 and 14, Block 17, Original Troy, assessed to BLANCHE ROSS.

Lots 4, 5, and 6, Block 3, Daniel's Addition to Troy, assessed to L. F. PARSONS.

Lots 13, 44, 45, 46, 47, and 48, Block B, Lieullen's 2nd Addition to Genesee, assessed to A. J. SIMONSON.

Any of the above described property shall vest in the purchaser all the right title and interest of the county in the property so sold, including all delinquent taxes which have become a lien on the property since the date of the tax sale certificate upon which any tax deed has been issued.

Dated at Moscow, Idaho, this 10th day of April, A. D. 1929. HARRY A. THATCHER, Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, Latah County, Idaho. 16-6

CHANGING ORDINANCE No. 150

An ordinance to provide for a Village dog tax, fixing the amount thereof and prescribing the duties of the Village Marshal in relation thereto.

Be it ordained by the Chairman and Board of Trustees of the Village of Kendrick, Idaho, that:

SECTION 1. Each and every person owning or keeping a dog within the corporate limits of the Village of Kendrick, Idaho, shall pay to the Village Marshal an annual dog tax in the sum of \$1.50 for each and every male dog and the sum of \$2.50 for each and every female dog, payable on or before the first day of January of each and every year; and the said Village Marshal shall give to each person paying such tax a receipt for the amount so paid, and every person paying such dog tax shall keep a collar on the dog, showing that said tax has been paid. Failure of a dog to wear a collar shall be conclusive evidence that the annual dog tax on said dog has not been paid.

SECTION 2. The Village Marshal of the Village of Kendrick, Idaho, shall collect all dog taxes on all dogs four months of age or over, on or after the first day of January of each year, and turn the money over to the Village Treasurer, and the said Village Marshal is hereby authorized and directed to kill all dogs found within the Village of Kendrick, Idaho, after the first day of January, 1929, on which the annual dog tax has not been paid, as herein provided, after having given at least three days notice to the persons owning or keeping said dog, of their failure to comply with this ordinance.

SECTION 3. Every person violating any provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$25 or imprisonment in the Village jail for not more than 10 days.

SECTION 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SECTION 5. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage, approval and first publication.

Attest: R. B. KNEPPER, Village Clerk. Approved by: N. E. WALKER, Village Chairman.

SECTION 3. Every person violating any provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$25 or imprisonment in the Village jail for not more than 10 days.

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LOCAL NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Dammarell were Lewiston visitors the first of the week.

Frank Foster, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Foster, now with the U. S. Marines, left April 9, on the steamship Henderson for Guam on a cruise to last over two years. He is with the aviation squadron.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Johns were Spokane visitors last week.

Rev. N. E. Franklin left Tuesday for Walla Walla to attend a meeting of the Presbytery, in session there this week.

John Kite lost a valuable horse last week. Some one had shot the horse in the eye with a small caliber rifle. Mr. Kite has been unable to find and clues as to the identity of the guilty party or parties.

W. B. Deobald and Clyde Daugherty were Lewiston visitors last Tuesday afternoon.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Wolff, Sunday, April 14, a boy.

The question has been asked a number of times whether it is necessary to register for school election. It is not, but it is necessary to register for the village election. Registration books at the office of the village clerk will close tomorrow evening.

Ernest Schmidt and Wm. F. Behrens returned the first of the week from a trip to Canada, where they were looking over the famous Kootenai valley. They are both enthusiastic about that country.

Deputy Sheriffs Moody and Jordan were in this vicinity the first of the week on business connected with their office.

Dr. A. E. Jones, eyesight specialist of Spokane, made his usual visit here last Tuesday. He will return in about six weeks. Mrs. Stella Plummer was called to Spokane, Wednesday, on account of the illness of her daughter, Grace.

Miss Lou Maxwell of Lewiston, Maine, arrived yesterday afternoon to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Hull.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Deobald and family will leave today for Dallas, Oregon, where they were called on account of the death of Mrs. Deobald's sister. The funeral will be held Sunday.

Julietta News

Mrs. Harold Jones returned Wednesday after spending several days in Lewiston visiting relatives.

Mrs. Will Noble entertained the Needle Club Thursday at six o'clock. The hostess served a three course dinner. The decorations were daffodils. Besides the club members, Mrs. Jack Heacox, Misses Stump, DuBois and Mrs. Harold Jones were present.

Mrs. Dennis Buckalaw and children of Clarkston visited in town several days this week. Mr. Buckalaw came up Sunday after them.

Fire early Sunday morning destroyed the small frame house of Ike Morgan. The fire started from a defective flue.

Bruce Glenn was unable to be at work the first of the week, his arm being sore from vaccination.

Mrs. D. Buckalaw and children of Clarkston were dinner guests of Mrs. Manford Nutt, Saturday.

The Farmers Union Warehouse Company are putting in a wood yard. 100 cords of slab wood arrived this week.

SCHOOL NOTES

The high school baseball team journeyed to Genesee for their opening game of the season. The boys showed up fair considering the season. Since that time Juliaetta and Kendrick high school boys have consolidated and will put out one team to represent both high schools. The consolidation had their first work-out last night. Prospects are favorable for a good season if we can keep the boys together. The boys intend to practice part of the time in Kendrick and part of the time in Juliaetta.

The senior class play "And Billy Disappeared" will be given Saturday, April 27th at 8 p. m. in Hain's hall at Juliaetta. The admission will be 15c and 35c.

Southwick News

Homer Betts and wife spent Sunday at the home of John

Lettenmaier. Milton Benjamin had the misfortune to lose one of his milk cows this week.

Mrs. Jones received word Monday of the marriage of her son, Henry Jones to Miss Elsie Talford at Bend, Oregon, the 10th of this month. His many friends wish them a long and happy married life.

Mr. Armitage and wife spent Friday evening of last week with Mrs. Grant who is visiting here.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Myers and baby and Grandma Myers were the dinner guests of Henry Brammer, Sunday.

John Lettenmaier and wife were in Kendrick, Friday, having dental work done.

Mrs. Grant and two children, Elton McCoy and wife and Mrs. McCoy spent Thursday at the home of Homer Betts.

Mrs. Presnall and children and Mrs. Chas. Kimes went to Spokane, Sunday, for a visit with Mrs. Rozelle.

Cecil Harris left Tuesday for Lewiston.

Mr. Armitage and family spent Sunday with Chas. Hayward and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Phillips and Pete Stump drove to Lewiston, Friday, returning home next day.

Henry Brammer and wife were callers at the John Lettenmaier home Monday afternoon.

Link Tabor of Lenore spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Ben McCoy. He left Tuesday for Lewiston.

Roy Southwick is re-shingling his house in town.

Rev. Rein, wife and baby of Ritzville were the over night guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brammer, Monday night. During the evening they were visited by Mr. and Mrs. August O. Wegner, Mr. and Mrs. Silflow, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wendt and children.

Miss Jane Ziemann and two girl friends of Lewiston, spent a few days of last week with her mother in town.

Alonzo Douglas of Lewiston was in town a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Travis drove to Lewiston, Sunday, where Mr. Travis purchased a new Chevrolet truck.

Mr. and Mrs. Jap Triplett were the dinner guests of their daughter, Mrs. Elmer McCoy, Sunday.

Howard Southwick and family spent Sunday at the home of Arnold Cuddy.

Mrs. Ben McCoy is spending this week with her daughter in Leland.

Oscar Lawrence was a guest at Homer Haywards, Sunday.

Leland News

Mrs. T. J. Fleshman visited Mrs. A. H. Smith, Thursday.

Mrs. A. G. Peters and daughter, Bernadine, and Mrs. Lyle Harrison and son, Burton, visited the school Wednesday afternoon.

Francis Hund visited her sister, Mrs. Hugh Parks, Thursday.

Nellie and Wilhemina Goudzward spent last week visiting their father and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Claud Craig spent the latter part of the week at their timber ranch.

Mrs. Virgil Fleshman visited her mother, Mrs. Daugherty, Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Georgine Smith, who is attending school at Palouse, Wn., is spending a few days at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Draper and Mrs. Stewart Hefel were Lewiston visitors, Saturday.

Raleigh and Georgine Smith, Mildred Fleshman and Nellie Woodward spent Saturday night with Mr. and Mrs. Clyde McGee.

Elgin, Elwin and Melvin Fleshman spent Saturday night and Sunday with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Fleshman.

Alva Larson and Maxine Fleshman spent the week end on the Clearwater river with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Piper.

Minnie Blankenship and children spent Saturday night and Sunday visiting her mother, Mrs. Eliza Thornton.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Fleshman spent a few days on Fix ridge visiting with Jim McVicker's.

Miss Peary Powell visited here over the week end with her sister, Mrs. Ben Hoffman.

Mrs. A. G. Peters met with a very painful accident while washing Monday. Her hand caught in a handkerchief drawing it into the power wringer.

Mrs. Grant and children visited with her sister, Mrs. Harry Smith the latter part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Amiel Peters visited with Clyde Daugherty's, Thursday.

The tea given at the home of Mrs. Jesse Hoffman Saturday

afternoon was largely attended and a very good program was rendered. Everyone attending reported a very enjoyable time. Alva Craig took a truck load of young folks to the picture show in Kendrick Friday night. Robert, Smith and family were Sunday dinner guests at the Roy Morgan home. Mr. A. DeWinter and family were Lewiston callers Saturday.

Linden News
(Too late for last week)

Mrs. Addison Alexander went to Grangeville Friday morning to attend the funeral of her uncle.

Mrs. F. C. Lyons and sister, Mrs. Lynn, spent Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Starr.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bohn of Lewiston spent Sunday at the Smith home.

Miss Fay Pippenger went to Park, Tuesday, where she has employment.

Final examinations in history and geography were held in the Gold Hill school last week. The following children made grades worthy of honorable mention: 6th grade history: Elmer Cuddy, John Cuddy, Jim Cuddy, Clem Lyons, Elsie Whybark. Intermediate geography: Billy Cuddy, Archie Garner, Zella Harris, Jim Cuddy, Geneva Hartstaff, James Holt.

Miss Garland Hedrick and Miss Josephine Popkey drove to Moscow, Friday evening, returning Sunday. Mrs. McPhee, Cleve McPhee and Mrs. Edgar Bohn and little daughter, spent Sunday at the George Garner home.

Knows His Geography

Little Johnny had been kept in because he failed to answer correctly a geography question propounded during a recitation. "Why were you kept in at school?" asked his father when the boy finally reached home. "I didn't know where the Azores were," replied the youth. "In future," admonished his father, "just remember where you put things."—Wichita Eagle.

Records Useful in Cow Testing

All Improvement in Dairy Herds Must Come From Feeding and Culling.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) "The dairy herd improvement association records are a gold mine of useful information. Their purpose is twofold—to test the cows and to prove the sires," says J. C. McDowell, of the bureau of dairy industry, United States Department of Agriculture.

From a study of these records he finds that the cows having an average butterfat production of 100 pounds a year make an average income over cost of feed of \$14; those producing 200 pounds per year return \$55 over cost of feed. The next 100 pounds increase in production per cow raises the income over cost of feed to \$63; the next to \$138; and the next to \$178. Briefly stated, as butterfat production increased from 100 pounds to 500 pounds per cow the income over cost of feed advanced from \$14 to \$178, or as butterfat production increased five times the income over cost of feed increased thirteen times. Evidently it pays to keep good cows.

Source of Improvement. "All dairy-herd improvement," he says, "must come through culling, feeding, and breeding. Through the dairy herd improvement association records the dairyman is enabled to cull out his low producers, to feed the remainder according to known production, and to breed intelligently. "When the production records of from five to ten unselected daughters of a sire are compared with the pro-

Weekend Specials

- Men's fine grade Chambray work shirt - 98c
- Men's khaki and moleskin work pants - \$1.98
- Men's short sleeved, ankle length underwear, a dandy at - 95c
- Men's 8-inch work shoes, a bargain at - \$4.95
- Pretty patterns in prints - 23c
- Ladies and Misses silk dress - \$5.98

Grocery Specials

- Beautiful enameled dish pans with Oxydal Soap Powder, Ivory Flakes, P. & G. Soap and Ivory Soap all for - 99c
- Chicken Raviola try it at - 15c
- Graham Crackers, 4 1-2 pound box for - 79c
- 3 large rolls Bleachtex Toilet Paper - 25c
- OLD MILL COFFEE - \$1.75
- 3 pounds with cup and saucer for

Kendrick Store Company

Wedding announcements and invitations printed at the Gazette office. 26-1

Locate Shelter Belt on North and West Sides

The shelter belt should be to the north and west of the building to give the most winter protection. The inside of the belt should not be closer than 100 feet from the buildings because there must be clearance for drifting winter snows.

For best success trees should be planted in soil that has been under cultivation for at least one or, better, two years. Failure is almost sure if trees are planted in sod. If the location on which you are to put your shelter belt is in sod, it should be immediately plowed and summer fallowed until the following spring. This sets

Gas Engine Heats Water for Washing Milk Cans

Water for washing milking machines and other dairy utensils can be heated cheaply and easily by means of a new water heater attachment for gas engines. This attachment, which holds between three and four gallons of water, and fits practically any engine, is designed to utilize the heat of waste gases from the exhaust.

A device of this kind is particularly helpful on farms where water heating facilities are limited. Frequent use of hot water helps to keep milking machine, pails and cans free from visible dirt and bacteria, aiding in the production of clean, high-quality milk.



PAINT your Home NOW!

The temptation is to say, "Well, I can put off painting the house until next season. But then, somehow or other, that time never comes and so an important work is neglected, year after year. Winter comes with sleet and snow and driving rain and eats the life of timber which might otherwise last for generations."

"DO IT NOW" should apply specifically to painting your home!

BEYER MOTOR CO.

Established 1916
AUTHORIZED FORD DEALERS

Performance Counts
Watch the New
Ford

On the hills, in traffic and on open road, and you will know that it is a truly great car.

CARLSON HARDWARE CO.

Kendrick, Idaho