

Boost For Better
Roads
Into Kendrick

KENDRICK GAZETTE

Subscription Price
\$1.50
In Advance

VOLUME XXXIX

KENDRICK, LATAH COUNTY, IDAHO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1929

No. 4

JUST IDAHO

By Guy Flenner

Boost For Auto Owners?

Idaho auto owners may not look with favor upon the proposal to boost the cost of operating a car by putting it on the personal tax list, in addition to a license fee, and as they have paid a large sum for building and maintaining roads their protest will be given heed.

If a property tax on autos, then the license would in fairness be materially reduced. It is doubtful therefore, if the net returns would be as large as promised in view of the further fact that 80 per cent of Idaho autos are in the cheaper car class and could hardly be assessed more than the ruling 40 or 50 per cent of the actual value.

The first result of such a plan, as we see it, would be to deprive the state highway department of funds needed for the proper construction and maintenance of highways. If that is the legislative object, the proposal could be considered of course, wholly apart from the interests of autoists financially.

Old Friend Oleo

If the sale of oleomargarine in Idaho, which has been comparatively small, is seriously interfering with our dairy industry, any plan to curb it is justified.

Otherwise, some thought should be given to our own people who apparently cannot afford to buy butter but who can afford to buy oleo. They certainly would not put this substitute on their tables for other than reasons of enforced economy.

Politically the subject resolves itself to one protection as against cheaper products, and undoubtedly much oleo base comes from foreign intrusion. The people of this nation pay more for commodities because of the tariff, but the theory is they can well afford it because the tariff makes the wheels of industry go round and creates enduring and growing payrolls.

There may be a corollary here in Idaho's oleo situation. In any event, the first consideration should be given our dairy interests rather than the small amount that will flow from any oleo tax likely to be imposed.

W. D. McGregor Very Ill

W. D. McGregor, a former teacher in the local schools, but for the past two years teaching in Troy, was taken suddenly ill early last Sunday morning and suffered a stroke of paralysis. Mr. McGregor lived alone at Troy, and his condition was not known until after church time in the morning, when he was found by a party of his friends, lying on the floor in a cold room. He had evidently just gotten out of bed to build a fire when he was stricken.

Mr. McGregor's two daughters, Mrs. R. D. Newton of Cheney and Mrs. Harvey Smith of Moscow are with him in Troy. He is being cared for at the Troy hospital.

Deary Locals

The state highway department is keeping the snow plowed off the graveled highway between Moscow and Deary, so that winter auto travel is not hindered by snow or weather conditions.

L. O. Beyer left for Seattle, Monday, to attend a dealers' meeting at the Ford Motor Company's assembly plant.

Winter travel from Deary to Elk River is made possible this winter, the first time in the history of the country.

A standard Ford coupe was delivered to O. W. Schroeder and wife this week. Mr. Schroeder is cashier of the Latah County State Bank.

Teacher: "Tommy, your mother buys a hat for \$10, another for \$20, a dress for \$40 and a coat for \$50—what is the result?" Tommy: "A fearful row with father.—Passing Show."

LOCAL NEWS FROM THE LELAND COMMUNITY

Items of Interest From The Busy Potlatch Center.

Mrs. Henry Meyers came up Sunday to visit with her daughter, Mrs. Henry Brammer.

Sunday guests at the home of Homer Hayward were Nellie Henderson, Osear Lawrence and Milford Armitage.

Werner Brammer was an overnight guest at the Ed Gertje home, Monday night.

August Meyer and wife spent Saturday evening at the Carl Lohman home.

J. E. Hoppe and wife returned home Sunday from Portland, where they had been visiting for the past two weeks.

Otto Schoeffler and wife spent Saturday night at the Attlee Mustoe home.

Mrs. Glenn Betts spent Tuesday with Mrs. Roy Morgan.

Lon Douglas of Lewiston spent Saturday night at the home of his brothers.

Harold Whiting and family spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Homer Betts.

Marguerite Hund, Gladys Candler, Mr. Allen, George, Carlton and Roy Douglas were the dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Given Mustoe, Sunday.

Homer Betts carried the Teakcan mail, Monday, as Ben McCoy was unable to go with it himself.

Jim Cook and wife, Lester True and Austin McCoy were the dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ben McCoy, Sunday.

Miss Pearl Cowger expects to leave Thursday for Orofino, where she has employment in the dining room of the Helgerson hotel.

Homer Hayward and family spent Friday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Nels Longteig.

Southwick and vicinity is experiencing some real winter weather the last few days with about 20 inches of snow and the thermometer registering twelve below zero.

Mrs. Hiatt spent the week end at her home in Orofino, returning Sunday.

Market Day Tomorrow

If weather conditions are at all favorable, a big crowd will be in Kendrick tomorrow to take advantage of the specials being offered by the local business houses as a part of the Market Day program.

Everybody is cordially invited to attend the free moving picture show, starting at 1 o'clock at the New Kendrick Theatre. Those who are backing the Market Day have bot the show for the afternoon and are throwing the theatre open to the general public. The feature will be a good comedy-drama entitled "Brotherly Love", also a two-reel comedy entitled "Spanking Age". You will enjoy this show.

You will have some fun at noon watching some of the dignified Potlatchers try to catch the chickens that will be thrown from the roof of a building in the central block of the town. It will pay to try for one of these birds as some of them will have dollar bills tied to their legs.

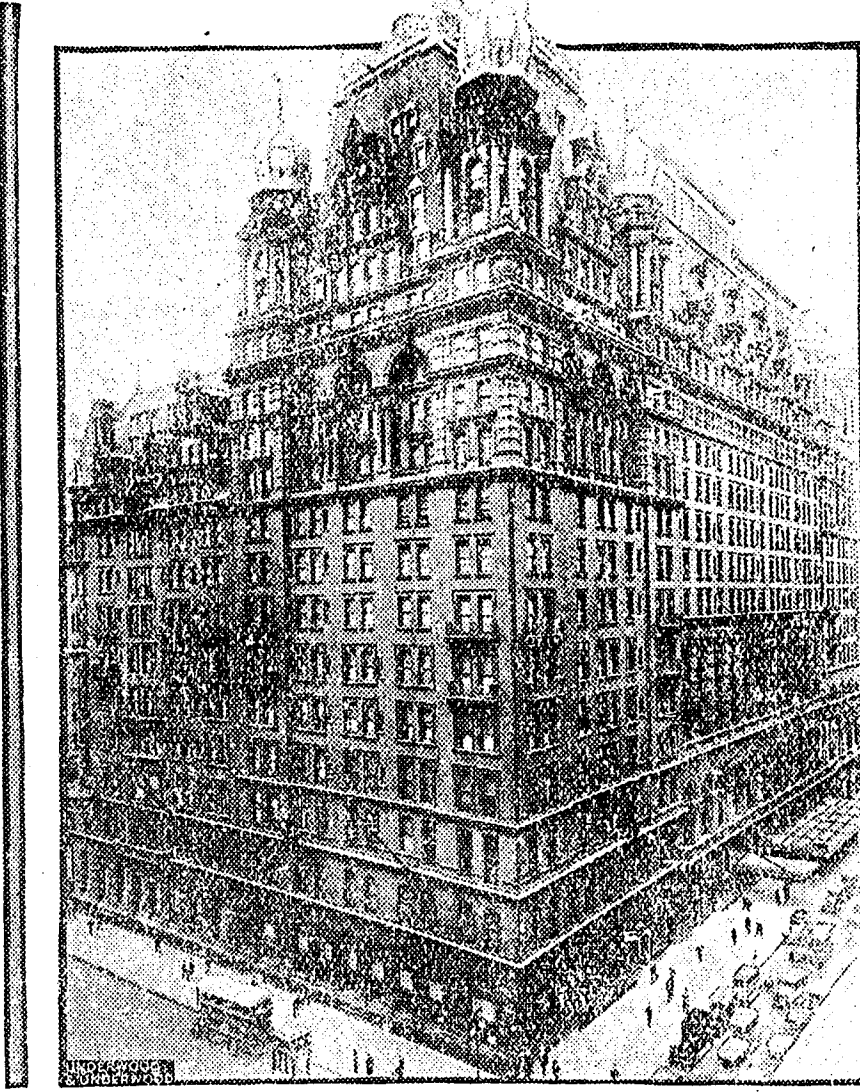
Look over the specials on the big posters and in the Gazette advertising columns and see if there isn't a list of articles you need at the low prices made for Market Day.

Entertained Teachers

Wednesday night at 8 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Carlson entertained in compliment to the local teachers. Conversation, radio, bridge and dainty refreshments served to pass the time in a very pleasant manner. Miss Ledbetter and Mrs. Jarvis tied in high score and after several trials in cutting, Miss Ledbetter finally won the prize.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Jarvis, Misses Nannie and Mary Weaver, Dille, Ledbetter, Mesdames Joday Long, Cook, Knepper and the host and hostess.

Famous Hotel That Is to Be Razed



The Waldorf-Astoria hotel, at Fifth avenue and Thirty-fourth street, New York, is to be demolished next summer to make room for a 50-story office building. For more than a quarter of a century this has been one of the best known hotels in the world.

Nez Perce Forest Game Report

Nez Perce Forest has recently submitted an annual game report to the Missoula office of the State Game Department.

This report referred principally to game and predatory animals. While the figures given are only estimates in some cases they are considered fairly accurate because they are based on the reports of the Forest Rangers who have an opportunity to observe wild life in the forest.

The 1928 report shows that there are about 5800 deer, 200 elk, 20 moose and 2600 black and brown bear on the Nez Perce Forest. This figure indicates a slight increase over the 1927 figures. The predatory animals are estimated at 700 coyotes, 200 cat and lynx, 57 mountain lions or cougar and 7 wolves. A check on the hunters entering the forest show that about 520 hunters bagged 16 elk, 240 deer and 30 bear within the Nez Perce Forest during the past season. Figures obtained by forest officers show that 250 coyotes, 10 mountain lion, 20 cats and lynx and 2 wolves were killed by trappers and individual trappers during the past year.

It is estimated that predatory animals, mainly the mountain lion and coyotes, were responsible for the destruction of 1700 deer on the Nez Perce forest alone during 1928. This is considered a conservative estimate since those who are familiar with the habits of predatory animals credit each mountain lion with from 30 to 50 deer kills each year. Coyotes are believed to be more destructive to deer than the mountain lion during the winter and spring months.

The sheepmen who ranged on the forest the past season suffered a loss of close to 1200 sheep on account of predatory animals. In an effort to reduce losses from this source the sheepmen recently organized a County Predatory Animal Board which is now functioning under a bounty system. Through the efforts of the association the State Game Warden is cooperating in a predatory animal campaign by assigning hunters to Idaho county.... Free Press.

"Your husband must absolutely give up tobacco, meat and late hours, madam, but I warn you, it will require a great deal of will power."

"That's all right, doctor. I have it!"—Judge.

W. B. Deobald attended the tractor school at Pullman several days this week.

To Lay Heavy Rails

Tribune: The Northern Pacific will spend approximately \$500,000 in improving trackage between Arrow and Moscow during 1929, according to A. F. Shirley, general agent of the Northern Pacific, Monday in conjunction with the announcement of the road's intention to spend \$15,113,000 for additions and improvements during the year. Of that total the board plans to spend \$4,510,000 in new equipment, \$1,314,000 in improvements to existing equipment and \$9,289,000 for roadway items.

Fourteen hundred freight cars of varying capacities are to be added to freight equipment at an expense of \$3,560,000 while new passenger equipment will cost \$785,000. The 1929 budget is announced as one of the largest in history.

Expenditure during 1929 over the Palouse branch will be largely limited to replacing of light 56 to 70-pound rails, with 85-pound trackage. Heavier ties will be substituted and rebalasting done in many places.

The Northern Pacific spent a half million on the Arrow-Moscow line last year, and present plans point to a similar expenditure during 1929. Whether any operative equipment will be stationed at Lewiston has not been learned.

Somebody Page Wade Keene

The local Warm Stove Circle needs the expert opinion of Wade Keene to settle a question that bids fair to cause disruption within its ranks. It is a question that will probably require a practical demonstration to convince some of the more stubborn minds: It was propounded at a well attended meeting of the Circle and eventually caused the session to break up in an uproar. Mr. Keene is asked to give his opinion all the publicity possible as the question is hanging fire and causing much loss of sleep among the large membership of the local organization.

The Warm Stove Circle has no regular meeting place but you will usually find it in session at the Kendrick Garage, or the Gazette office. Many weighty questions are solved at these meetings. The following has stumped the best minds of the Circle and the member who propounded it should have known better. He said that if 100 feet were added to a string stretched tightly around the earth at the equator you could drive a load of hay 16 feet high under it anywhere. It is up to you to strut your stuff, Wade!

COMMUNITY NEWS FROM JULIAETTA

Items of Interest From Our Neighboring Town.

Cecil Gruell visited his brother, Marion, at Asotin, the first of the week.

The Rebekah lodge installed the following officers for the year: Myrtle Cochran, Noble Grand; Mary Adams, Vice Grand; Luella Gruell, Secretary; Mary Jones, Treasurer.

The Christmas dinner of the Needle Club, which had been postponed on account of illness, was held at the home of Mrs. A. Alexander. The turkey (a gift from Mrs. Pepple of Klamath Falls, Oregon), surrounded by all the good things that go with it, was enjoyed by all present. The regular business meeting followed. Mrs. Amanda Noble, president, and Mrs. Mary Nutt, sec-treas., were elected to serve for the year.

Mrs. Powell Neilson of Ogden, Utah, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Taylor.

Mrs. Mary Trenary is recovering from an attack of gall stones.

Marion Gruell and family, Miss Lucille Gruell were week end visitors with home folks.

Tom Fox, who had the misfortune to injure his foot while hauling logs last week, is still unable to be at his work.

The Cherry Growers Association held its annual business meeting Monday, and the following officers were elected: Walter Cochran, president; Asa Cook, vice president; W. S. K. Gregory, secretary; M. N. Rathburn and Ray Harris, trustees.

Miles Pierce is building a brooder house and getting ready to receive a consignment of baby chicks.

Rev. J. Needham will preach at the M. E. church, January 27, at 7:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Noble, attended the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. Noble's parents at Clarkston, Tuesday, returning home Wednesday.

Rev. Forbes, Blaine Groseclose, and Frank Seymour made a trip by auto to Peach, Wash.

Miss Crystal Ottosen has been elected to teach her fourth term of school at Rockland, Idaho.

School Notes

Last week's feature in the 7th and 8th grade room was a debate. The question discussed was: Resolved that the Philippine Island should be given their independence. The pupils who took part in the discussion were: Margaret Taylor, Casey Perry, Marcella Burns, Dorothy Bowen, Opal Weatherly and Eugene Groseclose.

The following pupils did very good work the last six weeks: Ava Forbis, Marcella Burns, Margaret Taylor, Opal Weatherly, Allene Rider, Opal Spray, Alice Cochran, Hazel Richardson, Gertrude Gruell, Myrtle Free, Ward Alexander, Francis Pierce, Marion Harris, Dorothy Bowen, Eugent Groseclose, Hazel Cook.

Bridge Club Entertains Husbands

The members of the Afternoon bridge club entertained their husbands last Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Leith. A delightful bridge supper was served after which tables were arranged for bridge. High scores were won by Mrs. Helpman and Frank Boyd. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames, Helpman, Boyd, Herres, Morehead, Carlson, Thompson, Leith, MacPherson, Mrs. Jessie Callison, Mrs. Joday Long, Mrs. Perryman and R. H. Ramey.

Eyes Front

"Finish every day and be done with it. You have done what you could. Some blunders and clumsiness, no doubt, except in forget them as soon as you can. Tomorrow is a new day, begin it well and serenely and with too big a spirit to be encumbered with your old nonsense. This day is all that is good and fair. It is too dear, with its hops and aspirations, to waste a moment upon the yesterday."—Anon.

THE STATE WE LIVE IN

By Byron Defenbach

Teton Mountains

During the course of the day, September 15, 1811, one of the guides paused and pointed to three mountain tops glistening with snow. These remarkable peaks were guiding points to Mr. Wilson Hunt; he gave them the name of the Pilot Knobs."

(Washington Irving's 'Astoria') Mr. Rees, the Idaho historian, assumes that the incident described above was the first time these hills were seen by white men; it is one of the very rare errors in his works. John Colter undoubtedly saw them in 1808.

The lines are, however, the first mention in literature of that most striking and historically interesting range of the Rocky Mountain system, known by the Indians as "Tee-win-at," the pinnacles, and by French trappers as "Trois Tetons," the three beasts.

The Teton Range is 60 miles long. At its eastern base lies the famous Jackson Hole country, with the Jackson Lake dam and reservoir emptying out into Idaho through the terrific gorge of the South Fork of the Snake, known to weary travelers as "Mad River." North of the gorge the Teton Pass, one of the earliest and most used roads into what is now Idaho. The mountains are in Wyoming, but we have always had at least a quasi interest in them. Our territory formerly included them, their melting snows contribute to our irrigation, they are inseparable from our early history, and their morning shadows fall over a vast section of our state. The principal peak towers a thousand feet above its fellows, and is known as the

Grand Teton

It is the Matterhorn of America, 13,747 feet high. Four different parties of plucky climbers have reached its apex. The first of which we have any authentic record was in 1898, when William Owen and two companions carved their names on the topmost rock. During weeks of preparation, supplies and equipment had been carried to the last easily accessible base. From here on the party made its dangerous and difficult ascent, chiseling footholds in the almost perpendicular cliffs, and throwing ladders forward over projecting points. Other parties made successful climbs in 1923, 1924 and 1925. The last was by two Seattle men, and Gilbert Scott, a local guide. They planted a flag on the topmost pinnacle, but coming down one of the visitors lost his footing on a strip of glacial ice and was dashed to death.

Many beautiful things have been written of this great mountain, and especial credit is here given to the writings of Mr. B. W. Driggs who has lived many years at its base. But no pen can adequately describe this majestic spire of primeval granite. Cold, silent, mysterious, the Grand Teton forever protrudes its icy nipple into the upper air, now flashing in sunlight above the clouds, now lashed by the swirling storms of its thin atmosphere. It is the grim guardian of the Upper Snake; like an immortal sentinel it watches forever over the eastern portals of the state we live in.

Car Collides With Team

Last Saturday evening a party of young folks, in a two-horse sled, had a collision with Wilnot Humphrey's car, at a point about half way between Kendrick and Juliaetta. No one in the car or sled was injured but one of the horses was killed almost instantly. It is believed that a windshield brace pierced its brain. It is said that the driver of the car did not see the team in time to turn out, owing to the frost on the windshield. The team belonged to Otto Rauschke. The car had the windshield broken, fender and radiator badly bent.

Market Day Specials

For Saturday, Jan. 26

Brooms

Here is a good grade broom, only

49c

Ginghams

32 inches wide fast color, per yard only

16c

Canvas Gloves

Heavy weight, per pair only

12½c

Limit 4 pair to a customer.

Don't fail to see our new line of Spring Pumps and Oxfords.

New Rayons now on display.

N. Long & Sons

"The Home of Good Things to Eat and Wear"

THE KENDRICK GAZETTE

"The Pulse of The Potlatch"

Published every Friday at Kendrick Idaho, by Ralph B. Knepper

Subscription Price \$1.50

Entered at the Post Office at Kendrick as second class mail matter.

Washing Udder Helpful in Stimulating Yield

When cows are stabled much of the time the udders and rear quarters usually become more or less soiled. This can be prevented in a measure by clipping the long hair around those parts but even then frequent washing is necessary.

If the best quality milk is to be produced the udder should be washed before each milking. One man should go through the barn with a soft cloth and a pail of warm water doing this just before milking is started.

Such a plan not only insures cleanliness but it induces the cow to let her milk down more freely so that when the milker comes to her the udder is ready for the process of milking. Some cows are slow to "give down" and for them the massaging or manipulation of the udder that is inevitable in the process of washing is especially useful.

Sterilizing Utensils Is Recommended for Dairy

Utensils such as cans and pails may be sterilized by inverting them over a steam jet, although this system is not to be recommended for general farm use. The effectiveness of the jet will depend upon the size of the opening through which the steam is ejected, and the length of time the utensils are steamed. It usually requires about a half a minute to steam a ten-gallon can thoroughly if the steam-gauge pressure is 20 to 25 pounds. If a steam jet is used, the utensils should be steamed until they are too hot to handle with the bare hands. After treatment in this manner, they will become dry from their own heat if placed right side up and uncovered for a few minutes before they are inverted on the rack.

Soy Bean Valuable

Raisers of the soy bean claim more value to its credit than for any other cereal or vegetable. It provides milk flour, margarine, cheese, infants foods, custard powder, salad oil, and soy, the basis for soaps, paints, enamels, varnishes, lubricants, printing inks, celluloid, rubber substitutes, and glycerine.

Wedding announcements and invitations printed at the Gazette office. 26-1

visitors were leading by two points 9-7. During the second half, they were unable to get any appreciable score and the game ended 14-10.

Basket Ball Schedule

The boys have the following basket ball games scheduled: January 28, Juliaetta here. February 15, Juliaetta there. February 22, Lapwai here.

Sophomore-Freshman Party

An all high-school party, with grade teachers and upper-classmen as guests, was given by the Freshmen and Sophomore classes Friday, January 18. The decorations consisted of Japanese lanterns and streamers of platinum and rose. After playing pinocle, pit, finch and rook, refreshments of chocolate and sandwiches were served. Before going home the students assembled in the lobby and were entertained by Arthur Foster and Walter Brocke, with the violin and saxophone, respectively.

Grade Notes

The seventh and eighth grade pupils elected their news reporter for the next four weeks. Jane Plummer and Effie Aiken were nominated. Effie Aiken was elected.

Clifford Franklin started to school the first of the week. He is in the eighth grade.

The pupils of the seventh and eighth grades received their grades in hygiene and history. The seventh grade all got above 85 in hygiene. The highest grade was 94 made by Annabell Davis and Jane Plummer. Others in that class who got above 90 are Effie Aiken and Josephine Davis 93; Evelyn Hartinger and Phyllis Cummings 92.

The eighth grade all passed in their history examination but all did not get above 85, so they will take the examinations in the spring. The highest grade in that class was 90, made by Mary Johnson.

The following pupils of the fifth and sixth grades made perfect attendance records the first semester: Elmer Emery, John Knepper, Marjory Onstott, Bud Carlson, Thomas Blevins, Wayland Davis, Margaret Daugherty and Doris Crocker.

Chuckler

In biology, after allowing several minutes of study on the sources of obtaining milk, Mr. Beardsley asked: "Roy, what kinds of milk have we?" Roy (after several minutes of thought): "Condensed."

Mr. Beardsley (in chemistry class): "What are you trying to do?"

Bill Ingle: "We're trying to find a universal solvent."

Mr. B.: "What's that?"

Bernard Jones: "Something that will dissolve anything?"

Mr. B.: "What are you going to keep it in when you find it?"

Miss Ledbetter in domestic class: "What is dairying?"

Bonnie: "Dairying is the milking of cows and putting them in bottles to be sold to the people."

Mother: "Billy, your face is very clean, but how did you get such dirty hands?"

Billy: "Washing my face."

Mr. Dammarell discussing Bob's standing in one of his classes: "But, surely, Bob, you're not going to be beaten by a mere girl."

Bob: "Well, you see, father, girls are not so mere as they used to be."

Robert to his father: "I say—aw—could you take that yellow tie with the pink spots out of the window for me?"

Mr. D.: "Certainly Robert, pleased to take anything out of the window any time, son."

Robert: "Thanks, awfully. The beastly thing bothers me every time I pass. Good morning."

Old Lady: "Oh, Conductor, please stop the train. I lost my wig out the window."

Conductor: "Never mind, madam, there is a switch just this side of the next station."

To Keep Thin

Well, what do you think of this? A woman's journal makes these suggestions for cats: Breakfast: Orange juice, slice of whole wheat bread toast, ¼ square of butter, 1 glass skimmed milk, 1

DEARY GARAGE

Established 1916
AUTHORIZED FORD DEALERS

The Pistons in The New FORD

are the same as those used in the Lincoln—the finest car built in America today.

Just another built-in Quality that you can't see.]

Fancy Box Candy

We have a fine line of box chocolates that should satisfy the most fastidious taste. It is fine quality and will surely please you. We also have a fine line of bulk chocolates.

Hot Lunches

Let us serve you with a hot lunch these chilly days. We are always glad to serve you.

Juliaetta Confectionery

Frank H. Rider, Prop.



1929

This year place the cornerstone in the foundation of your fortune.

The most dependable and trustworthy cornerstone is a Savings account. Start it early in life and keep it growing by regular deposits.

What more appropriate time to start your account than this month—this very week? Come in today!

Kendrick State Bank

"Your Home Bank"
KENDRICK, IDAHO

cup clear coffee. Lunch: 3 oz. cottage cheese, eaten with a teaspoon of honey, 1 toasted roll, take a cigaret for desert. Dinner: Vegetable broth, 3 stalks of celery, 1 thin slice roast lamb, teaspoonful mint jelly, 3 tablespoon-fullspinach, 3 stalks asparagus, salad, 2 leaves lettuce with French dressing, cup of black coffee, cigarets for desert. Total calories for day, 1135.

Spats are following the derby hat into Arkansas City in alarming numbers. Pretty soon, we suppose, this town will become so effete that men will take off their socks before going to bed.—Arkansas City Traveler.

Subscribe for The Gazette now!

J. J. PICKERD

Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker

During bad weather we will furnish horse drawn hearse.

Auto Equipment. Lady Attendant. Stock of goods in Kendrick. Phone 462 Kendrick or 6R Troy, or see G. F. Walker

Land of Fine Flowers

Brazil has given to the world many of the most beautiful flowering plants; its famous orchids adorn greenhouses all over the world. What is said to be the greatest water lily in the world, the "Victoria Regina" is to be seen in a pond of the Rio Botanical gardens.

THE JUGGLER

Reporters Helen Emmett Editor-in-chief
Senior Reporter Minnie Craig Doris Emery, Asst. Editor, Typist
Jr. Reporter, Marjory Davidson Mrs. Jarvis Advisor Soph. Reporter Daniel Lyons
Fresh. Reporter, Nonó McAllister

Volume I Published in the Interest of the Kendrick High School Number 10

All High School Play

The high school play, "And Mary Did" will be presented to-night and Saturday night at the New Kendrick Theatre by the following cast:

Mary Sterling, Marjorie Davidson
A modern "Joan of Arc."
Laurence Grey, Howard Dammarell
A modern "Lancelot."
Mrs. Sterling, Emma Glenn
An old-fashioned mother.
Dressa Rand, Lillian Long
The girl that men forget (?)
Daniel Grey, Donald Brocke
Father of Laurence and ambitious as to his matrimonial and financial career.
Edith Smith, Eldwa Janes
Mary's chum whose chief aim in life is to "laff off" the other fifty pounds.
Willie Sterling, Chas. Elliott
Betty Sterling, Edna Bolon
Mary's brother and sister—the dear little angels. Theirs is the adolescent age—between fourteen and seventeen.
(Miss) O. G. Whittaker, Doris Emery
A masculine monument to feminine freedom.
Matilda, Emma Lou Wegner
Helps Mrs. Sterling keep the little angels' wings clean and also the house once in a while.
Henry, William Ingle
Supposed to be Daniel Grey's gardner but spends most of his time in Matilda's kitchen.
The Gentleman From Georgia.

SYNOPSIS

Act I. The Sterlings' living-room—late spring
Act II. Same. Late summer.
Act III. Same. Late fall.
Time: Present.

Music by Kendrick Band

The play is to be given in three acts and plenty of laughter is promised throughout the entertainment. Everyone is urged to come early and select your own seat.

Town Team Played High School

The town women played the high school in a practice game of basket ball last Monday night. It was the women's first practice and the high school walked away with a score of 18-2. The line-ups were: Town team: Guards, Mrs. Kulick, Mrs. Flaig and Hazel

Stanton; Forwards, Mrs. Jack Barnes, Mrs. Beardsley and Margaret McDowell; Subs, Mrs. Bolon, High School, Forwards, Helu Emmett, Muriel Crocker, and Neva Ware. Guards, Doris Emery, Emma Glenn and Bessie Blevins. Sub, Eldwa Janes. The women practice again next Monday night.

Change of The Staff

As the work of the first semester has been completed the old members of the staff have been given a rest and replaced by new workers. Those appointed are: Helen Emmett Editor-in-chief Doris Emery, Asst. Editor, Typist Mrs. Jarvis Advisor Soph. Reporter Minnie Craig Jr. Reporter, Marjory Davidson Soph. Reporter Daniel Lyons Fresh. Reporter, Nonó McAllister

Better Speech Club

The Junior and Freshman English classes have organized a "Better Speech Club" for the purpose of promoting the use of good English. It was decided that a fine of one cent should be inflicted upon any one of either class caught using poor English during the time between 8:40 and 3:40. Each class elected a secretary to whom the fines are to be paid. The money received will be turned into the library fund.

Honor Roll

Many of the students of the high school have been working earnestly to raise their grades high enough so as to be in the "Honor Roll" this semester. Those succeeding are: Seniors, Harley Eichner, Juniors, Doris Emery and Marjory Davidson. Sophomores, Lillian Long, Raymond Lyons, Daniel Lyons and Eldwa Janes. Freshman, Nona McAllister, Burneda Cummings, Edna Bolon and John Plummer.

Kendrick Bows to Culesac

Culesac's basket ball team overcame the Kendrick casaba five here Friday night, 14-10, in a close game. Failure of the Kendrick boys to loop the ball into the baskets for counters resulted in the loss of the game. At the end of the first half the

Only A Few Days Left

IN WHICH TO PURCHASE ONE OF THE WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC HEATING PADS AT THE SPECIAL REDUCED PRICE.

A Regular \$6.50 Value.

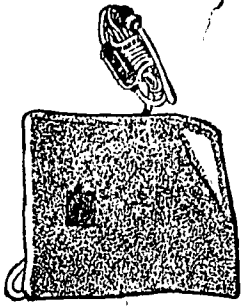
OUR

Special Price

\$5.20 Cash

Terms \$5.45

45c Down, \$1.00 a months



This Electric Heating Pad replaces the old hot water bottle. Its more convenient, has three heat switch to control the heat so that the temperature can be kept at the required point, it is flexible and light, nothing better for the sick room and every home should have one. Get one now while the price is low.

Our Special for Tomorrow

"Kendrick's Market Day" gives you an opportunity to equip your kitchen with a

DAYLITE KITCHEN UNIT

AT A BARGAIN PRICE

The Daylite Kitchen Unit is all white enamel with a "Genco" pure white globe and the convenience model has a combination Pendant switch and convenience outlet, this convenience outlet can be used for your iron, percolator, waffle iron and other appliances

The Daylite Kitchen Unit helps you with your kitchen work as it does away with shadows and eyestrain, as it lights every nook and corner of your kitchen and therefore makes your kitchen work much easier.

MODERNIZE YOUR KITCHEN LIGHTING NOW!

Regular \$7.50 and \$8.50 values, installed in your home complete with light globe

Convenience Model \$6.00

Plain Model - \$5.00

"Thousands of our customers have purchased Daylite Kitchen Units."

The Washington Water Power Co.

Soil Erosion Is Producing Loss

More Plant Food Taken by Streams Than Goes Into Various Crops.

A round \$2,000,000,000 is carried away, irretrievably lost, in the rivers and streams of America each year!

That is no wild guess, but the careful and conservative estimate of one of the country's foremost soil experts, Hugh H. Bennett, who is quoted in the Farm Journal.

Wherever you see a muddy stream, you are witnessing a part of this loss. Washing away of the soil, says Mr. Bennett, robs us not only of the soil itself, but of 20 times as much plant food each year as we use in the growing of crops.

Why Permit Loss? Why do we permit the loss? The answer is that the American farmer whose ancestors settled on rich virgin lands has not yet been brought to realize that the reservoir of his wealth is being drained. Some of them, the more farseeing, appreciate the significance of the muddy stream. The government agricultural services have made some attempts to rouse the agricultural interests and the people as a whole to a realization of the situation. But, so far, what has been done is infinitesimal when compared with what remains to be done.

It is simply impossible to overestimate the seriousness of this condition, which is at its worst, naturally, in the soft and unprotected soil of the corn belt," says the Farm Journal article.

More vitally important than the tariff, the capitalization fee, taxes, or freight rates, all of which can be fixed if we want to fix them, the loss of the soil and its plant life is not easily fixable. "Agriculture is only temporary, not permanent, in any land with muddy streams," says Arthur J. Mason.

Never Be Stopped. The loss probably can never be stopped entirely, but it can be reduced to a minimum by educational campaigns which will induce land owners to terrace their fields where erosion is rapid, to reforest their lands and

to plant protective crops of alfalfa and other growths which will also aid the soil to recoup its losses to nature. Europe learned this lesson after the lands of the Roman empire were reduced to sterility. There are few muddy streams on that continent today. America has that example to go by, if it will only apply the lesson in time.

Feeding Idle Horses to Prepare Them for Work

Course alfalfa or clover hay that cattle will not eat makes good horse feed and should be given at least once a day to the idle work horses. This feed will help supply the food materials needed to keep the horses in good condition and to build up their reserve strength for the coming year. If the horses are in good shape, no grain need be fed until about six weeks before spring work begins. Then a handful of linseed oil meal should be added to each feed of grain to help loosen up the heavy coat of hair and make the horse shed early. Sickness is more likely to occur if the horse carries his winter coat of hair into the spring work season, as he sweats too much, and his coat remains wet most of the night.

Ten to twelve pounds of grain daily is plenty until heavy spring work begins, when the amount should be gradually increased to from one pound to one and a fourth pounds of grain per 100 pounds each horse weight. For example, a 1,500-pound horse at heavy work should be getting 15 to 19 pounds of good grain per day. Oats and ear corn are the best grain feeds for mature horses.

Gave Name to Newspaper
The first Italian newspaper was sold for a gazetta, a small Italian coin, and it is generally supposed that the name "gazette" is an application of the price of the paper to the paper itself.

Goose Is Little Known
The Emperor goose, which breeds in small numbers on the Yukon delta in Alaska, is the most handsome and at least known of all the wild geese of North America, ornithologists declare. Formerly abundant, the ranks of the goose have been badly reduced by the incursions made by Eskimos during the nesting season.

DAIRY FACTS

STANCHIONS ARE NEEDED FOR CALF

Turned Loose Too Soon, They Get Bad Habits.

If young calves are not given good attention during the first few months of their lives they will become undernourished, lack in size, and often become practically worthless for breeding animals. When fall and winter calves are given good attention they will generally grow into better cows than spring-dropped calves, as they will be old enough to go onto pasture in the spring and make satisfactory gains.

Milk is the food provided by nature for calves and man has never found a substitute that equals it. Whole milk is needed for the first month, or at least during the greater portion of it. After that time skim milk may be gradually substituted as the calves will commence eating grain and hay. The maximum amount of whole milk to feed is twelve pounds daily and sixteen pounds should be the maximum amount of skim milk used.

Individual stanchions are needed in feeding calves by hand. In this way each calf will get its own allowance of milk. Grain can be put in the pails after the milk is consumed and the calves will gradually learn to eat. If the calves are turned loose too soon after they are through drinking they will often acquire the habit of sucking ears, etc., which will result in poor gains. After two or three weeks the whole milk may be gradually substituted with part skim milk and the proportion of skim milk gradually increased as the calves gain in size and age. The milk from the calf's mother should be fed for the first few days as it is laxative in character and will help get the bowels properly cleaned.

Cleanliness in the calf stables and feed buckets is essential in preventing scours and other similar troubles. Sunlight is necessary if the calves make the best gains. Fresh water should also be supplied as the calves will drink a considerable amount. A sunny, protected lot, where the calves may run during warm days will help to keep their stables in better condition and furnish them sunshine.

Calves Need Some Whole Milk to Get Good Start

Calves which are only one week old need some whole milk if they are to get the best start. However, some people follow the practice of buying calves from dairymen and raising them on substitute rations.

The United States bureau of dairying recommends the following formula which has been used with considerable success by many dairymen: Fifty pounds corn meal, finely ground; 50 pounds linseed meal; 15 pounds oats, finely ground and rolled; 10 pounds of dried blood flour; 10 pounds skim milk powder; one-half pound salt.

The above combination of feeds are carefully mixed together. One-half pound of the mixture stirred into four and one-half pints of boiling water and fed when sufficiently cool makes a feed for a calf which is one month old. Two feeds are necessary daily. The amount may be doubled by the time calves are two months old. Calves may gradually be shifted to a ration that is less complicated at that time.

Dairy Notes

It does not pay to feed good cows rations that are not well balanced.

Drinking water for the calves should have the chill removed.

The proper cleaning of the separator after each separation is of great importance.

Some cows are slow to "give down" and for them the massaging or manipulation of the udder that is inevitable in the process of washing is especially useful.

Every dairy farmer should provide himself with a milkhouse to be used exclusively for the handling of milk and milk products. In building a milkhouse, do not place it too near the stable.

Pumpkins are a good feed for dairy cows. One ton of pumpkins is equal in feeding value to about 400 pounds of mixed hay or 800 pounds of corn silage. This includes the seeds with the pumpkins.

The bureau of dairy industry says that milk produced by sterile cows that are otherwise in good health is just as good as milk produced by other cows as long as it is normal in appearance and flavor.

One of the greatest sources of sour milk and low-grade dairy products is the unsterilized utensil. The tiny bacteria that cause souring, off flavors, and sometimes sickness, grow very fast on the moist surfaces of unsterilized pails, strainers, cans, etc.

Acid Soils Enemies of Vegetable Seeds

Lime and Fertilizer Should Be Used for Good Growth.

"Don't lose the crop for the lack of a little lime," is the timely advice given by Prof. A. W. Blair, soil chemist at the New Jersey experiment station, to vegetable growers who are making plans for their spring work.

That acid soil has been at least partly responsible for failures commonly attributed to poor seed, the lack of plant-food, or some other cause has been shown by experiments. The seeds of such crops as spinach, carrots, beets, lettuce, celery and cabbage are very much depressed in germination if the soil is strongly acid, and if they do finally germinate, the plants are apt to be stunted, and die before they reach maturity.

The vegetable grower may well take a leaf from the notebook of the tobacco grower, who in preparing his seedbed for plants in the early spring, stakes out a small piece of ground on which he burns logs, brush and such materials in order to have plenty of lime and potash in the soil. The fact that he rarely fails in getting a fine lot of plants is proof of the value of his method.

Of course this method cannot be applied to a whole field, but lime and fertilizer may be used in sufficient amounts to bring the soil into proper condition for good germination and growth. The county agricultural agent and the experiment station are always ready to make soil tests and give advice on the amount of lime to be used.

Plan Amount of Manure Necessary for Garden

The amount of manure necessary for your garden will depend upon the condition of the soil. Poor, worn out soils will necessarily need more than rich, mellow soils. From 2 to 30 tons of manure an acre is generally very satisfactory. This means about a pound of manure to every square foot of garden space.

Humus may be added to the garden soil by planting what is known as a leguminous crop. Soy beans and vetch are excellent crops for this purpose. Such crops take nitrogen out of the air and store it in their roots. After these crops are plowed into the soil the nitrogen is said to be "fixed" and young growing plants can use it as they need it. This plan of putting humus into the soil is followed only between cropping times and cannot be successfully used to any great extent while your garden is in action. When green crops are thus plowed or spaded into the soil we call it green manuring.

Best Time to Commence Pruning Various Trees

When shall we start pruning? The old saying is, "Prune when the knife is sharp," which means that one time is as good as another. This particular saying is not entirely right. The pruning of apple trees can commence any time after the trees are dormant. Grapes should not be pruned until after a cold snap. After the thermometer has once dropped to about 15 degrees, the shriveled freeze-killed canes can easily be detected, and there will be little danger of leaving canes for next year's fruit which will be killed before spring. Peach pruning had best be left until spring, when it will be possible to check up on winter injury to fruit buds. If a heavy percentage of the buds are destined to be killed during the winter it would be folly to cut down the crop with pruning.

Farm Notes

More than \$33,000,000 worth of forest products were lost in the United States last year through forest fires.

Sweet clover may be seeded from early fall till March 1. It has the same range of planting date as oats.

Heating drinking water for the hens with coal or wood is much cheaper than letting them heat it with food.

Dry sand or ashes on the dropping board will keep the droppings from freezing to it, and make the cleaning an easier job.

Do not store seed corn in barrels or boxes. It will gather moisture and mold or freeze. Do not store over the laundry or over the stable.

Alfalfa should be a permanent crop on every farm. There is no other crop that will return as high as acre value for the labor expended upon it.

Drinking water given live stock in cold weather should be warmed slightly. Otherwise, the animals will not drink as much water as they should.

Cows confined for long in the barn are apt to have dirty hind quarters if not cared for. Clipping the long hair from the parts and the udder helps lots.

Plenty of water must be used in putting up stover silage, since the fodder itself is perfectly dry. While such silage is hardly comparable to ordinary silage, it is far more palatable and nutritious and much less wasteful than feeding it dry.

Come on! Let's Go! Lots of Fun! Real Bargains

Some of the worth-while bargains in store for you:

ORANGES

Sweet Navel Oranges, small size, per dozen 10c

MATCHES

Ohio Red Label, "The match without a match, carton 16c

RASINS

New crop, seedless, 4 pkgs for 29c

Morgan's Grocery Market

Brighten the dull corners in the home with

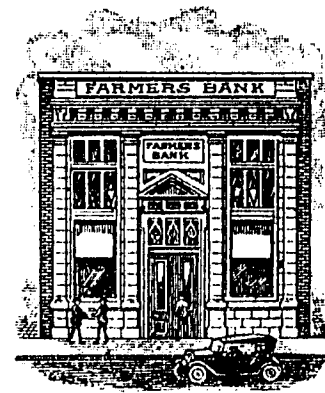
COLORFUL PAINTED NOVELTY FURNITURE

Market Day Special

Tea Wagons, regular price \$6.00, Today	\$4.75
Radio Cabinets, regular price \$5.50, Today	\$4.50
Book Cases, regular price \$3.50, Today	\$2.85
Wall Racks, regular price \$1.75, Today	\$1.35
Radio Stools, regular price \$2.00, Today	\$1.45
Nite Stands, regular price \$2.50, Today	\$2.00
End Tables, regular price \$2.50, Today	\$2.00
Magazine Racks, regular price \$1.75, Today	\$1.35

On display and sale at Kendrick Store Co. and at the Kendrick Hardware Co. Lacquer and enamel to finish the above for sale by Barnum Lumber & Mill Co., Kendrick Hardware Co. and Carlson Hardware.

Barnum Lumber & Mill Co.



The Helping Hand of

Thrift

A thrift account is a big factor in helping you you over the rough spots of life. It is the helping hand that aids you when all other sources of aid fail. Why not start a thrift account today.

The FARMERS BANK

"A Strong Bank KENDRICK, IDAHO"

A. E. Clarke, President.	N. S. Vollmer-Hopkins, Vice-President.
W. J. Carroll, Cashier.	F. K. Dammarell, Assistant Cashier.

DAIRY

HIGH-PRODUCING
COW IS FAVORED

Costs More to Feed but More Than Makes It Up.

Ohio, with the sixth largest number of dairy cows among the important dairying states, supports more than one-third of a million cows kept for milking purposes than are actually needed to produce the same volume of milk and butterfat now being obtained. This is the conclusion from statistics on the dairy industry of the state and on the performance of the 9,171 cows of herds in cow-testing associations.

Ohio has approximately 926,000 cows and heifers two years old and over. Average production of milk is about 4,500 pounds per cow per year. Average production of butterfat is about 100 pounds per year. But the 9,171 cows in the cow testing associations averaged a production of 7,451 pounds of milk and 315 pounds of butterfat in 1927. If that had been the average for all the cows in the state, only about 566,000 cows would have been needed to produce the same quantity of milk, and only 470,000 to produce the same weight of butterfat. That presupposes that the quality of all cows in the state, and their care and management, were kept at the same standard as those of the cows in the cow testing associations.

Looking at it in another way, if all the cows in the state were brought to the same standards of productivity as those of the cows in the associations, the milk flow in Ohio would amount to nearly seven billion pounds a year instead of only a little more than four billion. And the butterfat produced would total more than 292,000,000 pounds instead of 148,000,000 pounds.

Charts and records of feeding, kept in the cow testing associations, show that it costs more to feed the high-producing cow, but that increased cost is far below the proportionate gain.

Best Roughage for Milk Cows During the Winter

The best roughage for milk cows in the winter is a mixture of legume hay and some kind of succulent material such as silage or roots. Alfalfa hay is one of the best hays for feeding to milk cows, although clover, soy bean hay and others belonging to that family give excellent results. Corn silage is perhaps as common a feed as is available for supplying succulence, although mangels, carrots and sugar beets are also excellent. If legume hay and such succulent feeds as were mentioned are not available, cane hay, sudan hay and millet hay will give reasonably good results. When a nonlegume hay such as the three just mentioned is fed it will be necessary to make up the protein in the grain mixture. That will necessitate the use of some high protein concentrate such as linseed oil meal, cottonseed meal, gluten meal, soy bean oil meal, peanut meal or coconut meal.

Start Dairy Industry by Using Pure-Bred Sires

Dairying, as with other forms of live stock production, is not a thing which should be promoted. Ill-directed ventures usually result from promotion and rapid expansion. It is growing, and the use of good bulls, good pastures, and good home-grown feeds are excellent steps on which to build for the future. A hickory grows slowly; a castor bean grows rapidly. The hickory lasts from year to year and makes a tough and desirable wood. The castor bean dies at the first touch of frost. The dairy industry started by the use of better bulls, grows like the hickory, slowly but steadily, and withstands cold, low prices, and other discouraging influences.

New Electric Clippers Are Handy for Dairyman

A new electric clipper and groomer, operated somewhat on the principle of a vacuum cleaner, has been invented for the use of the dairyman who wishes to produce the cleanest milk possible with the least effort and expense. This device attaches to the milking machine vacuum pipe line and removes dirt, dust, germs, hair and filth which might get into the milk and injure its quality and purity. A similar device, but operated independently by an electric motor instead of the milking machine system, is another recent development that has proven its ability to keep dairy cows clean economically.

Cull Boarders

The need of more economic and efficient production is quite apparent on every hand. The dairy farmer must cull out the low producing cows from his herd and build for a greater production for each cow through keeping records of production, by using better sires, and by following the best methods in feeding, breeding and management. The same problems must be considered by the manufacturer and distributor of dairy products.

Red Squill Rat Poison Harmless

Tests Fail to Show Injury to Poultry From Eating the Powder.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
The control of rats in poultry establishments is usually of great importance, as the abundance of feed in poultry runs almost invariably attracts large numbers of rats, which cause serious losses among the chickens. The question is at times raised as to whether or not red squill, the rat poison now becoming commonly used in such cases, is harmful to the poultry.

Number of Tests Made.
A number of tests have been made in the laboratory and in the field by the biological survey of the United States Department of Agriculture and others to determine the effect of red squill on adult chickens, and up to the present time no record of adult poultry harmed with squill has been received. These tests included in one case two hens fed on a 10 per cent concentration of red-squill rat bait to the exclusion of all other food for a period of six weeks, without apparent injury.

No experiments, however, had been made to determine the effect of red squill on baby chicks until a recent investigation conducted by a member of the biological survey staff in co-operation with the North Carolina State college experiment station. In a series of feeding tests baby chicks from five to eighteen days old were fed varying quantities of 10 per cent powdered red squill mixed with a standard chick-feed formula.

Chicks Dislike Squill.
In all experiments chicks showed a distinct preference for feed that did not contain squill powder. It was found that chicks are not likely to eat enough feed composed of 10 per cent squill in one, two, or three feedings to cause death, even when given to the exclusion of other feed, and that a high mortality is not likely to occur when squill feed is exposed to vigorous chicks for five consecutive days when other palatable feed is obtainable. Some chicks show a distinct dislike for red-squill powder, and since it is not highly toxic to them, it may be used with safety as a rat poison in places accessible to chicks if they are well supplied by other more palatable feed and care is taken to prevent them from feeding on squill feed for more than 48 hours.

Paint Is Distasteful to Injurious Rabbits

To keep rabbits from gnawing fruit trees, a writer in the American Fruit Grower's Magazine has advised painting them—the trees, you know, not the rabbits—with the following mixture:
Two pounds of sulphur, two pounds yellow ochre, one gill turpentine, one gill linseed oil, one ounce asafetida, four to six eggs, one-half pint wheat flour. Mix well with sweet milk and apply with a brush close to the ground and as high up as necessary.

"Peter Rabbit won't take a nibble at the tree for 15 months," the writer declares, and he adds: "It is good for borers and scale."

Editor Weymouth, who specializes in apple trees and rabbits, says he has tried paint as well as various wrappings. Some of them work pretty well. But a little cylinder of mesh wire always works. Buy a roll of 10-inch finely woven chicken wire and cut it up with tinners' shears into 15-inch lengths. Loop these around the trees and fasten the loose ends together. You're protected from rabbits until the tree is five or six years old.

Plant Food of Manure Disappears in Winter

Many have definitely in mind how many loads or tons of manure a given number of cattle and other live stock produce a year, but comparatively few realize the enormous waste of fertility there is in the average manure pile or barnyard. Under fairly favorable conditions when manure lies in the barnyard during the winter months and is hauled out in the spring after the planting season is over about 50 per cent of its plant food content has disappeared. Under rather unfavorable conditions when the feed lot is on a hillside and the manure is left in the yard till midsummer from 75 to as high as 80 per cent of its value may be lost. Its bulk may not shrink but the quantity of nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium—in many instances disappears to that extent.

Agricultural Notes

The names of the legumes are as strong towers: the wise farmer useth them and is safe.

Metal milk caps are convenient to keep the milk covered after removing the cardboard cap.

The younger the chicks can be taught to use the regulation roosts at night, the better off they are, since there is less chance of their death or injury by crowding.

Power for operating a cream separator may be supplied by a one-half horse-power motor. The energy consumption will be about one-half kilowatt hour a 1,000 pounds of whole milk.

POULTRY FACTS

COD LIVER OIL AIDS EARLY CHICK

Three Tests Made at North Carolina Station.

Three separate tests made lately at the North Carolina experiment station prove the value of 1 per cent of cod liver oil in the mash feed supplied to early hatched chicks.

"Chicks reared in our laboratories where we could control nearly all conditions have proven the value of cod liver oil in the mash feed," declares Dr. B. F. Kaupp, head of the poultry department at State college. "One lot of chicks fed a complete ration except for the vitamins, broke in health in the fifth week. The chicks receiving 1 per cent of the tested oil in the same kind of mash did not break in health and were strong and well developed. In a second test, the chicks which were not allowed to run out-of-doors nor receive direct sunlight gave us exactly the same results. Those receiving the oil were strong and well and were sold as broilers. Those receiving only the straight mash and grain feed broke in health at the end of the fifth week."

Doctor Kaupp states that a third flock was carried on the basic ration without oil but were given all the tender rape that they would eat. These broke in health in the seventh week indicating that they secured some vitamins from the green feed but not enough to keep them in good health.

In another test, at the coastal plain station, one lot of chicks was allowed to run on a fresh, green pasture three or four hours during the middle of the day with the result that they did not break in health but were not so large and strong as the chicks in the cod liver oil flock. Doctor Kaupp states that those chicks which run out-of-doors pick up other things which are required for good health and development, but usually this is not sufficient as the tests with the cod liver oil show.

As a result of all the tests, Doctor Kaupp believes that the expense of using 1 per cent of this oil is well worth while. It holds up the health and gives stronger constitutional vigor.

Coccidiosis Is Very Destructive to Chicks

Coccidiosis is a disease of the intestines and while it affects all birds it is especially destructive to chicks. It is especially destructive to chicks up to two months old. The cause is a microscopic organism. The transmission of infection from diseased to healthy birds occurs by contamination of the feed, water and ground. The coccidia multiply with great rapidity in the intestines and enormous numbers are discharged in the droppings.

The most prominent and characteristic symptoms in nearly all cases are white, diarrheal discharges and the rapid wasting away of the affected birds. Adult birds have considerable resistance to this germ and the disease is frequently seen in the chronic form.

There is no satisfactory cure for this disease in young chickens.

Balanced Ration for Hens Very Important

Until about fifty years ago chickens were fed only grain and since they were permitted to range at will they secured their essential requirements so they could live and lay some eggs during the spring. About this time it was discovered that additional protein in form of meat or milk fed with the grains became known as the balanced ration—a ration in which the surplus carbohydrates of the grains were balanced in better proportion by adding a protein concentrate. It was the balanced ration that first made commercial poultry keeping possible, but in the light of recent information on the nutrition of chickens, the poultryman's feeding problem of today is to complete the balanced ration.

Age to Keep Hens

With Leghorns, Anconas, Minorcas and birds of this type, the hens of the right type may be kept until they are three years old. It is not usually advisable to keep them after they have reached three years of age. With the general purpose breeds, such as Rhode Island Reds, Plymouth Rocks, Orpingtons, etc., it is usually best to sell them after they are two years old. Extremely valuable hens can sometimes be kept five years, but this is quite unusual.

Thin-Shelled Eggs

Whenever there is a late spring with a great deal of cloudy weather, many flocks lay thin-shelled eggs. The egg shell quality from such a flock will begin to improve as soon as the hens get into direct sunlight. It is a common observation that when a flock is laying thin-shelled eggs and is turned out-of-doors in the sun, the shell quality improves. It is very important in managing a flock to open the windows on sunny days during the winter or early spring.

DAIRY FARMER OF FUTURE IS ALIVE

Will Not Permit Cow to Eat Up Profits of Another.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The dairy farmer of the future will own a modern farmhouse. He will be supported by a high-producing herd of well-bred dairy cattle, which will be fed largely from luxuriant, home-grown crops, raised on well-tilled fertile soil. In short, the dairy farmer of the future will know how to live better and will live up to the best that he knows. That is the prophecy of J. C. McDowell, of the bureau of dairy industry, United States Department of Agriculture.

"The dairy farmer of today is progressive," he says, "but in many cases he is passively progressive. He knows what to do but he does not always do it. The farmer of the future will never allow one cow to eat up the profits another cow is making. He will allow only high-producing and profitable dairy cows on his fertile farm."

"At the present time the average dairy herd produces about 180 pounds of butterfat a year per cow. The time will come when our dairy herds will double that production. This, however, will not result in overproduction of dairy products, because we shall then keep fewer and better cows. By doubling the average production per cow, it is possible to triple the average income over cost of feed. Thus the dairy farmer will make more money."

"But why do dairy farmers want more money? They want it in order that they and their families may have a better living, which includes better homes and better schools. The time is coming when our dairy farmers and their families are going to have not only a good living and the advantages of the open country but also many of the opportunities and conveniences that are now enjoyed by the people of the cities."

One's Own Youth
The best way to advance in understanding of the problems of childhood is to remember one's own youth.—Woman's Home Companion.

Market Day Specials

PLIERS
Special No. 1, 6 inch Pliers, regular 50c 38c
Special No. 2, 6 inch nickle pliers, regular 65c 48c
Special No. 3, Black pliers, regular 50c 38c

CRESCENT PAT WRENCHES
Special No. 4, 6 inch Wrench, regular 55c 43c
Special No. 5, 8 inch Wrench, regular 65c 53c
Special No. 6, 10 inch Wrench, regular 80c 62c

GOODELL BREAST DRILLS
No. 0477, Goodell Breast Drill, regular \$3.40 \$2.80

Kendrick Hardware Co.

The Place To Buy

COAL and WOOD, MILL FEED and FLOUR

Highest Market Prices for Your Grain and Beans

—oOo—
FARMERS UNION WAREHOUSE COMPANY
Julietta, Idaho

Good Food, Clean Amusement

Specials for Saturday

1 Pound cans smoking tobacco 90c

In glass jars \$1.00

M. O. Raby & Son

Kendrick Market Day

ONE DAY ONLY

SATURDAY

January 26

ON THIS DAY

Kendrick Business Houses

WILL MAKE

Special Prices

THAT WILL

SAVE YOU MONEY

FREE Movie Show

Starting at 1 P. M.

Live Chickens Given Away

When the siren sounds at noon live chickens will be thrown from a building in the central block in town. Some of them will have dollar bills attached to their legs. Who can catch one?

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

In the Probate Court in and for the County of Latah, State of Idaho.

In the Matter of the Estate of Nancy J. Lewis, Incompetent.

Order to Show Cause Why Order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

L. G. Peterson, Guardian of the Estate of Nancy J. Lewis, Incompetent, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of sale of all of the real estate of said incompetent, for the purposes therein set forth.

It is Therefore Ordered by the Judge of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of the said incompetent, and the next of kin of the ward, be and appear before the said Probate Court, on Monday, the 28th day of January, 1929, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Probate Court, in the Court House in said Latah County to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Guardian to sell so much of the real estate of the said Nancy J. Lewis, Incompetent, as shall be necessary.

It is Further Ordered, That a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks before the 28th day of January, 1929, in the Kendrick Gazette, a newspaper printed and published in the said Latah County, State of Idaho.

ADRIAN NELSON,
Probate Judge.
Dated this 28th day of December, A. D. 1928. 1-4

Notice

During the Idaho legislative session from January 4th to March 7th, 1929, my law office will be in charge of attorney Thomas A. Feehey.

A. H. Oversmith.

A. H. BLUM

Blacksmithing and all kinds of Machine Work.

Saw Gunning

Cameron, - - Idaho

Drs. Salsberg & Simmons
Eye-Sight Specialists
512 Main Street
Lewiston, Idaho
Dr. Simmons will be in Kendrick every 60 days.

McDowell's Midget Cafe
Meals Lunches
Coffee
Draught Beer
Any time of the day.

N. R. Shepherd
The Auctioneer
Wants to Cry Your Sale
Shep pays phone calls
Troy, Idaho

How About Those Side Curtains?

Is the celluloid good?
Better have them fixed up for winter driving.

Shoe Repairing. Harness and Saddlery.

N. E. Walker
Kendrick - Idaho

Local Ads

MONEY TO LOAN, on approved farm security, 5 1/2%, 5, 7, or 10 years. C. L. Thompson, Moscow. 23-tf

Wood For Sale, also posts any size to order. Claud Craig, Leland. 28-tf

KITCHEN RANGES

We have several good used ranges for sale at reasonable prices. If you are in the market come early and get first choice. The Washington Water Power Co., Kendrick, Idaho. 35-tf

FOR SALE: 5-tube radio set for \$15, phone 657. 4-tf

For Sale: Good phonograph cheap, console model. Dr. McKeever, Kendrick. 02-tf

FOR SALE: Complete logging outfit consisting of horses, harness, skidding riggings, blankets, bunks, etc. Enquire of C. C. Chambers, Juliaetta. 3-2t

FOR SALE: Baled and loose alfalfa, also bundle wheat hay. Harry Ameling, Kendrick. 4-3

Have your job printing done in Kendrick.

WANTED: An old cupboard or bedstead made of black walnut. Any person having any such piece of furniture for sale call phone 657, Kendrick. 3-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP: Bosch Magneto and Governor for Fordson tractor. Clarence Morey. 3-2p

NOTICE

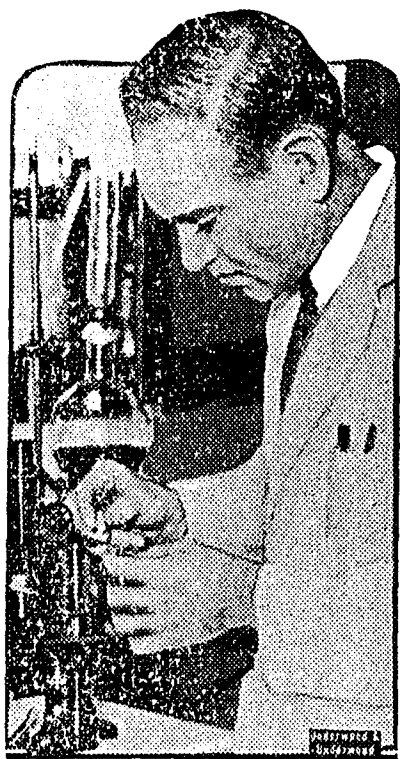
Sealed bids will be received at the office of the clerk of the Village of Kendrick, for the purchase of the Linda Hamley house; the house to be torn down by purchaser and all rubbish and debris removed not later than April 15, 1929. Bids will be opened at the meeting of the Village Board on Tuesday evening, February 5th.

By order of the Board of Village Trustees. 4-2

Behavioristic Theory

The theory of behaviorism is a theory and method of psychological study, based on the conception that sound psychological progress must rest upon a purely observational and objective analysis of behavior, thus avoiding the "psychological fallacy."

WINS \$1,000 PRIZE



Dr. Oliver Kamm, director of chemical research of the Parke-Davis Research Laboratories, who has been awarded the \$1,000 prize by the American Association for the Advancement of Science for the most noteworthy scientific contribution of the year. He is known as the father of the "pituitary twins," and has succeeded in separating this chemical pair of the posterior pituitary gland into substances that cost \$1,000,000 to \$3,000,000 a pound and are of tremendous importance in medicine.

WATER SUPPLY IS IMPORTANT ITEM

Cow Must Have It to Aid in Digesting Food for Milk.

(By G. A. Williams, Purdue University)

The importance of a liberal supply of pure fresh water for the dairy herd during the winter season should be given careful consideration on every farm. Many herds are undersupplied at this time.

There are more than eight gallons of water in each 100 pounds of milk. The cow must have water to assist in digesting the food which makes the milk. Then the body gives off moisture in addition to the other needs. It requires nearly seven pounds of water for each quart of milk which a cow produces.

This must come from the feed or the water trough. During the winter season a large part of the ration consumed is dry roughage. This necessitates the drinking of larger amounts of water than if pasture were a part of the daily feed. When the water consumed is insufficient the effect is not long in reaching the milk pail.

Watering the milking herd once daily is not often enough. Such a practice forces the cow to consume five, eight or perhaps ten gallons at one time. Although the stomach of the

Electoral Ballots Reach Capital



Presidential electors, after casting their ballots in the capitals of their respective states, sent them to Washington by mail. E. Ross Bartley, secretary to the vice president, is shown placing the ballots in a safe pending their count by a joint session of the house and senate on February 13.

MARKET DAY SPECIAL

10 Per Cent discount on all goods sold for cash.

WATCH REPAIRING DISCONTINUED
Red Cross Pharmacy
B. F. Nesbit, Prop.

cow is larger than that of any other of our farm animals, taking this large quantity of liquid into the stomach at one time tends to interfere with the digestion of the feed. This is especially true if the temperature of the water is near the freezing point.

Water at a low temperature must be raised to approximately body temperature before it can be assimilated by the tissues. Heat must be absorbed from the body to accomplish this. Inasmuch as part of the feed which an animal eats goes for the production of heat and energy, the consumption of large amounts of cold water tends to increase the food supply used for this purpose.

Dairy cattle in milk should be supplied with water not colder than 50 degrees Fahrenheit. Even in winter water pumped from the well will not be colder, but as it stands in the trough on a cold day the temperature approaches the freezing point. Many dairymen are finding the tank heater a very profitable investment for the dairy herd where a water system is not installed in the barn.

The expense for fuel required to heat the water consumed by the stock is almost negligible. Some dairymen use corn cobs for the purpose. It is poor policy to use a well balanced ration to increase the milk flow when the herd is not receiving enough water. The water supply is an important item on the dairy farm in winter.

From the Latin

The word "sincere" originated from two Latin words, "sine cera," meaning without wax. In the days of ancient Rome cracked and chipped vases were made as good as new by filling up the cracks with wax.

Clermont Not Preserved

While we find no definite statement as to the fate of Robert Fulton's ship, the Clermont, the Marine Research society says that it was destroyed.—Washington Star

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Probate Court of Latah County, State of Idaho.

In the matter of the Estate of John Enoch Riley, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administratrix, of the Estate of John Enoch Riley, deceased, to the creditors and all persons having claims against the deceased to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within six months after the first publication of this notice, to said administratrix, at the office of C. A. Oppenborn, in the Town of Kendrick, Latah County, State of Idaho, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated this 5th day of January, 1929.

Amelia Riley,

Administratrix of the Estate of John Enoch Riley, deceased.

C. A. Oppenborn, Attorney for Administratrix; Residence, Kendrick, Idaho.

First publication, January 11, 1929. 2-5

Notice of Annual Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Juliaetta Cherry Growers Association, of Juliaetta, Idaho, will be held at the City Hall in Juliaetta, Idaho, at 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, January 21, 1929, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

Dated January 10, 1929.
A. W. Behrens, Assistant Secretary. 2-2

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

In The Probate Court of Latah County, State of Idaho.

In the Matter of the Persons and Estates of Elbert Monroe Long and Lillian Joday Long, Minors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That, pursuant to an order of the above court made and entered on the 8th day of January, 1929, in the above entitled proceedings, the undersigned guardian of the persons and estates of Elbert Monroe Long and Lillian Joday Long, Minors, will sell at private sale to the highest bidder for cash, subject to confirmation by said court, on and after the 26th day of January 1929, the right, title, interest and estate the said minors have in the hereinafter described real and personal property by virtue of being heirs at law of one J. Long, deceased, and the right, title and interest said minors have acquired by operation of law or otherwise in said property in addition to that acquired from said deceased as his heirs at law. The following is a description of the property to be sold under said order, to-wit:

(Description of real and personal property)

Interest in Lots 2, 3, and 7, Block 4,

Original Plat of Kendrick; Lots 1, 2, and 4, Block 113, Entire Block 115; Lots 1 and 2, Block 116, Oak's Addition to Kendrick, all in the Village of Kendrick, Latah County, State of Idaho.

The SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of section twenty-four (24), Township 38, North of Range 3 West; the S 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Section 19, Township 38 North of Range 2 West, lying and being West of the Big Bear Ridge road; the SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 and all that portion of Lot 2 and the SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 lying South and East of the Big Bear Creek and Ridge road as changed and established by the Board of County Commissioners on petition of G. W. Wright et al, all in Section 19, Township 38 North of Range 2 West, save and excepting that portion belonging to the Estate of Nicholas Gehlen, also saving and excepting that portion deeded to William Connick described as follows:

Commencing where the Potlatch Wagon road crosses the line between the land formerly owned by E. A. Fry and C. C. Candler in said Section 19, and running along said line Northwesterly 1 1/2 rods, thence six rods Southwest, thence fourteen and one half rods Southeast to the said Potlatch River Wagon road, thence East along said Potlatch River Wagon road to place of beginning; the SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Section 24, Township 38 North of Range 3 West, saving and excepting that part bounded on the Northeast and South by the Big Bear Creek and on the West by the Northern Pacific Railroad; that portion of the S 1/2 of the NW 1/4 of Section 19, Township 38 North of Range 2 West, lying and being West of the Big Bear Ridge road, containing 62 acres, more or less, saving and excepting a spring of water situated on said land in Section 19, together with the deed of Right of Way to T. J. Moser as recorded in Book of Deeds 62 at page 367, dated March 4, 1910, all of said lands herebefore described lying and being in Latah County State of Idaho. A piece of land within the following boundaries, Commencing at the Northwest corner of the North Forty acres belonging to Francis LaBolle, thence eighty rods South along LaBolle line, thence with the North line of LaBolle's West Forty acres running West forty rods to Mrs. Records Southeast Corner (this now owned by Geo. Knepper), thence with Mrs. Records or Geo. Knepper's East line North fifty rods to the Potlatch River, thence up the Potlatch River following its meander lines forty-five rods to Dave Waltz' line sixteen rods East to beginning at LaBolle's Corner (description taken from deed recorded April 14, 1905, Book 75 Deeds, page 286), saving and excepting road to William Freytag as follows: Commencing 194 feet Southwest of the South approach of the Wandcher Gulch Wagon bridge and on the East side of the public road and running in a northerly direction 550 feet to Frank LaBolle's line, and excepting a piece of land heretofore deeded by said copartnership of N. B. Long & Sons to one F. B. Easterbrook, described as follows, Commencing at Northwest Corner of the North Forty acres belonging to Francis LaBolle, thence eighty rods South along LaBolle's line, thence with the North line of LaBolle's West Forty acres to East side of the Wandcher Gulch Wagon road, thence following the East side of said Wagon road to the Potlatch River, thence up along the Potlatch River, following its meander lines to the Dave Waltz line, thence along the Dave Waltz line sixteen rods to the Francis LaBolle's Corner, being the place of beginning, all being in the SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Section 19, Township 38 North of Range 2 West of Boise Meridian, in Nez Perce County, State of Idaho;

An undivided one-twenty-fifth interest in the general assets and business of N. B. Long & Sons, a copartnership, doing business at the Village of Kendrick in Latah County, State of Idaho, consisting of its general stock of merchandise, book accounts, live stock, and general equipment;

All bids or offers must be in writing, and may be left at the office of the attorney for said guardian, or may be delivered to said guardian personally, at Kendrick, Idaho, or may be filed with the Probate Judge of said county, at any time after the first publication of this notice. The said property will be sold as a whole and bids must be made and will be received accordingly.

Dated, January 4, 1929.

E. T. LONG,

Guardian of the Persons and Estates of Elbert Monroe Long and Lillian Joday Long, Minors.

C. A. Oppenborn, Attorney for Guardian, Business Address: Kendrick, Idaho. 2-3

OLIVER J. MOREHEAD, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Phone 832
Kendrick, - Idaho

Dr. GEO. W. McKEEVER
Dental Surgeon
Phones: Office 812, Res. 1915
Kendrick, - Idaho

C. A. OPPENBORN
Attorney-at-Law
General Practice
Kendrick, - Idaho

GENERAL REPAIR SHOP
Blacksmithing, Wood Work, Tire Setting, Wagon or Autoes, Disc Sharpening, Machine and Gun Repairing.
FRANK CROCKER

Gazette printing is done at reasonable prices.

WANTED

Cattle, Hogs and Sheep.
Hides and Wool.
Poultry
Call

B. N. EMMETT & CO.

BROWER-WANN CO.
Funeral Directors
1434 Main, Lewiston, Ida
Our aim is to perfect ways and means of bringing you comfort and privacy and above all Specialized Service.
Lewiston Phone 275
or
Kendrick Hardware Co.
Kendrick, Idaho

DOCTOR TRUITT
Day and Night Calls
Attended Promptly
Southwick, Idaho.

DRAYING
We move anything that's Loose.
Residence Phone 654
KENDRICK DRAY & ICE
Frank Boyd, Prop.

MAIN STREET GARAGE
Automobile Repairing by Experienced Mechanic
Automobile Accessories
Badger Tires and Tubes
Reo Cars and Trucks
Shell Gas and Oils
Paul Schulze, Prop.

Market Day Special

Gas 24c

Tube Repair Kits

Regular 50c, SPECIAL 25c

Kendrick Garage Co.

LOCAL NEWS

Alberta Walker, who is attending the Lewiston Normal, spent Sunday in Kendrick with home folks.

L. J. Herres drove to Lewiston and return last Sunday.

Howard Delano returned the first of the week from a visit with the Taber family at Othello, Wash.

Herman Schupfer was a Lewiston visitor last Sunday.

Miss Mabel Taber of Othello, Wash., is visiting friends in Kendrick this week.

The Bovill town team will play the local town team a game of basket ball here Saturday night.

Mr. Jarvis, principal of the high school, deserves a great deal of credit for the work he has done in repairing the gymnasium. He and the high school boys spent much of their time after school hours and on Saturdays refinishing the interior. The entire room, including the ceiling, was finished with wall board and the floor oiled. The building is easily heated and is more comfortable in every way.

Miss Edna Lohman was taken to Lewiston last Sunday on account of illness. She is at the home of her grandparents and is reported to be getting along nicely.

L. E. Pearson of Spokane is visiting his mother, Mrs. Jessie Callison.

Mr. and Mrs. George Davidson, Miss Rilla Davidson, Mrs. Wm. Watts and Mrs. Wade Keene went to Spokane, Tuesday, to attend the funeral of Mrs. Elva Procopio, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Roberts of Spokane. Mrs. Procopio passed away last Saturday, following an attack of influenza. Funeral services were held Wednesday. Mrs. Procopio was raised on American ridge and was well known in this locality.

The Lohese Club of the Presbyterian Sunday school received a beautiful framed picture of Hoffman's "Head of Christ" for their class room. They received the reward for having won an attendance contest lasting thru October, November and December. The picture was given by the Live Wire class of the Spokane Sunday school.

J. C. Bibb arrived recently from the coast and is visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. G. Gardner.

Sleigh Ride Party

The young people of the Presbyterian church had a jolly sleigh ride last Wednesday evening. A four-horse bob-sled was used for the party. After the ride the young folks were entertained at the Emery home by Mesdames. Franklin, Delano, Beardsley and Emery. Games were played after which refreshments were served.

Linden News

Mrs. Jim Farington and son of Crescent spent Saturday night and Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hunt.

Mrs. Edgar Bohm and daughter Alfreda are staying with her mother, Mrs. McPhee while Edgar is working at Park.

Miss Virginia Allen spent Wednesday afternoon visiting Eva Smith.

Mrs. Roy Florance of Clarkston is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hunt and helping care for James Holt.

J. D. Perry returned to Julietta, Saturday, after visiting his uncle, George Garner.

The Misses Popkey and Hendrick spent the week-end in Moscow.

Jake Grinolds of Lewiston visited at the C. H. Fry home Thursday.

Mrs. McPhee and Mrs. Edgar Bohm spent Wednesday with Mrs. George Garner.

Mr. Oliver Kolberg of Troy spent last week end at the Allen home.

Cameron News

George Ehlers and daughter, Hilga, were visitors on the ridge Tuesday and Wednesday.

John Schultz left for his home at Dutton, Montana, after spending a month with his parents.

Leo Lohman left for Dutton, Montana, Monday to visit with

relatives.

Mrs. Henry Wendt and children spent Friday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Silfow, Sr.

Mrs. A. O. Wegner was on the sick list for a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Mielke, Mr. and Mrs. John Schwarz and daughter spent Sunday night with Mrs. Ida Stoneburner and Emma Hartung.

Mildred Wegner is sick with tonsillitis.

Viola Schultz is back to school after being sick for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Spekker and sons, Vern and Cecil, left Wednesday on a trip to California for a visit with Mr. Spekker's mother and other relatives.

Reva and Veve Berriman are back to school after a week's absence.

Albert Brammer is staying at Spekker's doing the chores while they are gone.

Grandpa Schultz was quite sick Tuesday, but is resting a little easier at this writing.

Grandpa Meyer is spending a few weeks at the Henry Brammer home.

Charley McCoy and family visited with the Wm. McCoy family, Sunday.

Jake Berriman and family spent Thursday evening with Doc. Betts and family.

Russell Rodgers and family spent Friday evening with the Jake Berriman family.

On Wednesday evening a large group of friends gathered at the Fred Schoeffler home. The occasion being a surprise birthday party for Mrs. Schoeffler. A wonderful time was had by all.

Bill Mielke, Carl Koopp and Rev. Ehlen called on "Grandpa" Schultz, Sunday.

The Lutheran Church Emanuel - Cameron

Divine services in the English language at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9:30.

Otto G. Ehlen, Pastor.

Reasonable Request

A pious lady had a husband who was a seaman. He was about to start on a long voyage. As his wife was anxious for his welfare she sent the following notice to the village preacher: "Mr. Blank, who is going to sea, his wife desires the prayers of the congregation." The woman was quite illiterate, and the minister read the following to the congregation from the slip handed to him: "Mr. Blank, who is going to see his wife, desires the prayers of the congregation."

Quiet, Please!

The father of a large family of children was trying hard to read the evening paper: "What's that terrible racket in the hall, Martha?" "One of the children just fell downstairs." "Well," he replied, turning over another page of the paper, "you tell the children if they can't fall downstairs more quietly they will have to stop it."

Voice over the phone: "Is Mike Howe there?"

At the other end of the wire: "What do you think this is—the stockyards?"—Ex.

JACK TO FIGHT AGAIN



Jack Dempsey declares he will fight again. "Tex Rickard, my pal, signed me to fight for him again before he went west," he said. "I will go through with that contract just as though he were alive. He never went back on his word with me and you can rest assured I won't go back on mine."

Had Martyr's Fate

John Huss, the Bohemian reformer, was burned at the stake July 6, 1415, for heresy, after his books had been previously burned. His ashes were thrown into the River Rhine.

Defenders of Lord's Day

The Lord's Day Alliance of the United States is an organization of 19 Christian denominations. Its purpose is to defend and preserve the Lord's day as a day of rest and worship, to secure a weekly rest day for the toil, and to promote constructive Sunday legislation and law enforcement.

POULTRY

EARLY BIRD GETS RICH EGG RATION

February Chicks Should Make Rapid Growth.

Leghorn chicks hatched in February should be fed rations that make for continual rapid growth, is the advice offered by the poultry department of the New Jersey Agricultural college.

Pullets from early hatched chicks cannot be expected to produce a profitable number of eggs during the summer and fall, if their growth is stunted in any manner. Any good baby chick ration will prove satisfactory until the birds are eight or ten weeks old. After that date, the specialists advise that they be placed upon a ration similar to a good laying ration, but containing a larger amount of minerals. To have the bird come into production as soon as possible and at the same time have her continue her body growth is the poultryman's aim.

No matter how they are fed, February hatched birds can always be expected to go through a moult in the late fall. They can use this period for any increase in weight or growth that has not been accomplished previously.

One must remember that an early hatched bird is an entirely different individual from a late hatched bird. The later hatches should have a much slower development in order to prevent an early winter moult, but with the early hatched stock the aim is to get all of the eggs possible before the early winter moult.

Feed Turkey Breeders for Vigorous Poults

Too much corn in the turkey's winter ration may make the birds too fat for the production of eggs of high hatchability. Some breeders feed 3 parts of oats to 1 of corn and find that the stock come through the winter in condition to produce vigorous poults. Equal parts of corn, wheat and oats make a good grain ration for turkey breeding stock. The addition of cull vegetables, and alfalfa or clover is necessary until the turkeys can forage in the spring.

Before the turkey hens begin to lay, it often pays to give them a hopper of the same balanced laying mash which is used for the chickens. Where they have had nothing but grain they may be reluctant to eat the mash but if it is kept before them, some of the mash will probably be eaten and it will help to improve egg production and keep up the vigor of the turkey hens while they are laying. Keep a hopper of oyster shells before the turkey hens to help in producing firm shells on the eggs and reduce breakage in the nests.

Feeding the turkey breeding stock on soil away from the chickens is a help in preventing blackhead and other turkey diseases. Diseases are often spread through the medium of the droppings which have contaminated the feed. Some losses may be prevented by feeding both the grain and the mash in hoppers so that none of the feed will touch soil which might be contaminated with disease.

Poultry Notes

It pays to rid hens of worms.

One water fountain is needed to each 25 chicks.

A hot, stuffy brooder house is as undesirable for chicks as it is for the attendant.

Cod liver oil isn't just a fad. It helps to remedy the lack of sunshine and green feed at this time of year.

If there were losses from bacillary white diarrhea last year it is not safe to use infertile eggs for the young poultry this spring unless the eggs are so well cooked or baked that all bacilli are destroyed.

Warm water is fine for hens in cold weather. A safely-heated water fountain will return several times its cost in eggs.

If the litter gets damp in a short time it means poor ventilation—and then there's danger of roup. A straw loft overhead will help.

It pays to study your flock and make the birds like you. Doublers may laugh, but hens will lay better for a caretaker that they know well and are glad to see.

It is not considered good practice to take breeding cockerels from the same brood from which you get your pullets.

It is said that if alfalfa hay is used for hens' nests and scattered around the chicken coops the chicken mites will leave a hasty retreat.

Protein derived from animal sources such as meat products and milk, is of greater value to the hen than protein from vegetable feeds, such as cotton seed and linseed.

Liming for Legumes Essential for Soil Needed on Sandy Land for Alfalfa and Clover.

Lime should be applied to the soil for the successful production of alfalfa and the various clovers on the sandy soil of the Mississippi valley in Minnesota; on most of the soils of southwestern Minnesota (in general east of a line drawn directly south from the Twin Cities to the Iowa border); and to most of the soils of western Wisconsin except a strip bordering Lake Superior in Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland and Iron counties. The soils of western Minnesota and the Dakotas are well provided with lime and none needs to be added to these soils when alfalfa is sown, except perhaps in a few localities of North Dakota.

The way to find out whether your soil needs lime, and how much, is to send a half-pound sample of soil to the soils division of your state experiment station, which in Minnesota is located at University farm, St. Paul, and in Wisconsin, at Madison. On most soils in the lime-deficient sections above mentioned, from two to three tons of ground limestone, limestone screenings, or marl should be applied per acre. Marl beds may be found in many localities of eastern Minnesota and western Wisconsin, and the product, when considered on the dry basis, is as valuable as ground limestone. Soil-testing outfits are now on the market with which a farmer can test his soil for lime.

Southwestern Minnesota and adjacent sections of Wisconsin are well provided with deposits of limestone and numerous quarries from which agricultural lime can be purchased. Some farmers find it profitable to hire owners of portable limestone grinders to pulverize limestone from outcroppings on their own farms. The purchase of such grinders is scarcely economical for one farmer or even a group of farmers, as it is likely to stand idle too much of the time. It is more profitable for one man to own such a machine and devote all of his time to its operation.—The Farmer.

Keeping Out in Front

If the fellows in the other party begin throwing up to you the things you said ten years ago, say a lot of new things so startling that they will forget about the old ones.—Exchange.

Mother's Problem

How to reduce the labor without subtracting from the infant's comfort is a problem most mothers face.—Farm and Fireside.

Money Saving Prices

Saturday, January 26

PRINTS

New bright color dress prints, full 36 inches wide, many patterns to choose from and

Only 19c a Yard

MEN'S SOX

For 29 cents you can buy warm wool sox that sold regularly for 49c, now only

29c

DAIRY SALT

88 cents for a 50 pound sack of clean, pure dairy salt. Market Day Special

88c

MEN'S SHIRTS

A case of shirts right from the factory. The famous "Mile Wide" brand. Your wife likes to wash these shirts. Worth more but now selling for only 98c

We have a surprise for you. Come and get it FREE.

MARKET DAY BARGAINS ALL OVER THE STORE

Kendrick Store Co.

Clean-Up SALE Radio Sets

Here is your chance to buy standard guaranteed radio sets at big savings. We want every set sold the next 30 days before inventory and we are making the prices low enough to do it.

SPEAKERS

Any horn speaker in the house \$10 We have Atwater Kent, Baldwin and others. Every speaker guaranteed to be in perfect condition.

Philco A-B Eliminator

180 volt model, sold originally for \$78.50, brand new, never been used. Sale price \$39.50

Better replace your present A battery and dry "B" batteries. Makes a good battery set an efficient electric set. See us for other types of "B" eliminators.

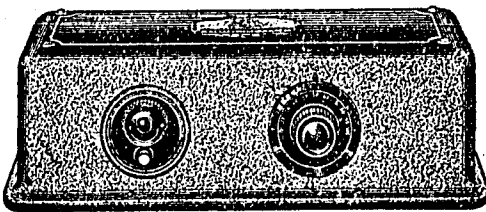
Fresh stock of tubes and "B" batteries always on hand.

HURRY!

These sets shouldn't last long at these prices.

Terms if desired.

Don't wait! Come in Today!



2 only Atwater Kent "35" sets, 6" tube. More of this set sold than any other. Sold regularly at \$54.00. Sale price \$29.50

FADA

A used Fada set re-conditioned and warranted to be as good as when it came out of factory. price \$24.00

THERMIDYNE SETS

2 only of these famous set employing the famous Thermidyne circuit. These sets are strictly up-to-date one dial receivers, using power tubes up to 180 volts of "B" current. Worth more, but while they last \$39.50

MIROCO SET

1 Mirioco set re-built with up-to-date transformers. A good 5-tube set for \$21.00

Carlson Hardware Company

"The Winchester Store"