

NEWS FROM THE NEIGHBORING TOWNS

Clipped From Papers Published in Latah County.

When statistics are forth coming on farm products of the Northwest this year, it will be found that Idaho is right up close to the top. The wheat business has all but swamped some of the railroads, the N. P. having adopted the policy of hauling regular wheat trains. The Inland sends two or three long trains of empties into the grain sections each week. Nampa has shipped 165 cars of sheep to eastern markets, and Camas Prairie has just sent a whole train load of cattle to the Coast. Idaho has an enormous potato crop, a good part of the irrigated districts of the southern part of the state being devoted to potato growing. The peach crop is so heavy that prices are very low. Latah county will contribute heavily to the sum total of the shipments of many of the state's products.—Deary Press.

Dee Shepherd reports seeing an elk cow and calf in Len Norton's field a mile out of town. Elk are very seldom seen in this vicinity and these were doubtless strays seeking the bunch they had wandered away from. They were in plain sight from the highway.—Troy News.

Speaking of Roads

There seems to be a great diversity of opinion regarding the condition of roads in general. One traveler, coming over a certain piece of road, will say "It is rotten." Another, coming over the same road, will say "It is good," or "It is in fine condition." It all depends upon the kind of roads one has been used to traveling over. Outside of pavement, the Oregon oiled roads are the best to be found anywhere, but when it comes to the plain gravelled roads, there are none better to be found anywhere than the state highway going through Genesee.

There is but one thing that mars the beauty of the roads in this section of the country—and that is weeds. In all states traversed by us recently, with the possible exception of Washington and Idaho, the roadsides were practically free from weeds of all kinds. Along most of the highways of Missouri and Illinois oats or grass has been sown.

It is to be hoped that after the Idaho roads have been oiled there will be time enough given the caretaker to at least eliminate the noxious weeds along the highways. It is impossible for one man to do all the things that should be done to make the highways attractive to tourists and at the same time do things that are now required of him.—Genesee News.

Man Gets \$725 in Fines

Irving Harrison, of Potlatch, pleaded guilty to charges of possession of intoxicating liquors, reckless driving, and drinking in a public place before Judge Adrian Nelson of the probate court Monday afternoon. He was sentenced to pay fines aggregating \$725 and was given suspended jail sentences of nine months.

He was fined \$300 and three months suspended jail sentence on the charge of reckless driving, and \$300 and a six-months sentence on charges of possession of intoxicating liquor, and \$125 for drinking in a public place. He was represented by his brother, L. S. Harrison, attorney of Kellogg, Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Abe Goff represented the state.—Star-Mirror.

The "I" of the "Eye"

The N. P. Railway Co. has issued cards calling attention to the dangers of railroad crossings. The following four I's often cause trouble: Inattention, Inexperience, Ignorance, Intoxication. Heed the slogan: "Cross Crossings Cautiously."

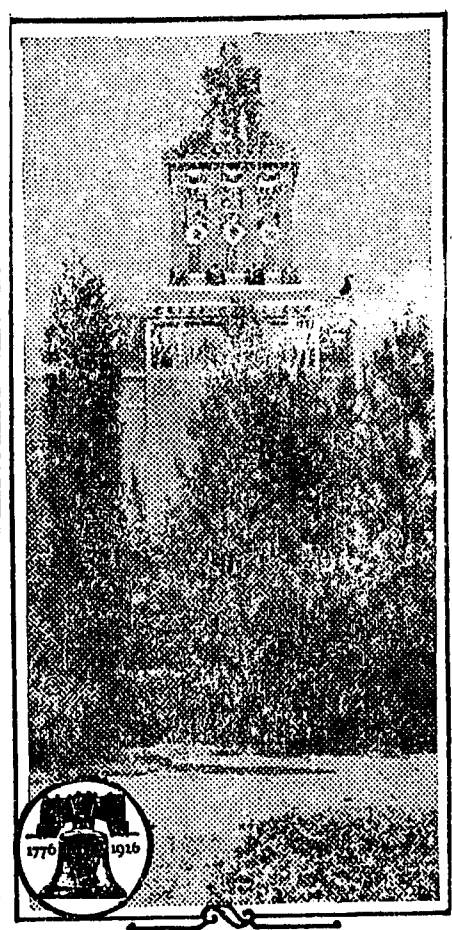
Camp Fire Benefit Show

The Kendrick Camp Fire Girls are putting on a benefit picture show at the New Kendrick Theater next Tuesday evening. The title of the picture is "In Past Company." It is a good clean picture and everybody is urged to be present and assist the girls to put this show over for a big financial success. There is no organization in town more worthy than that of the Camp Fire Girls.

The Light That Failed

Not long ago I met a merchant who was thoroly sore on the subject of advertising. He said it was all a fake, that he had spent nearly \$1,200 for advertising the previous year, and, so far as he could see, the money might as well have been thrown to the birds. I looked over the merchant's data which showed where his \$1,200 had gone. It was an interesting list of advertising mediums he had patronized. The first item I noticed was an expense of \$25 for a sign on an elephant carried in a circus parade. The next item was a matter of \$50 which had been spent on a full page ad in an amateur minstrel show program. In explanation of this payment, the merchant said it was his own lodge which had put on the minstrel, and as the other boys had contributed \$50 apiece he couldn't very well refuse. These two adventures into advertising were only a beginning. The high school annual had caught him for \$35 because the principal of the school was a customer of his. The labor union weekly got \$100 out of him for its big labor day edition because he wanted to keep on the good side of the union men. Six ladies aid societies, the little theater guild, the childrens playground association, and the philharmonic club had gotten some of his money for advertisements in their entertainment programs because he was afraid to turn down the committees which solicited the ads. Not one cent had this merchant invested for advertising in newspapers or other mediums of known worth or pulling power.—Philadelphia Ledger.

"A Thing of Beauty Is a Joy Forever"



This is one of the beauty spots of the Sesqui-Centennial International Exposition in Philadelphia. The exposition celebrates the 150th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence. The view shows the tower of one of the main exhibit buildings rearing its head up from among the gorgeous landscape which artists have built around the giant structures which house exhibits from forty-three nations of the world. The Exposition continues until December 1.

Mr. Elbert Kuykendall returned last week from Spokane where she visited her husband at the Sacred Heart hospital. Mr. Kuykendall is reported to be gaining in a very encouraging manner. He will be able to be up on crutches within a short time.

THE STORMING OF THE GATES



This picture is typical of many such scenes enacted daily at the main gates of the Sesqui-Centennial International Exposition in Philadelphia where the 150th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence is being celebrated. The "shot" was made from outside the gates and shows the long sweep of historic Broad street, the main artery of the exposition. To the left can be seen one of the capitols of the Palace of Liberal Arts and Manufactures which covers nearly eight acres of grounds and which houses some of the finest exhibits ever seen. The Exposition will continue until December 1.

Twenty Years Ago

A deal of some magnitude was closed last week when John Hutchison sold his magnificent farm on American ridge just above town for the sum of \$22,000, to Chris Maier and brother. Mr. Hutchison is what one would call an old timer having located on the property sold, over 20 years ago.

A large colony of homesteaders from this section are now enjoying farm life in the Dent country. Monday morning Frank and Earl Crocker and their wives left for their new homes and Thursday Messrs. Ross and wives left for the same section. The brickyard has been rolling out carloads of brick the past week in a way that is not slow. With Mr. Fruchtl's improved machinery and steam drying apparatus the yard has made this year a record run and of a superior quality of brick.

E. A. Stovall's combined thresher is about through for this season. It has had a very thorough trial, both in quality of the grain threshed and in the contour of the ground and has proved a success in every test he has given it.

George Barnum returned the first of the week from the North Fork country. During his absence the Kendrick band seemed to languish but we note a renewed interest since his return and predict that the band will be in fine shape for the fall campaign.

The yield this year is better than anticipated. Yields we have heard from are from a field which ran 27 bushels to Columbus Clark's 62 bushels on Fix ridge.

Making Artificial Lake

Mr. Grant, who recently purchased the E. T. Lundt place, west of Kendrick, said Saturday that he was making preparations to build a dam at the lower end of his place and would soon have an artificial lake which he plans to stock with game fish. He will then put boats on the lake, clear out a nice picnic ground close to the shore and turn the place into a resort. While the lake will be small, it will be large enough for row boats. He will charge a nominal sum for the use of the boats.

Game Birds Hard to Get

The opening day of the bird season was not very disastrous to the grouse and native pheasants in this locality. Owing to the heavy rain the first of the week the birds were staying pretty close to the trees and the tops of the trees at that. One party of three game-getters left Kendrick at 3:45 a. m. and made the circle of the breaks of Atwater Lake without seeing a bird.

Miss Alberta Walker spent the week end in Moscow the guest of Miss Zaida Eakin.

Register The First Day

By W. D. McGregor

School opens next Monday, September 6th. All those promoted to the 7th and 8th grades and intend entering those grades this year should register the first day. Many find the work of the 7th grade hard. There are several reasons for this. First—many enter poorly prepared. Second—others enter several weeks, or even months, late. Third—irregular attendance.

The 7th grade completes physiology and the 8th grade completes history for the state exams, which are held in January. You can't expect to make a grade of 85 per cent if you have had only part of the work and a smattering of the rest.

Compare the school year with a book containing nine chapters. Each chapter corresponds to a month of school. Each chapter contains twenty pages. Each page represents a day of school. If you are absent a day you miss a page. If you are absent a month you miss a chapter. When you have missed a chapter you lose the thread of the story and it is not so interesting. Irregular attendance causes you to be less and less interested so when the class finishes the nine chapters you have gotten but little of the story and nothing of its meaning. So with school. In January the 7th grade take up history and the 8th grade civics.

Illness is the only good excuse for being absent. You will be absent enough because of sickness during the school year so that you should make special effort to be present every day you are well.

School is a job and unless you are on the job every day you need not hope to be successful in your work.

Punctuality is a strong factor toward success. So if you wish to succeed be present every day you are well.

The Bear Ridge Grade

The preliminary survey of the proposed Bear ridge grade will be completed this week. It will require several days of office work to get the necessary figures on which to base an estimate of cost. When this data has been worked out the proposition will be ready to present to the people of Kendrick highway district and if the sentiment is favorable a bond election will be called. It has been proposed to hold a mass meeting in the near future at which time Mr. Van Arsdol will be present to explain any matter that is not clear to those interested in the road construction plan.

Moscow Wants Union Depot

Moscow is making an effort to secure a union railroad station. Next Wednesday has been set aside for a thorough discussion of the question by the Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. Abbie Bradshaw

Mrs. Abbie Bradshaw died at her home in Kendrick Monday morning at the age of 76 years. She had been ill for some time and owing to her advanced age she was not able to survive. She is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Barbour of Kendrick and Mrs. Train of Lewiston and a niece, Mrs. L. J. Herres. She had lived for many years in the Lewiston country and was well known there.

The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon from the Brower-Wann parlors in Lewiston. Rev. C. D. Bell had charge of the service.

Don't Get Stung

Merchants of Idaho are expressing their enthusiastic endorsement of the campaign being carried on by the Idaho Home Industries Association against the chain methods being used by outside concerns in selling dry-goods and other products in the state. Only recently at Boise the secretary-manager uncovered a chain hosiery system which had developed in its tentacles a large number of the girls in the State House and in county and other offices of the city. This has been going on in other sections of the state and is most damnably intriguing.

The system depends upon the gullibility of the ladies in falling for five pairs of silk hose at a low figure. But it also depends upon the fact that a large number of the buyers of coupons will lose their money before the company gets anything for the hose. A person is sold a coupon for one dollar. She then sends three dollars to the company and gets three coupons which she must sell to three other people. These three people must send in their three dollars each before the first coupon holder gets her hosiery. The chain is easily broken and this is the secret of the success of the company, otherwise the hosiery would appear to be selling for 20 cents each. Several of the state house girls have already found their chain has been broken and there is wailing.

The same system is being worked over the entire state and sections not yet reached will be contacted soon. Towns people should be on their guard against this absurd system which takes the money away from the home merchant and depends upon its success upon the fact that some of the gullible ones will lose their money. If this system would cover a community, the local merchants would be prevented from selling the particular commodity for a year or more.

The home merchant pays the taxes and supports our enterprisers—"Let's support him," says Norman B. Adkison, Secretary-Manager of the Idaho Home Industries Association.

School Opens Next Monday

Monday is the first day of school and although it is labor day, and marked on the calendar as a holiday, the pupils are expected to be present and register. The teachers will also give an outline of the books needed and assign lessons for the following day.

The school house has been thoroughly cleaned up and painted inside and out and is in first class shape for the school year. The board had this improvement work done at considerable expense but it has added greatly to the appearance of the building and was necessary maintenance work.

The members of the board believe that the teaching force this year is exceptionally strong in every department and that a most profitable year is in store for the patrons of the school. The commercial department is being stressed so that a good business course will be offered as a part of the high school work.

Dance Tonight

Wegner Bros. orchestra will give a dance at the Fraternal Temple, Kendrick, tonight (Friday). Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM SOUTHWICK

Written for Gazette by Special Correspondent

Mrs. John McEver left last Friday for her home in Saskatchewan. She was accompanied by her sister-in-law, Mrs. McLeod of Kamiah, who met her in Kendrick, and who will visit there for sometime.

John Phillips and wife were Sunday guests of C. E. Hewett and family.

Wm. Thornton of Potlatch was the overnight guest of his mother, Grandma Thornton, Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Rodgers spent Sunday at the home of Newt Heath on Fix ridge.

Fred Hassinger and family, Wm. Berriman and wife and C. A. Betts and family were guests of Jake Berriman and wife, Sunday.

Grandma Wells is spending a few days at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Souders of Crescent.

Wm. Whiting and wife and Vester Whiting and family went to Leland last Sunday, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bond.

Mrs. Draper returned to her home in Juliaetta, Sunday, after spending a week at the home of Harold Whiting.

Ray Southwick and wife of Cream ridge were the overnight guests of Atlee Mustoe and wife, Saturday evening.

Mrs. Hassinger returned to her home at Gifford, Sunday evening after spending a week with relatives in and around Southwick. Raymond and Roy Blankenship and families of Bed Rock and Harland Hewett and family spent Sunday at the home of John Hewett.

Mrs. Julius Hoppe received word Sunday morning of the death of her brother, Ray Cradick of Potlatch, who died very suddenly Saturday evening of heart failure. They left immediately for Potlatch after receiving the word.

Mr. Frank Holmes and wife and Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Roberts of American ridge visited with relatives here the first part of the week.

Howard Southwick has purchased the Ray Whitted home in the east part of town and expects to move his family there soon.

Wm. Berriman made a trip to Lewiston Monday returning home Tuesday.

Wm. Baker went to Spokane Saturday. He was accompanied by his niece, Miss Eleanor Wright.

School begins the thirteenth of September.

Miss Joy Bell held services in the M. E. church Sunday morning, and services were held at the U. B. church by Rev. Calvert in the evening.

What might have proved to be a serious accident occurred last Wednesday when a car driven by a stranger ran off the bridge on Main street, badly damaging his car by breaking the wind shield and twisting the axle of his car, and doing other damage. The man escaped with slight bruises, but he was not able to leave town until his car was taken to the garage and repaired.

Mrs. Gordon Harris has been quite ill for the past few days but is reported as being better at this writing.

Tabers Leave Leland

Rev. and Mrs. Taber and family of Leland left yesterday afternoon for Corvallis, Montana, where Mr. Taber will have charge of the Methodist church. He has been pastor of the Leland church for several years and the family has made a large circle of friends in that community. Rev. G. H. Gibbs of Arrow Junction will take charge of the Leland church and is now moving to the manse at Leland. He is a man of wide experience.

A marriage license was issued Wednesday at Lewiston to Roy W. Bohn of Linden and Miss Lena A. Wegner of Southwick.

Good Sturdy School Shoes

For Active Boys and Girls

Let this store fit your boys and girls with solid leather shoes.

Children Foot Culture Last Shoes

These shoes give excellent service. Good wide last and heavy soles. Sizes 5 to 8½ **\$2.25** and **\$2.45**
Size 8½ to 11½ **\$2.75**

Girl's Shoes

Good soles and uppers. Shoes that look neat and have the wearing qualities.
Size 12 to 2, **\$2.75** and **\$3.00**

Boy's Shoes

For boys that are hard on shoes, we recommend our number 412 moccasin toe, Paracord soles. A bear for wear. Sizes 9 to 12 **\$2.75**
13 to 5, **\$3.25** 2½ to 6 **\$3.45**.

A complete line of boy's and girl's hose for school wear.

N. B. LONG & SONS

"The Home of Good Things to Eat and Wear"

THE KENDRICK GAZETTE "The Pulse of The Potlatch"

Published every Friday at Kendrick Idaho, by
Ralph B. Knepper

Subscription Price **\$1.50**

Entered at the Post Office at Kendrick as second class mail matter.

Mission Festival at Cameron

The Lutheran church at Cameron will hold its Annual Mission Festival, Sunday, Sept. 5, with two special services. The Rev. A. K. Bethman of Endicott, Wash., will preach the German sermon at 10:00 o'clock in the morning. Rev. E. C. Knorr of Colfax, Wash., will deliver the English sermon at 2 p. m. Rev. G. K. Burzlaff of Gifford, Idaho, will conduct the liturgical services. There will be special music by the choir during both services. A picnic lunch will be served at noon by the ladies of the congregation. The general public is invited to all these services.

Methodist Church Service

Rev. Lester E. Taber of Clarkston will preach at the Methodist church Sunday evening at 7:30. There will be special music. You are cordially invited to attend these services.

Cameron Items

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Johnson of Peck spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wilken, Sr., went to Clarkston, Sunday on business. They returned home Monday noon.

Sunday dinner guests at the Carl Wegner home were: Mr. and Mrs. George Ehlers and family, Miss Martha Brammer, Mr. and Mrs. Aug. O. Wegner, Mrs. Lawrence Cline and son; Bill, Harold, Eddie, Erwin and Walter Wegner.

Sunday dinner guests at the Aug. F. Wegner home were: Mr. and Mrs. Jim Mellison and family, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wegner, Sr., Herman Wegner.

Mr. and Mrs. Munsterman of California were visiting relatives and friends here last week.

Lawrence Cline of Seattle arrived here Monday night.

Mrs. George Ehlers and infant son spent Tuesday at the Aug. O. Wegner home.

Otto Byer and wife spent Friday evening at the Frank Wilken home.

Fred Newman has been on the sick list.

The Intelligent Voter

In my little booth I stand, with my ballot in my hand, with a sheet of yellow hue, wish that I had picked a blue; not a notion have I got who to vote for or who not. I will trust a kindly fate to select my candidate.

So I shut my eyes up tight, so I grip my pencil tight, round and round and round I go—"Eeny, meeny, miny mo!" Whom I vote for all depends on the place my pencil ends. I'm decided, hit or miss, I am going to stop at this.

Now I make my little mark, all alone here in the dark. I'll be sorry soon, I know, that I ever voted so. Wish I had, when it is done, voted for the other one—wonder how it was that I voted for that other guy.—Selected.

Big Bear Ridge News

Mr. and Mrs. Wade Keene and children, Maxine and Tommy, motored to Spokane, Sunday for a visit with friends.

Mrs. Harris of Kendrick has been visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Percy Ware.

Mr. and Mrs. Halvor Lien entertained Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hedge of Moscow, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Watts and children of Kendrick at dinner, Sunday.

Mrs. Will Hecht and daughter, Miss Ruby, spent last week in Spokane.

Mrs. A. Tweedy and son motored over from Peck last week for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Ida Comstock.

Mrs. Stewart Compton and children, who have been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Ware, returned to their home in Orofino, Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. D. J. Ingle entertained the Ladies Guild at her home, Wednesday afternoon.

Preaching services at the Lutheran church, Sunday, Sept. 5th at 3 p. m.

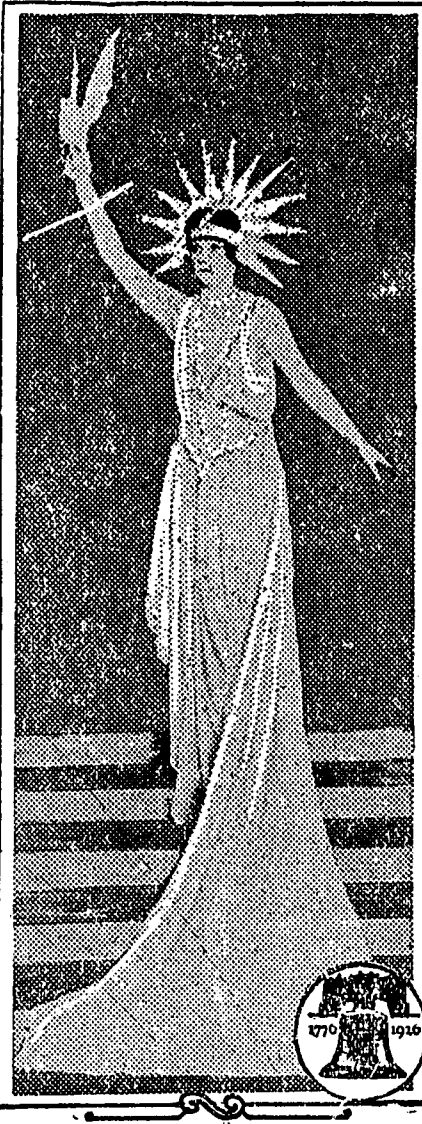
Mrs. Erwin Prime and daughter, France of Troy, were guests

at the home of Miss Bertina Forest last week.

A. W. Jones has purchased a new Oldsmobile coach.

Cecil Babeock made a trip to St. Maries last week.

Peace, Goodwill



Columbia, Peace and the Spirit of Brotherly love have been joined in one person, a beautiful woman. This young lady was one of the central figures in a pageant staged at the Sesqui-Centennial International Exposition in Philadelphia, celebrating 150 years of American Independence. The Exposition continues until December 1.

Cost and Value of Corn Silage

Conclusively Proven That Product in Ration Makes Big Saving.

Stockkeepers must know the cost of their feeds in order to determine the best and most economical rations.

For this reason it is necessary to investigate the cost of making silage, writes A. L. Haecker in the Iowa Homestead. The Missouri Agricultural college last year showed a cost of \$5.90 per ton for corn silage. They based this on the bushel yield, crediting the corn with 94 cents per bushel and charging actual costs which were liberal on all items and above the average now paid.

During the past 25 years many of our experiment stations have published figures on cost of producing silage, but as conditions have radically changed in costs, these figures are of little value at the present time. It is hoped that new figures on this subject may be secured this year and that special care will be taken to give data produced on average farms.

Ways of Figuring.

There are two principal ways of figuring cost. One is based on the yield of corn, which is the most common, and, I believe, the least reliable; the other is based on land rental and actual cost of growing and harvesting the crop. Thirty per cent of last year's corn that went into the silo would not have made marketable grain, due to the fact that it lacked maturity. Frequently a field of corn at tasseling time is so damaged by hot winds that the silk is dried or burned and the corn will fall to ear. Such a crop will still make silage, though it is a total failure as a grain crop. Where the basis is made on land rental and all costs, a more accurate accounting can be made.

Under present-day conditions it is safe to conclude that silage can be made, where all costs are considered, for from \$5 to \$6 per ton. The following figures may be used to determine the worth of silage under good farm conditions: When butter fat is selling for 45 cents per pound, corn silage will bring the dairy farmer \$10 per ton; and when fat steers are selling for \$9 to \$10 per hundred-weight, corn silage is worth from \$7 to \$8 per ton. Then a farmer with a silo and a fair yield of crop can receive a value from his corn made into silage of \$70 to \$80 an acre, when fed to steers, and \$100 when fed to good dairy cows.

Makes Big Saving.

It has been conclusively proven that silage in the ration makes a saving of considerable money. With dairy animals, the feeding of silage saves from 8 to 15 cents on the cost of producing a pound of butter and from 80 to 90 cents on producing 100 pounds of milk. For beef production or fattening of animals, the saving produced by silage is about \$1 per 100 pounds gain. When we consider the growing of young stock, the feeding of dry cows and heifers, the wintering of work horses and mules, the silo becomes a necessity on the stock farm.

Poultry Hints

Sanitation is the most important factor in raising poultry.

Most of the roup and colds in the poultry flocks are due to poor ventilation.

Hens must be kept in a good healthy condition if they are to produce eggs.

Bread soaked in milk and squeezed out nearly dry makes a good starter for young turkeys.

To get high-grade results from your chickens you must expect to give them high-grade attention.

The common geese found on many farms can be improved by crossing with pure-bred ganders.

The good type hen is strong, vigorous and capable of standing the heavy strain of continued egg production. Her head is neat, feminine, with no extra flesh.

Though some consider it an unnecessary drudge and extra work, it pays to keep records on the poultry flock.

To prevent egg eating, gather the eggs often and have the nests darkened so the eggs are not easily seen.

While the egg production of pullets is higher, as a rule, than that of old hens, old hens may possess qualities desired as to be profitable to keep them over several years.

Dairy cattle should be kept in a stable, preferably without cellar or storage loft, and where no other animals are housed.

Do not allow any strong flavored food, like garlic, cabbage, or turnips, to be eaten, except immediately after milking. Changes in feed should be made gradually.

The Beer That is Different

Just how McDowell's differs is best explained by tasting.

Only then do you realize the BIG difference.

5c Per Glass
15c Per Pint

McDOWELL'S
MIDGET CAFE

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will hold a Public Sale at his place in Troy, Idaho, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1926

of the following personal property, to-wit, sale starting at 10 o'clock:

Saturday, Sept. 11

HORSES

Span Bay mares, weight 2500, age 11 years.
Span Black geldings, weight 2800, age 8 years.
Bay gelding, weight 1500, age 10 years.
Roan gelding, weight 1400, age 11 years.
Gray mare, weight 1200, age 6 years.
Gray mare, weight 1350, age 11 years.

MACHINERY AND FARM IMPLEMENTS

8 foot Deering binder, in good repair.
Two McCormick mowers.
10 foot hayrake.
8 foot disc. 2-section harrow. 500 lb scales
Grain drill. One-horse cultivator.
Two airs bobsles, one new. Two new hayracks.
Two new 3-ich Deering-McCormick wagons.
Two iron wheel wagons.
Two double sets butt chain breeching harness.
Double set long tug harness.
Many other useful articles too numerous to mention.

Terms: Time will be given until October 1, 1927 on approved notes bearing 8 percent interest from date of sale. Sums of \$10 and under cash.

N. R. SHEPHERD, OWNER
Col. Knight, Auctioneer. O. Bowman, Clerk.

DRAYING

We move anything that's Loose.

Residence Phone 654

KENDRICK DRAY & ICE
Frank Boyd, Prop.

Emanuel Lutheran Church

Rev. E. A. Rein, Pastor
Cameron, Idaho

Sunday School 9:30 a.m.
Church Service 10:30 a.m.
Church Council first Monday in the month.

Ladies Aid first Wednesday in the month.
Come and worship with us.

Good printing at reasonable prices at Gazette office. 25-1

Green Ducks for Market

There are two sources of income from ducks—the sale of green ducks at the age of about ten weeks, and of eggs, both for hatching and commercial purposes. Ducklings grow rapidly and they can be made to reach practically their full growth at ten to twelve weeks. This means a very intensive feeding program. Those who keep a small farm flock will find it profitable to separate those which are to be forced for market and keep them in a separate pen.

Limerneck may be caused by worms or by botulism poisoning or it may be a symptom of such diseases as fowl typhoid, cholera, etc.

Remember that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure and that the best remedy for worms is prevention—the use of new ground and colony houses.

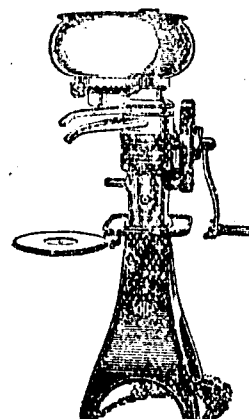
Not a Baseball Fan

Boy (applying for a position as office boy)—I hope, sir, that you will take the fact that all my grandparents are positively dead to be in my favor.—Outlook.

The "EASY" Cream Separator

Runs on ball bearings!
Easy to turn—Easy to wash
—Easy to put together—Easy to take apart—Easy to pay for! And it's a close skimmer, too. Ask us for a list of local farmers who are now using the ball-bearing

McCormick-Deering Primrose



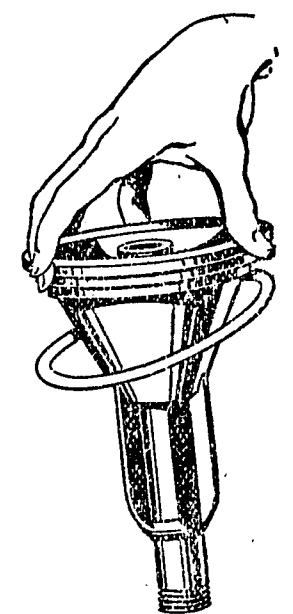
12 Months to Pay

12 Distinctive Features

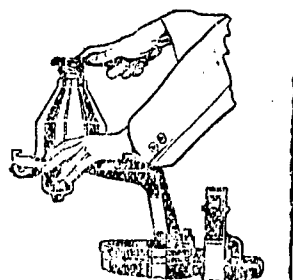
1. Ball Bearings
2. Easy Turning
3. Slow Crank Speed
4. Greater Capacity with Less Labor
5. Long Life
6. Steady Running
7. Visible Oiling System
8. Improved Oiling
9. Easy Bowl Adjustment
10. Supply Can Locked in Position
11. Spun Metal Anti-Splash Supply Can
12. Improved Tinware

Sold by

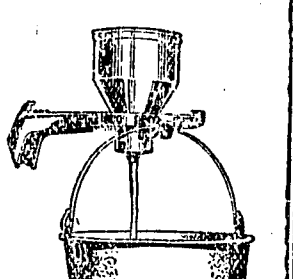
KENDRICK HDW. CO.



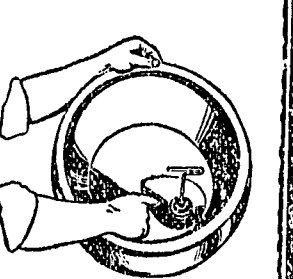
Bowl being dropped on or off easily. Sanitary!



Bowl-draining device. Simplifies separating and taking apart.



Bowl-draining device. Saves time and trouble.



Patented faucet. Bottom of supply can shaped for complete draining.

First County Is Freed of Scrubs

Kentucky Community Sends Last Grade Bull to Shambles.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
Pure bred bulls, 140; grade bulls, 0; scrub bulls, 0.

This is the official bull count for Union county, Ky., as reported to the United States Department of Agriculture by County Agent R. O. Wilson and Wayland Rhoads, field agent in animal husbandry, University of Kentucky.

Sent Him to Shambles.

On April 22, 1926, the last farmer in Union county owning a grade bull sent him to the shambles and replaced

raised, and who are following breeding methods leading to still further improvement. The results were achieved by persistent and systematic work by the county agent and influential citizens in co-operation with the State College of Agriculture and the United States Department of Agriculture.

One of the means of stimulating interest in live-stock improvement was the publication in July, 1924, of a special edition of the local paper, devoted entirely to the better-sires campaign and educational articles and illustrations showing the value of better-bred live stock. The cattle industry of the county is largely devoted to beef production, thus making the achievement especially timely, in view of current federal-state plans to improve the quality of meat.

Campbell County Striving.
Campbell county, Kentucky, is now striving for the same achievement. Mr. Rhoads has informed the Department of Agriculture that the number



Last Grade Bull in Union County Was Sent to the Stock Yards on April 22 and Replaced by a Pure Bred—Men in the Picture Are (left) R. O. Wilson, County Agent and (right) Wayland Rhoads, Field Agent in Animal Husbandry, University of Kentucky.

him with a pure bred. The accomplishment marks a culmination of a systematic drive begun more than five years ago by L. C. Brewer, formerly county agent. At the beginning of 1926 the county had disposed of all of its scrub bulls, and all but four grades, but not until April 22 was the last grade bull disposed of. So far as the records or information of the United States Department of Agriculture show, Union county, Ky., is the first in the United States to reach a 100 per cent pure-bred bull goal.

Besides the accomplishment mentioned, Union county is third on the county honor list in the "Better-Sires—Better-Stock" campaign, fostered by the bureau of animal industry and various states. This county has 550 live stock owners who are using pure-bred sires for all classes of live stock

of inferior bulls in Campbell county is being gradually reduced. On January 1, 1925, there were 93 grade and scrub bulls in Campbell county. On January 1 of this year the number had been reduced to 48, and the last report, late in April, showed a further reduction to 22. Local campaign plans indicate that Campbell county will have none but pure-bred bulls in the fall of this year.

The two factors that are chiefly responsible for the wider use of pure-bred sires, live-stock specialists of the Department of Agriculture assert, are educational work and economic pressure. Persons raising inferior live stock can not compete long with their neighbors who are raising animals of superior quality which, in most classes of stock, mature earlier and bring better prices.

Cattle Grubs and Means of Control

Young Stock Show Higher Degree of Infestation.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
Few people connect the cattle grubs found under the skin on the backs of cattle with the adult insects known as heel flies or warble flies. These insects, which are responsible for considerable loss because of reduced milk flow and "grubby" hides, cause great annoyance to cattle, particularly when laying their eggs on the legs of the animals. From this point, the larvae, which are hatched in from two and a half to six days, burrow into the leg. After a journey of several months up the leg and through the body they reach a situation just underneath the skin on the back from which they emerge as fully matured grubs. These grubs, after burrowing into the soil or under loose material, some thirty to sixty days later develop into flies. The foregoing facts are brought out in Department Bulletin No. 1369-D, "The Cattle Grub or Ox Warbles, Their Biologies and Suggestions for Control," just issued by the United States Department of Agriculture.

The extent of infestation varies with the age of cattle, young stock, particularly animals from one to three years old, almost always showing a higher degree of infestation than mature animals. Different breeds show no difference in susceptibility.

Housing of the herd during the periods of fly activity has been known greatly to reduce the infestations.

The bulletin gives detailed information relative to this insect, its distribution, effect upon cattle and man, economic importance, control, and possibilities of eradication. Any one interested in the subject may obtain a copy of the publication free, as long as the supply lasts, by writing to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Growing Strawberries

The easiest way to grow strawberries is the matted row system. Set the plants in rows three to four feet apart, and then about two feet apart in the rows. Cultivation should be given so as to keep all weeds killed at the time. As the runners start to grow train them to keep in rows, and if you have some of the kinds which send out very many runners, it will pay to keep some of them cut off.

Let Peaches Grow Until They Come Into Bearing

Let young peach trees grow as much as they will until they come into bearing, is the advice from the New York College of Agriculture at Ithaca. Fruit men at the college say that the well-known custom of pruning back the wood following after the season's first growth is not wise.

Such pruning, they say, delays bearing and may cause too late and tender growth. This, of course, increases the danger of winter-killing.

The open-head system seems best, as it allows a more complete renewal than do other methods. It provides new, healthy wood farther down on the main branches. The center should be kept open at the top, and the branches may be cut back to prevent them from getting too tall, but otherwise little needs to be done until the trees start to bear.

Young trees are usually pruned to a whip when they are set, or if the side branches are strong they are often left and cut back to three buds. Buds which are not wanted for future branches may be rubbed off during the first summer, and trees that get this kind of treatment usually grow larger than those that are severely cut back.

FARM FACTS

Sunac is one of the best varieties of sweet sorghum.

Train tomatoes to a trellis, pruning off all but one stem.

Lime, legumes, and live stock will bring almost any farm up to production, and do it cheaply.

Water only when the plants need it badly and then soak the ground thoroughly. Sprinkling does more harm than good.

The locust tree is a member of the legume family, and as such it has nodules on its roots just as do the various clovers.

The farm that maintains the proper balance between cultivated, legume and small grain crops will have a real crop rotation, which in turn will do much to maintain a productive soil.

A sharp pencil is a good farm tool. One farmer says that two of his seven cows will be disposed of because a year's record showed them to be about 200 pounds under the top producers.

JUST TWO MORE DAYS! TONIGHT AND SATURDAY "The PONY EXPRESS"

BETTY COMPSON
RICARDO CORTEZ
ERNEST TORRENCE
WALLACE BEERY

PRESENTED BY
MORRIS THORNTON and JESSE L. LASKY

It will stick in your memory like flies in Tanglefoot.



It is the greatest picture of the early pioneer days ever made. It shows Mark Twain, Buffalo Bill, Bill Cody and all the old timers. You will witness the biggest battle staged in 40 years between the United States soldiers and the Indians, and was fought near Cheyenne, Wyoming, during the filming of "The Pony Express". More than 1000 Sioux Indian braves from the North Dakota reservation, and 700 United States cavalrymen from Fort Russell took part.

A
Paramount
Picture

Come If You Have to Walk. You'll Be Glad You Did.

It's Your Last Chance. Don't Miss It!

Those who saw this Picture Last Night say 'It's Wonderful'

Doors Open 7:00 p. m. Show Starts at 8:00

Greater Than
"The Covered
Wagon"

This is one of the greatest pioneer pictures ever produced. You that "The Covered Wagon" was good, you'll say this is great.

Admission 25c and 50c

The New Kendrick Theater

EX-KING LIVES OFF RICHER RELATIVES

Estates of George of Greece Reduced to Wardrobe.

Bucharest.—Refugee kings, queens, princes and princesses from the revolutionary-ridden Balkan countries are scattered over Europe like flying human debris.

Many of them have landed in Bucharest. Those who failed to snatch a few crown jewels or a treasure of gold before their flight from their native countries are having a pretty thin time of it. They are living on the charity of relatives and friends.

Former King George of Greece, who, like his father, Constantine, found the kinging business a precarious and short-lived occupation, has been living off his mother-in-law, Queen Marie of Rumania, as is also his wife, Elizabeth.

Although he still signs himself "George, Rex," he is said to possess little beyond his wardrobe and monocle. The fact that he once was a king made him very popular with the American colony in Bucharest, who invited him frequently to dinners and dances.

Believing that his stay at the Bucharest palace had become too onerous a burden for Queen Marie, who herself has her wayward son, Carol, and his dispossessed wife to support, young George left recently for Denmark, where he has other hospitable royal relatives. His wife, Elizabeth, has gone to Florence, where she will divide her falling fortunes with another evicted woman sovereign, her mother-in-law, former Queen Sophie of Greece, sister of Kaiser Wilhelm.

Many of these deposed blue-bloods have married "money," and therefore

need not worry about where tomorrow's meal is coming from.

By the grace of the Greek government, Prince Andrew, brother of ex-King Constantine, dismissed in disgrace for the failure of his army in Asia Minor, is allowed to retain his property in Greece, from which he derives enough revenue on which to subsist comfortably. The same is true of Prince Nicholas, his brother. Others of the family, however, are dependent on the generosity of relatives or affluent friends.

Feather Eating Caused by Idleness and Feeds

Feather eating is often caused by idleness and lack of something in the ration which the birds crave. Overcrowding in a small poultry house brings the birds in close contact with each other and may start the habit. One of the best remedies is to turn the hens out on range, where they will separate and become interested in other things.

One poultryman reports that feeding a little raw ground bone each day seems to satisfy the bird's appetite and they stopped picking at each other. Feed a balanced laying mash and plenty of green feed. Scatter the scratch grain in straw litter so the hens will keep busy. If only a few hens have the habit a short observation of the flock may locate the offenders and they can be isolated.

Clean Poultry Quarters Necessary for Success

Thorough cleaning of the poultry house every few days is absolutely necessary if the flock is to be kept free from disease. Not only infections but lice and mites develop under unsanitary conditions.

Cleanliness means not only a gen-

eral sweeping out, but it means cleaning with boiling lye water and it means painting the inside of the building with a good disinfectant paint which will serve the double purpose of improving the appearance as well as making it sanitary.

Unless you are willing to keep the poultry quarters clean and sanitary you cannot hope to have very much success except by accident.

Sour Milk Is Best

Sweet milk is not advised in the chick's ration. Chicks do not handle the milk sugar to the best advantage, and changes from sweet to sour milk

cause digestive disorders and should be carefully avoided at all times. As it is difficult to keep sweet milk from souring in the fountains near the warm brooder stoves, it is best to give only sour milk, or buttermilk, to chicks. The lactic acid in the sour milk seems to help in retarding bowel trouble and keeps chicks healthy and growing.

Engulfed by Quicksand

The effect of quicksand is well illustrated by the sinking in 1875 of a locomotive and train at Pueblo, Colo., which sank beyond discovery, though probed for to a depth of 50 feet.

Red Crown Gasoline

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

RED CROWN GAS has the pep. Buy by the gallon or by the barrel. Special Wholesale prices.

Walden Socket Wrench Set

A Bargain, 90c

Kendrick Garage Company

Deobald Bros, Props

Campfire Girls Benefit Show

NEXT

Tuesday, Sept. 7

Everybody should take in this show and help the Campfire Girls. The entire net proceeds will be turned over to the guardian of the local organization.

The picture to be shown is

Richard Talmadge

"IN FAST COMPANY"

A good clean athletic picture with love story run-in thru it. Richard Talmadges pictures are always thrilling, entertaining and clean. There also will be a good two reel comedy.

**Everybody Buy a Ticket
Help the Campfire Girls**

Admission - - 10c-35c

The New Kendrick

O. E. MacPherson, Manager

A Growing Bank Account

Connected up with your earnings creates an "Income of Opportunity" that will make things win for you.

Connect yours with an account at this home bank.

The Farmers Bank

Phone 632

Opportunity helpers of opportunity seekers.

Survey of Dairy Farms Shows Management Needs

The price at which milk is sold and the efficiency with which it is produced very largely determine the profit from a dairy, the Department of Agriculture points out, following a survey of 422 farms in southeastern Pennsylvania.

Even where no better market is available, says the report, many dairymen can raise the average price they receive by producing a larger proportion of the milk during the winter season, and by closer attention to cleanliness. The greatest changes can be made in lowering the feed cost.

"Efficient cows, comfortably housed, and intelligently fed and cared for, constitute the most important essential to profitable dairy farming. Im-

proving the quality of the cows, paying more attention to feeding each cow just the right quantity of feed, and better balancing of rations are the important ways by which a farmer can increase the efficiency of his dairy."

Detailed results of the survey have been published in Department Bulletin No. 1400-D, "Factors Affecting Farmers' Earnings in Southeastern Pennsylvania." Copies of the bulletin may be obtained free, as long as the supply lasts, upon request to the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Extreme in Cold

The coldest temperature on record was reached in a scientific laboratory. It was 500 degrees below freezing point as registered on a Fahrenheit thermometer.

NOTICE OF DELINQUENT TAXES

Notice is hereby given that the following described real estate was duly and regularly assessed in the name of the parties whose names are here shown for taxes levied for the year 1922, which taxes are a lien upon said described property and are delinquent and unpaid. The amount of the delinquent tax is here shown, to which is added interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from date of delinquency until redeemed, which time of redemption shall expire on the first Monday in January, 1927.

If such delinquent taxes are not redeemed prior to the first Monday of January, 1927, Tax Collector will issue to Latah County a deed to each property here described.

LEOLA R. KING,

Tax Collector, Latah County, Idaho.

Dated at Moscow, Idaho, this 17th day of August, 1926.

YEAR 1922

Notice of Delinquent Taxes Not Redeemed.

353A—Platt Bros., Genesee, Idaho, SW¹/₄ SW¹/₄ SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 1; NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄ SW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 12, Twp. 37, R. 4 W. \$73.22.
4869—Platt Bros., Genesee, Idaho, SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄ E 15 ac., Sec. 14, Twp. 37, R. 5 W. \$28.03.
1071—Geo. Jacobs Est., J. N. Jacobs, Uniontown, Wash., SW¹/₄ SW¹/₄ SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 13, Twp. 37, R. 6 W. \$55.38.
701—Mrs. Kate Catlett, Kendrick, Idaho, SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄ ac., Sec. 10, SW¹/₄ SW¹/₄ less 15 ac. in NW cor., Sec. 11, SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 11; NW¹/₄ NW¹/₄ SW¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 14; NE¹/₄ NE¹/₄ E 13 ac., Sec. 15, Twp. 38, R. 2 W. \$41.80.
447—W. S. Brandt, Box 207, Hilliard, Wash., NW¹/₄ NW¹/₄ less RR, SW¹/₄ NW¹/₄ less RR, Sec. 3, Twp. 38, R. 3 W. \$56.64.
3281—Swan Olson, Spokane, Wn., SW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, NW¹/₄ SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 6, Twp. 39, R. 1 W. \$11.66.
2793—Kate Maybee, Lewiston, Idaho, SW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 7, Twp. 39, R. 1 W. \$4.06.
4751—George A. Day, Clarkston, Wash., Lot 3, SE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, NE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 17; Lot 6, Sec. 18; SW¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 24, Twp. 39, R. 1 W. \$32.19.

1973—J. W. Hays, 215 Empire State Bldg., Spokane, Wash., NE¹/₄ NE¹/₄ SW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ NE¹/₄ SE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 25, Twp. 39, R. 1 W. \$46.85.
557—Chas. T. Burk, 208-9 Bankers Trust Bldg., Tacoma, Wash., NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 27; SE¹/₄ NE¹/₄, Sec. 28, Twp. 39, R. 1 W. \$32.86.
3633—Thomas W. Riley, 156W 4th St., St. Paul, Minn., NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ NW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 34, Twp. 39, R. 1 W. \$41.08.
1264—H. B. Dresser, Lewiston, Idaho, R. No. 1, NE¹/₄ SW¹/₄; NW¹/₄ SW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 35, Twp. 39, R. 1 W. \$51.12.
303—D. H. Bennet, Leavenworth, Wash., SW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, NE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, Sec. 25, Twp. 39, R. 3 W. \$15.48.
1069—Catherine S. Jacobs, Uniontown, Wash., NW¹/₄ SW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 2; NW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, NE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, NE¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, Sec. 3, Twp. 39, R. 4 W. \$104.19.
945—Anna Cunningham, Moscow, Idaho, R. No. 2, NW¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 18, Twp. 39, R. 4 W. \$39.40.
3651—Edna May Roberts, % Mary Grace McWinney, 733 38th Ave., Spokane, Wash., NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 25, Twp. 40, R. 1 W. \$16.09.
4366—C. F. Stockbridge, Troy, Idaho, R. No. 2, SW¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Part SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄ W of road, Sec. 29; NW¹/₄ NW¹/₄, W 5 ac. in NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 32, Twp. 40, R. 3 W. \$39.66.
4272—A. A. Wilson, % F. E. Wilson, Moscow, Idaho, SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, Sec. 7, Twp. 40, R. 4 W. \$25.56.
3166—Ida Nelson Troy, Idaho, SW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, NE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, Sec. 15, Twp. 40, R. 4 W. \$11.12.
4276—F. E. Wilson et al, % Alvin Burr, Moscow, Idaho, NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄ SE¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, Sec. 17, Twp. 40, R. 4 W. \$31.10.
2987—Roy Myers, Pullman, Wash., NE¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, Sec. 21; NE¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄ N 10 ac., NW¹/₄ NE¹/₄, Sec. 28, Twp. 40, R. 4 W. \$36.54.
2089—Minnie K. Hoffman 3017 E. 35th Ave, Spokane, Wash., W¹/₂ of NE¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 30, Twp. 41, R. 1 E. \$2.30.
1314—Maggie Eaton, North 2924 Napa St., Spokane, Wash., NE¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, NE¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, Sec. 6, Twp. 41, R. 1 W. \$5.64.
475—J. B. Brody & E. E. Fry, Bonners Ferry, Idaho, NE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 6, Twp. 41, R. 1 W. \$2.83.
4880—A. Munro, Moscow, Idaho, NE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, Sec. 14; SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 15 Twp. 41, R. 2 W. \$29.16.
3016—J. K. McCracken, Spokane, Wash., NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄ less 1 ac., SE¹/₄ NW¹/₄ less 4 ac., Sec. 22, Twp. 41, R. 2 W. \$5.77.
3577—Sivvy E. Queener, Harvard, Idaho, SE¹/₄ NE¹/₄, Sec. 8, Twp. 41, R. 3 W. \$9.
4494—Lloyd P. Terteling, Potlatch, Idaho, NE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, Sec. 2, Twp. 41, R. 5

W. \$10.52.
4779—L. E. Brooks, Moscow, Ida., NW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 28, Twp. 41, R. 1 E; Lot 14, Lot 15, Blk 30, Park Add. to Moscow, \$9.01.
4187—John Welsh, Viola, Idaho, R. No. 1, NE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, E¹/₂ NW¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 26, Twp. 41, R. 5 W. \$16.03.
3586—Thomas E. Pugh, Viola, Idaho, NW¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 28; NE¹/₄ NE¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of NE¹/₄, Sec. 29, Twp. 41, R. 5 W. \$19.63.
4474—A. M. Tate, 416 Hyde Bldg., Spokane, Wash., SE¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, NE¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, Sec. 20, Twp. 42, R. 1 W. \$21.91.
1887—Mary Hanson, Address unknown, SE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 20, Twp. 42, R. 1 W. \$6.26.
482—Phillip S. Brooke, % Milwaukee Lumber Co., St. Maries, Idaho, NE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SW¹/₄, NW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, Sec. 24; SE¹/₄ NE¹/₄, Sec. 25, Twp. 42, R. 1 W. \$34.30.
2823—M. E. Metz, Colfax, Wash., NE¹/₄ SE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 28, Twp. 42, R. 1 W. \$3.07.
3986—R. H. Vose, Oswego, Ore., SW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 28, Twp. 42, R. 1 W. \$1.53.
2285—Elizabeth Sievers Johnson, W. 713 Spofford Ave., Spokane, Wn., NW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 31, Twp. 42, R. 1 W. \$1.42.
1644—Chas. W. Gilbert, Metropolis, Ill., SW¹/₄ NE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ NE¹/₄, Sec. 4, Lot 2, Twp. 42, R. 3 W. \$10.64.
167A—James C. Throop, Potlatch, Idaho, Lot 1, Lot 2, SW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, Sec. 4; Lot 3, Lot 4, SW¹/₄ NW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ NW¹/₄, Sec. 4; NE¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the SE¹/₄, Sec. 5; NE¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄ W 28 ac., NW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ of the NE¹/₄, NE¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, SE¹/₄ of the NW¹/₄, Sec. 8, Twp. 42, R. 4 W. \$301.70.
824—S. S. Cole, Jefferson, Oregon, NE¹/₄ SE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 22, Twp. 43, R. 5 W. \$11.68.
16—Elmer Adams, % American Real Estate Co., Etloppia, Wash., NW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ SE¹/₄, Sec. 22, Twp. 43, R. 5 W. \$11.68.
1637—William E. Lee, Moscow, Idaho, Lot 3, Lot 4, Lot 5, Blk. A, Lieualens 2nd Add. to Moscow, \$6.17.
2573—Wm. E. Lee, Moscow, Idaho Lot 8, Lot 9, Blk. B, Lieualens 2nd Add. to Moscow, \$5.88.
241—Louis C. Barrett, Spokane, Wash., Box 84, Lot 19, Lot 20, Blk. B, Lieualens 2nd Add. to Moscow, \$5.88.
2885—H. H. Mitchell, Moscow, Idaho, Lot 31, Lot 32, Lot 33, Blk. B, Lieualens 2nd Add. to Moscow, \$6.17.
4844—Fred Veatch Moscow, Idaho, Lots 1 to 20, Blk. 1, Lots 25 to 44, Blk. 1, Lieualens 3rd Add. to Moscow; Lot 2, Dr. Taylors Blk., Moscow; E 65 feet of N 16 feet of Lot 17, Blk. 2, West Part Add. to Moscow, \$186.98.
4493—J. A. Terteling, Moscow, Idaho, W¹/₂ Lot 7, Lot 8, Blk. 1, Orchard Home Add. to Moscow, \$28.66.
4361—Ed and Earl St. John, Moscow, Idaho, Lot 12, Lot 13, Blk. 30, Park Add. to Moscow, \$2.94.
4875—D. Y. Atkins, care of Fred Veatch, Moscow, Idaho, Lot 6, Blk. 8; Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, Blk. 12; Lot 7, Blk. 15; Lot 18, Blk. 13, Sunnyside Add. to Moscow, \$44.70.
3623—Ernest Reiserer, Genesee, Idaho, Lots 1, 2, and 3, Blk. 2 City View Add. to Genesee, \$4.27.
4882—Carrie Platt, Genesee, Idaho, S¹/₂ Lot 5, S¹/₂ Lot 6, Blk. 8, Original Genesee, \$2.30.
2373—L. H. Keers, 128 S. Kenwood, Glendale, Calif., W¹/₂ Lot 8, W¹/₂ Lot 9, Blk. 9, Original Genesee, \$5.26.
2078—Geo. Hobson, Hilliard, Wn., R. No. 10, W¹/₂ Lot 2, Blk. 19, Original Genesee, \$9.21.
3400—Lester V. and Leola Porter, Willpenit, Wash., Lot 1, Lot 2, Lot 3, Lot 10, Lot 11, Lot 12, Blk. 18, West Add. to Genesee, \$18.44.
3665—W. B. Robinson, Moscow, Idaho, E 20 feet Lot 12, Blk. 1, Original Juliaetta, \$2.33.
2480—F. Kohlenberg, Wendell, Idaho, W 20 feet Lot 17, Blk. 1, Original Juliaetta, \$1.16.
4872—Sylvia Perry, Juliaetta, Idaho All of Blk. F, Original Juliaetta \$2.91.
4883—J. F. Collins, Lewiston, Ida., W¹/₂ Lot 4, Lot 5, Lot 6, Blk. 6; Lot 3, Lot 4, Blk. 11; Lot 4, Blk. 12; Original Kendrick: Lot 1, Lot 2, Blk. 102, Oaks Add. to Kendrick, \$61.83.
637—Carlson Hardware Co., Kendrick, Idaho, Lot 5, Lot 6, Blk. 11, Original Kendrick, Whse. on RR Rty. \$103.66.
3417—E. R. Porter, Kendrick, Idaho, Lot 5, Lot 6, Blk. 16 Lot 7, Blk. 20 Lot 10, Blk. 38, Original Kendrick, \$1.11.
920—W. B. Crews, % Geo. F. Walker, Kendrick, Idaho, Lot 8, Blk. 16, Original Kendrick, \$ 26.
4801—G. F. Walker, Kendrick, Ida. Lot 1, Lot 4, Blk. 21; Lot 8, Blk. 30, Original Kendrick, \$ 31.
3101—John Nisbet, Moscow, Ida., N 50 feet Lot 1, Olsens Add. to Moscow: Lot 1, Lot 2, Lot 4, Lot 5, Lot 6, Lot 8, Blk. 23, Original Kendrick, \$1.53.
3964—Mary Vaughan, Linden, Ida. Lot 13, Blk. B, Original Kendrick, \$ 54.
4724—G. F. Walker, Kendrick, Ida., Lot 2, Lot 8, Lot 10, Lot 12, Blk. E, Lot 1, Blk. F, Additions Add. to Kendrick \$ 50.
1525—J. L. Fowler, Kendrick, Ida., Lot 6, Lot 7, Lot 8, Lot 9, Lot 10, Blk. 93, Oaks Add. to Kendrick, \$8.00.
890—Harry Cornwell, % R. H. Reed, Colfax, Wash., Lot 5, Blk. 96, Oaks Add. to Kendrick, \$1.07.
4616—Chas. Bodenhouse Kendrick, Idaho, Lot 3, Blk. 100, Oaks Add. to Kendrick, \$ 54.
195—Baker, Boyer National Bank, % G. F. Walker, Kendrick, Idaho, Lot 4, Blk. 101, Oaks Add. to Kendrick, \$ 11.
993—P. L. Huddleson, Kendrick, Idaho, Lot 1, Lot 2, Blk. 110 Oaks Add. to Kendrick, \$1.87.
2153—Effe Schafer, Troy, Idaho, Lot 18, Lot 19, Blk. 2, Original Troy, \$ 88.
3921—Troy News, Troy, Idaho, Cen. 48 feet Lot 23, Cen. 48 feet Lot 24, Blk. 3, Original Troy, \$29.16.

2611—S. W. Lewis, Spokane, Wn., S 40 feet Lot 23, S 40 feet Lot 24, Blk. 3, Original Troy, \$ 72.
4832—Mrs. Nancy J. Shepherd, 226 5th St., Moscow, Idaho, Lot 12, Blk. 4, Original Troy, \$11.23.
3156—Nels Nelson Troy, Idaho, Lot 1, Blk. 10, Original Troy, \$11.05.
1949—Othilie H. Hange 15 Sharan St., San Francisco, Calif., Lot 23, Lot 24, Blk. 18, Original Troy, \$14.2.
860—R. H. Condon, Troy, Idaho, Lot 3, Blk. 3, Lot 1, Blk. 5, Daniels Add. to Troy, \$1.63.
283—F. Beckman, Troy, Idaho, Lot 4, Lot 5, Lot 6, Blk. 7, State Add. to Troy, \$62.38.
4611—David J. Featherstone, % J. L. Featherstone, 217 N Wash., St. Spokane, Wash., Lot 6, Blk. 5, Original Bovill, \$15.82.
206—J. L. Baker, Bovill, Idaho, E¹/₂ of E¹/₂ of S¹/₂ Lot 3, Cen. ¹/₂ of S¹/₂ Lot 3, Blk. 16, Original Bovill, \$5.28.
300—John Benjamin & Son, Devan, Mont., Lot 10, Blk. 16, Original Deary, \$2.71.
4343—Isabelle Stevenson, Princeton, Idaho, Lot 1, Blk. 3, Hampton, \$1.64.
3097—Eunice Nearing, Princeton, Idaho, Lot 1, Lot 2, Lot 3, Lot 4, Lot 5, Lot 6, Lot 7, Lot 8, Blk. 6, Hampton, \$2.98.
1099—R. A. Jennings, Potlatch, Idaho, R. No. 1, Lot 8, Blk. 5; Lot 1, Lot 2, Lot 7, Lot 8, Blk. 6, Bulls Add. to Onaway, \$5.08.
3464—Nils P. Peterson, Troy, Ida., Lot 1, Lot 2, Blk. 2, State Add. to Troy, \$2.49.
255—N. G. Bateman, Jr., Southwick, Idaho, NW¹/₄ SW¹/₄, Sec. 15, Twp. 38, R. 1 W. \$8.76.
869—Consolidated Mica Mines Co., % C. L. Thompson, Moscow, Idaho, Morning Star, Violet, Atlas, in Sec. 15, Twp. 41, R. 2 W. \$3.62.
895—Lucy Costigan, Moscow, Idaho, E 148¹/₂ feet of the S 125 feet of Tax No. 258, Sec. 7, Twp. 39, R. 5 W. \$47.04.
2228—S. B. Johnson, % Martin L. Johnson, Lewiston, Idaho, Lot 1,

Lot 2, Blk. 12, State Add. to Troy, \$ 72.
3968—M. J. Veatch, Moscow, Ida., Lot 3, Lot 4, Lot 5, Lot 6, Blk. 13, Sunnyside Add. to Moscow, \$17.64.
4151—Mrs. Maggie Way, Melrose, Idaho, Lot 9, Blk. C, Additions Add. to Kendrick \$1.32.
4682—John Kempf 2008 Cedar St., Berkeley, Calif., Lot 7, Blk. 18, Original Genesee, \$1.97. 36-3

Ohio's Big Ten Rules

Ohio poultry experts and farmers have worked out ten rules for the successful raising of chicks. They are: 1. Hatch early. 2. Prepare the brooder house and move it to clean ground. 3. Provide sufficient brooder house space and large enough stove. 4. Do not feed chickens too soon. 5. Feed a wholesome, complete ration. 6. Feed large amounts of milk. 7. Provide green feed liberally. 8. Get chicks outdoors as soon as possible. 9. Rear young stock away from the old. 10. Separate cockerels and pullets as soon as possible.

Imported Parasites of

Corn Borer Aid Control

A number of parasites of the corn borer have been imported from Europe and liberated in this country in recent years to aid in control of this pest of the corn crop. Four different kinds of these parasites have been recovered lately in New York, Ohio, and New England, showing they are becoming established here. Winter shipments of parasites from France to the corn-borer laboratory at Arlington, Mass., have included nearly 35,000 of one species and about 13,000 of another, as well as 855,000 host larvae from which four other species of parasites will be reared.

MARCELLE TOILET PREPARATIONS

We have added the Marcelle line of toilet articles to our already well stocked list.

That delightful sense of a fragrant daintiness which gives to women not only contentment, but a poise and confidence in personal charm, is readily secured by use of

Marcelle Toilet Preparations

Marcelle preparations are most economical to use and will charm the most sophisticated taste of women of refinement.

- Marcelle Cold Cream Powder.....60c
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- Marcelle Almond Benzoin Lotion.....60c
- Marcelle Vanishing Cream.....60c
- Marcelle Cold Cream.....60c
- Marcelle Lemon Cream.....60c
- Marcelle Theatrical Cream.....35c and 75c
- Marcelle Lemon Shampoo.....60c
- Marcelle Boudoir Gold Box Face Powder...\$1.50

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Local Ads

WANTED: Girl for general housework. Commercial Hotel. 36-1p

FOR SALE: Maxwell 1 ton truck; Overland touring car with wire wheels and Ford bug. Some farm machinery. Inquire Wm. DePartee, Kendrick. 32-tf.

FOR SALE: 120 acres, half cultivated, small payment down and terms on balance; 500 fruit trees, acre of berries, plenty of water, small buildings. Address Box 33, Leland, Idaho. 29-5p

FOR SALE: J. B. Colt Carbide Lighting System. Inquire Gazette. 32-tf.

Money To Loan: We have 1,000,000.00 to loan on improved farms at 5 per cent plus the usual charges. Let us figure with you if you want a new loan or renew your old one. Veatch Realty Co., Moscow, Idaho. 14-tf

MONEY TO LOAN on approved farm security, 5 1/2%, 5, 7, or 10 years. C. L. Thompson, Moscow. 23-tf

FOR SALE: A small ranch, one mile northeast of Kendrick, containing 45 acres about half under cultivation. A fine chicken and turkey ranch. It will bear investigation. Call, or address, Geo. E. Knepper, Kendrick, Idaho. 26-tf

For Sale: Sorrel saddle horse, age, 6, weight 1,000, gentle. Jack McCall, Leland. 34-3p

For Sale: Grade Red Poll bull; 2 Poland China sows, young. Inquire Math Kazda, Southwick. 35-3p.

Auto Wheels Tightened
When your wheel is tight you know it is right. I have a machine for tightening steel rim, car and truck wheels. It does the work with out shims. Frank Crocker. 33-1t

FOR SALE: Used cars and trucks, Fordson and Twin City tractors. Terms if desired. We trade. Frost Motor Co., Chandler and Cleveland agency, 920 Main Street, Lewiston. 35-2

FOR SALE: My 5-room house with sleeping porch and cellar; located in Kendrick. Mrs. M. Bleek, Cameron. 36-4p.

Farm Hints

Manure helps pastures as much as it does any other crop.

Shallow cultivation is best for row crops, as it does not injure their roots so much as deep stirring.

Get revenge on the gopher for the meanness he has done in the alfalfa fields by a poisoning campaign after the first hay crop is off.

Deep planting of beans gives slow germination, dwarfed and weakened plants, and a poor stand. One to two inches is generally deep enough.

A poison bait made of 20 pounds of bran, one pound of paris green or white arsenic, and two quarts of cheap molasses is recommended for control of cutworms.

Most successful hog growers provide good pasture for their porkers. They have found that grass and legumes put meat on pigs profitably. Pastures are more sanitary, too, than dirty old pigpens.

Wheat is an industry and the wheat grower needs to adopt the industrialist's long-time view of his business. That is why he's lining up with the five-year program for the wheat belt advanced by farm and commercial organizations and the Kansas State Agricultural college.

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POULTRY

FATTEN BROILERS FOR MARKETING

For the most part, farmers and poultry raisers who keep Leghorn chickens pay most attention to the production of eggs. They think of eggs as the chief end of poultry keeping. My experience has been that by paying a little more attention to the fattening and marketing of Leghorns, the income from this source can be considerably increased, says a writer in the Successful Farming. Especially is this true when marketing broilers. Leghorn broilers fatten easily when confined and force fed for about two weeks. They will consume about two pounds of feed during this time and should show a gain in weight of one-half to three-fourths of a pound.

There are two methods which I have employed in fattening broilers. These are pen and crate fattening. The simplest and most logical method for farm conditions I have found is pen fattening.

Following this method, the birds are confined in small pens when about one and one-half pounds in weight and are fed the following mash: 25 pounds cornmeal, 15 pounds middlings, 8 pounds meat scraps, and one-half-pound salt. This is fed as a wet mash by adding sour milk, buttermilk, or skim milk. The birds are fed this mash three times a day and are permitted to eat for half an hour at a time, when the uneaten portion is removed. It is important that the intervals between the feedings should be as nearly equal as possible.

The object of feeding this wet mash is to get the birds to eat large amounts of food so they will make maximum gains in the shortest time.

Corn meal and milk in any form should be the foundation of any good fattening mash. It should also be remembered that when milk is used in fattening fowls, not a too large amount of meat scraps should be used.

One reason for the wide spread in prices paid for Leghorn broilers and those of the heavier breeds is because the Leghorn, being more active, will not take on flesh as readily as the heavier breeds when on free range.

Roosters Can Be Sold

Now, Says J. H. McAdams

Now that the incubation period is over there is no further need for roosters in the flock and all but one or two of the best male birds can be sold, advises J. H. McAdams, extension poultryman at the Kansas State Agricultural college. Every flock owner knows, according to McAdams, that the male bird is unnecessary so far as the production of market eggs is concerned. Male birds now represent just so many extra mouths to feed, he says.

The hitch to selling male birds comes largely from the price consideration, according to McAdams, who says that when these birds were purchased last fall or early winter they were valued from \$2 up to possibly \$10 each. Today with old roosters commanding 16 cents a pound an exceptionally high price prevails, but as soon as the old roosters start moving to market the price will drop probably to about 10 cents a pound.

"Even though old roosters were such a drug on the market that he could not sell them at all, no farmer could afford to keep them in his flock," McAdams warns. "To live, a rooster must eat and the feed bill on each individual one will be at least 10 cents a month, making a total cost of at least 80 cents to hold the old birds over until February."

Poultry Hints

The results of chickens eating carion or spoiled feed are limberneck or indigestion.

Egg eating is a vicious habit and the best method to combat it is the slaughter of the offending birds.

Convenience for both hens and caretaker should be considered—convenience means cleanliness and cleanliness means health.

A laying hen is about the only example of a going concern that can sit still and yet produce dividends.

The first quality that makes for success and profit in the poultry flock is vigor, vitality or constitution. Choose your own name for this quality.

A chicken that is liberally fed does not, as a rule, exercise enough to run off flesh but only enough to keep in good general health and to have a good appetite.

Eggs will remain fertile up to ten days after the male has been removed from the breeding pen.

Given a chance, poultry will return good profits on the investment. Cleanliness is one of the best guarantees of success.

Poultry diseases spread principally in four ways: By the birds eating dead diseased birds; by contaminated air, through drinking water, and through the droppings of diseased birds.

DAIRY FACTS

SIRE'S DAUGHTERS INDEX OF VALUE

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A great dairy sire is one whose daughters have a high yield of milk and butterfat, a high average increase in milk and butterfat yield over their dams, and a high percentage of their number better than their dams, says R. R. Graves of the bureau of dairying, United States Department of Agriculture. All these things must be taken into consideration when measuring the value of a dairy sire, he says. No one of them alone offers sufficient evidence of the sire's worth.

In a study of 23 Holstein-Friesian sires, each having six or more tested daughters from tested dams, some conclusions were arrived at concerning the hereditary transmission of production, says Mr. Graves. Some of the sires in the list raised both the milk yield and the percentage of butterfat of their daughters as compared to the production of their dams. Some raised one and lowered the other. Some lowered both. But no one sire raised both the milk and butterfat percentage of all his daughters, nor did any one sire lower these records of all his daughters. In other words, while the sires evidenced a propensity for raising or lowering production, no one sire was completely prepotent.

The ability of a sire to raise or lower the yield of his daughters does not necessarily have a correlation with the record of his own dam. Rather, the prepotency of a sire seems to depend upon the combination of factors governing the yield of milk and percentage of butterfat that he has inherited from his parents. If he has inherited only factors that will determine high milk yield and high percentage of butterfat, he will be prepotent in impressing these characters on his offspring. If he and the dams with which he is mated have inherited from their parents a mixture of the factors for both low and high production, which is often the case, a variety of combinations in the different offspring will follow, and they will be of varying degrees of producing ability.

The evidence seems to point to both parents contributing equally to the inheritance governing the milk and butterfat producing capacity of their daughters, says Mr. Graves. But if one parent is homozygous or pure for the hereditary factors determining high production and the other parent is heterozygous, or mixed, in its inheritance, then the homozygous parent will have the greater influence on the producing capacity of the daughter; yet their daughter will transmit to a part of her progeny the inheritance for low production that she may receive from her heterozygous parent. For two heterozygous parents, it is to be expected that the daughters will show a great range in producing capacity from very poor to very good.

The fact that the percentage of butterfat and the milk yield are inherited independently, at least within limits, and that both the sire and the dam contribute to the inheritance of their daughters, governing both milk yield and percentage of butterfat, indicates that improvement in yield of butterfat can be brought about by selection for both milk yield and percentage of butterfat.

The big problem is to locate the sire that has inherited only the factors determining a high producing capacity. The degree to which he has inherited these factors can be determined only by testing a large number of his daughters and comparing their records with those of their dams.

The increasing number of records of daughters and their dams becoming available through the cow-testing associations furnishes a means of calculating the comparative worth of a greater number of sires than has been possible in the past. The 23 sires in this study were given comparative ranking in a new method devised by Mr. Graves. Each sire was ranked in comparison with the others with respect to milk yield of his daughters, average butterfat yield, average increase of milk yield, average increase of butterfat, and the percentage of daughters that were better than their dams in milk and butterfat yield. His comparative value was indicated by the sum of his ranking in the various classes.

The complete discussion of this study has been published in Department Bulletin No. 1372, just issued. A copy may be obtained, while the supply lasts, by writing to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Dairy Notes

About 96 per cent of persons who give the use of pure-bred sires a fair trial stick to the general principle of using them for all classes of stock.

If there is a good market for milk or if butterfat doesn't get too low in price it will certainly pay to feed some grain to all those pasture-fed cows producing over three gallons of milk a day.

Management and Care for Cows

To Establish High Producing Herd Best to Start With Small Number.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"The best way for a man of moderate means to establish a high-producing herd of dairy cattle is to start with a small number of cows and use good pure-bred bulls," says the United States Department of Agriculture in Farmers' Bulletin 1470-F, "Care and Management of Dairy Cows."

Fall Freshening Favored.
In experiments conducted by the department, cows that freshened in the fall months ranked highest in average yearly production of milk and butter fat, in cost of feed, and in income over cost of feed. Those that freshened in winter ranked second in these respects. On the average, those that calved in the spring and summer produced the least milk and butter fat and returned the smallest income over cost of feed. Several advantages in having cows freshen in the fall are as follows: Butter fat usually brings a higher price during the fall and winter months; labor is easier to obtain; and there is more time to care for the calves and for a large supply of milk. The dairyman who sells his milk to a city retail trade should have his cows freshen at all seasons of the year so as to keep up a steady, constant flow of milk. However, this point is not so important for dairymen who separate the milk, sell cream, and use skim milk for feeding purposes.

Tests by the department also show the relation between the yield of milk and the frequency and regularity of milking.

Keep Dairy Records.

The importance of keeping records on a dairy farm is also stressed in the new bulletin. Such records, by showing feed consumed and production of milk and butter fat, make it possible to feed intelligently and eliminate inferior animals.

Exercising cows by making them walk three miles a day was found to cause a greater feed consumption and a slightly higher percentage of butter fat in the milk, but the quantity of milk remained about the same. So far as production is concerned, a cow needs no more exercising than she will get by walking at will about the small yard.

The bulletin also contains much information relative to breeding, feeding, diseases, common ailments of cows and their treatment, types of dairy buildings and sanitation. A copy of the publication can be obtained free as long as the supply lasts by writing to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Caustic Is Very Useful in Dehorning the Calves

The best time to dehorn calves, is when they are from one to two weeks old. The following is a practical way to do it: Clip the hair away from the little horn "button"; where the horn starts and rub the "button" with

caustic potash. Rub until a spot about the size of a dime appears red, but not bleeding.

Don't use too much caustic, and put it on the "button" only. Don't turn the calf out in the rain immediately after putting the caustic on; for this will wash the caustic off of the "button," and it is liable to get into the calf's eyes.

The caustic can be obtained at almost any drug store for a few cents. Do not handle it with the bare hands; use an old glove or something of the sort.

Caustic must be kept in an airtight container, in order to preserve its strength.

Swordfish Are Cowards

A swordfish is instinctively a coward, but will put up a stiff fight when cornered. Many fishermen have lost their lives through the sinking of a dory that has had a hole jabbed in its side by these formidable fish and sometimes they even pierce a schooner's hull.

Paid for Slaves Freed

The act for the abolition of slavery in the British colonies and for compensation to the owners of slaves (\$100,000,000) was passed in 1833. All slaves in the British colonies were emancipated August 1, 1834.

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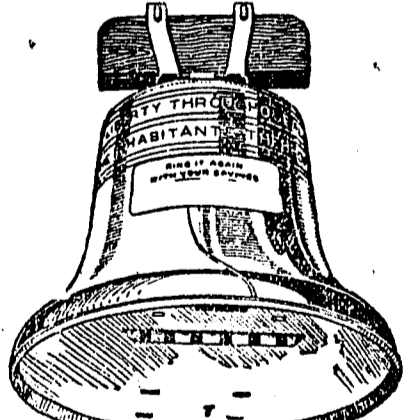
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The Sesqui-Centennial International Exposition
Celebrating 150 Years of American Independence
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Philadelphia
June 1 to December 1, 1926
Twenty-six foreign nations are participating in the Sesqui-Centennial Exposition now being held at Philadelphia, and it is estimated that the attendance during the six months' period in which the Exposition is being held will approach 39,000,000.
In commemoration of this great event start a savings account with \$1.00, paying 4 per cent interest and receive a
Liberty Bell Bank "FREE".
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GLEANINGS

Miss Marian Wornell of Lewiston visited at the Janes home several days last week.

John Soumar of Myrtle was transacting business in Kendrick last Friday.

A. H. Worsley, a former resident of the Cedar Creek section, writes from Arcadia, Kansas, that in his locality there was a good wheat and hay crop and prospects looked favorable for a good corn crop. He sends best wishes to all his friends in this locality.

Wm. Behrens sold a Model K Cletrac tractor this week to the Cameron Threshing Co., composed of Bill Mielke, Fred Newman and George Wilken.

The Herman Koepf sale near Leland last Friday had more the appearance of a big celebration of some kind. It was conservatively estimated that the crowd numbered over a thousand people. Imagine serving a free lunch to that kind of a gang. It is reported that the lunch cost nearly \$100 and then there wasn't enough to go round.

W. J. Hewett of Clarkston, formerly of Southwick, was a Kendrick visitor last Saturday. Mr. Hewett marketed 250 pounds of Elberta peaches from his Clarkston acreage, many of which averaged a pound apiece. They were pronounced by many to be about the finest peaches ever grown in the district. Mr. Hewett said that he had sold over a thousand dollars worth of fruit from his four-acre place already this season.

Mrs. Humphrey and son, Roy, went to Adrian, Wash. last Saturday to pick fruit.

Lillian Long returned Sunday evening from Pullman where she spent a week with friends.

Mrs. Harvey Smith and two daughters of Moscow are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Newton this week.

G. F. Walker was transacting business in Spokane over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. John Green, Mrs. Louise Hall and little son, all of Seattle, visited at the Bigham home on American ridge a few days last week.

Joday Long and son, Elbert, and Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Long drove to Colfax last Sunday where they spent the day with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. LaFayette Keene of Moscow, formerly of American ridge, left last Friday in their automobile for their old home in Illinois to visit with friends.

John Thomas, who accompanied Martin Thomas and Charles Carlson to the upper North Fork country, caught some fine fish above Big Island. The party returned Sunday evening, just in time to escape the rain.

Irvin Wegner of Cameron had his hand badly cut Monday of this week, while chopping wood. He was brought to Kendrick for medical attention. It required four stitches to close the wound.

Walter Bigham shot a China pheasant rooster near Juliaetta last fall (We presume it was last fall). The bird's crop was full of water melon seeds. Walter saved the seeds and planted them in his garden last spring. He now has about every known variety of melons in his patch.

Billy Wilnot returned the first of the week from the Y. M. C. A. camp near Spokane where he spent part of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Herres of Lewiston were Kendrick visitors last Friday.

Dr. and Mrs. McKeever and daughter returned home from Spokane last Friday. Paul Schulze went to Spokane to drive their car home.

George and Frank Meyers returned home Friday from a fishing trip to the Little North Fork of the Clearwater. They went as far as Elk River by auto and packed in from there. They caught all the fish they wanted. This is George's first fishing trip for six years—poor man—he lives in California.

Vern Spekter received a BB shot in the thumb of his right hand, from an air gun last Saturday. He was brought to Kendrick where Dr. Moorhead located the shot by means of the X-ray, and removed it.

E. H. Emery and family spent the week end near Spokane with Mr. Emery's sister. Carl ac-

companied them home Monday morning.

Miss Jaunita Stanton arrived from Lewiston Tuesday to visit her cousin, Edna.

T. H. Rogstad and son, Arthur, were Kendrick visitors last Sunday from Clarkston.

An American was prowling around a Scottish churchyard. His eyes caught an epitaph, "Lord she was thin." "Say sexton, what d'ye make of that?" he asked. "That's all right, sir; the sculptor went over near the edge of the stone and dina leave room for the 'e'."—London Telegraph.

An exchange says that it is hard to keep the wolf from the door with gasoline selling for 30c a gallon.

Mr. and Mrs. Roseborough and family of Winchester, Idaho, spent Wednesday at the J. G. Gardner home. Mrs. Roseborough is Mr. Gardner's sister.

On account of a delay in the delivery of some of the new equipment, Miss Eichers will not be able to open the beauty parlor on the 6th as announced last week. The opening date has been set for Saturday, Sept. 11.

Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Dunkle visited friends and relatives here Wednesday on their way home to Kellogg after making a trip in their car to Seattle, Portland and other coast points. Mr. Dunkle was a delegate from the Kellogg Y. M. C. A. to the Northwest Conference at Seattle.

The Latah county commissioners will meet in regular session September 13 at Moscow, to fix the tax levies for the ensuing year, and to consider the appointment of a county agent.

The Camp Fire Girls held initiation ceremonies last Wednesday evening. Elizabeth Carlson was taken into the Camp Fire group.

Mrs. Robert Spencer returned to her home in Moscow after visiting relatives for several days. Mr. and Mrs. Spencer left yesterday afternoon for Butte, Mont., to visit Mr. Spencer's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. MacPherson were Lewiston visitors last Tuesday evening.

Rev. and Mrs. C. D. Bell and family left yesterday afternoon for Moscow where they will make their home. They own property in the northeast part of Moscow.

Beryl Dresser of Orofino is visiting at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Harold Thomas.

The Interstate Utilities Co. is now engaged in building a copper circuit phone line between Kend-

rick and Orofino. A crew of nine men is employed on the job. It is reported that as soon as this line is completed the crew will start work on a new line between Kendrick and Moscow.

The Juliaetta cannery is now taking care of the tomato crop in that locality, having started operations last week. The crop is reported to be below standard on account of the prevalence of tomato blight. About the average acreage is in tomatoes in the Juliaetta section this season.

Great Film at Local Theater

Those who witnessed the showing of "The Pony Express," at the New Kendrick Theater last evening, say that it is indeed a greater play than "The Covered Wagon". This is the only film that has ever played the local theater for more than two days, and it is doubtful if the theater will be able to accommodate the large number who are planning to see this great play. Tonight and Saturday will be your last chance to see it. "The Pony Express" played in one of the large California theaters for several months at top prices of \$1.65 a seat. So plan to bring the whole family witness one of the greatest productions of the screen. 35-1

How Are Calves Raised Profitably for Market?

Many farmers think that at the present price of milk and veal, it does not pay to produce veal, therefore, many calves are "deaconed." On the average it will take ten pounds of milk to produce one pound of gain in a calf. If milk is \$2.00 per hundredweight, then every pound of gain costs 20 cents. If it were not for realizing on the original weight of the calf, every pound of veal would be produced at a loss. Suppose a calf weighs 75 pounds when it is born, and by feeding it to marketable age you increase its weight to 150 pounds. You have increased its weight 75 pounds, and it has taken at least 150 pounds of milk, worth \$15. You sell the calf for 14 cents a pound, or \$21. You have realized \$6 for the original weight of the calf, less the expense of feeding and the cost of marketing, for had you "deaconed" the calf you would have received nothing for the carcass, except, possibly, 50 cents for the hide.

Pack in Light Room

Always pack eggs in a light room. This allows for the detection of any that are thin-shelled or have cracks. Eggs are sometimes found which have shells that were cracked before they were laid. They have been partly repaired but the cracks still show. An egg of this kind is easily overlooked in a dark room but may be seen in the light. It pays to pack a uniform product. If there are two grades, keep the good and the poor separate, otherwise you may get the low price for all of them.

School Days ARE HERE!

We have made every effort to be prepared with the things necessary to properly cloth the children for this great event.

FREE! FREE!

With every pair of shoes sold we will give a tablet and pencil, except babies' shoes.

MEN'S SHOES

We have added to our stock the famous "Bone Dry Shoe" and have four numbers in stock now. They are exceptional shoes in every respect and before you buy we want you to try them on.

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

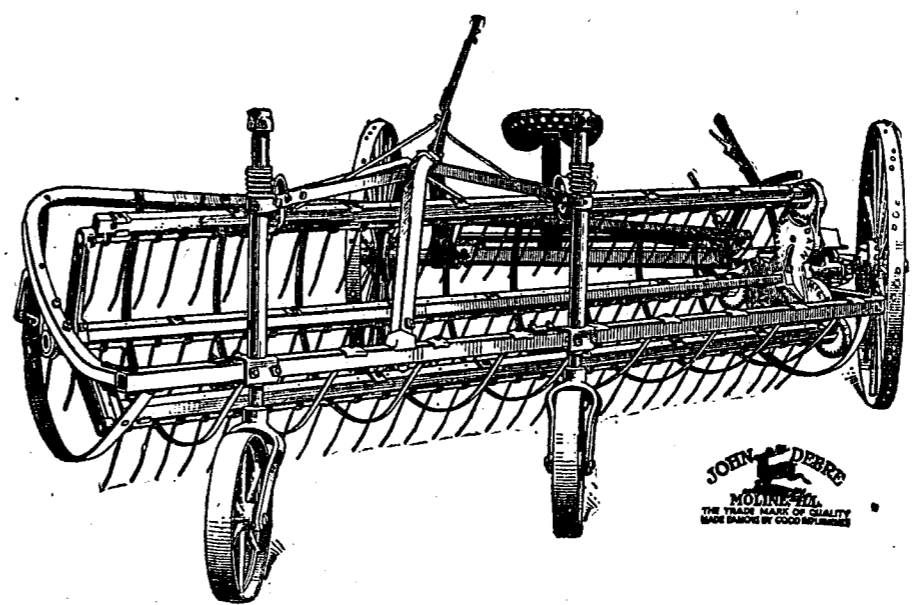
15 more new ones with 2 pair of pants. Treat yourself to the real thing in young men's clothes. They will give you the appearance and prestige. We want you to try them on.

KENDRICK STORE CO.

"The Quality Store"

BEAN RAKE

The Deere-Dain Rake—the Rake with the Inclined Frame.



- Use either 1 or 2 rear Caster wheels.
- Lever for raising and lowering reel.
- Lever to adjust angle of teeth from drivers seat.
- The convenient bean rake.

- Every adjustment made from the seat—great convenience.
- Solid tooth bar attachment—great strength.
- Adjustment of mesh for the main drive gears—long life.
- Inclined frame—good work clear to the end of the reel.
- Independent lever connection to both caster wheels—other wheel can and will support the rear end of the rake.
- Dust proof caster bearings—high grade construction.
- No clutch—trouble proof.
- Square pipe and angle frame—strength in torsion.
- High, smooth arch—large clearance.
- Set over main wheel—for turning windrows one-half over and raking beans.
- Square shaft drive—no keys, pins, etc., to come loose.
- Chilled bearing. Good oiling system. This means convenience and long life.

Use a Deere Rake and not only save money harvest- ing the beans but also save all the beans.

The
Carlson Hardware Company
THE WINCHESTER STORE

We Are Making Still Another

REDUCTION ON FLOUR

- "400" per barrel - - \$8.00
- Princess per barrel - - \$7.80
- Asotin Best per barrel \$7.60

Chicken Feed Large Stock on Hand

We have a full line of chicken feed at very reasonable prices. Egg mash, O. K. Scratch, Bran and most anything you require in this line. Get our prices before you buy.

MILL FEED

All kinds of Mill Feed, Hay and Grain We are glad to serve you.

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KENDRICK, IDAHO