

Ready For The Big Celebration

Latah County News Paragraphs

Items of interest Taken From Neighboring Papers

Of all pests which afflict the long suffering public the agent pest is by far the worst, and under a recent court decision Idaho, at least, is not going to be able to outlaw him. A number of towns passed ordinance prohibiting itinerant peddlers and agents from soliciting business within their limits without first paying a license fee. The judge of the third judicial district holds such ordinances unconstitutional. Now about the only thing the over-argued household can do is to put up a "no agent" sign, instruct the bulldog as to his duties and keep the shotgun loaded with rock salt.—Deary Press.

The packing house opened last week on Bing cherries, but the crop was light and what were brought in were badly cracked and culled all of 50 per cent. The first car was shipped Monday morning.

This week has seen the Lamberts and Royal Annes coming in and the peak of receipts is expected about next Tuesday or Wednesday. These cherries are returning a fair crop and are in excellent condition.

Last week the Association packed a box of selected Bings and sent it, with their compliments, to President Coolidge. Juliaetta Record.

While there is still some alfalfa to cut in the Moscow district, and considerable is in shocks in the fields the past week of clear weather has seen the bulk of the crop harvested. The yield is probably the heaviest in the history of the Palouse country, practically all running above two tons to the acre, while some fields will go over three tons.

The second growth of alfalfa is getting a good start, and will require very little rainfall to make a good crop. The ground was well soaked during the spring months, and has been shaded since the hot weather, so that the moisture is practically all retained.

Alfalfa is selling at \$10 a ton, loose in spite of the heavy crop.

While there has been no surplus of labor to handle the hay harvest, there is no acute shortage and the work has been pushed rapidly.—Star Mirror.

Genesee can again boast of "going over the top" in one of the quickest and shortest drives known, when Chairman T. Driscoll of the American Legion Endowment fund drive announced that the amount had been subscribed in about 20 minutes and a draft made out to the American Legion Endowment Fund was personally delivered by Mr. Driscoll to County Chairman C. A. Hagan at Moscow.

When it comes to being patriotic, at least, Genesee never does things by halves, and the raising of Genesee's quota for the endowment fund is characteristic of the community.

The raising of the fund is for the benefit of disabled veterans and their families, giving special care to their children, and is not for the benefit of any particular community.

The drive was set for July 1, and Genesee should be at the top.—Genesee News.

A bad card player was asked why, when his partner played clubs, he didn't follow with clubs? "Have you no black suit," asked the partner. "Yes," said the poor player. "But I am saving it for my funeral."

Be On Time Tomorrow

Everything is in readiness for the big celebration here tomorrow and expectations are that it will be a record celebration from every standpoint. The day opens at 10 o'clock sharp with the big street parade. Be prompt if you want to witness this feature of the celebration as it is scheduled to be pulled on time. From the time the parade starts there will be something doing right on through the day until midnight.

The big dance pavilion was finished Tuesday. It is a spacious structure and will be initiated tonight with the first dance. Allen's dance band of Lewiston will furnish music. This is one of the best orchestras in the country, so you will surely enjoy the dance.

One of the features of the day will be the address by Congressman Burton L. French, who always has something really worth while to say. He will be talking to his home people here tomorrow and his message will undoubtedly be intensely interesting. Don't fail to hear Mr. French. There will be musical numbers on this part of the day's program in the park.

The band will give a number of concerts during the day, which will be appreciated. You will enjoy these concerts.

Sports, ball game, dancing and picture shows will constitute the afternoon program. Come and join the happy throng. You will be assured of a good time.

Working County Prisoners

The county commissioners of Latah county are making the county prisoners earn their board. Some of them are put to work on the court house grounds and the balance of them are sent out to the poor farm where they have been making hay and doing other farm work. Most of the men do a good day's work while others are inclined to shirk to some extent, but all of them must come up to a certain standard or they are taken back to jail and all privileges revoked. The prisoners seem to like the new arrangement better than to languish in jail. Mr. Hunt, who has charge of the poor farm, has been deputized and is responsible for the prisoners while they are at the farm.

Deary Third Class Office

The Deary postoffice will again be advanced to the third class, beginning July 1st, according to the Latah Co. Press. This is the second time that this has been made a third class office, the first advance having been ordered some four years ago. After the fire the receipts of the office fell off to such a degree that it was relegated to the fourth class. Under Mr. Gorrice's management the business of the office has grown continually, until it has again attained the third class standing.

Building New Vault

Work will be started immediately on the construction of a new vault for the Latah county probate court, a new jury room for the probate and district courts and a woman's rest room in the Latah county court house, says the Star-Mirror. The contract for the work has been let to Frank Stevens, Moscow, contractor, by the county commissioners, now in session. The work will cost approximately \$4763.

The new vault will be about 12x14 feet in size and will be constructed of re-inforced, fire-proof steel. The need of a new vault has been felt for some time and it is thought the new structure will be adequate to house the records of the county.

Erected by Philadelphia War Mothers



This fine group of sculpture, "The American War Mother and Her Sons," is to be erected in Philadelphia by the Philadelphia chapter, American War Mothers. It is by Harry Lewis Raul of Easton, Pa.

Tomorrow's Grand Celebration

Everything Now in Readiness for a Big Time in Kendrick for Everyone

Executive Committee: N. E. Walker, M. B. McConnell, Dr. McKeever
10:00 a. m. Grand Street Parade led by Kendrick 35 Piece Band.

A. Wilmot in Charge

- Prize for best sustained entry \$15.00
 - Prize for best industrial float 10.00
 - Prize for best decorated automobile 10.00
 - Prize for most attractive horse and rider 5.00
 - Prize for best general entry 3.00
- All entries should be at Standard Lumber building at 9 o'clock.

PATRIOTIC PROGRAM IN THE PARK

Chairman Program Committee: R. H. Ramey

- 10:45 a. m. Music Kendrick Band
- Address of the day Hon. Burton L. French
- Music Kendrick Band

THIRTY MINUTES FOR LUNCH

Free ice in the park. Picnic parties welcome.
12:30 p. m. Concert in the park Kendrick Band

PROGRAM OF SPORTS

Chairman Sports Committee: Geo. P. Barnum

Judges: Rev. E. A. Rein, J. L. Woody, Leland Houck
1:00 p. m. Start on Main Street in front of the Park.

- | Event | 1st pr. | 2nd pr. |
|--|---------|---------|
| 1 Foot Race 50 yds. Boys under 14 | \$ 3.00 | \$ 2.00 |
| 2 Foot Race 50 yds. Girls under 14 | 3.00 | 2.00 |
| 3 Foot Race 50 yds. Fat Men | | |
| 225 lbs. and over | 3.00 | 2.00 |
| 4 Fly Away Free for all. Two fowls | | |
| turned loose one with cash prize | | |
| in sack tied to leg of fowl. | | |
| 5 Potato Race | 3.00 | 2.00 |
| 6 Relay Race. 5 men to team. | 10.00 | 5.00 |
| 7 Free for all kids under 10 years. | | |
| 50 yds. | 2.00 | 1.00 |
| 8 Auto Slow Race. 50 yds. | 5.00 | |
| 9 Bicycle Race. Boys 1 Block. | 3.00 | 2.00 |
| 10 Bicycle Race. Girls 1 Block. | 3.00 | 2.00 |
| 12 Free for all. 100 yd. dash. | | |
| At ball park. | 10.00 | 5.00 |
| 13 2:30 p. m. Ball Game at Ball Park 100.00 Purse. | | |
| 11 Hose cart race, | | |
| Bear Ridge Team vs Kendrick 15.00 | | |

5:30 to 6:30 p. m. Concert in Park by Kendrick Band.

THIRTY MINUTES FOR DINNER

6:00 to 7:00 p. m. Tennis Tournament
7:00 p. m. Open Air Dance, Pavilion in the Park.
Orchestra music by Allen's Dance Band of Lewiston.
Chairman Dance Committee: Geo. P. Barnum

Don't Like Our Grounds

In commenting on the game played here two weeks ago when Kendrick took 19 runs against 9 for Orofino, the Clearwater Tribune, published in Orofino, comments as follows: "We can only say that every man on the team had his off day in fielding somewhat handicapped by the presence of the railroad track, fill and borrow pits, the main highway, several houses and fences, many automobiles, not to mention rocks and weeds where the outfield is ordinarily located in connection with a baseball diamond."

The above comment possibly has considerable merit and we would gather from its general tone that Orofino is criticizing our baseball field. We admit it isn't the best in the world and it might have had something to do with the one-sided score mentioned above, but the fact remains that Kendrick defeated Orofino two games on the Orofino ball grounds this season. True, the score at both of these games was smaller than at the game played here, but the Kendrick boys attribute this to a condition which they are forced to overcome and which cramps their style. None of them can swim and they have an unholy fear of falling out of the Orofino ball grounds into the Clearwater river.

Open Dining Room

The Commercial hotel opened the dining room Tuesday of this week. The room has been painted and calcimined and presents a very homelike appearance. Mrs. McDowell expects to keep the dining room open as long as the patronage is sufficient to make it pay. There has always been a hotel dining room in Kendrick and there is no reason why it cannot be made to pay. It is up to the local people and the traveling public to support the hotel, as a town without a hotel hasn't much standing anywhere. There is a good territory for a hotel here, in fact until a comparatively recent date there have been two hotels here.

Harvesting Winter Wheat

A number of fields of winter wheat on Potlatch ridge are ready for the binder. In the Fairview neighborhood on the lower point of Potlatch ridge some grain has already been cut. By the first of next week there will be a number of binders in the field. The grain gives every indication of being a heavy crop. This is considerably earlier than usual to start harvesting but the hot weather lately has hastened the ripening of the grain.

Kendrick 6, Orofino 4

The Kendrick ball team took its third straight game from Orofino Sunday on the Orofino grounds, by a score of 6 to 4. It was a fast game from start to finish but Kendrick showed superior playing both at bat and in the field. Orofino used up three pitchers to ward off defeat but it proved a useless sacrifice.

Glenn Fleshman, Kendrick's regular pitcher, had an injured finger and was unable to handle his usual position, so he was put in the field and his place filled by Sparber, who pitched a dandy game and held his opponents to a few scattered hits. Another change in the lineup was Forest on third in Jack Fleshman's place.

Out of 11 games played this season Kendrick has won 9, which is a good record.

Kendrick News

20 Years Ago

Items Taken from Gazette Published in 1905

The first brick kiln of the season was opened by Joseph Frucht of the Kendrick brick yard Monday afternoon, the casing taken down and the dearth of brick is now a thing of the past. Mr. Frucht immediately started burning a kiln of 150,000 which he had dried and piled.

Andrew Lang and party returned Monday to their Cameron home after taking advantage of the \$10 excursion rates to the Portland fair.

J. W. Pireel of Leland now has on the Northern Pacific track at this place an electric traction engine which he will shortly start up the grade. The operation of this machine will be observed with interest by both farmers and implement men.

Frank Green, who recently purchased the Troy flour mill and warehouse of the Jolly Bros., has just closed a lease with the Vollmer-Clearwater Co. whereby the latter leases both the mill and warehouse and Mr. Green will be their agent at that point.

The Potlatch has had all the rain it wants, in fact if anything too much. While considerable fall sown wheat has fallen we do not think the damage is so far material, if dry weather will now prevail, so that the grain can ripen and be harvested.

Tomorrow, July 1, the patrons of the water system will be paying their rent to the village and not to the company. According to the agreement made the village is now the lessee and will receive all income, paying for this privilege \$50 a month.

D. F. Waltz and G. A. Smith are shipping considerable cherries these days and are securing good prices for them. Mr. Waltz has shipped over 300 boxes to Duluth, St. Paul and Montana points.

G. P. Barnum has been awarded the contract for the construction of a brick block 20 by 60, for E. P. Acheson, which, it is reported will be used for the postoffice by Postmaster Hamley who will move out of his present excellent and convenient quarters in the Kendrick State Bank block.

Passengers up the line this morning were Harry G. Stanton and Lottie J. Gibson and a glance at the records in Lewiston, the same were issued a marriage license Thursday. We understand they will be married in Troy this morning and then enjoy a two-weeks' trip to the Fair and other points.

McCrae Bros. & Co. last week sold to the Kochdale Co. about 7,000 pounds of binder twine. This is the largest single sale of binder twine ever made in Kendrick or vicinity.

Lats Wednesday week was raising day on American ridge, the neighbors assisting Messrs. Roberts and Benschoter in the erection of the frames of their barns, which were 48x50x20 and 36x48x20 feet respectively.

Kendrick Over The Top

The American Legion Endowment Drive went over the top in Kendrick on scheduled time, Wednesday. A. Wilmot conducted the drive here and raised Kendrick's quota of \$125 before the time limit. He wired to Moscow that Kendrick had raised her quota 10 minutes before the allotted time. The money raised here is part of a huge fund to be raised over the country for the care of the widows and orphans of the World War veterans.

THE KENDRICK GAZETTE

Published every Friday at Kendrick, Idaho, by

Ralph B. Knepper

Subscription price.....\$1.50

Entered at the post office at Kendrick as second class mail matter.

An editor asks if there was ever a husband who taught his wife how to swim after they were married.

The world moves faster all the time. A days trip by team is made in two hours by auto and a days trip by auto is made in two hours by aeroplane.

If the words of jazz song symbolize the music, just feature the "tune" to the song "I wish I could shimmy as my sister can".

While you are celebrating the glorious Fourth tomorrow, keep in mind this slogan, "Safety First."

A Kansas breeze: The peak of modesty was reached last week when a cow was seen wearing a brassier.

It is said that Charlie Chaplin's new son looks like his dad. When the nurse brought the infant in for inspection, Charlie bit his finger nails—they say from pure nervousness. But if we had a son that looked like Charlie, we would feel like biting something too.

We hope there will be a big delegation of Lewiston people at the celebration here tomorrow. Everyone who makes the trip will be a booster for a better road from Kendrick to Lewiston.

The sentiment toward railroad companies is gradually changing. It used to be that the public considered them their natural enemies and if they could beat the railroads out of anything it was legitimate business. In a public way the N. P. Railroad has done a great deal for Kendrick. The company paid \$7,000 in cash as its share of the street improvement in this town and in addition is paying other improvement taxes—all without a protest. The company is also furnishing the town with water for street sprinkling for 5 cents a tank of 500 gallons, which is probably less than it costs to pump the water. The company has met every request from this community.

A few nights ago Thomas Doversy, publisher of a newspaper at Kelso, Wash., was found dead upon the streets of that town. Investigation showed that he had been struck upon the head with a heavy instrument and also had been shot. Kelso is in the throes of a local political row in which Doversy played a part. He was known as a truthful writer—and he is dead. On this basis the editor of the Nampa Free Press, Self-Acknowledged paragon of journalistic probity, should be a splendid insurance risk.—Caldwell News.

Whether the theory of evolution is generally accepted or not nearly everyone has seen an innocent incident evolve on the tongues of gossip until it has destroyed a reputation.—Ex.

BIG BEAR RIDGE

Miss Mildred Kleth went to Orofino, Sunday, to spend a few days with her sister, Mrs. Dewitt Penland.

N. F. Ware left for Stayton, Oregon, Tuesday, being called there by the serious illness of his brother, Tom.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Munson and daughters, of Avon, were guests at the Ole Lien home last Wednesday.

Milo Shind and Adolph Forest were business visitors in Moscow, Saturday.

The Ladies Guild met at the home of Mrs. Fred Gladde, Wednesday afternoon.

Word has been received here of the marriage of Miss Nettie Lacy, a former teacher at Fancy, to Everett Stearns of Pomeroy, Wash.

Mr. and Mrs. Wade Kerne and children spent Saturday, at the Ira

Havens home on American ridge. Adolph Forest left Monday for an auto trip thru various places in Montana.

A few relatives and friends spent Sunday afternoon at the Aas home, helping Mr. Aas celebrate his birthday.

Miss Bertina and Joseph Forest were Troy visitors, Monday afternoon.

SOUTHWICK NEWS

The U. B. conference, held in Southwick, closed Sunday evening. There was a large attendance. Rev. George Calvert was assigned to the work here for the coming year.

Mrs. Hassinger of Gifford visited with her mother, Mrs. Wm. Berriman, last week.

Ben Presnal made a trip to Julietta, Tuesday.

Miss Mae Grant and brother of Rosslund, B. C. arrived Tuesday for a visit with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Ben McCoy.

Floyd Reecer was visiting friends around Southwick for a few days.

Frank Thornton and family left last Friday to attend the camp meeting at Colfax. They returned home Monday.

John Helton of California is visiting his father and other relatives for a few days.

Charlie Greenwood returned home from Camas, Wash., where he has been for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Thomas of Council Bluffs, Iowa, are visiting Mrs. Thomas' sister, Mrs. Wm. Whiting. This is the first time they have met for 39 years.

CRESCENT CLIPPINGS

Wm. Meyer and son, Frank, of Kendrick, spent a few days the first of the week on the homestead.

Several of the neighbors welcomed Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Brown, with cow bells, saws, hammers, etc, Tuesday evening. Mrs. Brown is better known in this community as Josie Cramer. The folks here all wish them a long and happy life.

Mrs. George Christensen and children spent Friday at the Axel Ekman place picking gooseberries.

Mrs. Mike Forest and daughters were Southwick visitors, Friday.

A. Dorendorf and son, Bill, who are home from the mines for a while, have been helping F. Keiche this week.

Wm. Kauder, Percy Kew and Fred Cowger have been helping John Darby put shakes on the barn and assisting with the haying.

Elmer Souders is helping Mr. Paris put up his hay.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Kew and family spent Sunday at the Ekman home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kauder, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brown, and Alice Cramer spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Southwick at Lenore.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carey, Jr., Burton Souders, Marion Helton and son, John, who have recently returned from California, visited at the Frank Souders home Friday evening.

Mrs. Ed Darby and daughters spent Monday night at the John Darby home.

Frank Souders left Tuesday morning for Lenore to help Mr. Clinin get ready for threshing.

According to the rumors afloat, we'll be hearing wedding bells in this community most any day now.

E. A. Cole went down on the river on business the last of the week. This neighbourhood appreciates the fact that he keeps the cattle back in the woods instead of allowing them in our grain or door-yards.

STONY POINT

Wm. Evans spent the week end at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Ike Steensma.

Miss Marazret Moore of Clarkston is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. M. H. Mayfield.

Clarence Dygert finished binding a field of ripe wheat, Tuesday. The wheat was fall sown, Forty-fold variety and is very good.

Lloyd Eckman and children spent Sunday at the Albert Beckman home.

Willard Cargill came up Tuesday to work for Leonard Fairfield.

Mrs. Max Rietz and children of Moscow are visiting this week at the Ike Steensma home.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dygert and children and Clarence Dygert were Sunday visitors at the home of Francis Sweeney near Genesee.

Mr. and Mrs. Vance Carlton of California are visiting relatives here.

Frank Fairfield of Bear ridge spent Sunday at the home of his brother, Leonard.

Bill Schetzle took a load of roosters to town, Tuesday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jess Cox,

Monday, a fine baby girl. Mrs. Cox is at the Gritman hospital at Moscow and is reported to be getting along fine.

Gaining Knowledge

An ancient philosopher insisted that man's first duty to himself was to know himself. The best way he can gain an estimation of himself is to know something about the aims and ambitions, the joys and sorrows, the trials and triumphs of other men. Knowing them he can better know himself.—Grit.

Progress of Civilization

It is related that the first table fork was brought to America in 1633. Now we have so many we don't know what they're for.—Toledo Blade.



Miss Laura LaPlante, one of the prettiest and most clever actresses on the screen, who appears at the New Kendrick Theatre, tonight and part of tomorrow, as the leading lady in "Ride For Your Life."

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Sunday school and preaching service in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning. Subject of Sermon, "Swifter than a Weaver's Shuttle."

A hearty welcome extended to all. H. A. Vicker, minister.

METHODIST CHURCH NOTICE

Sunday, July 5, 1925 KENDRICK

10:00 a. m. Sunday school 7:00 p. m. Senior and Intermediate Leagues in Epworth Hall.

8:00 p. m. Evening Worship Sermon by Joy Bell

Wednesday 8:00 p. m. Mid-week Prayer meeting

8:00 p. m. Every Friday, children's bible study and prayer meeting.

On July 4th a cordial welcome will be given the public at the Rest Room in Epworth Hall of the Methodist church. Come and spread your lunch on the tables, rest in easy chairs, drink ice water and feel at home. AMERICAN RIDGE

10:00 a. m. Sunday School A good attendance is desired. 11:00 a. m. Morning Worship Sermon by Joy Bell

EMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH

Cameron, Idaho, Rev. Edward A. Rein, Pastor

Church services 10:30 a. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Luther League 2nd Wednesday in the month.

Ladies Aid 1st Wednesday in month Church Council 1st Monday in month Come and worship with us.

METHODIST CHURCH BULLETIN

Leland, Idaho

Sunday School 10:00 A. M. Preaching 11:00 A. M.

Epworth League devotional meeting at 7 P. M.

To these services the public is cordially invited.

Rev. C. J. Taber, Pastor

Rats!

If you suspect rats of visiting your cellar, strew it with chloride of lime. This will usually drive the rodents away.

Justice Came Too Late

Twelve years after he had been beheaded for cowardice and treason Thomas Arthur Lally, Baron de Tolendal, Count de Lally, was cleared of the charge by Louis XVI, who declared Lally guiltless.

Try Our

Hot Lunches

Something good for you every day.

Pastry, Confectionery, Popcorn, Cigars, Tobacco

Use our Rest Room

John's Confectionery

Wm. H. Meyer

Blacksmithing, Wagon Work and Horseshoeing

All Work Guaranteed

General Blacksmithing

Wagon and Carriage Shop Repairing of all Kinds Neatly Done

All Work Guaranteed

Frank Crocker

STOP THAT ITCH

Caused by Moth or Ivy Poisoning and Sunburn

Renall

GYPSY CREAM

Will Give You Quick Relief



An antiseptic lotion which has had extensive use and given the most satisfactory results—easily applied. Try it as a relief for Heat Rash, Sunburn, Windburn, and Ivy or Oak poisoning.

Red

Cross Pharmacy

The Renall Store

Kendrick, Idaho



at

KENDRICK

Tomorrow

A Big Time For Everybody.

Something Doing Every Minute.

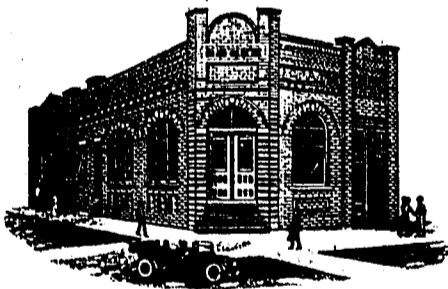
Ladies use our Rest Room.

Plenty of ice cold water to drink.

N. B. LONG & SONS

"The Home of Good Things to Eat and Wear"

KENDRICK STATE BANK



A GOOD HABIT

The person, who, early in life, acquired the habit of saving, is the person today who can rightfully enjoy the opportunities of the present.

The world is full of people who are "wishing" for things which they would have been able to possess had they practised "Saving" and accumulated a nest egg.

A sacrifice now will reward you a hundred fold a few years hence. Cultivate the saving habit—it is a good one, one that will enable you to enjoy prosperity during the coming years.

Prepare to face the future with a REALITY rather than just a HOPE.

Open an account today.

Kendrick State Bank

Martin V. Thomas, Pres. K. D. Ingle, Vice-Pres. A. H. Daubenberg, Cashier E. H. Emery, Asst. Cashier

From Two Cities of California



Miss Edythe Flynn, who will be "Miss San Francisco," and Miss Sibyl Grimes, who will be "Miss Berkeley," representing these California cities in the beauty pageant at Atlantic City.

Choice of Tractor Depends on Needs

Several Suggestions Made to Use as a Guide.

Before buying a tractor most farmers want to know what kind will meet the need of their farms. Because of frequent requests from farmers for help in this matter the engineering staff at the New Jersey State College of Agriculture, New Brunswick, has drawn up a group of suggestions which may be used as a guide to prospective buyers.

1. Choose from the ranks of those which have been tried by years of use, from the manufacturer who has a local representative with a stock of repair parts near at hand.
2. A reasonable amount of service should go with a machine of this type. See if your agent is in the habit of following up his sales to see that he has satisfied customers.
3. A belt pulley controlled by a friction clutch is usually desired. Study the size and location of this pulley.
4. A mechanical governor is very desirable for belt work.
5. At the present price of gasoline it is economical to have a tractor that will operate successfully on kerosene at any load.
6. An air cleaner is essential to long life of the engine if used in dusty fields.
7. A magneto with an impulse starter provides as nearly as possible sure ignition and ease and safety in cranking.
8. It is very important to see that the tractor hitch and implement hitch are suited to each other in height and lateral adjustment.
9. Most working parts should be enclosed, and run in oil.
10. A tractor pulling a two-bottom plow would suit most New Jersey farms on which a tractor can be profitably used. Some might need a three-bottom outfit. Only a few would require a larger one.

"Flushing" Recommended for the Breeding Ewes

Preparation for breeding is the beginning of the direct work for the harvest of lambs hoped for the next spring. The period of gestation in sheep is 147 to 150 days. The mating, therefore, should begin practically five months before the first lambs are wanted. The ewes should be gaining in condition at the time of mating. Such a condition will cause more of the ewes to come in heat quickly and to settle at the first mating, as well as a larger number of twin lambs. Changing the ewes to especially good pasture or giving a little extra feed beginning ten days before the breeding season, will serve to bring about this desired condition. This extra feeding whether from extra pasture or additional feed given, is called "flushing." It has been recommended and followed by successful shepherds for generations and carefully controlled experiments have proved that good results do follow the practice. Trim off the excess wool around dock of all ewes. Neglecting to do this is often the cause of many ewes failing to get with lamb.

Rape on Sour Soils

When land is too sour to grow clover or alfalfa, one of the best forage crops for hogs that can be grown is rape. While rape will grow on poor sour soils, it will not grow as much forage as it will on good sweet rich land; but it will most likely pay to grow some of it for hogs. It would probably make more growth if you would plow the land first, and then

work it down well with a disk before sowing the rape.

Clover Improves Soil

Sweet clover is a very good crop to improve the land. That is, where sweet clover grows well. It will not do well on acid or sour soil unless the soil is limed. Better crops of grain or corn can be expected after a good crop of sweet clover. It is not difficult to get rid of sweet clover. Buckwheat is a good crop to plow under to improve the soil, but not nearly so good as sweet clover because it is not a legume.

Clean Land for Alfalfa

Plant alfalfa on clean, cultivated land. This means corn or potato land. A clean firm, moist seedbed is essential to success, and clean corn or potato land gives these essentials in a practical way. Fall-plowed grain-stubble land, well firmed in the spring, can be made into a good seedbed for alfalfa. Spring-plowed stubble land is the last choice. If it is necessary to use such land, plow early, pack well, and seed a little later than usual.

Hogging Off Barley

While there would be some waste in hogging off barley and while the hogs would not make as efficient use of it as they would if it were harvested, threshed and ground, the time saved in getting the cheaper feed, and the labor and expense of harvesting saved, probably would make up for any waste and loss from this method of feeding. This, of course, applies only to the small patch grown for early feed.

Pears Gaining in Favor

Pears are now a year-around fruit in the market and growing slowly in favor as a fresh fruit while their popularity as a canned fruit for use in various desserts is increasing steadily. The pear has an interesting history as it invaded the United States from the northeast and southwest corners of the country in the days of the early settlers.

Get Chicks on Ground

Get the chicks out on the ground as soon as you can. Even while the weather is cool, let them have access to the grass and ground, but provide a runway so they can hurry back to the brooder stove when they get cold. Chicks will come to the heat when necessary if the runway is opened for them.

Collecting Broomsticks

This is a good time to start collecting broomsticks from all your neighbors. They are ideal stakes for heavy-growing plants. Grab anything that looks like a neat stake and store it for stakes never come amiss in the growing season and usually there is a dearth of them when they are most needed. Stout stakes for tomatoes will be needed.

Well made soy bean hay has about the same feeding value as alfalfa hay and one or the other should be used whenever possible.

By scientific seed breeding and selection the returns of the farmer's investment and expense can be increased more than in any other way. Much has already been accomplished.

The crop season usually demands more time than is available. Farm labor can be utilized best when definite plans are made for its use. A definite plan should be in mind for the work to be done on rainy days or during wet weather.

FARM POULTRY

CHARACTERISTICS OF NON-LAYING CHICKEN

August and September are the best months in which to cull flocks. Hens that have the characteristics of good layers and that are laying in August and September have been invariably the best producers throughout the year. In order to cull a flock properly it is necessary to handle each hen and put her through some tests such as the following, suggested by G. A. Schmidt, Colorado Agricultural college.

One of the outstanding characteristics of a non-laying hen of the yellow-skinned varieties is the deep yellow color found on the shanks, on the beak, around the vent, around the inner edge of the eyelids and on the ears of the white-lobed varieties. When these hens are laying, this yellow pigment is all needed to form the egg yolk and none is deposited on the body, and consequently the parts just enumerated are faded or whitish in color.

The pelvic or pin bones of non-layers are thick, curved in and close together. On laying hens they are thin, straight, flexible and wide apart, three fingers' breadths or more. Measure each hen for this distance between the pin bones when culling.

When a hen is laying heavily her body is deep, a condition brought on by the enlarged intestines and egg mass. This depth of body is measured from the pin bones to the end of the keel and a good layer shows a depth of more than four finger breadths from the pin bones to the keel. Test each hen for this depth.

Non-layers generally have a firm, drawn-up, meaty or fleshy abdomen and differ from high producers such as a fat beef cow differs from a good dairy cow. Feel the abdomen of each hen.

The vent of a good laying hen is large, open and moist, while that of a non-layer is small, closed, puckered and dry. Look at the vent of each hen when you handle.

The comb of the non-laying hen is dry, pale, hard, and often covered with small scales. On a laying hen it is red, soft and larger. Look at the combs and feel them.

Contrary to popular opinion the early molting hen should be culled. Under normal conditions, hens that molt early are not very high producers. The early molter is much like the cow that goes dry three months too soon. Mark the hens that start molting first and get rid of them.

At all times cull all sickly, inactive hens. Good layers are active healthy birds always looking for something to eat. In careful culling all the factors mentioned should be considered and only the best birds held over the winter for breeding. If flocks are carefully culled each year, and if the birds are given good care egg production can be considerably increased.

Fattening Broilers in Crates Is Best Plan

Best results in fattening broilers can only be reached by feeding them in confinement, and for this purpose special fattening crates, or at least a small brooder house or room, should be used. Groups of not over 50 birds to a house or six or eight to the crate should be used. After confining the birds, do not feed them for 24 hours, and then feed a mash twice a day in troughs and all they will eat in 30 minutes. No water should be necessary, as the mash is to be fed wet. A good and simple fattening ration would consist of 20 pounds of yellow cornmeal, 10 pounds of wheat middlings or shorts, 10 pounds of fine ground oats and 10 gallons of buttermilk. Mix the mash and milk the day before it is to be used and let it sour. Market after ten days or two weeks of this feeding.

Toe-Picking Habit Will Develop in Crowded Pen

Toe-picking among chicks is apt to develop when the quarters of the birds are crowded or when there is not enough animal protein in the ration. The constant picking at the toes finally causes the blood to flow and as this proves palatable it leads to cannibalism. This is difficult to check and often causes serious loss.

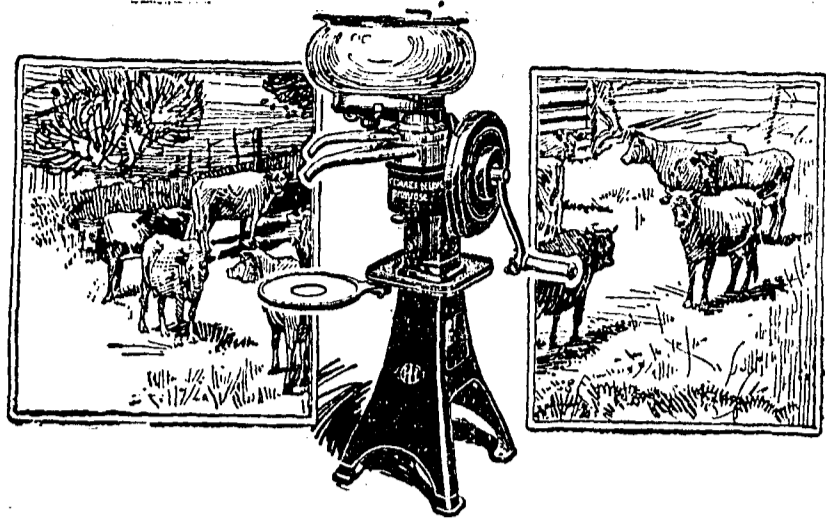
When this trouble is discovered both roomier quarters and more animal protein should be provided. The chicks with bleeding toes should be removed and kept separate until the toes are well healed.

It is well to keep the chicks occupied by hanging vegetables and bones with shreds of meat attached by a string at a height which will cause them to jump in order to reach these products.

Market Cockerels

All cockerels raised each season except those selected to keep for breeders should be eaten, canned or marketed just as soon as they are large enough. If the chicks are hatched early the cockerels should reach broiler size in June or July. Cockerels saved for breeders should be vigorous, strong, active and alert, and those that have grown most rapidly and are the best developed. If a bird does not possess these qualities he will not make a good breeder.

Let This Thrifty Cream Separator Guard Your Cream Checks



"Our cream checks have increased on an average of \$2.30 per week," writes one recent McCormick-Deering Primrose purchaser who milks but 3 cows. His experience is typical. Think of it. The machine pays for itself in the butterfat it actually saves for you.

The McCormick-Deering Primrose Runs On Ball Bearings!

There is no other cream separator like it --- we are glad to be able to offer it to you on such convenient terms. Say the word and we'll set up a machine on your farm tomorrow. We stand back of it.

12 Full Months to Pay

Kendrick Hardware Company

Furniture

"Try Kendrick First"

Brunswicks

White Leghorn Is Most Satisfactory for Eggs

The White Leghorns seem to be the most satisfactory breed for commercial egg production. When both eggs and meat are desired it pays to keep one of the general-purpose breeds, like Barred Plymouth Rocks, Rhode Island Reds or White Wyandottes. This brief list does not mention all the breeds that are good for egg production or for egg and meat production. It is the individuals in a breed and not the breed name that determines the profits from a flock of poultry.

If the hens that lay white eggs and the hens that lay brown eggs are managed the same, I think there is very little, if any, difference in the quality of the contents. I have heard owners of the brown breeds say that their eggs seemed to look richer and probably contained more food value than white-shelled eggs, but scientific investigation seems to indicate that the eggs of the same weight are about equal in food value regardless of the color of the shell.

It is often found that White Leghorn eggs will hatch a larger per cent of chicks than some brown egg breeds. I think the vigor of the stock is of more importance than the color of the egg in determining hatchability.

Ventilation Necessary for the Brooder House

Brooding houses should have enough ventilation to prevent stuffiness or any smell of gas from the heater, but as they must be kept at the proper temperature, too much ventilation in cold, stormy weather will be injurious. The usual method of ventilation is by lowering the windows at the front and opening small openings at the back under the rafters. Such methods naturally require pretty careful watching in cold weather. In some cases the fresh air is brought in through a floor duct and admitted under the center of the brooder, the impure air escaping at top of windows or by an opening under the rafters at the back. In any case, the openings must be provided with dampers so the ventilation can be controlled.

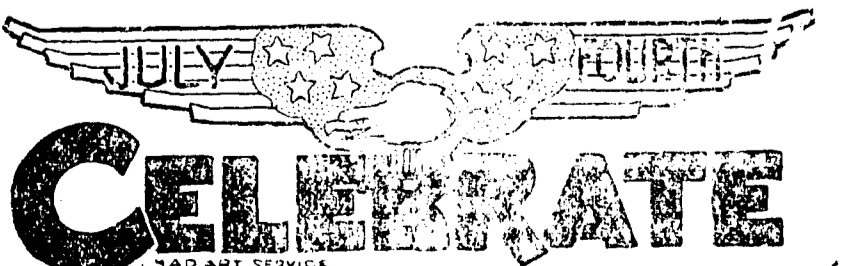
Great as Soil Builder

Alfalfa stands in the front ranks among the crops which build up the fertility of the soil. Farmers who have grown it report that they get much higher yields of grain and other crops on land which has been in alfalfa than on land where no leguminous crop has been grown. In the farming sections where no lime needs to be added to the soil and it is easy to get a stand, alfalfa may readily be made part of a definite system of crop rotation.

Cooper Bros. TRAINED ANIMAL Shows Kendrick, Idaho Wednesday, July 15



All kinds of Trained Wild and Domestic Animals
50 World's Greatest Lady and Men Performers 50
Lot of Funny Clowns Bands of Music
Monster Wild West with West's Greatest Ropers, Bucking Horse Riders, Bulldoggers, etc.
NOTE: Bring in your bucking horses and the Cowboys will ride them at every performance.
2 PERFORMANCES DAILY 2
Afternoon at 2 p. m. Night at 8 p. m.
Big Free Street Parade at 1 p. m.



Professional Cards

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ATTORNEY
Moscow, Idaho

Kendrick Barber Shop
BATHS
Agency for Moscow Steam Laundry
All kinds of cleaning and pressing.

W. B. BYRUM

Bees Studied on Delaware Coast

Carefully Planned Experiment Will Be Conducted to Solve Problems.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
How far will a honey bee fly from the hive for food? What is the economic limit to the distance the insect can travel for raw material? By what means does it find new fields of nectar-yielding flowers? These are a few of the time-worn questions which will be studied intensively by the United States Department of Agriculture. A carefully planned experiment will be conducted on the coast of Delaware, in a region having no nectar-secreting flora. The office of bee culture investigations of the bureau of entomology announces that one of the principal objects of the work is to determine the effect various weather conditions have on the flight activities of bees.

Flight Readily Controlled.
As the countryside has no flowers that will divert the attention of the bees, their flight can be readily controlled by the placing of supplies of artificial food. This "honey" flow will be kept constant and as a result any variation in the flight activities will be caused primarily by prevailing weather conditions. Automatic feeders containing sugar solution of known specific gravity will at first be placed at distances from the hives varying from one-eighth of a mile to three miles. There will be ten colonies of Italian bees, each colony on a scale so that variations in the weight may be studied. Records will be made of the increases in weight during the day to learn the hour to hour variation in the honey income. Records of loss of weight by evaporation at night will give information on the "ripening" of honey.

Move Feeders Gradually.
The feeders will gradually be moved to greater distances from the colonies to determine the limit of flight from the effect of distance on the production of honey—an economic factor from the standpoint of the bees and also from that of the beekeeper. Some feeders loaded with sirup will be placed in new and secluded places to determine if possible the methods followed by the bee in searching for new sources and the time taken to find them.

These and other obscure factors concerning the behavior of bees puzzling to beekeepers since antiquity, if solved will prove of much benefit to the industry.

Guard Against Bloating With Sheep on Pasture

It is necessary, of course, to guard against bloating when sheep are pastured on rape. The flock should be introduced gradually to the succulent forage, by first turning them on it when they are rather well filled up with dry hay. For the first few days the sheep or lambs should be left in the rape patch but a short time. After they become accustomed they will pasture it without danger except when the leaves are wet, in which case it is best to keep the flock out of the field until the plants are dry. Immature rape sometimes causes scours in lambs. It is best turned in upon when eight to ten inches high.

FARM FACTS

- Keep salt before sheep at all times.
- Get grain harvesting machinery in shape.
- Do not fail to plant soy beans for hog pasture.
- Even three-leaf clover brings good luck if you have plenty of it.
- The heaviest taxes the farmer has to pay are the ones levied by his own slackness.
- Much of the winter killing of clover can be avoided by sowing native red clover seed only.
- All good saw handles are made of apple wood, because it does not break if a saw is dropped.
- Flowers bring more real joy in relation to the work spent on them than any other thing you plant.
- The main purpose of the farm bureau movement is to carry on an educational program of self-help.
- Nicotine dust made with five parts of nicotine sulphate and 95 parts of hydrated lime will get the plant aphids.
- The creosoted posts undoubtedly will last longer than ordinary posts. They do not harbor insects, diseases, or mice, and so far as known they do not injure the plants.
- Milk is coming into its own. Per capita consumption increased seven quarts during the past year, figures from the United States Department of Agriculture indicate.
- It will cost less for a farmer to help a neighbor rid his fields of chinch bugs than to combat them himself when they cross his property line, says the United States Department of Agriculture. Wheat fields developing infestation should be sprayed in June, and co-operation helps.

Weeds Rob Gardens of Food and Water

Plants Should Be Controlled for Good Crop.

Weeds are persevering thieves. They are at work continuously and rob the garden of sunlight, plant food and moisture which are most essential to the growth of cultivated vegetables. They should be controlled to have a successful garden.

"Succulent, tender vegetables can be grown only in the presence of the maximum amount of moisture, light and plant food," says Glenn O. Randall, extension horticulturist for the North Carolina State college extension service. "For the home gardener to get the most profitable returns from his efforts, therefore, he must make these conditions favorable and he certainly should not allow weeds to take charge.

"Many gardeners allow their enthusiasm for the plot to lug when the weather gets hot and the weeds begin to grow. It is possible to have plenty of vegetables in mid-summer and late in the season but the weeds must be controlled. This can be done if the garden is laid out in long rows with plenty of space between each row so that horse cultivation may be given. If the area is too small for regular plowing, use the wheel hoe and then a large amount of hand hoeing may be eliminated.

"The destruction of weeds is the most important object of cultivation—more important than maintaining a mulch. This has been proven by several experiments, notably one with corn which showed, as a result of sixteen tests, that killing weeds produced a gain of 17.1 bushels per acre. However, vegetable crops are benefited by frequent, shallow cultivation and when this is done so as to keep the weeds in check, the garden will be most profitable. It costs money to neglect the home garden."

Average Cost of Pig at Weaning Time Will Vary

Records kept by Pennsylvania farmers show that during the past three years the average cost of a pig at weaning time has varied from \$4.06 to \$5.75. Twelve Lancaster county (Pennsylvania) farmers kept cost of production records for 43 sows in co-operation with the extension department of the Pennsylvania State college. The sows averaged slightly more than nine pigs each in farrowing and raised slightly under seven each. Costs on the fall pigs were lighter than on spring-farrowed pigs. For the three seasons of 1921, 1922 and 1923, the costs on fall pigs were \$4.48, \$4.06 and \$4.57. For the spring seasons of 1922 and 1923 the costs were \$5.06 and \$5.75 per pig.

As a result of the study the Pennsylvania extension department issues the following summary of the cost of caring for a brood sow raising 7.3 pigs to weaning age:

Feeding	\$19.66
Labor (15.18 hours)	4.55
Bedding	.42
Breeding	3.74
Pasture	2.35
Cash expense	.75
Equipment	.49
Interest	2.28
Total	\$34.15
Credits—manure	1.00
Net cost	\$33.15

Substitute for Pasture

The silo is the best known substitute for pasture, and where land is valued at more than \$100 per acre, very few acres should be devoted to pasture, for this same land put into good corn and that put in the silo would produce six to seven times more feed than if it is left in pasture, writes A. L. Haecker in the Iowa Homestead. From my experience I would prefer a silo in summer to one in winter! I could have but one, but a winter and summer silo makes on the average stock farm by far the most economic feeding arrangement.

Plan for Docking Lambs


All lambs should be docked at one to two weeks old. Docking is best done with a heated pair of pliers, or it may be done with a sharp knife and the wound disinfected with a mild disinfectant solution. Rain lambs that are to be marketed as feeder or fat lambs should be castrated at three to six weeks old. They should not be allowed to go longer than this or there may be some loss as a result of castration.

Plan to Destroy Lice

A simple plan to destroy lice that has been used for years with the best of success is to soak a pack of tobacco stems in a barrel of cold soft water for a few days. With this solution wash the animals affected with lice thoroughly all over and about two or three days later repeat the dose all over again. It is very seldom that two doses do not cleanse the animal of lice completely. Use cold water to soak the stems.

Raising Lambs for Market

Whether it is best to have the lambs come early or late will depend upon circumstances and conditions. The man who raises pure-bred sheep to sell as breeding stock will almost always find the early lambs more profitable on account of greater size. In producing market lambs there are some advantages in the early lamb. On the other hand, there are some things in favor of having them dropped later when the ewes are on pasture.



Special Summer Fares

Take Your Vacation Trip While the Cost is Low!

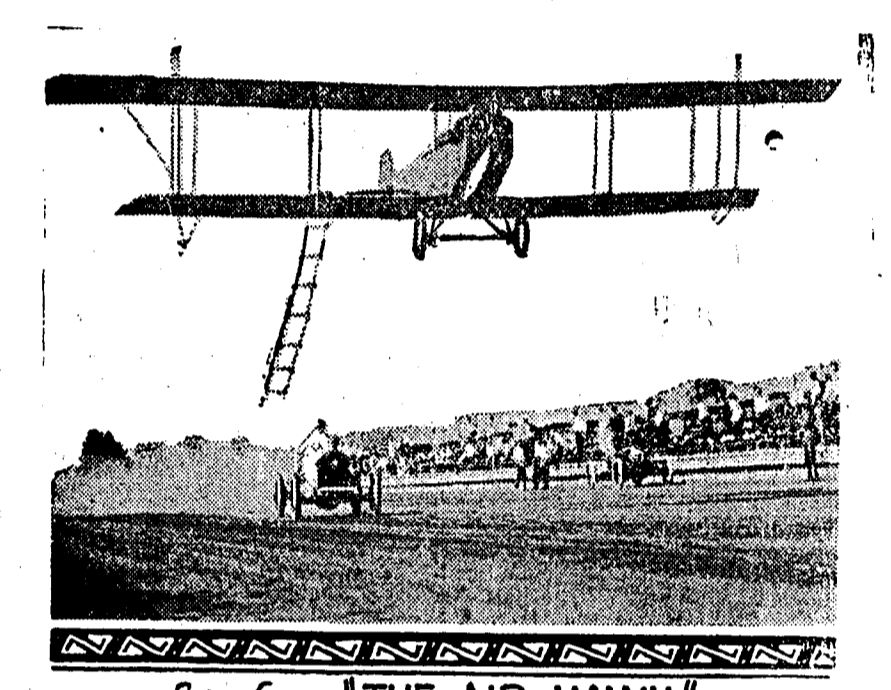
Round Trip Fare From Kendrick

to

Yellowstone Park	--- \$29.40
Minneapolis-St. Paul	--- \$67.00
Duluth-Superior	--- \$67.00
Chicago	----- \$81.00
New York	----- \$142.40
Washington	----- \$136.56

R. H. Ramoy, Agent
Kendrick, Idaho

N. P. Ry. Send me information on _____
Name _____
Address _____
Mail to Nearest Northern Pacific Agent



Scene from "THE AIR HAWK"
The thrilling drama which will be shown at the New Kendrick Theatre tomorrow night, July 4th.

Airplane Dusting for Large Orchards

Peach Is Latest Crop to Receive Attention.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
The commercial peach orchard is the latest crop to receive treatment by the airplane dusting method for controlling insect pests. According to a report received by the bureau of entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture from its field station at Fort Valley, Ga., this process was tried for the first time in March of this year. Airplane dusting for cotton fields has been a demonstrated success, and the outcome of this type of control for insects affecting peach trees will be awaited with interest.

It took an hour and fifty-five minutes to dust 10,000 peach trees with a mixture of arsenate of lead and hydrated lime. The time recorded included all trips to the landing field to refill the hopper. For several months the bureau representatives at the Fort Valley laboratory have been giving attention to the perfection of the technique for using airplanes in this way, with the co-operation of those who have had previous experience in the work at the boll weevil laboratory at Tallulah, La. It has been necessary to make adjustments of the feeding mechanism of the planes so that the heavy dust used for peach insect control work would be evenly distributed. A thousand acres of peach trees in Georgia will be treated by airplane during the season, under the supervision of the Fort Valley laboratory. It is expected that this work will yield valuable data on the results, cost of operation, and other points.

Activity in Live Stock Improvement Operations

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
In a report on live stock improvement under the better-sires plan, just issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, California receives mention among the states noticeably active in such work. The principal other states, mostly in the central west and east, are: Kentucky, Ohio, Nebraska, Vermont, South Carolina, Oklahoma, New York and Pennsylvania.

Horse-Radish Thrives on Soil of Medium Texture

Horse-radish, like other root crops, will thrive on a soil of medium texture. Either a loam or a silty clay loam containing a good supply of organic matter and plant-food will give good yields. On a moist, but not wet, soil, the roots will develop to a good size and be of fine quality, while on a dry location they will be small and woody, and will lack to a large degree the characteristic sharpness. An ideal soil is one which is free from large stones, which can be easily cultivated, and which reaches to a depth of 10 to 15 inches, underlaid by a clay subsoil. These conditions make possible a check in the growth of the roots when they reach the subsoil, while on lighter soils the roots often grow to a depth of four to five feet, which is very undesirable.

FARM FACTS

- Evergreens should be moved just before the buds start.
- Most cream separators will do much better job of skimming the milk when it is warm.
- As a soil provider sweet clover is excellent both on dry land and irrigated lands.
- Dig out the barberries, roots and all. Dig them carefully and watch for sprouts for several years.
- Curing of clover hay is more difficult at the full-bloom stage because of the higher natural moisture it then contains.
- The production of good clean cream is the most important step in the manufacture of high-class country butter.
- Spray the currant bushes early for plant lice. They are nurseries for them and the lettuce will be next on the list and then the green peas.



We can sell you a car or anything you need for your car. If you want a Ford, Overland or Chevrolet, we can sell you one.

Fisk and Goodyear Tires
They are standard the world over. Our prices are right.

We Burn Out the Carbon
Keep your engine clean by having the carbon burned out. It increases the power of your motor.
First Class Work Guaranteed

Kendrick Garage Company
Deobald Bros. Props


Hot Weather is Here

Now is the time to stop here and order a heaping dish of Purity Ice Cream. Absolutely the best ice cream made. Pure and wholesome, it is the ideal summer sweet—for it cools as it pleases, with a variety of flavors to meet every taste.

It's a wonderful desert for any meal during this hot weather.

Lunches Served at ALL Hours

Perryman's Confectionery



Which Costs More To Have Hail Insurance and not need it, or To Need Hail Insurance and not have it?

You cannot prevent hail, but you can protect yourself against loss by a Home Insurance Company policy, whose policies mean absolute protection, with prompt and just settlements of all losses.

Give to your crop this year the same care and protection against a loss by hail that you give in working your ground and preparing it to produce a crop. It is good business.

Let us write you up today.

THE FARMERS BANK
Kendrick, Idaho

McDowell's Confectionery
(The old Midget Cafe)
Sandwiches
Doughnuts, Maple Sticks,
Cinnamon Rolls,
Pies—all home made
Coffee
When you want a lunch,
drop in.

WANTED
Cattle, hogs and sheep
Hides and Wool.
Call
Holbrook & Emmett

J. J. PICKERD
Licensed Embalmer
and Undertaker
Auto Equipment. Lady attend-
ant. - Stock of goods in Kend-
rick. Phone 462K, or 376
Troy, or see
G. F. WALKER

Draying
Residence Phone 654
Kendrick Dray and Ice
Frank Boyd, Prop.

G. F. Walker
Real Estate
And
Insurance
Kendrick, Idaho

Right Now!
Bring in your time pieces
and have them cleaned or re-
paired. My work is right—ask
your neighbor. Reprising with
a guarantee that means some-
thing.
L. S. LaHatt
Jeweler

Lodge stationery attractively
printed at the Gazette office. **tf**



Thrifty people are begin-
ning to learn that shoes will
give much longer service if
they are promptly repaired
when they become worn.
N. E. WALKER
Boot and Shoe Garage

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS
is often caused by an inflamed condition
of the mucous lining of the Eustachian
tube. When this tube is inflamed you
have a rumbling sound or imperfect
hearing. Unless the inflammation can
be reduced, your hearing may be de-
stroyed forever.
HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will
do what we claim for it—rid your system
of Catarrh or Deafness caused by
Catarrh. **HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE**
has been successful in the treatment of
Catarrh for over Forty Years.
Sold by all druggists.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Local Ads

5% MONEY TO LOAN 5%
We have money to loan
on improved farm property
for 5-7-10 or 20 years at
5 per cent plus usual ex-
pense.
Veatoh Realty Company
Moscow, Idaho.

FOR SALE: Young team, sound
and true, weight 3500, for good
light touring car. Inquire Gazette,
17-1f

Will buy, sell or trade: all
kinds of livestock including fat
stock for market, **Claud Craig**
Leland. 19-1f

For Sale: 4 good tires and
tubes, size 31x4. Inquire Gazette
office. 25-1f

FOR SALE: Second hand mower
in good condition. All worn parts
replaced. **Meyers Blacksmith Shop,**
Kendrick. 23-1f

For Sale: Rough lumber \$15 a
thousand; planed lumber to your
order. **Betts Bros. Southwick.**
26-2p

FOR SALE: 15 brood sows, will
all farrow soon. **J. L. Johnson,**
Kendrick. 26-2t

FOR SALE: Complete threshing
outfit in good condition, consisting
of 15 h. p. Case engine, 28 inch
Case separator and steel tank on
steel truck, nearly new, all belting.
Will sell cheap if taken soon. Other
business takes my time. Enquire
of **John Lind, Lenore, Idaho** or the
Kendrick State Bank. 26-1p.

FOR SALE: My five room mod-
ern house, full basement, hardwood
floors, good plumbing, sleeping
porch, nice yard, splendid location.
Cheap for cash or will take small
payment, balance same as rent. Am
leaving Kendrick and must sell.
This requires quick action. **M. B.**
McConnell. 26-1f

Wanted to buy: \$1,000 worth
of Liberty Bonds, at par. Inquire
Gazette office. 26-1t

NOTICE OF SALE OF COUNTY PROPERTY

Notice is hereby given that in,
under and by virtue of a resolution
and order of sale made by the Board
of County Commissioners of Latah
County, Idaho, on Thursday, the 2nd
day of July, A. D. 1925, the herein-
after described personal property
will be sold by the Sheriff of Latah
County, State of Idaho, on Satur-
day, the 1st day of August, A. D.
1925, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m.
of said day, or at such time or on
the day to which the sale may be
postponed or adjourned, to the
highest and best bidders for cash,
which property is described as fol-
lows, to-wit:

One Rock Crusher
One Case Tractor.
The Board reserves the right to
reject any and all bids at the sale
above mentioned.

Dated at Moscow, Idaho, this 2nd
day of July, A. D. 1925.
HARRY A. THATCHER,
Clerk, Board of County Commis-
sioners, Latah County, Idaho. 27-5t

SUMMONS

In the District Court, Second Judi-
cial District of the State of Idaho,
in and for the County of Latah.
MARY HUNTER OVERBY,
Plaintiff, vs
ASA OVERBY, Defendant.
The state of Idaho sends greeting
to **ASA OVERBY,** the above named
defendant.
You are hereby notified that a
complaint has been filed against you
in the District Court of the Second
Judicial District of the state of Idaho,
in and for the County of Latah, by
the above named plaintiff, of the
nature in general terms as follows:
To secure a decree of divorce from
the above named defendant on the
grounds of desertion alleged to have
taken place between during the fall
of the year 1910 and on the ground
of nonsupport alleged to have been
commenced on or about the month of
November, 1910, and both of which
said acts are alleged to have contin-
ued without interruption up to and
including the date hereof.
And you are hereby directed to
appear and answer the said complaint
within 20 days of the service of this
summons, if served within said Judi-
cial District, and within forty days
if served elsewhere. And you are
further notified that unless you so
appear and answer said complaint with-
in the time herein specified, the plain-
tiff will take judgment against you
as prayed in said complaint.
Witness my hand and seal of the
District Court of the Second Judicial
District of the State of Idaho, in and
for Latah County, this 29th day of
June A. D. 1925.
(SEAL)
HARRY A. THATCHER, Clerk,
By **ADRAIN NELSON,** Deputy.
F. C. KEANE,
Residence Moscow, Idaho.
Attorney for Plaintiff. 27-5t

Value of Crops and Live Stock

Weighted Prices Have Been Used in Estimating Worth of Product.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
The combined value of crop and live stock production in the United States last year was \$12,404,000,000, which was \$56,000,000 more than in 1923 when the total value was \$12,348,000,000, according to estimates by the United States Department of Agriculture.
The higher figures for last year are due to the increased value of crops over the preceding year, inasmuch as the value of live stock production shows a decline.
Crop production had a farm value of \$11,404,000,000 compared with \$10,401,000,000 in 1923, but of this value some \$4,951,000,000 worth of crops were fed to live stock whereas in 1923 the value of crops fed to live stock was \$4,256,000,000.
Live stock and live stock products are given a farm value of \$7,351,000,000 compared with \$6,233,000,000 the preceding year, nearly all animal products having decreased in value.
Weighted prices have been used in estimating the value of nearly every crop and animal product, so that the figures are more nearly representative of the prices that farmers received than in previous years when the figures were based mostly on December 1 prices. The department points out also that the gross value of either crops or animal products last year was exceeded only in the years 1917 to 1920 inclusive.
The value of the cereal crops in 1924 was \$5,220,000,000 or 45.8 per cent of the total of all crops, as compared with \$4,138,000,000 in 1923 or 39.8 per cent of the value of all crops in that year. Every cereal crop increased in value last year.
The value of the corn crop last year is placed at \$2,890,000,000 as compared with \$743,000,000 and oats \$799,000,000 compared with \$654,000,000.
The cotton crop, including lint and seed, is valued at \$1,701,000,000 last year compared with \$1,657,000,000 in 1923. This increased value was due to larger production inasmuch as the average price per pound of cotton lint was lower than for the preceding year.
Hay and forage crops are given a value of \$1,733,000,000 compared with \$1,019,000,000 in 1923; the fruit crops \$626,000,000 compared with \$642,000,000; vegetables \$1,018,000,000 compared with \$1,169,000,000.
Nearly all animal products declined in value as compared with 1923; the value of dairy products being \$2,586,000,000 against \$2,652,000,000 the preceding year; animals raised \$2,267,000,000 compared with \$2,440,000,000, and poultry products \$994,000,000 compared with \$1,038,000,000.

Brood for Bee Colony

Peaches, plums and some other fruit trees are furnishing enough nectar to stimulate the bees to brood rearing, and each stand of bees should have two or three frames of brood, if a good queen is present. It takes a good deal of honey to feed this brood; see that the bees have enough or they will dwindle away. The secret of making a big surplus of honey lies in having your colony strong and full of bees before the main honey flow starts.

FARM NOTES

Plant good seed and reap more than you sow. . . .
Sweet clover pastures are excellent for all classes of stock. . . .
Alfalfa gives the best results when allowed to stand three to five years. . . .
If your garden has no great length or breadth, remember that its height is infinite. . . .
Remember that sweet clover hay properly made is as high in protein as alfalfa. . . .
It is well to ask people to help with that community enterprise, they like to be useful. . . .
Just as a certified check is a guaranteed check, so certified seed are guaranteed seed. . . .
There is no short cut to ease in farming; but there are ways of making farming easier. . . .
Wherever farmers get together and really co-operate they help to make farming a business and not a gamble. . . .
More than 60 per cent of farm grown feeds are marketed through live stock. A scrub cow is a poor market for this feed, while a good cow has no superior as such market. . . .
Treating oats with formaldehyde to prevent smut will not kill the germinating power of the oats, if one pint of formaldehyde to five gallons of water for 50 bushels of oats is used. . . .
Results that have been secured with the yellow biennial sweet clover are causing large numbers of farmers to locate this valuable crop in their rotations to produce hay and pasture.

POULTRY

FORCED PULLETS ARE BEST EGG PRODUCERS

James E. Rice of the Cornell university experiment station issued a bulletin relative to the possibilities of feeding early hatched pullets during the summer by retarded or forced feeding.
By retarding is meant the idea that feeding is necessary during the late summer to check the early tendency of laying, with the hope of getting a larger egg yield in the early winter.
By forced feeding is meant the giving of a rich stimulating mash to induce egg production.
Concerning the results of his work Mr. Rice has certain findings drawn from data which are submitted below:
1. Forced pullets made a better profit than retarded pullets.
2. Forced pullets ate less food per hen at less cost per hen than retarded pullets.
3. Forced pullets produced more eggs of a larger size, at less cost per dozen than retarded pullets.
4. Forced pullets produced more eggs during early winter than retarded pullets.
5. Forced pullets have better hatching results of eggs than retarded pullets.
6. Forced pullets made a better percentage of gain in weight than retarded pullets.
7. Forced pullets showed less broodiness than retarded pullets.
8. Forced pullets had less mortality than retarded pullets.
9. Forced pullets showed better vigor than retarded pullets.
10. Forced pullets showed the first mature molt earlier than retarded pullets.
11. Retarded pullets gave better fertility of eggs than forced pullets.
12. Hopper-fed dry mash gave better results in gain of weight, production of eggs, gain in weight of eggs, hatching power of eggs, days lost in molting, mortality, health and profit per hen, than wet mash.
13. Wet mash and grain-fed pullets consumed slightly less food at less cost, and produced eggs at slightly less cost per dozen than dry mash and grain-fed pullets.
14. Wet mash and grain-fed pullets produced slightly larger eggs of slightly better fertility, and showed less broodiness than dry mash and grain-fed pullets.
15. Dry mash and grain-fed pullets laid eggs of good size at an earlier period than wet mash and grain-fed pullets.
16. Hopper-fed pullets ate more than hand-fed pullets.
17. Pullets having whole grain ate more grit and shell than those having a proportion of ground grain.
18. Pullets fed on grain were more inclined to develop bad habits than those having a mash.
19. Earliest producers did not give as many eggs in early winter.
20. Early layers gained as rapidly in weight as those beginning later to lay.
21. Prolificacy made by slight difference in weight of hen and weight of egg.
22. The most prolific pullets did not always lay earliest.
Give Pullets Best Feed and Careful Attention
"The success of the poultryman is measured very largely by the quality of the pullets with which he replenishes his flock," says Martin Decker, poultry research specialist at the New Jersey agricultural experiment station.
"Great care should be exercised to keep the pullets growing uniformly from hatching to maturity, as a check or setback will cause them to mature too late for winter laying. Development is best promoted by free range with an abundance of shade and green food."
"We feed grain and keep mash before the growing stock continually. The mash is composed of nearly the same combination as our laying mash, but the pullets tend to begin laying too early if allowed too much of it. We must figure on having the pullets come into production about the middle of October, or before cold weather sets in."
"The pullets should be transferred to winter quarters, gradually—a few at a time. Do not put on the lights until they have become accustomed to their new surroundings. Then feed the laying flock the following rations:
Mash
100 lbs. wheat bran
100 lbs. wheat middlings
100 lbs. cornmeal
100 lbs. ground oats
100 lbs. meat scrap
Grain
100 lbs. wheat
100 lbs. cracked corn
100 lbs. oats.

Hens Pasture Feeders

Hens are pasture feeders, though seldom considered such on many farms, in that they are forced away from good pasture. J. G. Halbo of the poultry department of the University of Wisconsin says that a heavy, laying hen will not last long unless the bowels are kept in a laxative condition. Most poultry keepers find green stuff more practical than drugs. Green feed adds the necessary bulk to the ration and generally assists in the assimilation of other feeds.

JULY FOURTH
CELEBRATE
WITH US AT KENDRICK

Vitamins Grown in Our Gardens

Advantages of Vegetables for Family Needs and Likes Are Many.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
Closely associated in our minds with the vegetables that can be grown in almost any home garden—spinach, cabbage, lettuce, carrots, string beans, peas, rutabagas, tomatoes, all the leafy vegetables known as "greens," and many others. We also obtain necessary minerals from these vegetables—iron, calcium, phosphorus—and depend on them for bulk, or "roughage." But our first thought is apt to be—vegetables for vitamins!
Advantages of Vitamins.
The advantages of growing vitamins in our gardens are many and obvious. To begin with, there is the matter of freshness. No matter how near the market may be to the home, it is usually a long way from the farmer who produced the vegetables. Garden products that have been carried over for hours before they were sold, cannot be compared in desirability of flavor or condition with those just out of the vine or out of the earth. The vitamin content of vegetables is also dependent to some extent upon freshness.
Again, when the vegetables are actually at hand in the garden, waiting to be gathered, the chances are that they will be used oftener, and in larger quantities, than when some one has to go to a store to get them. The price often influences the quantity bought when the housekeeper goes to market, but when she steps into her garden she is apt to bring in as much as she believes her family will consume.
The convenience of having a garden frequently leads to a beneficial change in the proportions of the family diet. Vegetables are served more abundantly because they are available, and they satisfy the craving for bulk, lessening the desire for other foods which may lack the necessary vitamins. Almost automatically the garden tends to increase the use of vegetables.
The garden must, of course, be carefully planned so that it will yield an adequate supply of the kinds of vegetables the family likes and needs, both for table use and for canning or storing. If some sort of record is kept from one year to the next to show the quantity of each vegetable grown and the use made of it, a garden budget can be eventually worked out.
Fruits Are Important.
Fresh fruits are also important sources of vitamins, and should be considered in connection with the garden plan. Many orchard fruits and berries grow well in all sections of the country, and others are best suited to certain localities. While the citrus fruits—oranges, lemons, grapefruit—are among the best sources of vitamins, tomatoes are comparable with citrus fruits as sources of vitamins, and when the latter are lacking, tomato juice, either fresh or canned, may be used instead. It goes without saying, therefore, that it is a good thing to include tomatoes in every garden plan.
Catching Chickens Helps in Culling
Best Way Is to Have Crates With Wire Sides.
Catching the chickens is a large part of the work involved in culling, and experience shows that any help in this direction is valuable. The best way to catch chickens for culling, says H. E. Botsford of the New York State College of Agriculture at Ithaca, is to have one or more catching crates, about four feet long, one and a half feet high, and two feet wide. The crates should have wire sides and one end should be removable. The crate is placed where the birds leave the henhouse and they are driven into it.
Another good method is to construct a small catching pen outside of each building where the birds are to be caught, says Professor Botsford. Drive four stakes into the ground, one on either side of the exit and the other two stakes four feet away, each pair two feet apart. Join the stakes, top and bottom, with narrow strips of boards. Tack two-inch mesh wire around the sides and outer end. Fasten wire across the top leaving one side free. The birds may then be driven into the pen and caught easily.
For work inside the house, he suggested the following: Take ten or twelve feet of poultry wire five or six feet high, and fasten a strip of one-by-two-inch material at each end. Fasten several pieces of two-by-four about five feet long to the bottom of the

REASON
No. Two
Smoke in your kitchen is a thing of the past.
AMAIZO
will not smoke when kept at the proper frying temperature. **AMAIZO** is ideal for deep frying.



wire. Null one end to the wall five feet from a corner. The other end is swung out into the room, and twenty-five or thirty birds can easily be rounded up and passed to the cutter.

Farm Hints

Successful farming is planned; it doesn't just happen. . . .
Don't be afraid to try something new this year, but don't try it too hard. . . .
Sow celery seed for winter celery, and sow cabbage seed for late crop. . . .
Heavy feeding and no exercise on Sunday is equally bad for horses and men. . . .
Farming may not be financially so profitable but there is a "heap o' living" in it. . . .
Better seed and better machinery are not expenses; they are productive investments. . . .
Peat is far more valuable as a place for crops to grow than as a fertilizer for upland soils. . . .
Long rows in gardens are best. Beds suffer more from drought and are harder to cultivate. . . .
Farm and logging horses for sale at Kendrick. Phone 622. 27-2p

Real Show Coming

Cooper Bros., trained animal shows, and combined wild west will visit Kendrick on Wednesday, July 15, for two performances. This is the only big show that will visit this territory this season, and this and surrounding communities will have the opportunity of seeing the show in its entirety, on the above date. Cooper Bros. shows are not only well received everywhere they go, but has played so many return dates in the last few years that they are rated at the top as far as tented amusements are concerned. One is surprised at the vast array of talent that has been assembled to make this one of the premier amusement enterprises of all times. Here one will see wonders from every country and every clime, gathered together to amuse the public. Here is a fairy wonderland brought to your very door, one trip through the menagerie where is assembled practically every known animal is worth coming many miles to see together with a small army of the world's greatest and most daring performers whose death defying and startling stunts keep you in high tension and the performance will live long in your memory after the show has faded into forgetfulness. In addition to the super-performance, Cooper Bros. have added for full measure a real Wild West performance put on by the West's greatest riders, ropers, bulldoggers, etc. In fact a triple show for the coming season. The public is invited to bring in their backing horses, and cowboys will ride them at every performance. A big free street parade at 1 p. m., so come early bring all the children and see it all! Two performances given daily, afternoon 2 p. m., night 8 p. m. 26-1p

GLEANINGS

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Weniger and son, accompanied by Geo. E. Knepper and daughter, May, drove to Spokane and return last Saturday.

Mrs. Hugh Parks returned Monday afternoon from Lewiston where she had her tonsils removed.

Wm. Behrens and Leonard Davis purchased a new threshing outfit recently which they will use to thresh their own crops and those of their neighbors. They have a Case separator and International tractor.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Kuykendall have moved back to Kendrick and will make their home with Mrs. Kuykendall's father, J. L. Fowler. Mr. Kuykendall has had very poor health lately.

Mrs. E. H. Emery and children arrived the first of the week from Harrington, Washington. The Emery family will make their home in the McDowell house across from the hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brown of Wallace, Idaho, visited friends in Kendrick Tuesday, while on their honeymoon. They were married last week at Wallace. Mrs. Brown will be remembered here as Josephine Cramer.

W. B. Byrum spent Sunday in Moscow on business.

Miss Esther Gardner arrived the first of the week from Spokane to resume her work at the Commercial Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson and two children of Tekoa, Washington, spent the first of the week at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. U. S. G. Evans arrived last week from Auburn, Washington, to visit Mrs. Evans' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Patrick.

Mrs. Brammer and son moved back to their old home at Harrington, Washington, last Friday.

No trace of the robbers who blew a safe at Bovil last week, has been found. Not much hope is held out for their capture.

Mrs. Joday Long distinctly felt the earthquake shock here last Saturday. She spoke to Mr. Long about it. The following day the papers carried the Associated Press dispatches concerning the quake that hit the northwest states.

August F. Wegner received delivery of a Case tractor last Friday. This machine will be used to furnish power for the company threshing machine in the Cameron neighborhood.

Aren't you glad you live in Kendrick? In Moscow it got so hot last Friday that a section of the paved street bulged.

The Latah County Pioneers Association held its annual meeting at the park in Moscow last Friday. In spite of the hot weather a good sized crowd is reported to have attended. John L. Naylor of Moscow was re-elected president of the organization.

The Kendrick park is proving a popular place for picnic parties. Many of the townspeople have held picnic parties there both at the noon hour and in the evenings, ever since the hot weather began. The park is intended for the use of the general public and everyone is welcome to use it.

The Kendrick band went to Deary and Troy last Tuesday evening to advertise the celebration to be held here tomorrow. Many people from these two communities have signified their intention of celebrating in Kendrick.

The dance pavilion in the Kendrick park is 50 by 70 feet, so there will be plenty of room for all if you don't mind being crowded a little. This is larger than the one built for the last celebration two years ago. The dance will be held tonight and tomorrow night.

Frank Boyd had rather an unpleasant experience this week. He lit a match on his thumb nail and a burning fragment of the match head flew in his eye and stuck on the eye-

ball. The eyeball was slightly burned and was very painful but will not be permanently injured.

C. G. Pool, the new cashier of the Farmers Bank, will be a valuable addition to the Kendrick band. He plays a double B flat base horn and has an instrument of his own. Band prospects look better every day.

L. S. LaHatt, local jeweler, went to Spokane last week to purchase some new merchandise to add to his jewelry stock here. He now has a very nice stock of the newest things in jewelry.

W. D. MacGregor and daughter, Mrs. K. D. Newton, were visiting relatives in Moscow the first of the week.

Mrs. Gregory Eaves of Lewiston arrived the first of the week to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Helpman.

Dr. and Mrs. John E. Hoyt and children of Spokane left last Sunday for Iowa where they will attend the golden wedding of Dr. Hoyt's parents. Mrs. Hoyt and the children will go from there to Minnesota where she will visit her old home.

The Kendrick band boys are good boosters. They took time from their work, furnished their own cars to go to Troy and Deary, Tuesday, to help advertise the Kendrick celebration. That shows the right spirit.

According to a report from Washington, D. C., the production cost of a bushel of wheat on 4616 farms distributed over various parts of the United States, was \$1.22 a bushel. The average sale value was \$1.42 a bushel.

Two dozen folding chairs were purchased this week by the town council to be used in the town hall and also in the band stand during concerts.

Wallace O'Keefe and Mr. Kressly of Lewiston were transacting business in this locality Wednesday of this week.

William Sparber came over from Potlatch last Sunday to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Sparber.

Gust Luken returned Wednesday from Murray, Idaho, where he has been working in the mines.

Those who are going to take part in the parade Saturday morning should be at the old Standard Lumber Co. building promptly at 9 o'clock, in order to give time to arrange the entries.

Mrs. Wm. T. Seeley returned Wednesday from the hospital at Lewiston. She is improving rapidly since her operation.

Mrs. Ameling and children of American ridge left Thursday morning for Emmett, Idaho, where they will visit friends. They will make the trip over the North and South-highway.

CAMERON NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Heimgartner and two daughters, arrived here last Tuesday from Lywood, California. They motored thru in their car and will spend the summer here visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Blum, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Heimgartner, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Koepp and Grandma Brammer were callers at the Aug. Brammer home, Wednesday evening.

Adolph Schweitzer of Argentine, S. A., spent a new days visiting at the Blum home. Mr. Schweitzer is a blacksmith and is looking for a location. He left for Uniontown, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lundt and son, Clifford of Genesee were visiting friends here, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fredrick Mielke and family of San Francisco, California, are visiting Mr. Mielke's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Mielke, Sr.

Josephine Wilken and Carl Hartung were confirmed in the Lutheran church, Sunday. Mrs. Carl Hartung entertained the following in honor of them at Sunday dinner: Rev. and Mrs. Rein and sons; William Hectner and son, Harold, of Lapwai; Mr. and Mrs. Wieman and son and granddaughter of Culesac; Mrs. McCall and sons; Mr. and Mrs. H. Wolff and family; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wolff and sons, of Fairview; Mr. and Mrs. Lundt and sons, of Genesee; Mr. and Mrs. George Wilken, Miss Mary Wilken, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilken and family, Wm. Mielke, Mrs. Ida Stoneburner, Miss Emma Hartung, Louise Schmidt, Marie Schwartz and Mrs. A. Schultz, Sr.

Mrs. E. Brunstiek returned from Moscow, Tuesday, where she has been the past two weeks taking medical treatment.

Rev. and Mrs. Rein and family spent Monday in Lewiston.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wendt, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Heimgartner and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Gus Kruger motored to Lewiston, Tuesday.

Revolutionary Powder

Every one of the 13 states except Georgia and Delaware made some powder during the Revolution. The most important mills were located in Massachusetts, New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

Boys Make Financial Success Raising Pigs

Club Members Sell for Breeding Purposes Only.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Four farm boys of East Baton Rouge parish, Louisiana, have placed hogs of improved type on 31 farms in their own parish in three years by means of the four gilts with which they started boys' club work. In addition, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture, they have sold breeding stock in eight neighboring parishes and an adjoining state.

These young stockmen, Hermon Alfred, Archie Robinson, Rupert Johnson and Archie Fitzgerald, bought their gilts in 1922, obtaining money for the purchases on their personal notes, which were indorsed by their fathers and business men of the county. Interested in the boys' progress. One of the boys also bought a pure bred. With the aid of the agricultural extension agent who conducted the club, they began feeding and caring for their pigs by the best methods known in swine management. The young pigs responded by growing into strong, healthy hogs in record time. In 1923 the boys raised 62 pigs from their four sows. This year, too, the boar was shown at a number of fairs and won a state championship in open class. The 1924 season was equally successful. Because the club members are conscientiously following the advice of the extension agent and will sell for breeding purposes only the stock which comes up to a standard in type, they have established a reputation as a source of good hogs. Their butcher stock commands top prices because of its high quality.

The business side of the enterprise has also been successful. The boys were able to pay their notes promptly and have made a net profit of \$1,018 from sale of stock, with a number of cash prizes in addition. Two of the older boys have entered the state agricultural college and are paying their expenses through their club work.

"Women folks is funny critters," Old Hank mused. "Take Mrs. Lucindy Potts, now. Last year she shot her husband because he went away for three days 'thout telling' where he was an' then she cried for three weeks because her poor husband was dead and she'd never be able to find out where he'd been."

CELEBRATE

The 4th

At Kendrick, Tomorrow

Everything Possible Has Been Done For Your Enjoyment.

Make this store your headquarters for your 4th of July requirements.

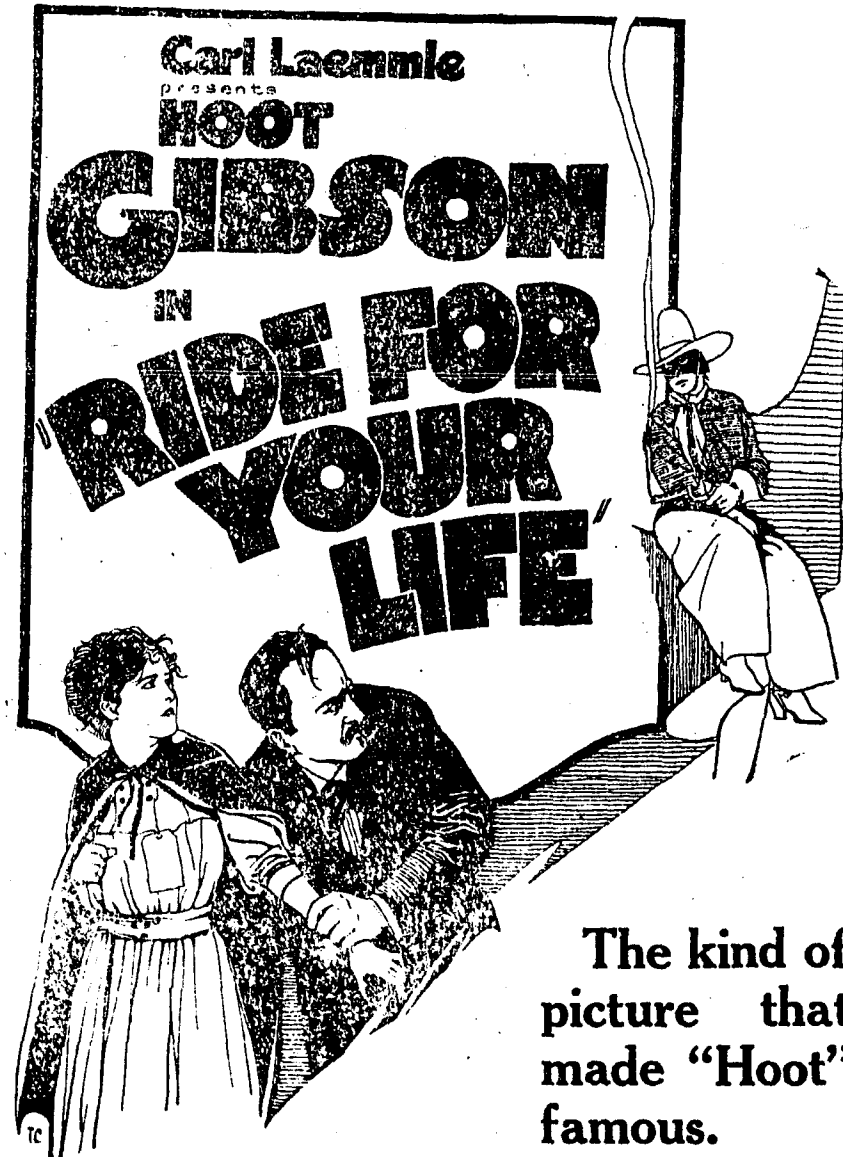
Kendrick Store Company

The Quality Store

Come and celebrate the Fourth with us.

Tonight and Saturday, July 3, 4

We will show two of the most thrilling pictures ever shown in Kendrick



The kind of picture that made "Hoot" famous.

Exactly the kind of picture which starts with a bang and keep you on the edge of your seat to the finish. The best picture Hoot Gibson ever made. Beautiful Laura LaPlante plays opposite Gibson, and she also has a screen record for her clever acting.



A picture that will make every nerve in your body tingle! Jumping from one plane to another — fighting a life and death struggle on the wings of an aeroplane and hundreds of other stunts that will take your breath!

Everything possible has been done to add to your comfort. It is nice and cool in this theatre no matter how hot the day is. The air is changed ever thirty seconds thru our newly installed system of electric fans.

The Place where you're always sure of seeing a good show.

NEW KENDRICK THEATRE
"The Coolest Place In Town" Seven Big Electric Fans