Boost For Better Roads Into Kendrick

KENDRICK GAZETTE

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THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF LATAH COUNTY

VOLUME 35.

KENDRICK, LATAH COUNTY, IDAHO, FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1925

NUMBER 13

Latah County News Paragraphs

Items of interest Taken From Neighboring Papers

The Union Oil company is to already that company has purchased frontage on Snake River avenue and will put up five tank with a capacity of 9,000 gallons and a building and garage.

Regardless of the fact that many oil companies are represented and the oil reserve has increased 10 per cent over last each spring on account of a "shortage."

--Genesee News.

George West, residing near Saturday night following a raid upon his place by federal and county officers in which three 50-gallon barrels of mash, one gallon of moonshine, and a copper coil and other equipment for a 20-gallon still were confiscated.

Edgar Martson, internal revenue agent, Sheriff Charles Summerfield and deputy R. E. Gar- month will see the completion The following families were rison of Latah county made the of the Fraternity Temple which present: Wallace Emmett, raid. The prisoner was lodged by that time will be ready for Waren, Bromblett, Kleth, Forest, in the Potlatch jail over night occupancy. As we go to press Z. Aas, Ed Lien, K. D. Ingle, and brought on in to Moscow they are laying the floor, the Otto Alber, Ed Galloway, Gab- odist church this morning at eleven Sunday morning. West's wife plastering is completed and the riel Forest, Newt Heath, Will o'clock, Rev. C. D. Bell officiating. and three children were living finishing will be prosecuted as Elliott, Wm. Watts, Ira Havens, Interment will be made in the Moswith him on the place. Abe Goff, rapidly as possible. What a and Mrs. Owen Hardman; Misses cow cemetery this afternoon. deputy prosecuting attorney of jubilee will be held when the Dorothy Holt, Johanna Hooker, Latah county, has filed a com- several orders are located in Bessie Morey, Emma Aas; plaint in the district court their new home. charging West with illegal possession of intoxicating liquor.

The still was not in operation George Barnum packing apples. when the officers arrived at 'ouiusuoom out and 'obrid saram been running steadily the past of evidence for the arrest. West In other words they have turn forded everyone an evening of months. was feeding the used mash to ed out in the last 30 days 6, merriment. Refreshments were He was among the early pioneers, his hogs.

When arrainged before Probate Judge Adrian Nelson this enlarged. morning, West waived preliminary examination and was bound over to the district court under longing to the bank. \$500 bonds, which it is expected, will be furnished. Lawrence Huff and Robert Leitch, Moscow are representing attorneys, West.—Star Mirror

Frank Green, Chairman, O. Boh- move on to the property. man, Clerk, and Dr. E. S. Petclined for various reasons. The four who accepted are: E. J. Wenig superintendent; Thelma Parkins and Miss Elizabeth Mills, High School instructors; and Mrs. Norna Taylor, seventh and eighth grades. -Troy News,

At a special meeting Saturday the commissioners opened bids for the \$30,000 bonds of High! way District No. 3. A number of bids had been filed the lowest Trust Company Spoldane-par at 5 3-4 per cent interest. The honds were accordingly sold to this company and the proceeds will shortly be available.

The state's proportion for the work to be undertaken this spring will be forthcoming when needed. Tht board is now in a position to proceed with plans for actual construction Improved crushing machinery has greatly lowered the cost per mile of surfacing roads, so that five or even three years ago.

the Clearwater branch of the Nor- Record.

—Deary Press.

Parks Awarded Prize

R. B. Parks of Leland received word last week that he had been awarded first prize for the best white navy beans at the state seed show held at Boise recently. It is particularly flattering to Mr. Parks as well enter the Lewiston field and as to the Potlatch country to receive first in this class as the those raised in South Idaho in

Kendrick News 20 Years Ago

Published in 1904

The young son of Martin A sumptuous two-course buff-Thomas received a severe cut et luncheon was served by Mesover his eye which necessitated dames Keene and Hardman, accident which caused his death. north of Potlatch, was arrested several stitches being taken. Misses Agnes, Opal and Dorothy Fortunately the ball was not Jones. cut and so his sight will not | Everyone who participated in be impaired.

tractors that the middle of next gether.

Alfred Crow and Ben Petrick and Anton Lien. are in the Genesee country with

The Kendrick Roller mill has showing and the record is being

month the frame building be-

Perry Heath has had a large corral built on the rear of the Hill and Stanton livery stable.

The Potlatch Land Co. has made a sale of the Gerard place on Bear ridge to Mr. Miller of Troy School Board, composed of and with his family will shortly

The McCrea Bros. & Co. store erson, all of the teachers in the is now just about completed and Troy Schools were reelected for it is one of the finest in the the coming year. Four accepted country. The furnishings are in are made to order and in shape the first of the week. and style just what their long. Mr. and Mrs. Halvor Rise reexperience has proved best turned to their home at Wessing-Every department has been ton Springs, South Dakota, equipped with the same splendid Monday, having visited friends care for convenience, utility and here.

HEADS OR TAILS.

morning a member turned up Miss Dorothy Holt of Kenand best being that of the Union late. Asked why, he said it was drick spent the week end with really a toss-up whether he Miss Lizzie Jones. should come there that morning or go to church.

times," he added.—Ex.

thern Pacific railway, has built a highway from the mill to the rail- home Wednesday afternoon. road and have more than a mile of it surfaced with crushed marble. The usual sizes of rock are used for tne surfacing material and a finishing coat of white sand and almost the amount available now will flour. The surfacing is flour white Friday morning and is recovergo much further than they would and glistens in the sunlight. In a ing nicely. have had the work been done tew weeks the company will have will be part of the highway planned per at the Community Hall, ing on the box office. To some of our readers it will be up Bedrock creek to serve the farm- Come, bring your friends. a surprise to learn that this section ers of the upper valley and the Potof Idaho can hoast of the only high-latch plateau on top. The comway in the northwest, that is pany is turning out a splendid marble-paved, but it is a fact. The quality of stucco and terrazzo finish, Hits an auto fair and square Idaho Marble works, located in bed-chicken grits, fertilizer and white There's the freight trainrock canyon, about two miles from sand for white concrete. - Juliaetta Where's the auto?

Celebrate Their Silver Wedding

Other Interesting News from Neck Broken by Cable in the now has 35 head on his ranch, Bear Ridgers Want Outlet Big Bear Ridge

Mr. and Mrs. Wade Keene dethe famous Twin Falls country. Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Jones. The woods, when a cable struck him, a complete surprise to the bride few minutes after the accident. and groom of twenty-five years. A social afternoon was spent in a most pleasant manner.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones were preyear, the price is advanced Item Taken from the Gazette sented with a beautiful set of silver by the children and numerous pieces and a purse of silver by the guests.

this enjoyable event expressed Hallet Abend, son of Mrs. the unanimous sentiment that it John Bradbury, has branched would always be looked back into the reporter's career, be upon as a delightful memory ing on the Spokesman-Review and the wish was expressed that staff and assigned to city work. Mr. and Mrs. Jones would have It is estimated by the con- many more happy years to-

Messrs. Thorvald Nelson, Evan

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gladden were given a farewell surprise the last of the week.

An interesting St. Patrick's program was given by the Taney school Saturday evening. The basket social following was a success from every standpoint. At a regular meeting of the Rosalia. Mr. Miller is now here Everyone enjoyed several hours socially and the sum of \$35.80 was realized from the sale of

Mrs. Ira Altig of Deary was visiting at the home of her the reappointment and four de- accordance with the building, brothers, Fred and Otto Gladden,

looks and as a result they have Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Watts and a hardware store which will sons of Kendrick, Mr. and Mrs. compare with any in the Inland Ira Havens and daughter of American Ridge attended the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Jones at At a golf club one Sunday the Wade Keene home Sunday.

Miss Anna Lien returned home from Spokane, Sunday, "And I had to toss up fifteen where she has spent several months.

> Mrs. Will Hecht entertained the Lutheran Ladies Aid at her

Mr. and Mrs. Newt Heath were visiting friends near Southwick last week.

Mrs. Ole Lien underwent an operation at a Spokane hospital

Everett Emmet Killed in Accident

Oregon Woods

Everett Emmett, son of Henry lightfully entertained about Emmett of Toston, Montana, formeighty guests at their home Sun- erly of Little Bear ridge, was killed beans were in competition with day afternoon in honor of the Monday, March 23, at Clatskanie, silver wedding anniversary of Oregon, while working in the happy event was carried out as breaking his neck. He lived but a

> Everett Emmett was a well known young man of the Little Bear ridge community. Last December he was married to Miss Carrie Allen of American ridge. Soon after their

> Everett Emmett was born near Kenrdick twenty-one years ago. He lived on the farm until after his marriage and was an industrious young man and a good tarmer. He is survived by his father, one brother and three sisters. His brother is working some where in southern Oregon but could not be located in time so that he might be present at the funeral.

The body was shipped here Wednesday afternoon. Funeral services will be held at the Kendrick Meth-

Death of R. V. Garner

R. V. Garner was born April 29, 1856 in Marrion County, Illinois, and died at his home at Linden, party at the home of Mr. and Idaho, March 19, 1925, at the age of the copper coil, the mash and month, never losing a shift and Mrs. Otto Gladden, Saturday 68 years, 11 months and 10 days, and other apparatus gave plenty this means 200 barrels per day, evening. Games and music af-

000 barrels—not such a bad served by the guests, after which coming to the ridge with his father all left for their various homes and brothers and family in July wishing Mr. and Mrs. Gladden 1888, where he took up a homestead A tailor has rented for a the best of luck on their trip and there spent the remainder of and in their new home. They his life. At that time there were will leave for Roseburg, Oregon only three other families and fourteen bachelors living there.

> He was married to Jennie Thompson in Jasper County, Missouri, who died March 10, 1897. To this union were born nine children, three boys and six girls, five preceeding him to the Great Beyond. He was a member of the Christian church.

> He leaves to mourn his loss one brotner, James Garner, four daughters, Millie Abrams, Mrs. Frank Asniand, Mrs. M. Orley of Spokane and Miss Mamie of Lewiston: eight grand children and a host of friends.

Stanton Players, Thursday

The "Stanton Players" a local

troupe of future vaudeville stars, promises to be the biggest hit of the pects his family here within a week forward to its completion by season with all the latest stunts from Broadway. Fancy dancing, mezzo soprano artistic renditions of the latest jazz, comedy sketches and Lewiston where they will make everything that goes with the best their home. Mr. Thornton will vaudeville, will be prominent thruout the evening. Popular prices of 10c and 15c will be charged for this performance.

Among the well knwon stars who will appear in repertoire are the Remember the date, Saturday will be a treat to the theater-goers

so there will be money enough in Echo answers," Where?"-Ex. tisement).

Craig Buys Horses

Claud Craig brought back a herd of horses from the public sale at Pomeroy last week. He all farm horses. He is advertising them for sale in this issue of the Gazette. There has been considerable inquiry for farm horses this spring.

News Notes From

Student Activities as Told by Special Correspondent

The annual spelling contest of marriage the young couple left for this District was held at Kendrick, western Oregon where Mr. Emmett Saturday, March 21, 1925. This secured employment in a logging contest began at 11:30 a. m. and camp, where he worked until the lasted till 2:00 p. m. The following are the contestants, judges and prononuncers:

Bolon, District 24.

Gruell, District 43. Other contestants: Hazel Sparper, District 24; and other sections, it would be Dorothy Candler, District 24; Nellie Crocker, District 24; Nettie Mae McDowell, District 24; Homer Emmett, District 55.

Fifth grade: Winner - Everett Bolon, District 43. Other contest- state highway can be interested ants: Jack Plummer, District 24; in the construction of this road. Edna Bolon, District 24; Othella We are hopeful that the direc-Kleth, District 55.

mot, District 24. Other contestants: as a part of the state system Helen Clem, District 24; Flora and apply federal aid in its Heath, District 38; Gertrude Bowen, Ditsrict 43; Eleanor Herres, District 24.

Seventh grade: Winner - Audrey Cramer, Distict 43. Other contestants: Alice Ingle, District 38.

contestants: Alma Aas District 38. 84 percent.

-No contestents from Kendrick entered in the 7th and 8th grade test. The winners will go to Moscow to enter in the county contest held

there tomorrow, March 28. Pronouncers: Miss Verna M. Getty; Miss Opal L. Jones.

Judges: D. A. McClain, Miss Anna M. Anderson, Miss Dorothy Jones, Mrs. Newt Heath, Mrs. K. D. Ingle, Mrs. A. H. Daubenberg, Mrs. W. J. Emmett.

Bought Barber Shop

W. B. Byrum of Oakesdale has purchased the barber shop here Rev. Presnell conducted the fun- from Charlie Thornton. Mr. and drick and Deary is about 14 eral service at the church, Satur- Mrs. Byrum arrived Sunday afterday morning at II o'clock and inter- noon to look over the business here ment was made in Gold Hill cem- and made the deal the following day. He conducted the barber shop at Bovill for two years and sold out there last December. He has lived in various parts of the Inland erally would be willing to ac-Empire for the past twenty years so cept whichever location the is well acquainted with this section state engineer would select as will give a thrilling vaudeville of the country. Mr. Byrum is a the best. It is our desire to get show at the New Kendrick next good barber and will no doubt do something started on this road Wednesday evening, April 1. It a very good business here. He exthis spring so that we can look

> Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Thornton and son expect to leave soon for continue in the barber business at Lewiston.

Honor Mr. and Mrs. Pepple

two Stanton cousins, Juanita and gave a very enjoyable party Tuesday these baseball fans. Some of the Edna, Eleanor Herres and Jane Mc-night in honor of Mr. and Mrs. R. material that showed up Sunday Connell. This high class vaudeville F. Pepple, who leave soon for Kla- was good, some not so good and the entire two miles surfaced. The evening, April 11, the ladies of Kendrick and it is expected that math Falls, Oregon, to make their some that probably won't do at all. road constructed by the company guild will serve a chicken sup- the "S. O." sign will soon be hang- home. Mr. and Mrs. Pepple are but it is hoped that with huances in both members of the Star here, first class shape and plenty of en-(The young ladies wished this After the regular session of the thusiasm, Kendrick will have a winvery pominent place in the theater lodge dainty refreshments were ning team this season. Manager If a freight train at a cross-section of the Gazette, so we nope served after which a social hour Carlson is considering the a vailable that you will all read it and buy was spent. Mr. and Mrs. Pepple material. your reserved seat early and pat-have been active workers in the Tom Bievins, one of Kendrick's ronize this high class performance longe circles here and in Juliactta baseball magnates, started a subthe box office to pay for this adver- and will be greatly missed by the scription list around the first of the various lodges.

Pulling for the Lewiston Road

to Lewiston

W. H. Fairfield and W. D. McCraw, farmers of the Big Bear ridge section, were in Lewiston Monday to confer with the road committee of the Commercial club relative to the Kendrick School extension of a highway from Kendricwk to connect with the road already constructed out of Deary says the Tribune. It was explained the new construction would involve the building of about nine miles of road and a large productive country, would be served.

"The people of our country. want an outlet toward Lewis: ton," said Mr. Fairfield. "We are a part of the Kendrick district and feel the entire district as Third grade: Winner- Leola La- well as Lewiston and points Hatt, District 24. Other contest-between will be benefitted by ants: Opal Spray, District 43; Mar- the completion of the coniorie Newton, Ditsrict 24; Ray nection between Kendrick and Deary. This road would bring a Fourth grade: Winner-Gertrude large travel into the Clearwater valley from the Deary the short route for travel between the Lewiston country and the Coeur d'Alene communities as the state highway is reached at Deary.

"We are hopeful that the tor of state highways can be Sixth grade: Winner - Billy Wil- induced to take over this road construction. We have sufficient tending power to take care of the district's part of financing such construction and we feel the district would vote bonds to get such a road.

"The people in the upper part Eighth grade: Winner-Gertrude of the district voted bonds to Fox, District 38, 88 percent. Other provide for the construction between Kendrick and Juliaetta We realized that a start must be made and that building into Kendrick and building toward Juliaetta were beginnings in the right direction. It is now easier to get to our markets and we can see possibilities of an outlet to the Clearwater river and Lewiston. With the development of the timber district of the Clearwater, it will be important to us to have a good highway to the Clearwater country and we are now endeavoring to interest Lewiston as well as Kendrick and other localities in the importance of such an improvement.

"The distance between Kenmiles and about one-half the road has been constructed by the Deary district. There are two routes available from the ridge to Kendrick and we would favor the location by the state engineer and believe the people gennext year."

Start Baseball Practice

About thirty aspirants to the baseball team were out for the first 'warming up" of the season last Sunday. It was a day more suited to winter sports, but even the cold The local Eastern Star Chapter wind could not cool the ardor of

week and met with much success.

roads Monday. The roads from

here to Kendrick and Leland are in

a fair condition with the exception

of a couple of bad mud holes. Cars

show at Cavendish, Tuesday even-

Albert Laurence has gone to Elk

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Armitage spent

Clara Hawyard and Josie Mathews

went to Crescent Sunday to visit

friends, returning home Monday.

Mrs. Blanch Frank and son, Her-

man, left the first of the week for

the North Fork of the Clearwater,

TEXAS RIDGE

Dr. Seeley was called to the Carl

Drury home last Thursday to see

one of the twins, who is much better

Mesdames Ousterhout and Pierce

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baker and

Mrs. Viola Baker went to Bovill,

Al LaBolle is quite ill. Dr. Faust

H. W. Comstock of St. Maries is

Mr. and Mrs. T. LaBolle were Sun-

day afternoon callers at the Al La-

Mrs. Frantzich and Mrs. Chas.

Mr. and Mrs. Mallory of Deary

Mrs. W. H. Head is on the sick

Beryl Sturman is improving slow-

Uncle Eben

"A flivver speeder is lucky after all,"

said Uncle Eben, "when he kin tell

to de doctor in de hospital."-Wash-

autoed to the Al LaBolle home,

Anderson visited with Mrs. Ogden

be able to work for some time.

brother-in-law of Mrs. Baker.

was called to see him Sunday.

where Herman has work.

Sunday at the John Mabry home.

are beginning to run again.

River to work.

at this writing.

home, Thursday.

Bolle home.

Monday afternoon.

Monday afternoon.

Take Advantage of Present

Sugar Price

Many have already availed themselves of the opportunity to buy their sugar at less than wholesale. Remember, this is the best cane sugar and your savings at present prices are sure to increase as the season

Beautiful Fabrics for

)resses

Cordelene

A new silk that you will be pleased with. The colors are rust, squirrel and black, a yard \$1.95

Dress Linens

Fast colors and will not shrink. Colors are Nile. lavender, copper and rose, a yard \$1.25

Printed Crepes

These crepes have the appearance of all silk but are silk and cotton. They come in tan and grey, a yard

95c

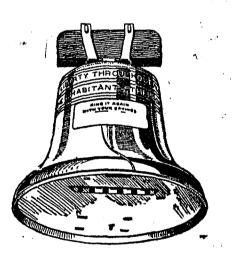
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Save your money-you can no more build up a fortune without the first dollar than you can build a house without the first brick. It takes money to make money and by starting now to save a part of what you earn you will be able to greet "Dame Opportunity" with a smile when she knocks at your door.

Open a Liberty Bell Savings Account with this Bank the first thing TOMORROWI and obtain a Liberty Bell Bank.

== The ===

Kendrick State Bank

Martin V. Thomas, Pres. K. D. Ingle, Vice-Pres. A. H. Daubenberg, Cashier E. H. Emery, Asst. Cashier

Carries Cook's Name

Sally-Lunn, the popular tea cake, received its name from a pastry cook | tralla, and part of the British empire, of Bath, England, Sally Lunn, who about the end of the Eighteenth cen- Papuans have a tradition that no youth tury used to carry such cakes about Li u basket,

Papuan Savagery

In Papua, only 400 miles from Aus cases of cannibalism still occur; the many marry until he has shed human

THE KENDRICK GAZETTE

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Ralph B. Knepper

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LINDEN LOCALS

Mrs. Carr spent Wednesday with Annie Morrison.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bohn, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Bohn, Mrs. George Garner, Ben and Eva Smith, Mrs. Jim Garner and son, Charley, Mrs. Reube Garner, Mrs. Perry and son and the Abram girls attended the tuneral of Helen Dahl at Park, Wednesday.

The Butler family have recently moved to a farm on Bear ridge and the Henry Lieser family have moved to the McCallister property vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Butler.

Mrs. Earl Langdon and children went to Kendrick, Thursday to visit her mother, Mrs. I. E. Foster, be-fore leaving for Sawtelle, Califorma, to join her husband.

Mr. and Mrs Whisler and Eva Smith spent Friday at the C. H. Friday, to attend the funeral of Fry home. The occasion being Frank Mosier. Mr. Mosier was a Mrs. Fry's birthday.

A goodly number of the neighbors gave Mr. and Mrs. Travisa happy surprise Sunday afternon by spending the afternoon with them, the occaison being their wedding anniversary. Refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were

Mr. Ashland and Mr. Orley of Spokane, arrived Friday evening to attend the funeral of Mr. Garner which was held Saturday.

Arley Allen spent Sunday with friends near Troy.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Alexander and children and Mrs. Sylvia Jenks, spent Sunday at the Smith home. of Mrs. Gilbert.

Chas. Quick has rented his farm to Mr. Richie, who has taken posses-

FAIRVIEW NEWS

J. M. Woodward was an Oakesdale visitor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Shultz and daughters were visitors Sunday at the Herman Wolff home.

Mrs. Ruby Lancaster and son of Spokane arrived Tuesday for a visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Morgan and son and Mrs. Hendron and son, were cuests Sunday at the Hugh Parks

Mrs. Minnie Blankenship and children visited Mrs. Charlie Hoffman, Friday. Mrs. J. S. Glenn was a Juliaetta

visitor Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Glen Fleshman spent

Saturday night and Sunday with Julia Fleshman. Miss Melva Walker spent the

week end with her brother, Oney Mr. and Mrs. Leland Houck spent

Sunday at the J. L. Glenn home. Charles Davis spent Monday night

with the McCall boys. Virgil Fleshman and family and O. A. Walker and family and Miss Melva Walker were guests at the Philip Daugnerty nome, Sunday.

SOUTHWICK NEWS

Ben Presnal moved Monday, from the Heath property to the place he bot of D. B. Triplett. It was formerly known as the Hottle place.

Miss Jessie Henderson returned Sunday from Potlatch after a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Milton

Irvin Helton, Albert and Alex Laurence made a trip to Lewiston l'ast week.

Mr. Goan went to Lewiston, Friday evening, having been called there by the illness of his wife. He returned to Southwick, Sunday.

A large crown attended the Sunday school party given at the ladies aid hall, Friday evening. A good time was reported.

Mrs. Ralph Wright and daughter, Lottie, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Hayward.

Rowena Russell and Eleanor Wright were the guests of Eva McCoy, Sunday.

Jim Cook of Stites, who is moving to Leland, was an overnight guest at the Ben McCoy home, Friday night.

Elton McCoy visited with his sister, Mrs. Harry Smith of Leland,

Mrs. George Jones and son, Richard, returned from Moscow, Fri-

A good many of the farmers have started their spring work, but the report is that the ground is too wet yet for plowing.

Tom Armitage was dragging the

A number of the young folks of ground you have. Southwick attended the vaudeville

A dead ear of corn may mean 900 missing stalks.

A water system on the farm and in

Using milk from tuberculin-tested cows is not gambling with the children's health.

Alfalfa must have air if it is expect-

There is just one good thing about being a poor farmer-you don't have to stay one.

Don't forget that farm organizations cannot be successful without the farmers.

Jack Sturman got kicked in the sources of green and succulent feed hip by a horse one day last week. for the poultry flock during the cold Dr. Faust was called. Jack won't months.

> It is important that the eggs for hatching come from a healthy flock of fowls, and it is just as important that to the time that they are set.

> Prevent frosted combs, wattles and feet. The hen and roosters feel about as well with frozen combs, wattles or feet as we would with our ears and nose frozen off and feet frozen so we had to hobble about.

Under favorable fall growing conditions alfalfa will often yield a heavy third and even a fourth crop of hay. More than two crops should not be cut in order to protect the alfalfa and to play safe it should not be pastured

The "timber" wolf is one found in the northeastern part of the United Rev. Wortman was called to Avon States, while the "loafer" wolf inhab-Monday to officiate at the funeral its regions in the vicinity of Arizona. These may be regarded as the same type, the only difference being in the terms applied to them in various parts

METHODIST CHURCH

KENDRICK .

his troubles to de policeman instid of 10:00 a. m.

the farm home lightens loads and saves

ed to survive.

Sprouted oats furnish one of the best

were visitors at the Viola Baker the eggs are properly cared for prior

spending a few days at the Babcock

late in the fall.

Of the Same Family

of the country.

NOTICE

Sunday, March 29, 1925

Sunday school The Sunday school at American

ridge will come and join with us and attend the services. Morning worship 1:00 a. m.

Afternoon Service 2:30 p. m. At the same hour Georgia Bell will conduct a meeting in the basement of the church tor the children.

Epworth League 6:30 p. m. Evangelstic Service 7:30 p. m. At 3 p. m. and also at 4 p. m. each school day the poys and girls meeting convenes. All children are cordially invited.

Every evening at 7:30 p. m. until Easter, Evangelistic services are

Sunday the Ladies of the church will provide a lunch and hot coffee at noon so that people from the country may attend both morning and afternoon Services. All are most cordially invited. SOUTHWICK

10:00 a. m. Sunday school Enworth League 6:30 p. m. Owing to the Evangelistic meetings in Kendrick there will not be the usual preaching services on

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Sunday school at 10:00 a. m. Preaching service at 11:00 a.m. The subject of the morning sermon

is "Assurance from Jesus." The annual meeting of the church and congregation is called at the close of the preaching service on Sunday morning.

A hearty welcome extended to all. H. A. Vicker, Minister.

EMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH

Cameron, Idaho, Rev. Edward A. Rein, Pastor

10:30 a. m. Church services Sunday school -Luther League 2nd Wednesday in the

month. Ladies Aid 1st Wednesday in month Church Council 1st Monday in month Come and worship with us.

METHODIST CHURCH BULLETIN

Leland, Idaho

Sunday School 10:00 A. M. 11:00 A. M. Preaching Epworth League devotional meeting at 7 P. M.

To these services the public is cordially invited.

Rev. C. J. Taber, Pastor

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Our Price \$50.00 Fairbanks-Morse well known engines, nothing better Our Price \$58.50

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"The Winchester Store"

McDowell's Confectionery (The old Midget Cafe) Sandwiches

Doughnuts, Maple Sticks, Cinnamon Rolls, Pies-all home made Coffee

When you want a lunch, drop in.

WANTED

Cattle, hogs and sheep Hides and Wool. Call

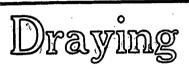
Holbrook & Emmett

J. J. PICKERD

Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker

Auto Equipment. Lady attendant. Stock of goods in Kendrick. Phone 462K, or 376 Troy, or see

G. F. WALKER



Residence Phone 654

Kendrick Dray and Ice

Frank Boyd, Prop.

G. F. Walker

Insurance

Kendrick,

Right Now!

Before the rush of spring work begins, bring in your time pieces and have them cleaned or repaired. My work is right-ask your neighbor. Repriring with a guarantee that means something.

L. S. LaHatt

Jeweler

Lodge stationery attractively printed at the Gazette office.



Thrifty people are beginning to learn that shoes will give much longer service if they are promptly repaired when they become worn.

N. E. WALKER Boot and Shoe Garage

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS

is often caused by an inflamed condition is often caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling round or imperfect hearing. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE has been successful in the treatment of Catarrh for over Forty Years.

Sold by all druggists.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.



TEST ASSOCIATIONS OF GREAT BENEFIT

The cow-testing association is the simplest, surest and cheapest method for the rapid improvement of dairy cows. It affords the average dairyman an economical means of obtaining a record of how much each cow produces and what it costs. Such records require regularity in testing and weighing of milk and feed, and a systematic form of keeping the data. The difficulty of this work is eliminated by the cow-testing association, which furnishes a more economical way of obtaining such records than if each dairyman undertook to keep his own, writes E. M. Harmon in the Farm

A cow-testing association is a group of farmers, usually 26, who agree to co-operate for the purpose of improving their dairy herds. They form an association and hire a man whose duty it is to weigh and test the milk, and to keep a detailed record of the production of each cow in their herds, together with the cost of production. This man, called the tester, spends one day every month on the farm of each member, where he weighs and tests the milk from each cow. From these figures he calculates the amount of ngures he calculates the amount of milk and fat produced during the month and its value at the market price. The tester also weights and records the amount and kind of feed given each cow, computes its value and estimates the total cost of feed for the month. When this amount lias been charged against the value of the milk and fet produced for that month, the and fat produced for that month, the owner is able to determine the profit or loss on each cow in his herd. He then knows the amount returned for each dollar expended for fed and the exact cost of producing a pound of fat, or 100 pounds of milk.

The tester also assists in selecting feeds and figuring the most profitable rations. He also offers suggestions on breeding, management and other phases of the business as deemed advisable by the attitude of the member. He will not make suggestions nor advocate changes for any farm unless he feels that they will be welcomed by

the owner. The tester comes to the farm in the afternoon with his outfit. With the owner, he weighs and estimates the feed given each cow, and at milking time they weigh and take a sample of the milk from each cow. The next morning these same operations are repeated, the Babcock test is applied to the mixed sample representing the morning and evening milk of each cow, the outfit is washed and the necessary computations are made and recorded in the member's herd book. When this is completed the tester goes on to the farm of the next member.

It is the duty of the members to keep as accurate an account of the milk produced and feed consumed between the visits of the tester as is practical under ordinary farm conditions, so that they may give reliable information to the tester.

The cost of keeping records of the dairy herd is one of the smallest, items of expense attached to the dairy farm, and when once started it is found to be simple, easy and interesting. Most important of all, it is very profitable.

Digest and Assimilate

Nutrients in Corn Cobs

Experiments indicate that it requires about as much energy to digest and assimilate the nutrients in corncobs as they will supply. If the meal mixture of the cow's ration is made up of such feeds as ground oats and bran, or they form a considerable portion of the mixture, it will not pay to grind the cobs with the corn or to buy crushed corncobs for mixing with the grain portion of the cow's ration. It is doubtful whether, under any condition, it would be wise to have the cobs ground separately for the purpose of lightening the meal portion of the cow's ration.

Dairy Hints

A few rotten apples will spoil bushel. Get rid of the scrub sires.

Dairy products bring higher prices during the winter season than in the spring because less is produced at that

So long as the calf is getting milk there is no great need of feeding ollmeal, because milk is rich in protein, and so are also the legume hays.

The Kansas Agricultural college says: "To discouraged grain farmers: Take care of a few dairy cows and a few dairy cows will take care of you."

The dairy herd of Jerseys and Holsteins at the University of Idaho has just passed another clean test for tuherculosis. The herd has been accredlted for five years and has never had reactor.

The final essential of a dairy ration s economy. As a general thing people are dairying for the profit available. not for the love of work. Therefore it is economy-it is the size of the baltells the story.

Farmers Urged

Better to Start Right Than Later Be Compelled to Reorganize or Fail.

(Prepared by the United States Department Farmers are being urged by the United States Department of Agriculture that in forming co-operative marketing organizations careful consideration be given the economic need for such organizations, and that the advice of competent co-operative marketing experts be sought. There are thousands of successful marketing organizations in the United States, but there are also numerous failures where assoclations have not been founded on fundamental economic principles. It is better to start right than later to be compelled to reorganize or possibly fail, the department points out.

Studies by the department of more than 10,000 co-operative organizations now in existence, and which comprise approximately 70 per cent of all such associations in the United States emphasize the fact that success in cooperative marketing cannot be won overnight. These organizations, some of which have been in existence more than 20 years have at times been put to severe tests, but through loyal membership, singleness of purpose, and businesslike management have weathered the recurring storms of economic conditions.

History of Co-Operation. The history of agricultural co-operation in the United States runs back to the Civil war. The first cheese factory was established in 1868, and the first organization of fruit and vege-table growers in 1887. Two organizations of grain growers were formed in 1887, followed in 1890 by an organization of live stock raisers. The movement developed slowly and over a long period of years while these and other ploneers were putting their theories into actual practice. Other associations were established and the principles of sound co-operative methods were demonstrated until in 1900 there

were several thousand farmers' or-

ganizations in existence.

The movement was given great impetus during the next 20 years. By 1905 numerous grain organizations had been formed and each year saw an increasing number of grain growers banding together to market their commodity. Live stock organizations were also formed in increasing numbers during the next 15 years, until in 1920 the peak of the movement in all commodities was reached. More than 800 organizations now in existence and reporting to the department were formed in 1919; in 1920 there were established 973 associations now functioning, and in 1921 there were organized 776 associations. The years 1921-23 saw the formation of statewide cotton and tobacco organizations. Number of Organizations.

The total number of farmers' ornow in excess of 12,000 with a membership of about 2,000,000 farmers, and doing an annual business of more than \$2,500,000,000. Seventy per cent of all the associations are in the 12 North Central states, which states include the great corn and wheat producing areas. Six per cent of the organizations are in the three Pacific Coast states.

There has been an increase of nearly 200 per cent in the number of associations since 1915, according to the department's record; the membership has increased 300 per cent, and the estimated amount of business has increased 200 per cent as measured in dollars.

The local associations were the first historically and are still the most numerous, the department says. They are created by farmers of a single community to perform services which can well be performed near the producing areas. Primarily these functions are assembling farm broducts and preparing them for market."

About fifty federations of local organizations are reported as now functioning in the United States. These federations determine policies regarding standardization of products and the preparation of products for entering the channels of trade. They usually develop and handle the advertising and selling campaigns, and all matters of transportation and legal affairs.

The centralized or state-wide association which combines the functions of the local and the federation has come into prominence during the past five years. There are now about fifty organizations of this type operating throughout the country, including fifteen large cotton associations, seven big tobacco associations, and numerous state-wide associations handling other commodities.

Concentrates Are Best

for Farm Work Horses Corn and cob meal has been fed quite successfully to horses in a few instances; however, it should not be ground too fine and probably would improve it to mix some oats with it. However, if horses are receiving a great deal of other roughage or bulky feed it would not be best to feed too much corn and cob meal, as horses are different from cattle and sheep in that they require a more concentrated ration. Corn and cob meal is a very poor fattener, as the cobs contain so much fiber, and large enough quantity cannot be consumed to put much fat upon the body, almost all of the digestive part of the ration being used ance after the cost is paid that really by the body for maintenance and energy rather than to lay on fat.

to Coöperate PUIII

EXPERIMENTS SHOW HIGH FEED VALUES

The results of the feeding experiments conducted during the past three years by the poultry department of the Idaho Agricultural college show that the ration containing peameal and sour skim milk was outstanding in making hens lay. A ration in which the dry mash contained 20 per cent peameal and unlimited sour skim milk gave higher percentage egg production. more eggs per pullet, cheaper eggs and greater profits over feed cost than any of the other rations in the experiment. This ration made the hens lay a large number of large eggs.

Peas are available or may be grown in nearly every part of Idaho. The expense of grinding them into peameal and placing them in the dry mash is small.

During the present year, the pen in the feeding experiment getting peameal and sour skim milk gave an average egg production of 49.6 per cent. Eggs were produced the year around at'a feed cost of 14 cents. The pullets averaged 181.2 eggs each, consumed 39 pounds of grain, 21.8 pounds of dry mash and 148.2 pounds of sour skim milk each and made a profit over feed cost of \$2.83 each. Forty-four per cent of the eggs laid by this pen weighed 24 to 28 ounces to the dozen, 39 per cent from 22 to 24 ounces, and only 17 per cent below 22 ounces. When the results of this pen are compared to those of one not getting the peameal or sour skim milk, they show that the peameal and sour skim milk pen laid over three times the total number of eggs, over seven times as many marketable eggs, or eggs over 22 ounces per dozen, gave \$1.67 greater profit over feed cost per pullet and produced eggs at 7.5 cents cheaper feed cost per dozen.

Undersized Pullet Will

Make Poorest Egg Layer "Experience is the keynote in profitable egg production," declares J. G. Halpin of the University of Wisconsin poultry department.

As in many other things, it is easy to say it should be done, but quite a different matter when it comes to doing it. It is just like feeding cattle-two men may divide a herd equally, and both feed the same kind of feed; yet one will lose, while the other

will make a profit. "Immature and undersized pullets are the cause of low egg production in many flocks," continues Halpin. "Some people try to make themselves believe that they have a flock of good-sized pullets by weighing the largest ones. A pullet which is under-size or immature will not lay enough to be profitganizations in the United States is able. What one man considers a small pullet, may be considered large enough by another man. But there are standards of weight which are about right for egg production."

The time which the chicks should be hatched depends upon the man who is doing the feeding. Chicks under one man's care may mature much earlier than under the care of another. Pullets should be matured at a time when they will come into laying in the early winter months when egg prices are highest, advises the poultryman.

Cure Egg-Eating Hens

To stop hens from eating eggs provide plenty of oyster shell and feed the scratch grain in the litter, so the hens will be kept busy as much of the time as possible. Feed a balanced ration containing plenty of meat food-20 per cent-and darken the nests so the hens will not be so likely to see the eggs.

Poultry Notes

Ducks are usually mated in flocks of about thirty females with five or six

Animal protein in the form of meat scrap, tankage, fish scrap, dried buttermilk, or semi-solid buttermilk is very essential to heavy egg production.

. . . Guineas will remain closer to the farm buildings if only one male bird is kept for every three or four fe-

Certain diseases of turkeys are obtained from chickens and vice versa. The best way to hatch them is under the turkey hens.

Be sure the hen is thoroughly deloused before setting, and also the first and second week after setting. Do not put any lice powder on her just be fore the chicks hatch, however.

Sickness must be expected in flocks where the houses are kept in an unsanitary condition. More than one man has been driven out of the poultry business by tolerating filth.

Early hatched chicks will make more rapid growth than late hatched ones. If one wishes to sell breeding stock this is a decided advantage.

Do not allow the turkeys in the same house with the chickens, and, it possible, do not allow them to range with the chickens.



JOB PRINTING at the **GAZETTE SHOP**



Keep The Wings of Your **Dollars Trimmed**

If you don't watch them, dollars have a way of flying over the fence and getting lost in the thicket of needless spending.

The best way to clip the wings of a dollar and make it impossible for it to get away, is to save the dimes, quarters and halves and put them safely away in a savings account.

If you do not have a savings account, start one today—it will come in handy some time— a dollar

THE FARMERS BANK

Kendrick, Idaho

The soil on a good farm gets bette: every year.

Work is drudgery when you haven't got the right equipment.

Business men are predicting a pros-

perous year for 1925. Here's hoping. Farming with just the hands and the feet goes hand in hand with de-

linquent taxes. The best farmers generally take time to put on the few extra touches that really finish a job.

An efficient and valuable man does what he can for his communitythat's why he is valuable.

Another thing about grain farming -plowing binder tracks under every year won't keep land producing.

No agricultural college has as ye announced whether it is worse to give good feed to scrub cows or scrub feed to good cows.

"Every farmer should produce half of his living in the home garden," is the slogan used by horticultural workers in the home garden campaign.

where this was not applied with the wheat at seeding, and will do much to insure the following clover crop. Listing Good Practice

nure will help the wheat, will provide

an opportunity to apply phosphate

On well-drained bottom land corn

planted with a lister will produce approximately as high a yield as corn planted on plowed ground. On bottom land that is heavy and poorly drained there is danger of the corn rotting in the spring in a period of wet weather when it is planted with a lister. On such land it will usually pay to plow with a disk furrow opener attachment to the corn planter.

Saving Frosted Combs

Breeding males whose combs have been slightly frostbitten may be treated so that they will recover in a short time. Place the birds in a fairly cool room and treat them individually with a mixture made as follows: Heat five tablespoonfuls of grease until it becomes liquefied. Then stir in two tablespoonfuls of glycerin and a tablespoonful of turpentine. Apply once or twice a day. If the injury has been severe it will be best to cut off the entire comb, being careful to sear the cut part with a hot iron to prevent great loss of blood.

Popular Idea of Safety

Most everybody's idea of safety first Top-dressing winter wheat with ma- is for the other fellow to take all the precautions. - Peoria Journal.

Nemas Use Much Free Nitrogen

Nitrogenous Fertilizers Are Most Costly Food Farmers Must Buy.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Although four-fifths of the atmosphere is nitrogen, the most expensive of our staple foods are those containing it and nitrogenous fertilizers are the most costly food the farmer must buy to feed his crops. This apparently paradoxical situation is explained by the fact that this prime necessity of plant and animal life is one of the most inert and insoluble of gases and consequently not easily put into combined form for use. The natural means for accomplishing its combination, so far as known, are few, and the discovery of a new one is therefore of no small importance to science and to people in general. Take in Nitrogen.

Dr. N. A. Cobb of the bureau of plant industry, United States Department of Agriculture, has observed that certain nemas-those threadlike organisms found widely distributed throughout the world in soil, water, and in plants, animals, and insectsseem to have the capacity to take in raw nitrogen, along with other constituents of the air, and combine it with other materials for their own use. The nitrogen-fixing bacteria of the soil have long been known to have this power and some of the very low forms of plant life, such as certain algae and fungi, are thought to have it, but the nemas observed by Doctor Cobb are the highest form of life now known to make this direct use of atmospheric nitrogen. He observed that when these nemas were put in a culture solution they would swarm to the surface and swallow bubbles of air, keeping up this gulping for hours at a time. Watched under a microscope, these bubbles are seen to go down the oesophagus and then to disappear almost immediately after entering the intestines. In a short time these small organisms would consume several times their own volume of air which is four-fifths nitrogen and only one-fifth oxygen and other less common gases. Because of the known relative insolubility of nitrogen, the plain conclusion is that these nemas combine it and make use of it in their internal economy. Another fact that makes this conclusion seem correct is that they do this "air feeding" much more in a culture that is practically free of nitrogen.

Discover Organisms. The possibilities for new knowledge regarding plant and animal nutrition and the keeping up of soil fertility are incalculable in view of this discovery and others which may be made in the same direction, thinks Doctor Cobb. Already several thousand soil organisms are known, but the activities of only a very few are understood. Because of the rate at which new organisms are being discovered in this field, it is reasonable to believe that there are many thousands yet to be discovered and studied. When they are found and the scientists have learned what they do, it is reasonable to believe that many of our present methods of handling the soil and crops and, perhaps, animals, may undergo profound changes. The nitrogen-consuming nemas stim-

ulate interesting speculations."

Sweet Clover Useful in Soil Building Program

Profitable, permanent farming demands the use of some legume crop. Farmers are paying increasing atitention to the importance of building up the soil, where in the past it has in many sections been seriously depleted

through Improper methods. Sweet clover, once considered as nothing but a weed, is fitting into the new soll-building program to a nicety. It is a deep-rooted, vigorous growing legume. As a combined soil-building

piasture and hay crop it has no equal and should find an important place on many farms.

Size of Calf at Birth

The size of the calf at birth depends largely upon the size of the dam and sire. Jersey and Guernsey calves will weigh from 50 to 60 pounds at birth, Holstein calves, from 85 to 95 pounds. This fact must be taken into consideration in feeding. A small calf cannot consume as much milk as a large calf. and overfeeding a calf on milk is just as bad a practice as underfeeding. The former leads to trouble from scours; the latter, of course, prevents the calf from making normal gains.

Good Work in Orchard

Plant the orchard in good soil on a high piece of ground. Avoid slopes too steep to get over easily with a spraying outfit. Plant clean, healthy trees. You would not buy a diseased breeding animal, why buy a diseased fruit tree? Choose a few varieties adapted to your neighborhood, then cultivate crops between the trees, until they are of bear-

Liver Troubles of Fowls Liver troubles in fowls cannot be treated as they are discovered too late but they can usually be prevented by keeping the birds exercising in deep litter for their scratch feed, and also feeding plenty of green feed to balance the ration. Poultry are, of course, subject to a certain death rate the same as other animals, and losses occasionally occur even when the hens

have the best of management.

PURE BRED POULTRY MOST PROFITABLE

It is often said that pure bred flocks are more profitable than mongrels and there is every reason to believe that they are; but there is one provision that must be taken into consideration; namely, pure bred poultry must be better cared for than are mongrels. Those who do not intend to care for pure breds properly should stick to mongrels, but given care and attention pure breds will repay doubly for it as compared with the mongrels.

There are reasons, says D. H. Hall, extension poultry husbandman · of Clemson college.

Pure bred poultry will produce a uniform product and will bring a higher price. The eggs from pure breds are uniform in size, shape and color. When eggs from pure breds do vary the variation is considerably less than from mongrels.

Pure breds are faster growers and when grown produce a more uniform flock. There is not a better advertisement for a farm than a flock of pure bred chickens. They will attract more attention than any other form of live

Pure breds will also lay more eggs if properly handled. This has been proved beyond all doubt by various experiment stations.

Pure bred poultry is also more economical with feed consumption. They lay more eggs, hence they pay more for their feed and give a higher profit. Pure bred stock and eggs can be sold for breeding purposes. This will be a good source of income for the pure bred breeder. Mongrels and mongrel eggs can be sold only for mar-

ket prices. Pure breds can be exhibited in poultry shows and thus compete for prizes. There is nothing like a blue ribbon from a poultry show. Mongrels

cannot be placed in a show for prizes. Pure breds will create interest in poultry. Who is the enthusiast about poultry in any community? Why, the farmer with the pure bred, of course. Why are you not enthusiastic about your poultry? If you have mongrels that may be the reason. Get pure breds and be proud of them.

Dubbing Used to Avoid

Injury to Hen's Comb Dubbing to prevent freezing and suffering due to frozen combs has been practiced very successfully in the Purdue university poultry flocks. Freezing results in much suffering of the birds and consequently loss in fertility of eggs and hatching results. Dubbing is not new but a remedy breeders of fighting birds have always practiced to prevent injuring of combs and to conserve vigor of the males.

The operation is extremely simple and a sharp razor is used hist to cut off the wattles and later to remove the comb starting at the front end. The wattles are cut quite close and the comb reasonably close to the head. The blood will flow freely but if a body fluff feather is held over cut part of the comb congulation will soon take place and the bleeding cease. Seldom do the birds suffer from the operation and free bleeding should cause no worry. A treated bird should not be placed in an extremely cold room until the wound has healed nor should

they be placed together. It is well not to practice the operation until after the birds have been selected for the breeding pen in order to permit normal appearance of the head to be a guide in making selections.

Hen's Drinking Water

Preparations advertised as being effective in ridding hens of lice simply by placing the preparation in the drinking water or in the feed are not generally to be recommended for this purpose. Such material in the drinking water will cause the hens to drink only a limited amount of water and, as a consequence, egg production will be reduced, advises J. H. McAdams, extension poultryman, Kansas State Ag-

ricultural college. The sure method for killing lice at this time of year is to dust the hens thoroughly with sodium fluoride, using the pinch method. Or blue ointment. may be used, mixed half and half with vaseline and applying a circle of the ointment around the vent, says Mc-Adams.

Use Well-Shaped Eggs

In selecting eggs to place in an incubator only average-sized well-shaped eggs should be used, as extremely large or small eggs, or eggs that do not conform to normal shape, will hatch a low percentage of chicks of irregular size. Do not delay the starting of the incubator for the first hatching beyond April 1, as the possibilities for profit are much greater with early hatched chicks than with later ones. The early pullet's are the ones that will be fall and winter layers.

For Setting a Hen

For a sitting hen choose one of medium weight such as are found in the American or English breeds, Make the nest at least six inches deep and sixteen inches square. For a nesting material choose something like oat straw, wheat straw, or hay. Make the nest so that the eggs will roll apart readily when the hen steps upon them, but not so flat but that they will roll together of their own accord when the hen leaves the nest. Choose a cool place, set from 11 to 15 eggs.

Pure Breds Excel in Litter Contest

Make Best Showing in Minnesota Pig Dispute.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
In the Minnesota Ton-Litter contest

for 1924 pure bred pigs made the best showing, with grades and crossbreds also doing well. Of 43 farmers whose litters made a ton or more of pork in 180 days, not one had a scrub litter. In commenting on this result in a letter to the United States Department of Agriculture, H. G. Zavoral, live stock specialist of Minnesota, remarked: "The ton-litter contest demonstrated the value of well bred pigs for pork production. It showed that pure bred hogs are more highly developed machines to convert farm feeds into

Another advantage which Mr. Zavoral pointed out, in the interests of live stock improvement, is the earlier maturity of well bred stock. Most of the pigs in the litters that made the ton were ready for the market in from 5 to 51/2 months. The shorter time lessens the risk from disease. More than that, pigs crowded for the early market bring a higher price, on the average, than those marketed late when the markets are flooded.

The weights of the successful litters ranged from 2,008 to 3,102 pounds, with an average of 2,335.4 pounds. The average number of pigs in the litters "making the ton" was 10.8 and their average weight was 215.9 pounds.

Error to Reduce Clover

Acreage in the Spring When the price of common red clover seed is high the acreage seeded in the spring is usually cut down. Some farmers figure that they can afford to pay only so much for clover seed, and when that limit in price is exceeded many sow timothy alone. Undoubtedly there is a limit to the price

a man can afford to pay for clover seed, at the same time one should not lose sight of the fact that timothy hay is a very poor substitute for clover. It is not worth one-half as much per ton for feeding purposes as is clover or any other good legume hay. Many make a mistake when they reduce their clover acreage for no other reason than the price of the seed.

Alsike clover seed is not as high in price this year as red clover seed.

Rates Are Reduced on All Pure Bred Stock

Freight rates on pure bred live stock have been reduced 50 per cent by the principal railroads of the Northwest when certificates of registration are attached to the bills of lading. In case of delay in the receipt of such certificates, freight agents have been instructed to accept in lieu thereof a letter from the breed association's secreacknowledging the receipt of apregistration papers will be issued. It is important to remember that the reduced rate is in effect only for less than carload lots. For shipments exceeding 8,000 pounds the cost would probably be less if the regular carload

Tobacco Dust Kills Worms

rate was made to apply.

A large Ohio poultry man found that his 600 hens were infected with worms. The worms were ruining the flock and he got so disgusted that he sold all but 30 of his birds. What made him think the case was a hopeless one, was that he had put some of the round worms in gasoline and they lived over nine hours. However, the remaining birds were treated with tobacco dust for round worms and concentrated lye for tapeworms, and the hens were cured.

Winter is the farmer's reading

Eggs over two weeks old do not hatch well.

A good cat is a cheap form of insurance against rats and mice.

Time now to order some shrubbery and trees for beautifying the home

All animals to be slaughtered-including poultry-should be fasted for 24 hours.

The man on a small farm who is out of debt is better off than most men on large farms right now.

A silo is always an advantage, but when there is a chance for a poor corn crop it is an absolute necessity.

Did you get that yearly inventory made out on January 1? It is important in keeping track of your busi-

It is better to plow the corn landfor flax rather than to disk it. Either fall or spring plowing is good. If plowed in the spring thorough disking is necessary to make seedbed com-

Prescription for better farming: One part experience, one part observation, one part reading, one part county agent advice. Mix and boil over the practical use.

DAIRY HEIFER FEED IS VERY IMPORTANT

One of the things that I firmly believe to be good dairy advice, and also one that shoud be constantly told, is the necessity of regularity and kindness in the treatment of dairy cows, says a writer in the Indiana Farmer's Guide. It is a plain duty that no dairyman can well afford to overlook. The dairy cow, strictly speaking, is a creature subject to habit, in that respect the same as a human being and any sudden change in methods, etc., or in the various ways that she is handled, is sure to have its effect. If the change be a good one, the dairy cow will respond, especially if that change be in the way of kindness and an occasional change in feeding rations. If the change be otherwise, it surely will leave its effect and an undesirable result. Dairy cows are creatures of mood and also temperament and bad treatment will result in a falling off on the production end.

Another thing of much importance is, the fact that irregularities in the feeding and milking periods reduce not only the quantity but, by actual tests, the quality of the milk produced. That's worth considering. If a change must be made in the milking period, it should be done gradually, likewise in the feeding period if it must be changed at all.

I believe when dairymen, farmers, and everyone who has to do with cows, begin to appreciate fully the wisdom of treating them with the utmost consideration, then, and not until then, will the average butterfat production be on the increuse. Then 250 pounds per cow yearly will be a common thing and rightly so.

Mistake to Depend Upon

Weather to Cool Cream When cold weather comes on many

farmers give up their cream cooling tanks and depend upon the temperature of the air to cool the cream. This is a mistake. The cream cooling tank where the cream can be cooled in cold water should be used the year

If there is not room for a cream cooling tank within the building, where it can be kept from freezing, some other arrangement should be made for cooling the cream in cold water immediately after it is separated. Where it is cooled down to a temperature of 50 or below, it can be mixed in with the other cream and kept in a cool room, tightly covered.

Cream cans should always be kept tightly covered except during process of cooling.

... Where fresh cream is added to the can it should always be stirred. A plication and giving assurance that long stirring rod should be in use on every farm, so that the cream can be stirred from the bottom to the top of the can. The creameries should see that all their patrons are supplied with these stirring rods.

Breeding Diseases Are

Often Caused by Feeds Breeding diseases are often caused by feeds not containing enough minerals due to dryness of season. Cows and other animals breed much more regularly when on pasture than when on dry feed. The steamed bonemeal. or bone flour, for feeding purposes is purer than the fertilizer bonemeal. It is desirable to have the bonement as fine as it can be secured. This is steamed by the manufacturer in large steel drums for several hours. Any feed dealer can get this for you. Mix equal parts of steamed bonemeal, airslaked lime, and salt. Give one-fourth pound to each cow per day in the feed. Do not allow any other salt,

Self-Feeders for Calves

Self-feeders for calves have not proved practical nor economical in experiments at South Dakota State college. Too much high-priced protein feed was eaten and the calves were in too high a condition of flesh for economical growth. The calves also showed poor barrel development, indicating that very little roughage was

**************************** Dairy Hints

Keep the calves keen for their meals. Overfeeding is one of the chief causes of digestive troubles.

A cob fire in the watering tank results in more milk in the pail and more money in the bank.

All tinware should be sterilized. The sterilization of utensils is an important factor in producing high-grade milk.

Where no slinge is available, a cow will consume two pounds of good dry roughage per 100 pounds live weight. If silage is available, then feed one pound of dry roughage and three pounds of sliage per 100 pounds of live

The question of what to feed the dairy cow is very important. Economical production requires a balanced ration first, then feed each cow according to her individual refire of thinking until concentrated to quirements, such as her size, and the quantity and quality of milk produced. ture between 40 and 50 degrees.

SQUIRREL POISON

\$1.50 Strychnine alkaloid, per ounce - -Phosphorus, ¼ pound 85c

Calcium Cyanide (County Agent Retail Prices)

30c 5 pounds, priced per pound **20c** 25 pounds, priced per pound

For Treating Smut

50c Formaldehyde per pound \$1.00 Blue stone, 8 pounds for

For Preserving Eggs

Sod Silicate, a pint

25c

Red Cross Pharmacy

R. D. Newton, Prop.

WHERE TO BUY

We can sell you a car or anything you need for your car. It you want a Ford, Overland or Chevrolet, we can sell you one.

Fish and Goodyear Tires

They are standard the world over. Our prices are right.

We Burn Out the Carbon

Keep your engine clean by having the carbon burned out. It increases the power of your motor.

First Class Work Guaranteed

Kendrick Garage Company

Deobald Bros, Props

Two Big Essentials in Producing Good Horses

The present horse situation does not justify one in raising any kind of a horse except an exceptionally good one. Two things are essential in raising a good horse-good feed, and plenty of it and a good sire. The good sire is of first importance because good feeding will not make a good horse without good breeding. This being true, it is important that the man who would raise a good horse patronize a good stallion. A good stallion is one that is both a good individual and pure bred. Sometimes stallions that are not pure breds are fairly good individuals, but if not pure bred their chances of producing good colts are considerably less than the good individual that is pure bred. The state has provided a means of giving every stallion patron this information for all stallions that legally stand for public service must have a license. This license states plainly whether a stallion is of pure bred, grade or scrub breed-

Reduce Grain Ration

If a cow is a heavy milking one it is necessary to reduce the grain ration just previous to calving, taking out the corn and linseed meal, increasing the bran for the four or five days previous. Let the ration consist of five parts of bran and three parts of oats, fed sparingly; but the cow during this period should be given all of the roughage that she will clean up. Some moistened beet pulp may be added to the oats and bran to increase the bulk and prevent milk fever.

Poultry Hints

Incubator chicks hatched early make the profitable winter layers.

It pays to keep cockerels isolated from the hens until about two weeks before eggs are saved for hatching.

Sloppy mashes should not be used for ducklings, but they can be more moist than the crumbly mashes used for chicks.

Probably the best breed of turkeys is the bronze. This breed is large, hardy and in good demand on the markets.

It is very important that orders for eggs and baby chicks be given at once. All haby chicks should be hatched by the last of April.

Regularity in the use of lights, feed and water for the poultry flock makes for regularity in egg production.

Eggs held for hatching in cold weather should be kept in a tempera-

COMING! United Doctors

Specialists

Do Not Use Surgery Will be at

Davenport Hotel, Spokane WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY FRIDAY

APRIL 1, 2, 3 Palouse Hotel, Palouse SATURDAY, APRIL 4

Office hours 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

No Charge for Consultation

The doctor in charge is a graduate in medicine and surgery, and is licensed by the state of Washington. He visits professionally the more important towns and the cities and offers to all who call on this trip, consultation and examination free, except the expense of

treatment when desired. According to his method of treatment he does not operate for chronic appendicitis, gall stones, ulcers of stomach, tonsils or adenoids.

He has to his credit many wonderful results in diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, skin, nerves, heart kidney, blhdder, bed wetting, catarrh, weak lungs, rheumatism, sciatica, leg ulcers and rectal ailments.

If you have been ailing for any length of time and do not get better do not fail to call, as improper measures rather than disease are often the cause of your long-standing trouble.

Remember above date, that consultation on this trip will be free and, and that his treatment is dif-

Address: 336 Boston Block, Minneapolis, Minn.

New Animal Snare

A rubber compound has been marketed by a firm in Singapore which when heated and spread on a board will ensuare any bird, insect or beast of reasonable size, once it steps on it. exactly as the modern fly paper catches the fly. The product has aroused the interest of inhabitants in those sections where it is necessary to fortify the home or camp against wild animals and insects which are

All-Powerful Love

If we love one another, nothing, in truth, can harm us, whatever mischance may happen.-Longfellow.

Professional Cards

Dr. William T. Seeley

Physician and Surgeon

Kendrick,

Idaho

Dr. Geo. W. McKeever **DENTAL SURGEON**

Phone 812

Kendrick,

MOSCOW,

Dr. Jesse H. Burgess **EYESIGHT SPECIALIST**

Satisfation Guaranteed

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Wm. H. Meyer

Blacksmithing, Wagon Work and

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All Work Guaranteed

General Blacksmithing

Wagon and Carriage Shop Repairing of all Kinds Neatly Done All Work Guaranteed

Frank Crocker

NOTICE OF VILLAGE ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the City Hall. April 28, 1925, according to law, to elect two members of the Village Board to succeed Trustee Dammarell and Trustee Newton, whose terms then expire. Nomination for these offices may be made by a mass meeting or caucus of ten LaHatt the Jeweler, Kendrick. 13-tf qualified electors of the Village, who will certify their nominations to the Village Clerk at least ten days prior to said election. Nominations may also be made by petition signed by ten or more qualified electors of the Village, said petition to be filed with the Village Clerk at least ten days prior to said election.

By Order of the Village Board. Ralph B. Knepper, Clerk

Big Cows Produce More Milk, Declare Experts

The cow producing 100 pounds of butterfat a year on the average returns \$8 to her owner above cost of feed, and the cow producing 400 pounds returns \$99. With four times the production, over 12 times the re-

turn above feed cost is secured.

It is significant also that Dana of Vermont, Pearson of Illinois, and others have furnished evidence from which the conclusion can be drawn that large cows produce more, make more efficient use of feed and produce more economically when all items of cost are considered than do smaller ones. In this way the size of the cow is one factor that influences milk costs. Again mature cows between the ages of five and eight as a rule produce more efficiently. This is shown by McCandlish, of Iowa, who after making a study of over 10,000 official records, concludes that milk is produced in larger quantities at a lower cost by cows between five and eight years of age .- H. R. Lascelles of the Colorado Agricultural College.

No Doubt of It

"Many a man would be improved." said Uncle Eben, if "he minded de Bible as close as he does de constitu tion an' by-laws of his 'sociation." Washington Star.

Local Ads

If you want to buy a cow, a team, mules - or anything try a Want Ad in the Gazette.

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From 2 and 3 year old S. C. White Leghorns. All of the J. A. Hanson strain, large birds, heavy layers. Single settings \$1.25; 3 settings \$3.50; 5 settings \$5.00; per 100 eggs \$6.00. J. C. Hamil, phone 3425, Julia-

etta, Idaho.

We can handle your ledger sheets as cheaply as you can get them from a mail order print shop. Try the Gazette Shop first.

Call on Mrs. J. C. Groseciose, Juliaetta, Idaho, for up-to-date millinery.

More Hogs Wanted—Be sure to see me before you sell; am also buying cattle and sheep. Highest market prices paid. D. F. Gentry, Phone 4925, Ken-6-4p

KOR SALE: Sudan grass seed 20c a pound; Marnmoth Red Clover seed a pound 35c. O. V. Morey, Kend-

FOR SALE: Good 6 room residence property on Main Street; \$600 for quick sale. Theo Hanson, Kend-

For Sale: Blacksmith outfit, cheap if taken at once. Mrs. M. O. Raby, Phone 137, Kendrick.

FOR SALE: "good milk cows, 3 maie calves, one heiter. Lewis Malnarich, at the Frank Shaw place, Juliaetta.

"Maid O' Clover" ice cream sold at John's Confectionery.

5% MONEY TO LOAN 5%

We have money to loan on improved farm property for 5-7-10 or 20 years at 5 per cent plus usual ex-

Veatch Realty Company Moscow, Idaho.

HORSES FOR SALE

Horses of any age, any size; match teams, single horses. Priced reasonably, according to age and size. Claud Craig, Le-

FOR SALE: Jersey cow, gives 3 gallons a day, test 5 and eighttenths. Wm. Wolff, Kenrick. 13-t.f.

Fat Skookum Bread, sold at John's

WANTED: 2 good setting hens. Phone the Gazette Office.

Guaranteed watch repiringd one by



FALSE ECONOMY IN RATIONS FOR COWS

It is common practice among many farmers who feed dairy cows to feed liberally of ear corn or a plain mixture of corn and cobmeal and ground oats, thinking that if they feed enough of it there will be no necessity of buying socalled expensive protein feeds. These practices are seldom given much attention until they come into the range of cow-testing associations.

When such men do become members of some cow-testing association, it is often difficult to induce them to decrease the total amount of grain fed and add a high protein feed to their present ration, says a writer in the Successful Farming. Their argument is usually that the feed will cost too much. The following illustration was used by the writer quite recently to prove that such is not the case:

A member of the Jefferson county, Iowa, cow-testing association was feeding his cows a ration of 300 pounds of corn and cobmeal, and 200 pounds of ground oats. The average monthly production of his herd was 470 pounds of milk and 24 pounds of butterfat. His ration was costing him \$1.04 per 100 pounds. To 18 cows he was feed ing 7,200 pounds of grain during the

month at a cost of \$74.88. A suggested ration of 400 pounds of corn and cobmeal, 300 pounds of ground oats, 300 pounds of bran, 100 pounds of cottonseed meal and 200 pounds of oilmeal would cost him \$1.73 per 100

pounds. This ration is considerably more expensive per 100 pounds but at the rate his cows were producing, 3,300 pounds of the suggested ration would have been sufficient to keep up the cows' production during that month. However, 3,780 pounds were suggested to allow for putting some of the cows in a little better condition. This amount of grain would cost \$60.39. Here is a saving of \$14.49 for the

Apart from this saving, the fact should not be overlooked that the suggested ration contains more protein, consequently an increase in production can reasonably be expected. The owner's ration contains only about 7 per cent protein, which is altogether too little for large and economical production. The suggested ration will contain about 12.3 per cent protein. The pasture which these cows were getting was not abundant and a little supplementary roughage would have improved conditions considerably,

Another member was feeding, along with fair pasture, 15 pounds of a ear corn to cows quite recently fresh. At 60 cents per bushel this feed would cost him \$3.87 for each cow per month. Ear corn is not an economical feed at any time because of the quite large percentage that is not digested. Seven pounds of the same ration, as was advised in the previous case, would cost \$3.63 for each cow per month. This would be a saving of 24 cents on each cow. Apparently this is only a small saving but the higher protein content of the suggested ration would, no doubt, bring about an advance in production which would indirectly be a further saving.

It should be easy to see from these illustrations that what appears to be a saving in refusing to feed high protein rations is simply false economy. In many cases less pounds of grain in a balanced ration will bring more economical results than a liberal amount of feeds deficient in that absolutely necessary milk-making food, protein.

If the conditions in that first illustration had been the same for the entire year, a saving of \$173.88 could have been effected and it costs only about \$40 to be a member of a cow-testing association for a year.

Too Many Cattle on Range Will Spoil It

Tendency to Stock Heavily

When Pastures Are Good.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) Competent authorities in the range states estimate that the condition of the native pastures of that area is now only 10 to 50 per cent of their original productivity. This deterioration, says the United States Department of Agriculture, has been largely the result of overstocking. Another result of this condition has been smaller size of cattle even where they are well bred.

During periods of high prices stock men are tempted to put on more cuttle than the range can support without showing the effect in following years. There is also a tendency to stock heavily when pastures are especially good to recover losses sustained during bad years, with the frequent result that the gamble is carried too far.

The conservative cattlemen, says the department, who have developed the industry to its present high standard and acquired greater success in the range area, have learned to stock their pas-Confectionery. It's the best. 13-tf | tures to meet adverse or subnormal years. When very good years come along additional stock is bought and held for a short time to make profitable use of the extra grass without taxing the range too much. On the other hand, many stockmen use up too much of the pasture and reduce the vigor of the palatable plants.

The department says it is next to impossible to give definite figures on the carrying capacity of the range. The extremely wide variation is shown by an investigation of a range area in New Mexico where the rainfall was practically the same. Here the acreage varied from 25 to 125 acres per cow per year.

Cow for Producing Milk

Pure bred animals possess 100 per cent of the blood of their respective breed. Grade animals have a predominance of the blood of a given breed but less than 100 per cent, and they are usually by pure bred sires and out of native or grade cows. The better a cow is bred the greater insurance you have against disappointment when you buy or keep a cow for milk production. Purity of breeding. furthermore, tends to insure excellence

Tomato Blight Cause of Loss

Good Results Have Been Obtained by Setting Out Hardened Plants.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) Tomato growers in the Middle Atlantic and Middle Western states may greatly reduce their losses from leafspot, or blight, by following the prac- preach at the school house Sunday tices recommended in Department Bulletin 1288, The Control of Tomato Leaf-Spot, by Fred J. Pritchard and W. S. Porte, recently issued by the United States Department of Agricul- go from here to Lewiston, Saturture. The disease, which, in the day. They represent the seventh United States, causes the commercial and eighth grades respectively.

250,000 tons of tomatoes, is widely distributed east of the Rocky mountains.

Because spore formation of this fungus takes place only at temperatures between 59 and 80.5 degrees F. and because the disease develops best only within a temperature range of 73 to 78 degrees F., it is relatively unimportant in the northern states and in the far South. Because it thrives best in a moist atmosphere, it is more abundant in Maryland, Virginia, and the adjoining coast states than in the inland parts of the same temperature

Mixtures Too Expensive.

In the past bordeaux or other copper spray mixtures have given the best control of leaf-spot, but profits have not always been increased enough to justify the expense. The bulletin suggests that a more effective and economical method of control lies in the use of modified field practices. Good results have been obtained by setting out large, stocky, well-hardened plants early in the spring. Since the fungus does not produce spores at low temperatures the disease will not begin to do damage in this region before the latter half of June and for that reason these early plants escape more leaf-spot than the small ones that are commonly set late. Plants of the desirable kind at least six weeks old can be produced cheaply outdoors in the South and shipped north at the right time for planting. In 1923 more than 30,000,000 southern-grown tomato plants were shipped into Indiana and a considerable number into the Eastern states. Some of the larger northern companies manufacturing tomato products are growing their own plants in the South, in order to obtain healthy plants of suitable size and age. The indiscriminate purchase of southern stock of unknown history cannot be recommended, because of the attendant danger of introducing wilt and root-knot. There is need of a system of plant certification to protect the careful southern grower and the northern purchaser against this Fungus Prevented.

The fungus can be largely prevented from over-wintering by plowing under the old tomato vines in the fall. The vines must be thoroughly covered to kill all the fungus on them and this can be accomplished by first cutting them with a disk and by using a weed hook on the plow or a weed hook and jointer. The fungus also grows and produces spores on dead weeds, grasses, and remains of various crops, especially cornstalks. By keeping these dead materials covered with soil and by destroying such plants as the of February A. D., 1925, for the horsenettle, groundcherry, jimsonweed sum of \$2024.95 in United States and nightshade and by burning dead weeds and grasses along the fence attorney's fees, which said decree rows and other waste places, the disease can be well controlled.

Copies of the bulletin may be obtained free as long as the supply lasts commanded to sell all that certain by addressing the United State Department of Agriculture, Washington,

tarm Hints

Poultry should be culled once each month in the year.

Five good milk cows will support an average farm family,

Reading, searching and thinking are more important in farming in 1925 than ever.

sense about farming; that's what | perty or so much thereof as may be science is.

If hens are in good laying condition the present price of eggs should justify feeding them high-priced feed. A little more money for feed to pro-

vide a good ration ought to bring rood returns through the sale of eggs at this season of the year. If there are a large number of culls in the flock that will not lay they

should be sold for as much as they will

bring for they will soon eat more feed

than they are worth. Pure sunlight, without the interference even of window glass, is an essential in making strong-boned animals, according to experiments conducted by agricultural

Under the present conditions every dairyman should give his cow-testing association records special attention and eliminate every cow that fails to show a profit, provided they have been fed and handled in such a way that no doubt remains as to their ability to produce.

throughout the country.

Agatha News

Last Thursday, Mr. Johnson, Sunday school organizer, visited the Agatha school. Sunday evening he gave a religious show. Next Sunday he is going to organize a Sunday school. Mrs. Almeda Dean was center of the public highway joining elected president; Mrs. R. J. Hot- the premises of each land owner kin, assistant president; Mrs. Mable within the times and in the manner Johnson, secretary; Miss Ethel hereinafter prescribed. Stephens, assistant secretary.

Rev. Warren of Clarkston will

Irma Stephens and Beulah Hoskin are our spelling contestants to

their folks of Lenore and Leland over the week end.

Miss Edith Stephens called on the

school, Tuesday afternuon. Mrs. A. E. Dean, Miss Nellie Dean, Lucile Coffland and Ernest Steiger were Sunday guests of A. A. Dobson's and L. L. McGuire's.

Mrs. M. R. Vincent is with her mother while her small daughter is recovering from a sick spell.

Dean Wright and Silvie Cook were business visitors in Kendrick, Mon-

LENORE LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Southwick and son, Darl, were guests of Harvey Southwick and family, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Vaughan were dinner guests at the W. J. Green home, Sunday.

Miss Edna Green spent Sunday with Miss Edna Southwick.

Mrs. H. Legate was a dinner guest at the Jake Slatter home, Sunday.

Mrs. Joe Choate was an over night visitor of Oscar Hollingsworth, Monday.

Miss Opal Southwick of Southwick was a week end visitor at the home of her parents.

Mrs. Joe Cook returned home, Sunday after a visit at Lewiston. Mr. and Mrs. Neal Vaughan were visitors of W. E. Tarry, Sunday.

Notice of Forclosure Sale ORDER OF SALE AND DECREE OF FORECLOSURE AND SALE

Fred Johns and Louise Johns, his wife, Plaintiffs

Charles Westendahl alias Chas. Westendahl alias Charles Westendhall and Petra L. Westenuahl, De-

Under and by virtue of an order

fendants.

of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the District Court of the Second Judicial District in and tor the County of Latah and State of Idaho on the 28th day of February A. D., 1925, in the above entitled action wherein Fred Johns and Louise Johns, his wife the above named Plaintiffs obtained a judgement and decree of foreclosure and sale against Charles Westendahi alias Chas. Westendahl alias Charles Westendhall and Petra L. Westendahl, Nefendants, on the 28th day gold coin, besides interest, cost and was on the--day of--- A. D.; 19-, recorded in judgement book -- of said court, at page--, I am lot, piece or parcel of land situated, lying and being in Kendrick pre-Section 12 in Township 38 North, Range Three West of the Boise Mer-

ernment Survey. Public notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 28th day of March A. D., 1925, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, in front of the Court House door of the County of Latah, I will, in obedience to an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and Train and organize your common sale, sell the above described pronecessary to satisty said judgement, with interest and costs, etc., to the hghest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

idian, and containing 160 acres,

more or less, according to the Gov-

Date this 4th day of March, 1925. Charlie Summerfield, Sheriff. By Geo. K. Moody, Deputy.

ORDER FOR THE DESTRUC-TION OF NOXIOUS WEEDS IN LATAH COUNTY, IDAHO

Comes now the Board of County Commissioners of Latah County, State of Idaho, and makes the following order:

It is hereby ordered by the Board of County Commissioners that Latah County, State of Idaho, is, and is hereby declared to be a weed district in compliance with Section 3492 to and including 3501 of the compiled

Statutes of Idaho. It is further ordered that the fol-lowing named weeds, to-wit: "Jim Hill" Mustard, Canadian thistle, Wild Morning Glory (or Bind Weed), and Fan (or French) weed, are destimental and destructive to agricultural crops in Latah County, and all such noxious weeds growing within Latah County, Idaho, are hereby ordered destroyed or exterminated as hereinafter described, and all of said work must be performed and completed at the proper time and in proper season.

Notice is hereby given to all owners and occupants of land in Latah county, Idaho, that said noxious weeds must be exterminated upon their premises, which extends to the

JIM HILL MUSTARD-Eradication -Jim Hill Mustard that is just ing when the grain is up a few instage should be hand pulled when the plant is coming into bloom. Plants that have passed the blooming stage should be pulled and burned.
WILD MORNING GLORY—

Eradication — In cases of small growers an estimated annual loss of Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Cook visited patches one of the following three

methods may be used, but must be thoroughly and persistently carried

1. Keep the plants thoroughly cut with a hoe, every few days throughout the growing season. It may take two seasons to complete the work, but if properly done there will be little further trouble.

2. Thoroughly grub out and remove all underground root-stocks with a spade or shovel. Keep close watch for staggering plants at intervals and treat them in the same way. Cut off all shoots under the ground,

3. Smother by placing good, strong tar-paper over them. In using this method the paper should overlap well and be held down by stones, dry soil, or pieces of timber.

In cases where whole fields are infested, the above mentioned methods are impracticable. The eradication of this weed then means that its underground roots must either be grubbed out and gathered, or such surface cultivation employed as will result in the starvation of the roots. With this object in view the following method is given: Patches of this weed should be

plowed shallow early in the spring. Work with the knife cultivator or some cultivator that will cut off the shoots under the ground as often as may be necessary to keep the new shoots from appearing above ground. Continue this until late fall, then plow deep, turning as many of the roots up as possible. The roots should be left in this state over winter, when many of them will be killed by the hard frosts. In the spring continue clean cultivation as before untill late in the fall, when the ground may be seeded to winter wheat, or this ground may be left until the second spring and planted to oats or alfalfa. If this system of cultivation is carried out thoroughly for the two years, it will practically eliminate wild morning glory. It must be kept in mind that shoots are to be prevented from appearing above ground if this system is to be effect-

CANADIAN THISTLE - Eradication-Same as recommended for Wild Morning Glory.

FAN WEED - Eradication - In cases where the weed is only growing by stray plants over the farm hand-pulling, gathering and burning is most effective, and the most sure way of keeping it in check. Where it is found in small patches as the case generally is, some hoe crops should be grown, such as corn, turnips, or potatoes. This means the continuous cultivation of the soil, besides producing reasonable returns from the work.

On land that is so badly infested that hand-pulling is impossible, one of the following methods of cultiva-

tion may be employed: (a) Cultivate immediately after harvest, so that the surface seed may germinate. In wet seasons it may be necessary to cultivate again before winter sets in. The following spring plow shallow and work down each day that which is plowed. Let this stand until more seeds germinate, then cultivate well and seed thickly to oats or barley. Harrow the grain when two inches high, from cinct, County of Latah, State of one to three times at intervals. This Idaho, and bounded and described will destroy the young weeds and as follows: The West half of the also reduce the grain crop to a Northwest Quarter and the West proper stand. Barley in this in-Northwest Quarter and the West stance is much preferred, as the broad leaf of the barley has greater effect in smothering than oats have. If there is still considerable stinkweed in the crop it can be cut early for green feed. This system of cultivation can be carried out for three years, except that the land should be seeded to oats the second year, and to spring wheat the third. When seeding the wheat sow reasonably thin and seed down to red clover and timothy or alfalfa. Leave in hay or

pasture for a period of years. (b) Start cultivation early as above mentioned, but plow shallow late in the fall if possible and work down. The following spring after weeds are well started, plow slightly deeper than at the previous plowing, work to a fine surface, allow it to remain until more weeds germinate, then plow again, still deeper, bringing up more seeds to be germinated and destroyed by surface cultivation. Work should be completed by the latter part of July, when the land should be seeded to fall rye, which can be pastured that fall and during the following spring and summer.

(c) Summer-fallow for one year; this should consist of at least two plowings, three will give better re-

Following this year's summer-fallow it should be worked late the next spring, then seeded reasonably thin to oats, harrowed when the grain is up two inches, and then seeded to red clover and timothy or alfalfa, Cut this crop for green feed if there are any matured stink-weeds. By order of the Board of County

Commissioners this 5th day of March,

ELMER L. PAULSON, JOHN CONE, G. F. WALKER,

County Commissioner's in and for Latah County, Idaho.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF COUNTY OF LATAH, STATE OF IDAHO Notice for Publication of Time Appointed for Proving Will.

IN the matter of the Estate of S. P. Callison Deceased.

Pursuant to an order of said Probate Court, made on the 12th day of March 1925, notice is hereby given that Monday the 6th day of April 1925, at 11 o'clock A.M. of said day at the court room of said Court, at the court house in the coming up in the late sowed spring County of Latah, has been appointed grain should be destroyed by harrow- as the time and place for proving the will of said S. P. Callison deceased, ches. Any mustard that is past this and for hearing the application of B F Collison for the issuance to him of letters Testamentary, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1925 ADRIAN NELSON Probate Judge

GLEANINGS

Al McKee of Lapwai was in Kendrick the first of the week looking after business interests. He was driving a new Dodge

Reports received from Mrs. Brown this week are to the effect that she is getting along very well, although her opera- bills paid before the ice wagon tion last week was a very seri. starts. ous one.

Wm. Deobald went to Moscow mudholes but he drove a new store there for a number of years. Ford back and made the trip without any trouble.

Everett Fraser shipped a nurebred milch goat and two spring coat. kids to a party at Kooskia the first of the week.

Mrs. Eaken and daughter, Zaida, and Alice Bell were Moscow visitors last Saturday.

Miss Pearl DePartee returned Monday morning from Lewiston where she visited her sister, Mrs. Ben Boston.

John L. Woody of American ridge spent the week end with his family at Moscow.

theater. The band has started which he purchased some time ago rehearsals of the music to be from Jack Becntol. played at the celebration here July 4. The band will number approximately forty pieces when the members are all together. Splendid progress is being made.

Rev. C. D. Bell went to Moscow on the morning train Tuesday on business.

Halvor Nelson arrived the first of the week from Farmington, Wash., to look after business interests here.

of the week from Spokane to that grading would start in a few visit at the Martin Thomas days and the work completed as home. Mr. Haizlip is still in rapidly as possible. The county

transacting business in Kendrick crushed rock some time before next the first of the week.

Mrs. Roy Florance, who is teaching the Pine Creek school spent the week end in Clarkston with her husband.

Theo Hanson came down from Troy, Saturday, to spend the week end with his family. His daughter, Evelyn, arrived on the afternoon train Saturday to be here over the week end.

and family spent Synday in Clarkston with relatives.

The Oil Lemonstration, put on last Saturday by the Kendrick Hardware Co., drew a large crowd to everyone and a profitable one, as there was considerable interest shown in the oil tests and the talks made by experts in this line.

Mrs. V. V. Gardner of Winchester returned home Tuesday afternoon after spending two weeks here with ditions, because this form is more her son, Joe.

Henry Emmett and daughter, Bertha, and the little daughter of use the flakes, empty the material Ira Gentry, arrived Wednesday into a bucket with tight lid, which afternoon from Toston, Montana, can be carried into the field. The to attend the funeral of Mr. Emmett's son, Everett.

a major operation at a Spokane hospital last week, is reported to be getting along nicely.

W. Kjosness, formerly with the extension department of the Univeristy of Idaho, now commissioner burrow. The material scattered of agriculture, succeeding Mark outside the burrow will have little, Means, was transacting business in if any, effect on the squirrels. It Kenarick this week.

postal employees will raise the pay sults will be practically the same in the local office to some extent. The rural carriers have been given an increase of 4c a mile for every day they travel the route during labor cost is saved. Cover the field the year. This figures out a raise of \$1.12 a day on route No. 2 and 68c a day on route No. 1. The postmaster will get an increase of approximately \$100 a year, according to published figures, although this is not official.

senger agent for the Northern Thursday at the Boemeke home. Mr. Pacific Railway, was a Kendrick Boemeke returned to Lewiston with visitor Wednesday. His father was them, where they attended the fundepot agent here about 18 years ago eral of Mr. Boemeke's brother's and is now located at Palouse. Mr. wife. Greene's brother, Ralph, who taught in the high school here six fax and Mrs. H. E. Wessels of Calior seven years ago, now has a posi- forma arrived Saturday from Coltion with the Los Angeles Times.

the burglar.'

gas during the next two years, you sels, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wendt,

It is about time to get your coal

B. F. Nesbit of Troy will take over the Juliaetta Pharmacy the first of April. He recently purand returned last Sunday. He chased the business from Mr. said there were a number of bad Pepple, who has conducted the drug

> The Carlson Hardware Co. improved its place of business recently with a new coat of paint. The harness shop also received its new

> The question of surfacing main street of Deary will be put up to the voters of that place at the regular village election to be held Tuesday, April 28. It will require an \$8,000 bond issue to complete the

Mrs. John W. Phillips of Lewiston returned home Tuesday after visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harold

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. VanSkike arrived last Friday from Montana.
They have rented the Frank Byrne's Band rehearsals are being held in the New Kendrick in charge of the local pool hall

Start Juliaetta Road Work

A crew of rock men started work this week on the seven-eighths mile strip of road between the town limits of Juliaetta and the Kendrick Highway District line. This is the only unfinished portion of the surfaced highway to connect up the two towns. The work is under the direction of County Commissioner H. R. Haizlip arrived the first | G. F. Walker. Mr. Walker stated the chicken business in Spokane. commissioners have promised that Dean Wright of Agatha was the road will be surfaced with

Effective Squirrell Poison

Last year a number of farmers in Marvin Long and Joe Gardner this community experimented with were Lewiston visitors last Sun-calcium cyanide for killing squirrels. The results were very good. It is one of the most effective poisons known, is easy to handle and comparatively inexpensive when results are taken into consideration. The local drug store has made arrangements for handling of this poison and is selling it at the regul-Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Knepper ar county agent price, which is less than Spokane wholesale. It can be secured either in 5 pound or 25 pound containers.

A desirable feature of this poison is that it is not dangerous for stock town. It was a busy day with and will not kill the game birds. Following are simple directions for

Calcium Cyanide is manufactured in flake and dust form. The use rights a man never of flakes is preferred for most con- would. easily and economically applied. Both forms are highly effective. To original containers (25 pound size) are excellent for this purpose. The Mrs. Humphrey, who underwent material should be handled only in the open air. Obtain a large longhandled mixing spoon, holding when full, about two ounces of the flakes. Throw one spoonful deep into each is more practical and economical The recent increase in salaries of to leave the burrows open, as the reas when the burrows are closed. By this method fully 50 per cent of the thoroughly, as untreated burrows affect the results.

CAMERON NEWS

Mrs. Hoffman, sister of Mr. Frank J. Greene, traveling pas- Boemeke, and son of Portland, spent

Dr. E. C. Wessels and son of Col-In a nereby city the police were called by an agonized call for help from an old maids home. "Help," a week. fax. Dr. Wessels and son returned

help," said the voice over the Mrs. Stoneburner and Miss Emma Adults

phone, "there's a burglar in Miss Smith's room?" "Who is this talk at Sunday dinner: Rev. and Mrs. ing—is it Miss Smith?" "No, its Rein and family, Mr. and Mrs. George Ehlers and family, Mr. and George P. Barnum was transacting business in Lewiston the first family and Mrs. Aug. O. Wegner and family and Mrs. McClelland.

Mr. and Mrs. Blum had as supper Every time you buy a gallon of guests Sunday evening: Mrs. Weswill be paying for 3c worth of good roads.

It is about time to get your goal Brunsiek.

> Mrs. Brunsiek is visiting at the Russell Rodgers home this week.

Have your watch cleaned by La-Hatt the Jeweler. Every job guaranteed.

Fresh Pastry Tuesday and Saturday of each week at John's Confectionery.

UNCLE HANK



One of th' consolations of old age is, a feller hain't expected to keep his trousers pressed.

Get your watch repairing done by LaHatt the Jeweler.

Cakes made on request at John's Confectionery.



"Where You Always See Good Shows"

Tonight and Saturday

A new kind of a drama that was made miles away in the romantic South Seas





Featuring Adolph Menjou Leatrice Joy and Percy Marmont

OUR GUEST Tonight - N. E. Walker Sat. Mar. 28 C. Biddison Please call at theater and receive 2 tickets, each, for night stated. Tickets are not transferable.

Under 12 10c 35c

LOADS OF SHOES

Come in and get them, any price and any style or size. The biggest and best stock of shoes we have had since 1918. You will surely save money by buying your shoes here.

Young Men

Doll up with a new shirt. The most complete line we have ever shown and the prices are very low.

Pattern Oil Cloth

Sizes 56 by 56 inches and many pretty patterns to choose from at

New Bags for Ladies

Very newest shapes. Colors brown, grey, fawn, mottled green and black. **\$2.50 \$2.75 \$3.50**

Silk Scarfs

Ladies, here are the new ones in all colors of the rainbow, priced at \$2.00 and \$2.50

Silk Tissue Ginghams

Silk Tissue ginghams at bargain prices, just when you want them. Extra Special **58c**

Bargains in Groceries

Lots of special bargains in groceries. You might just as well be buying your table supplies for less. Come in and be convinced.

Kendrick Store Company

The Quality Store

Automobile Tires

A full selection of Cords and Fabrics in all sizes

Ford Sizes at



SEEDS

We have a full stock of field and garden seeds in both bulk and in package.

WAGON WOOD

Spokes, felloes, tongues, reaches, buggy poles—anything you need.

SINGLETREES

Large shipment of singletrees on hand. We have prices on these that can't be equalled.

PLIERS

Nineteen different sizes and styles to 40c to \$1.50 ріск from. Price

LINOLEUM RUGS

Genuine linoleum rug, size 9x12 - - -

Kendrick Hardware Company

Furniture

"Try Kendrick First"

Brunswicks