

The DAIRY

MILK SUBSTITUTE IS EASILY MIXED

Dairy experts at the United States Department of Agriculture experimental farm at Beltsville, Md., have worked out a calf meal milk substitute which is practical, and easily mixed and which contains a greater proportion of home-grown feeds than is used in most calf meals.

The department's recommended ration is as follows: Take 50 parts finely ground corn, 15 parts linseed oil meal, 15 parts finely ground rolled oats, 10 parts dried blood flour, 10 parts skimmed milk powder, one-half part salt. Stir up with warm mixture at the rate of one pound of the meal mixture to about six pounds of water. Increase gradually as the whole milk is decreased, until at the time the calf is 50 days old it should be getting only the gruel. At this time 1 1/2 to 2 pounds of the meal mixed with water will constitute a day's feed. The total quantity of milk used is about 300 pounds; if less is fed the calves are likely to be unthrifty.

The time at which calves can be put on milk substitutes alone, say department dairymen, depends upon the same factors as in the use of separated milk, namely, the breed, development, and vigor of the calves, etc. It is hardly safe, as a rule, even with the most vigorous ones, to attempt to put them on milk substitutes alone within one month after birth; and with calves below normal in vigor some milk for two months or more may be necessary to raise them.

The department suggests, as a guide for feeding the above substitute to large, vigorous calves, the following schedule: First 10 days, 10 pounds of whole milk daily; second 10 days, 8 pounds of milk and 0.4 pound of meal (mixed up in 6 times its weight of warm water); third 10 days, 6 pounds milk and 0.8 pound meal; fourth 10 days, 4 pounds milk and 1.2 pounds meal; fifth 10 days, 2 pounds milk and 1.6 pounds meal; after 50 days, 2 pounds meal and no milk. Smaller and less vigorous calves should be fed somewhat less, and the milk feeding should be continued a little longer. In any event, a total of 300 pounds of milk should be sufficient. Grain and roughage should be fed with milk substitutes the same as with separated milk.

Whole milk is the best food for a calf; skim milk ranks second. Calves fed the substitute as stated above have been subject to no more digestive troubles than the skim milk fed calves and the gains in weight have not been materially less.

Dairy Calf Is Subject to Digestive Disorders

It is best to let the calves stay with their mothers for two or three days after birth. Then they should be

taught to drink from a bucket. Care should be taken to see that the pail is clean for, as every farmer knows, calves are subject to digestive disorders.

The calf should get from 6 to 12 pounds of whole milk daily for the first three weeks and then may be gradually switched over to skim milk and a little grain. Most feeders find it best to give the calves their grain immediately after they have finished drinking their milk. A good concentrate allowance will contain muscle and bone-building nutrients and will contain some fat to replace a part of that abstracted from the milk.

Here are three rations recommended:

1. Corn, 3 parts; bran, 3 parts; oats, 3 parts; oil meal, 1 part.
2. Corn, 5 parts; oats or bran, 3 parts; oil meal, 1 part.
3. Oats, 3 parts; bran, 1 part; oil meal, 1 part.

The calf should be kept hungry, rather than overfed. Overfeeding causes digestive troubles.

Ringworm on Calves Is Very Common in Spring

Ringworm or bran itch is very common among calves in the winter and spring months. It is a skin disease and easily distinguished by the bare and crusted spots it causes. These are white or yellowish in color, first appearing on the head and neck and moving back over the forequarters. If no treatment is used it causes an irritation or itching and spreads by contact with other calves.

It is caused by a fungus or vegetable parasite which is under these crusts or scabs. In order to get the seat of the trouble the scabs must be washed off with hot water and soap and the spots painted over with tincture of iodine. Repeat this treatment every two or three days as long as necessary.

Difficulty With Hubam

It may be said that the culture of hubam as a farm crop encounters more obstacles than does any other legume grown in the Middle West. That explains why there is such a difference of opinion among farmers and others.

Source of Plant Food

Acid phosphate, one of the most valuable sources of plant food for farmers, is now close to the pre-war price.

Pure Bred Holstein Makes Great Record

Bess Johanna Ormsby Sets Mark for Butterfat.

By producing early 1,200 pounds of butterfat in one year, Bess Johanna Ormsby, a pure bred Holstein, recently completed a yearly record which makes her one of the four leading butterfat cows in the United States. Her yearly production, as announced by the advanced registry department of the Holstein-Friesian Association of America, is 30,143.3 pounds of milk and 1,198.06 pounds of butterfat—equal to

1,497.6 pounds of butter. She also has the distinction of being the only cow in the world with four seven-day records averaging over 40 pounds of butter and three ten-month records each over 1,000 pounds of butter. She is owned by Winterthur farms, Winterthur, Delaware.

The sire of this cow, Sir Pietertje Ormsby Mercedes, is one of the breed's outstanding sires of big producers and show ring winners, and her dam, Spring Brook Bess Burke 2d, is the



Bess Johanna Ormsby.

only cow in the world with four yearly records each over 1,000 pounds of butter made in connection with four seven-day records each over 30 pounds of butter.

The grain ration consumed by Bess Johanna Ormsby during her last test period is small considering the record made. She received from 15 to 20 pounds daily of a grain mixture made up to 200 pounds bran, 200 pounds ground oats and 45 pounds each of hominy, oil meal, distillers' grain and gluten. In addition, she consumed daily eight pounds corn silage, five pounds beet pulp, 15 pounds hay and 40 pounds of beets. During the summer months beets were replaced with 40 pounds of a soiling crop. She was kept in a box stall throughout the year. During the summer season she was allowed the run of a small grass paddock for about two hours every day, and was out in an exercising paddock for about two hours each day during the winter.

SKIM MILK IS GOOD FOR CALF FEEDING

Skim milk is the most satisfactory substitute for whole milk in calf feeding. Feeding directly from the separator saves labor and makes calf raising a comparatively simple matter. Skim milk calves make a vigorous, sturdy growth of body and frame. The butterfat in whole milk supplies energy and not protein and oil meal need not be substituted for it when skim milk is fed. Corn, oats and other grains will supply the energy.

If the calves are taught to eat some legume hay such as clover or alfalfa at an early age, by the time they are three weeks old the skim milk may be gradually substituted for the whole milk at the rate of one to two pounds a day until the change is made.

A safe rule for feeding skim milk is one pound for every eight pounds live weight. This should be increased as the calf grows, up to the point where 15 pounds is fed daily. This amount need not be increased unless there is an abundance of skim milk available, as grain and hay may generally be used to better advantage. It is a good plan to feed skim milk until the calves are six months of age if possible, and

in some cases even up to one year.

Freshly soured skim milk may be fed safely to calves over six weeks old but it must not be decayed.

Irregular amounts of skim milk may cause digestive troubles so it is safest to weigh the milk at each feeding, both as a preventive of over-feeding and to assure a uniform amount at each feeding.

Over-feeding causes more trouble than under-feeding. The belief that skim milk is thin or lacks in food value is responsible for feeding more than is necessary.

A uniform temperature should be maintained for all feedings. Body temperature is the right warmth for skim milk fed to young calves. Calves that are over six months old may have the skim milk cold in warm weather but care should be taken to have the temperature uniform at each feeding.

Separator foam should be removed. In trying to drink foamy milk, calves often suck in large quantities of air which causes them to bloat.

Milk of Better Quality May Be Easily Produced

A leaflet on clean milk, showing that milk of high quality may be easily produced by following a few simple rules, has been issued by the dairy division of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The leaflet consists of four pages: (1) Clean, healthy cows, (2) sterilization of milk utensils, (3) use small-top milking pails, and (4) cool milk promptly. Each subject is illustrated, and references are given to bulletins which explain it further. "Keep milk clean, covered, cold," is the concluding advice.

DAIRY NOTES

See that the milking herd gets water twice each day.

It takes longer to feed a scrub cow than it does to milk her.

Sweet clover will grow on alkali and gumbo soils where alfalfa fails.

A well-built, well-lighted, well-ventilated and well-planned barn is necessary for every dairy farm.

Keep the cows out of the cold winds and rains. It takes extra feed to keep cows warm when exposed to bad weather.

In gradually increasing the number of good cows we are following the course of older civilizations where the cow is indispensable.

Heavy feeding or feeding a balanced ration does not assure success, although it will increase somewhat the production of the dairy herd.

Fight Single-Handed.

A person who cannot succeed without being in a herd ought to organize his own herd. My advice to a young man is to learn to pitch in and fight his battles single-handed. Sheep and goats run in droves, but lions and tigers do not.—E. W. Howe.

Longest Continuous Tunnel.

The Shandaken tunnel through the Catskill mountains in New York state is the longest continuous tunnel in the world. It is a part of the water supply system of New York city. The exact length of the tunnel is 95,740 feet. The longest railroad tunnel is the Simplon, under the Alps, 65,042 feet in length.

An Unfriendly Slap.

The man who greets you with a slap on the back which almost dislocates your spine may be an acquaintance, but he's no friend.

Material for Letters.

Folks who keep a diary have no trouble in finding material for writing letters.

Baseball Benefit Show Tuesday, May 6

at the **New Kendrick Theater**

For your entertainment we will show **"McGuire of The Mounted"** Featuring William Desmond

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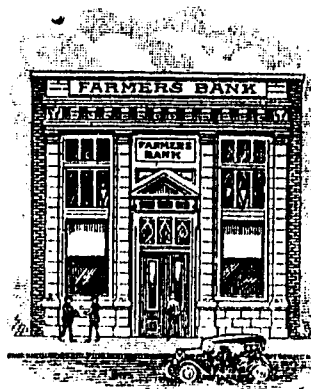
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THE PLAN — Pay us the regular price of any item on sale and we will sell you another of the same kind for ONE CENT.

THE PURPOSE — This sale was first developed by the United Drug Company, a co-operative organization of retail druggists, as an advertising plan. The company and the Red Cross Pharmacy sacrifice their profits, and something besides, in order to get a larger distribution of the products, and you, the public, get the benefit. Every item sold at any One Cent Sale is a product exclusively ours and no sale of this nature is ever allowed to be conducted for any purpose except for advertising features.

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DAIRY FACTS

**COWS ON PASTURE
NEED SOME GRAIN**

The common practice of feeding no grain to dairy cows on early pasture is probably not good economy in the long run, in the opinion of workers in the field of animal feeding at Cornell university.

They point out that pasture grass is a strong stimulant to milk production. If no grain is fed the cows are likely to run down in flesh. This will lead to reduced milk production later on, when the pastures begin to dry up, and heavy feeding then will ordinarily not prevent this reduction. Cows of average production when they go on pasture should be fed at least one-third to one-half of the amount of grain they were receiving when in the barn.

But the grain mixture does not need such expensive high protein feeds as linseed oil, cottonseed meal or gluten feed as are given during the winter season. A mixture made up of equal parts of wheat bran, ground oats and hominy or corn meal would be suitable.

A grain mixture depends upon the kind of roughage with which it is to be fed. Pasture grass is a high protein feed and, furthermore, the proteins it contains are of the highest quality, so high protein feeds may be left out of the grain ration. Yet grass lacks fat or energy-producing nutrients. Except for this deficiency, it is an almost perfect feed for milk production.

In a ration made up of pasture grass and a grain mixture containing no high protein feeds, the protein content will always equal or exceed the amounts called for in feeding standards for cows producing up to sixty pounds of milk daily, as long as pasturage is plentiful, green and succulent. This statement applies only under these conditions. When pastures begin to dry up and get short, during July and August the grass contains much less protein than earlier in the season. The grain mixture must then be changed to include some high protein feeds. In addition more grain must be fed to make up for the shortage in pasture.

**Best Plan to Grow Into
a High-Producing Dairy**

"When good grade cows are selling from \$150 to \$200 per head, there is a tendency to buy cheap ones," says C. B. Finley, dairy expert of Iowa. Many men, he finds, get enthusiastic over the possibilities of dairying, sell their herds and replace them with cheap dairy cows whose only qualification for the name is the fact that they are recently freshened or possess the color of one of the dairy breeds. The natural result is failure and a disgust for the dairy business.

Furthermore, there are many men who lack the necessary experience to make cows profitable should they succeed in buying good ones. Finley reports much more general success when farmers grow into a high-producing herd. This is accomplished by raising the daughters of a good pure bred bull or in buying a few choice heifers. No doubt individual cases warrant buying a few good pure bred cows for foundation animals.

The man who grows into the dairy business has an opportunity to reorganize his crop rotation and establish a legume crop so necessary for milk production. As a rule it is also necessary for him to improve his barn and put in a silo, all of which costs money and must be done as profits allow.

Corn Fed to Live Stock

More than 85 per cent of the United States corn crop is fed to live stock and somewhat less than 10 per cent is used for human food, according to recent data compiled by the United States Department of Agriculture. The hog is the largest consumer, 40 per cent being fed to swine on farms. Horses and cattle are next, using 20 and 15 per cent, respectively. The exports of corn, as grain, have never been large.

DAIRY NOTES

Dairying is the balance wheel of agriculture.

It takes no longer to care for a good cow than a poor one.

Inaccurate farm and shipping scales will take their cost out of your pocket several times over in a year.

It is hard to understand why so many cow-keepers have not yet discovered the value of the silo. If they have discovered it they are certainly neglectful in putting it into operation.

The feeding of scrub cows and the "scrub" feeding of good cows are two of the worst mistakes a dairyman can make.

Do not stint the dairy cow, give her all she will eat of the right kind of feeds, properly balanced. If you expect her to produce liberally.

From 25 to 40 per cent of all tuberculosis in children under five years of age is contracted by using products from tuberculous cows, according to the Federal Department of Agriculture.

POULTRY

**BREEDING CHICKENS
FOR EGG PRODUCTION**

"Breeding chickens for high egg production is in its infancy," said Prof. L. H. Schwartz of Purdue university recently. "There never was such a big demand as there is now, for males particularly, of known breeding. Large returns are in store for the farmer raising reliable standard bred birds. Selection is the keynote for success in any breeding enterprise."

One essential for successful breeding is to have at least two pens, one for the breeders and the other for the layers. Both males and females should be carefully selected and only the best used for breeding. The practice of using pullers in the breeding pen was condemned, while breeding from birds molting late in September, October and November is recommended.

Late molting birds have proved to be the best birds for breeding high egg production. A bird, in order to be a high producer or a breeder for high production should be full of energy, have plenty of capacity, have a deep body and long and wide back. Males and females should be kept as long as they breed and produce well. The desirable way of introducing new blood is by buying eggs or pullers. The inheritance of high egg production is transmitted through the male, and only high producing hens should be used.

When birds are not too closely related and are carefully selected, well housed and given a well-balanced feed, the improvement of our flocks for egg production will take place.

**Eggs for Hatching Must
Be Gathered Carefully**

At the time an egg is laid, the germ is smaller than the eye can see and is located within a ring visible on the surface of the yolk. It is very delicate and improper handling of the egg before it is set may kill this germ.

Eggs to be set should be gathered several times daily to prevent chilling or "starting" by a broody hen. The nests should be kept clean, a wire mesh bottom nest which lets the dirt out being best. The eggs should not be washed, as this opens the pores and allows the egg to evaporate. Scrape the dirt off and do not set those which are very dirty.

Keep them at a temperature of from 50 to 60. At 68 they will start to hatch, and if not put under a hen at once will probably die. Do not put them in dusty material or where dust can gather on them, as this will close up the pores and smother the chick later. A basement is much better than a dry room. Do not hold the eggs over seven days before setting—five days is safer.—O. C. Krum, Poultry Specialist, Colorado Agricultural College.

**Whitewash Favored for
Cleaning Chicken Coop**

Because mites breed so rapidly, the hen house becomes uninhabitable by summer if preventive measures are not taken in the spring. Mites can live for five months without food, so that closing the poultry house during the summer will not completely starve them out. This explains why they can live through the winter and be ready to breed the next spring. A poultry house can be kept absolutely free from mites. Clean out all the old nests. Clean up all litter on the floor and burn it. Paint the roosts and dropping boards with undiluted commercial liquid lice-killer, or with crude petroleum. Apply to the entire length of the roosts, top side and under; also where the roosts join the wall. Repeat in June, and again in August. Spray the entire interior of the coop with disinfectant whenever you clean it. Whitewashing and cleanliness largely prevent poultry disease and the red mite as well.—American Poultry Journal.

**Reduce Damage by Weeds
by Clean Farm Methods**

Weeds will probably always be with us. By the use of good farming methods their damage can, however, be held at a low figure. Clean seed should be the first consideration. It may be bought from a reliable farmer or seed firm and the state experiment station will test it free of charge for weed seed. If home-grown seed is used, and you know certain weeds went to seed in the field, then a good fanning mill will remove the weed seeds.

After clean seed comes crop rotation. While certain weeds thrive in wheat or oats, they are easily destroyed by clear cultivation as practiced in the cornfield. Other weeds that persist in corn can be smothered by heavy crops of grain or sorghum. It is by studying weeds and knowing why they are weeds that we can discover their weak spots and destroy them.

**Length of Time Seeds
Retain Their Vitality**

The length of time seeds retain their vitality varies according to storage conditions, temperature, moisture, degree of maturity when harvested, and manner of curing. The germinating power of most seeds deteriorates after the first or second year, being greatest

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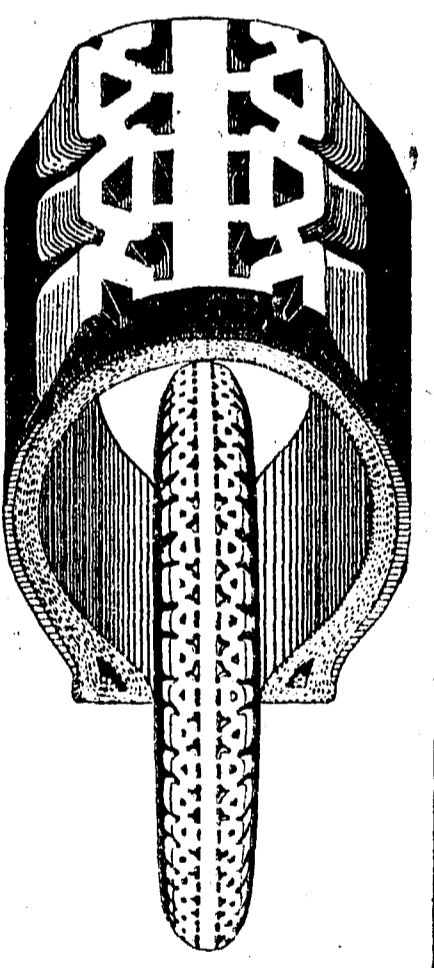
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after three years. Hard-coated seeds, such as clover and alfalfa, usually retain their vitality longer than soft-coated seeds. The average life for a few crops is as follows: Alfalfa, six years; alsike clover, two years; barley, six months; corn, two years; clover (red), three years; oats, six months; cucumber, ten years; wheat, six months; lettuce, five years; pumpkin, five years; radish, five years; red top, six years; soy beans, one year; timothy, five years; tomato, four years. It always pays to test old seeds.

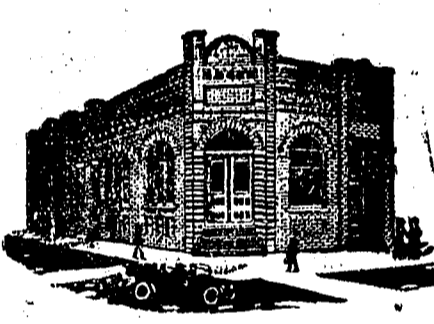
Highest Tides in Maine.
The highest tides in the United States are Eastport, Me., where the average rise and fall is eighteen feet and two inches.



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"Go West, Young Man."
Horace Greeley did not say, "Go West, young man," first. This expression was first used by John L. Soule in 1851 in the Terre Haute Express. Greeley later used the sentence in an editorial entitled, "Hints Toward Reform." Later Greeley reprinted the article from the Terre Haute Express and explained that he was not the originator of the expression.

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS
is often caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever.
HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE has been successful in the treatment of Catarrh for over Forty Years. Sold by all druggists.
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GLEANINGS

Dean E. J. Iddings of the department of agriculture of the University of Idaho will deliver the commencement address for the Kendrick High School. Mr. Iddings is a popular speaker and is in great demand all over the northwest for commencement dates.

Ernest Bolon of Lewiston visited relatives here over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Oldfield of Pullman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Candee, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bechtel of Moscow, and Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Lutz of Lewiston attended the party given by the Masons, Monday night, in honor of the Eastern Star.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Bastine of Orofino spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Andrews. Mr. Bastine returned home Monday and his wife will remain here this week.

The Lundt family of Genesee in company with a party of friends, camped at the Lundt ranch below Kendrick for several days last week, returning home Sunday afternoon. They came over to spear suckers in the Potlatch and got all they wanted. There is an unusually heavy run of suckers in the creek this spring.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. MacPherson and son, Donald, went to Clarkston last Sunday to spend the day at the Byron Tupper home.

Charles Lewis of Moscow drove down here Sunday on business.

Ben, Norla and S. P. Callison in company with C. B. Green of Moscow went on a fishing trip to Chatolette Lake last week, returning Sunday. They had very poor luck as the bass were not biting.

In spite of the fact that the cherry crop is badly damaged in this vicinity and in the Lewiston valley, because of the recent heavy frosts, it is reported from Moscow that cherries were not injured in that district and prospects now indicated a 25 percent larger crop than last year. Eighteen carloads were shipped from Moscow last year.

The local oil station is installing a gasoline engine this week to be used for pumping gasoline and kerosene from the cars to the tanks in the yard.

Mrs. E. T. Lund of Genesee visited at the Onstott and James homes last week.

Mrs. A. K. Carlson went to Spokane, Tuesday afternoon to spend a week with her sister.

"How to Dress a Chicken," was the subject of an address given by a State Agricultural professor. A boy applied for \$10 job in a grocery store. When asked by the employer if he could dress a chicken, he replied; "Not on \$10 a week."

The Gazette received a piece of the 1500 pound Northern Pacific birthday cake the first of the week. The North Coast Limited began its silver anniversary April 29 and the big cake was baked in honor of the occasion.

John F. Waide of Deary was a Kendrick visitor last Sunday.

L. J. Herres is building quite an extensive addition to his residence here.

The Lapwai high school baseball team forfeited the game last Friday afternoon in the sixth inning, the score standing Lapwai 14, Kendrick 12. The Lapwai boys had to return home before the game was finished because of some school affairs that demanded their presence.

Mr. and Mrs. K. W. Bigham and family and R. F. Bigham drove to Lewiston, Sunday. They visited Mrs. R. F. Bigham at the hospital.

R. F. Brown, proprietor of the Reliable Garage, recieved a gasoline pump the first of the week which is installed in front of the garage. It is a new pump and was received direct from the factory. A 500 gallon gasoline tank was also installed and connected with the pump.

Mrs. R. F. Bigham, who underwent an operation for gall stones at a Lewiston hospital, last Friday, is reported to have stood the operation as well as could be expected. Word came from the hospital yesterday that she is resting better than at the first of the week.

Rev. Gibbs of Arrow Junction was transacting business in Kendrick yesterday.

S. P. Callison stated this week that Chatolette Lake is 6 feet lower this year than it was at the same time last year, due to the dry weather this spring. He was at the lake last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schultz of Cameron went to Palouse last Saturday to spend the day.

The members of the local Rebekah lodge attended church last Sunday evening in a body in commemoration of the lodge's anniversary. The sermon was preached by Rev. Poolton.

Mrs. Henry P. Hull went to Spokane Wednesday morning, to spend a few days with relatives.

Egnaz Flay left the first of the week for Orofino where he will play on the Orofino baseball team. It is barely possible that if Manager Wilcox spikes up his Orofino team with Kendrick players he might have a chance to win when his team comes over here.

The baseball benefit show will be held at the New Kendrick Theater Tuesday night of next week. If every baseball fan in the Potlatch takes in this show it will be a big boost for the ball team.

Mrs. M. A. Deobald of American ridge returned Wednesday morning from a visit at Lewiston.

James Franklin Jenkins, formerly of Big Bear ridge, died at his home in Hilliard, Wash., recently. He was one of the pioneers of the Potlatch.

Mrs. George Leith returned Wednesday afternoon from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Robert Spencer, at Moscow. Mrs. Spencer accompanied her here.

Gene Chinaman returned from Lewiston the first of the week and is now living in his accustomed quarters. He is entirely blind in one eye but can see well enough with the other to tell the time of day with his alarm clock. He keeps the one good eye bandaged most of the time and has medicine put in it regularly. It is expected that within a short time he will be able to see fairly well.

R. H. Ramey received delivery of a new Chevrolet touring car yesterday morning.

The Lewiston State Normal school yesterday announced its candidate for queen of the 1924 Lewiston Rose show. The candidate is Miss Gwendolyn Moser, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Moser, of 121 Prospect avenue. Miss Moser is a charming young lady, has many friends in the city and is exceedingly popular with the younger set. She will poll a heavy vote without any special effort on the part of her friends.—Tribune.

M. V. Thomas made a tour of the Potlatch recently, observing farming conditions. He stated Wednesday that he had never seen the farms looking better at this time of the year than they do now. He reports winter wheat making a splendid showing. Farmers are

generally farther along with their work than is ordinarily the case the first of May. A large acreage of beans will be planted and weather conditions have been ideal to allow the ground to be put in first class shape for their crop. Bean planting will start from the middle of this month until the first week in June.

The Grand Theater will re-open tonight with a moving picture show, the first one shown in the theater since last fall.

A suggestion has been made that the ball ground might be greatly improved with a big fill near the left field position. In its present condition left field is rather a dangerous place to play because of the deep ditch and rough ground. It was further suggested that the fill might be made by volunteer labor and the feat could be accomplished in one day providing sufficient volunteers were available. It would be necessary to secure approximately 20 teams and trucks and about fifty men who are willing to put in a good, hard day's labor. Those who are willing to donate the use of a team or truck or the services of a man might communicate with Manager Ramey to that effect. John L. Woody has already offered the use of two teams and a man or two.

50c admits Dad, Mother and the Kids to the show tonight and Saturday, Family Nights at the New Kendrick Theater. 18-1t

Wages of Senate Pages.
Pages in the United States senate are between twelve and sixteen years of age, and are paid \$2.50 a day during the session with a bonus of \$20 a month.

Origin of "Parlor Car."
It is said that Jenny Lind applied the term "Parlor Car" in a joking way to a car that was specially prepared for her comfort when she made her tour of the United States from 1850 to 1852.

Acquaintance Not Needed.
"Mr. Drinkwater sent me here. He wants you to give me a place in your office," "Mr. Drinkwater? I don't know him." "That doesn't matter. I'll introduce you."—Sans-Gene (Paris.)

Police Judge—"With what instrument or article did your wife inflict these wounds on your face and head?"
Michael Mooney—"Wid a motter, yer anner."

Police Judge—"A what?"
Michael Mooney—"A motter—wan o' these frames wid 'God Bless Our Home' in it."—Cleveland Leader.

One of the greatest stories ever put on the screen is that of Jack London's famous book "The Call of the Wild," to be shown at the New Kendrick Theater, Friday and Saturday, May 16 and 17. 17-3t

Only One Thing To Think About

When you buy footwear at Kendrick Store Company which style you like best, we'll see to it that the fit is perfect and the quality trustworthy. For good looks and good wear, there are no other shoes equal to our line.

Men's Straw Hats

Men! Surely you wear a straw. Need one? We have a large assortment of plain and coarse weaves.

Time for Summer Underwear Balbriggan and Athletic Styles

Men look forward to the first warm days of summer time—for warmer weather means lighter underwear—and lighter weight underwear means greater comfort. Then, too, there's comfort in our way of pricing, for a man doesn't have to dig way down deep in his pockets for the price of good under wear here.

"Try Kendrick First"

Kendrick Store Company The Quality Store

Give Extra Attention to Cows Before Freshening

Every cow should be dry at least six weeks before freshening. It is not uncommon to hear a dairyman say: "You simply cannot get that cow dry. She milks right up to calving." Persistent production is very desirable in a dairy cow, but such an animal requires extra attention during the latter part of her lactation. A dairy cow has only two ways to dispose of the feed which she receives, put it on her back or put it in the pail. The real dairy cow does little of the former if she receives the proper kinds of feed.

Succulent, juicy feeds and those rich in protein produce most milk. Dry, starchy foods, such as timothy hay, ear corn and corn fodder, are poor milk producers. The only time timothy hay can be called a dairy roughage is when a cow should be

dried up. The first step in preparing a cow for her next lactation is to substitute dry roughage for some of the stlage and give a grain ration containing less protein. In some cases, stlage may have to be withheld entirely and only dry roughage fed.

The dairyman who is receiving less than 200 pounds of butterfat from his cow is being poorly paid for his labor.

How about a home strawberry bed? All about starting it can be found in E 56, an illustrated pamphlet the state college at Ithaca, N. Y., can send you.

Every dairyman should work out his own feeding rations, using the feeds he can grow most economically, then buying those he cannot grow in the best and cheapest forms.

Would Bite Men Readily.
Recent experiments indicate that the malaria-carrying mosquitos, if presented with a choice of diet, will bite men just as readily as they will bite horses or cows.

WANTED

Cattle, hogs and sheep
Hides and Wool.
Call
Holbrook & Emmett

TONIGHT and SATURDAY will be Family Night

Dad, Mother and the Kids will be admitted for 50c.



H.B. WARNER in DICE OF DESTINY

The New Kendrick

O. E. MacPherson, Manager

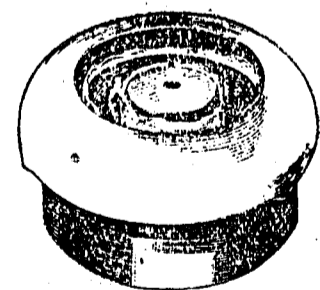
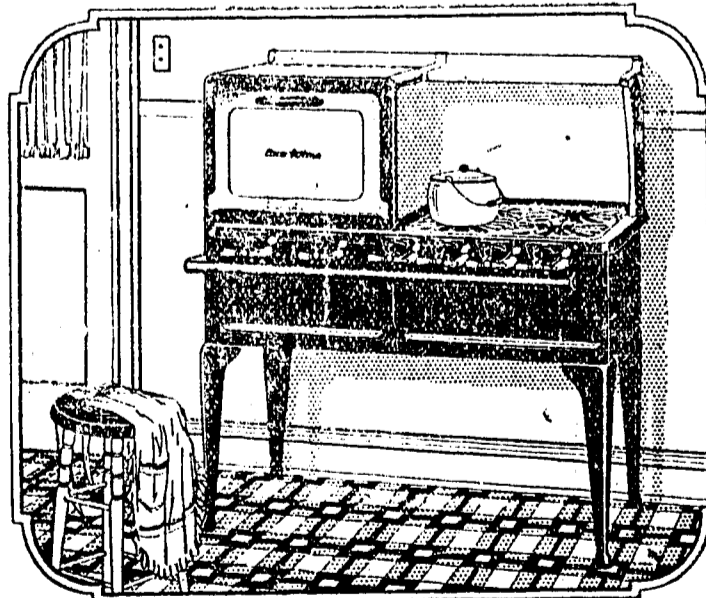
Come on Dad, let's all pile in the car and go! Gee! that'll be great.

You will enjoy this picture as it has a good plot and story.

Hunan lives are but dice in the hands of fate.

You'll get many a throb, sob and thrill from this action drama

Another of those "terrible kids" comedies
"The Fire Fighters"
It's great.



NO WICKS
Or Wick Substitutes.
BURNS kerosene, gasoline or distillate, with GAS HEAT.

RED STAR Vapor OIL STOVE

Come in and see this remarkable stove in operation. Get the details of our Special Introductory Offer

We have EVERYTHING in the line of hardware, paints, oils, house furnishings, heavy hardware, implements, coal and iron.

Kendrick Hardware Company
Furniture "Try Kendrick First" Brunswicks