

Boost For Better
Roads
Into Kendrick

KENDRICK GAZETTE

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NUMBER 10

LATAH COUNTY NEWS PARAGRAPHS

Clipped From The Columns of Neighboring Papers.

Deary Press: Farmers in the Kendrick section are joining in a petition to have the grain growers association disorganized. The Press has not heard any expression from the farmers of this vicinity concerning the movement. Officials of the association say the only way the plan can be made to succeed is for the majority of the farmers to sign up but they have not done so. One suggestion is to carry the organization for another year, making an effort in the meantime to get 50 per cent of the farmers into it, and if this cannot be done, then to go out of business.

Juliaetta Record: M. B. Pierce has been awarded the contract of making a fill and fixing up a short section of street in the vicinity of the old warehouse site on Main street. The street is being filled in and graded up and will be quite an improvement and one which has long been needed at this point. The contract was let at a meeting of the council this week and Mr. Pierce is now doing the work.

Genesee News: Not only are the country dirt roads in bad shape, but the state road from Moscow to the Washington state line is in a deplorable condition. The ruts are so deep in places that the "pan" of a car will almost drag on the ground. There is but one solution for the prevention of this destruction of hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of gravel roads, and that is to rule all heavy cars off while they are soft. It seems a shame that the state road should be in its present condition.

It is stated by the highway commissioners that Gov. C. C. Moore has issued orders through the state highway department that no more maintenance work be done and that all road equipment be stored. This would seem to be a huge piece of false economy—no matter who issued the order. It doesn't look reasonable that upkeep work should be stopped when a few dollars spent in properly dragging the roads would save many times the amount expended.

However, the assertion is made that this section of the state highway will positively receive four inches of surface gravel this coming spring. That being the case it is hoped that the present legislature will pass a law allowing the commissioners to protect the road to the extent of ruling off heavy stages and trucks during the wet season, which action would save the taxpayers thousands of dollars annually—as well as save the roads.

Star-Mirror: Emil Hankanson, of Bear Ridge, who was arrested early Friday morning on a farm near Bear Ridge by Deputy Sheriff Pat Malone and Marshal Roy Poe, of Deary, on a charge of possession of intoxicating liquor, and bound over to answer by Judge Adrian Nelson of the probate court, was released Monday on \$500 dollar bond.

Hankanson had in his possession several gallons of moonshine and a complete still for the manufacture of liquor, which was confiscated by the officers, and is being held pending disposition of the case and the attitude which federal officers will take in the matter. Hankanson is 24 years old, and has resided since his birth with his mother and sister on the Bear Ridge farm where the liquor and still was found.

Gus Birchmier of Texas ridge has a registered Poland China sow that, when fat, weighs 700 pounds. She is 3 feet high and 5 feet long. At present she has a nice family of three weeks' old pigs, all eligible to registry. Gus believes it pays to raise good stock.

Silent Reading Tests

"Silent Reading is one of the most important abilities that a school helps the child to acquire, because it is seldom that one finds a real leader who is not a reader", says Mr. Daniel, Supt. of the public school, during an interview with him on the subject of silent reading.

Last year three tests were given to the students in this school. The first was to find out their ability at the beginning of the term, the second to find out to what extent the students had progressed, and the third to determine the amount of improvement which had been made. Owing to the excellent results which were shown last year Dr. Stone of the Educational department at Washington State College, advised Mr. Daniel to continue the study. As a student's progress in silent reading depends to some extent, on the emphasis that is placed on it, it is considered of first importance here. The public school at Winona, Washington, is also using the same tests as the ones given in the local school. Neither one is giving any specific time to the work, but it is thought by many that this training is more effective and much more beneficial to each subject if it is not confined to a separate period. Each school is providing as large a quantity of good books and magazines as possible in order to encourage silent reading. This is not being emphasized exclusively in the junior and senior high school, but in the lower grades as well. It is there that the habit of reading can be best developed. Few people now realize the importance of acquiring this habit at an early age.

Many of the schools that have not laid stress on the subject and by these comparisons it is found that great value is derived from emphasizing its importance. The child's reading ability, if properly directed, should increase as he progresses in school, which is usually a marked factor that results from constant practice and centered concentration.

The following results and comparisons serve to show the influence which emphasized silent reading has upon the upper grades in the Kendrick school. The results from the first test last year, which was given to the various high school grades were as follows:

	Rate	Comprehension
	Score	Stand. Score
9th	86	83
10th	86	85
11th	86	90
12th	72	96

The following results were taken from the last test given this year:

	Rate	Comprehension
	Score	Stand. Score
9th	117	87
10th	125	81
11th	131	88
12th	151	89

The seventh and eighth grades show similar improvement.

The above standards were determined after 300,000 students had been given silent reading tests. The medians were taken as the standards for the different grades throughout the country. The students, knowing what the medians are, constantly strive to bring the average of their class above the standard.—B. M. L.

Lecture on Christian Science

Bishop F. L. Hoskins will lecture on Christian Science at the United Brethren church at Juliaetta, Sunday evening, March 11, at 7:30. Everyone is invited, especially if you are interested in this subject.

The Bishop not only is able to handle the subject but also makes it interesting and entertaining. If you want to know how Christian Science and the Bible compare, and Christian Science and Science, come early and get a front seat.

G. F. Calvert.

G. F. Walker was in Lewiston on business last Saturday.

Maybe New Town Hall

At a meeting of the Good Fellowship Club, held recently, the subject of a new town hall was broached. It was surprising how enthusiastically the proposition was received. The present town hall, with some improvements would make a fairly creditable work shop for the marshal, but as a place of meeting for the town council and other public affairs, it is not as desirable as it might be.

Suggestions at the Club meeting were to the effect that a brick or concrete block building centrally located on Main Street would be a very great improvement for the town and could be utilized for all meetings of the council, band practice and other public affairs. It will be up to the next council to take action on the matter, as the election of new councilmen will take place next month.

Stilflow-Wendt

Another pretty wedding and the second within a year in the Stilflow family, was solemnized on Wednesday afternoon in Emmanuel Lutheran church of Cameron, when Miss Ida Stilflow and Mr. Henry Wendt were united in marriage by the pastor, Rev. E. A. Rein.

The predominating colors in all the decorations were pink and white. The church was beautifully decorated in evergreens and flowers. The altar where the vows were exchanged was banked with flowers, ferns and evergreens. The organ was arched with greens and was presided over by Mrs. Gustave Kruger, sister of the bride, who played Lohengrin's Wedding March.

The bride entered on the arm of her brother Herman, who gave her in marriage and proceeded to the altar beneath three arches of evergreens and flowers. She wore a lovely gown of white satin, beaded in cut crystal beads and pearls. Her veil was made in cap shape and was held in place with a wreath of orange blossoms and myrtle. Her bouquet was of pink roses and freesias with a shower of real orange blossoms sent from California.

She was attended and preceded to the altar by the Misses Etta and Laura Blum and Wanda Brunsek as maid of honor with little Erma Wegner, niece of the bride, as flower girl.

August Brammer, uncle of the groom, acted as best man and Wm. Brammer of Canada, also an uncle of the groom, and Herman Stilflow attended the groom. Walter Koepf, brother of the groom, acted as the ring bearer and carried the ring to the altar in a Calla Lily.

The maids were attired alike in pink organza dresses as also was the flower girl. They carried arm bouquets of pink carnations while the flower girl carried a French basket of flowers.

The mother of the groom wore brown beaded crepe meteor, and the mother of the bride wore black duchess satin.

After the ceremony the guests partook of a sumptuous banquet at the home of the bride. The rooms were decorated in pink and white. The 75 guests were alternately seated at two long tables. Two huge wedding cakes, vases of pink carnations and pink candles were the chief decorations. Miss Martha Finke and George Wilken served at one table, while Miss Emma Entman of Spokane and Otto Stilflow served at the other.

After dinner the time was spent in playing games and with music and entertainment, until midnight when a luncheon was served, cafeteria style. The huge cakes were cut and many young people returned to their homes and happy dreams while all join in wishing the young couple who have grown up in this community a long and happy future.

J. R. Hughes, jeweler and watchmaker of Nez Perce, will move his stock to Orofino the latter part of this month.

Death of Gus Nelson

Clarkston, March 5.—Gus Nelson died this evening at 5 o'clock of pneumonia, following influenza, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Soren Nelson of South Clarkston, after an illness of one week. The deceased, who resided on his farm near Kendrick, had been visiting here for the past two months. The deceased was 38 years old, a member of the Lutheran church at Deary, Idaho, and had farming interests in the Okanogan country as well as at Kendrick. He is survived by his parents and the following brothers and sisters: Ole Nelson, South Clarkston; Sever Nelson, Kendrick; Alben Nelson and Ben Nelson, Clarkston; Mrs. John Nelson, Garfield and Mrs. Martin Marguson, Deary, Idaho.

The funeral will be held Wednesday, with Rev. O. P. Stensland officiating.

Discontinue County Nurse

Shortly before 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon the board of county commissioners of Nez Perce county voted to discontinue the office of county health nurse, a position held since October, 1921, by Miss Minnie Morsching, the order dispensing with Miss Morsching's services being effective as of April 1, 1923, says the Tribune.

Shortly before taking up the matter of the retention of the county health nurse board gave its time to considering the question of retaining the office of county agent, a position held by Waldo W. Skuse. In this instance the board decided on a certain course to pursue, the proposition arrived at to be submitted to Mr. Skuse, who will be given until the second Monday in April, when the board meets after adjournment from its present session, to accept or reject.

Again yesterday the board was waited upon by several committees and by individuals interested in the cases of the county health nurse and the county agent. In the forenoon a delegation of farmers from the Tammany section appeared with a petition against a continuance of the services of the county agent. Remarks in support of the petition were made before the board by E. M. Fisher, E. C. Hendershot, J. P. McCann, Henry Thiessen and by L. L. Haynes, while, at the invitation of the board, H. H. S. Rowell made reply. In the afternoon the board heard arguments favorable to the retention in office of the county health nurse.

After reaching a decision to discontinue the services of the nurse the board made known that they were seriously considering having the county physician, on his official visits to the different parts of the county, which under the law, he must make at determined intervals, visit the schools and carry on inspection of the children, as well as to succor the sick and to give aid and advice in all cases where the county is concerned, or where the welfare of any community is jeopardized through sickness. For this additional service it is expected that the county physician will receive, upon authorization of the board, a slight increase in the compensation he receives as county health officer, and as secretary of the county board of health. In this way, the board considered, the salary attached to one office would be saved to the taxpayers by the other office doing the work.

Party at Onstotts

Mrs. A. Onstott entertained a number of the young people at her home last Tuesday evening to celebrate the 15th birthday of her daughter, Murrel. There were about twenty-five boys and girls present and they spent a jolly time playing games. Refreshments of ice cream, cake and taffy were served.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Candler, Wednesday, March 7, a daughter.

Council Met Tuesday

The town council met at the hall Tuesday evening in regular monthly session with four members of the board present. After disposing of the regular routine business, a communication from the Good Fellowship Club, concerning the control of illicit sale of liquor, was read by the clerk and acknowledged by the Board.

The members of the school board, together with Prof. Daniel and Prof. Strauch, were present and asked the Board to furnish enough crushed rock to put a four inch surface over the entire width of the street in front of the school house. It would require about 65 yards to make this surface. The Board agreed to do this provided the school board would put at least a three inch surface on the level portion of the playgrounds. This they practically agreed to do. The crushed rock surface will eliminate the mud on the grounds to a large extent, giving the children a dry place to play during the winter months.

J. F. Brown and son, Emulus, appeared before the Board to ask that an alley be opened along the side of the Sam Bechtol property so that it would be possible to drive back of the Brown lots. It was agreed by the Board that the alley should be opened.

The electric fire siren, ordered on trial, proved to be unsatisfactory after a thorough test, and was ordered shipped back to the factory. It was too small for use here.

The Board gave warning that hereafter anyone giving a dance would be held responsible for any disorder or drunkenness that occurred within the dance hall and that increase anything of the kind were not kept strictly under control, the Board would refuse to issue a permit to the party to put on another dance. The marshal was ordered to arrest any intoxicated or disorderly person seen in the dance hall or on the streets of the town.

There being nothing further to bring before the Board the meeting was adjourned.

Wilken-Johnson

A very pretty wedding took place at Lewiston, in the Trinity Lutheran church, on February 28th at 4 o'clock when Miss Hattie Wilken and William Johnson were united in matrimony.

Rev. E. A. Rein, pastor of the bride, read the impressive double ring service of the Lutheran church. Rev. J. B. Cronck, of Lewiston, presided at the organ rendering Lohengrin's Wedding March as a processional with Mendelssohn's as a recessional.

The bride wore a beautiful hand made gown of ivory satin with an overskirt of white silk spanish lace. She carried an arm bouquet of cream and pink brides roses combined with cream freesias.

Miss Martha Finke who attended the bride, as maid of honor, wore a dainty frock of pink georgette crepe, made with a double scalloped overskirt edged in shell pink satin. She wore a corsage of pink sweet peas and cream freesias.

George Wilken, brother of the bride attended the groom as best man.

After the ceremony the wedding party proceeded to the Majestic Cafe, where a dining room was reserved and covers were laid for ten. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Miss Martha Finke, George Wilken, Rev. and Mrs. Rein and son, Robert, Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Cronck and daughter, Bernice.

The young couple will reside in Peck, where Mr. Johnson has an established blacksmithing business.

All of the friends of the young couple join in wishing them a long and happy future.

The Troy High School team defeated the local high school boys in a game of basket ball played in the Troy gymnasium last Friday evening. The score was 32 to 34.

NEWS NOTES FROM KENDRICK SCHOOLS

Events of Interest to School Patrons.

Those averaging about 90 per cent in their work for the past six weeks, in the sixth grade are: Lois Johnson, Elbert Long and Mae Freytag. In the fifth grade are: Howard Dammarell, Mattie Reid, Jane McConnell, Martha Brown, Leora Aiken and Wilfred Nowling.

Pupils having a perfect attendance record for February in the 6th grade are: George Atchison, Robert Dammarell, Alma Swanson and Mae Freytag. In the fifth grade are: Leora Aiken, Howard Dammarell, Wilfred Nowling, Jane McConnell, Max Oldfield and Walter Brocke.

The pupils in the fourth grade receiving an average of ninety or above are: George Bailey, Lillian Long, Jauneta Stanton, Ella Sturdevant, Billy Wilmot, Josephine Strauch, Edna Mae Stanton, Helen Clem and Archie Candler. Those in the third grade are: Glen Jones, Gladys Reece, May Sturdevant, Wayne Lewis and Edna Bolon.

The following are fourth grade pupils leading in the Curtis Standard Tests: George Bailey and Ella Sturdevant.

Gilbert Humphrey, age ten, from Marshall, Washington, enrolled in the fourth grade Monday.

Pupils of the seventh grade having an average of ninety or above are: Hester Knepper, Shirley Glenn, Ellis Carlisle, Margaret McDowell, Dorothy Holt, Rush Chamberlain and Pearl Johnson.

Pupils of the seventh grade who were neither tardy nor absent for the past six weeks are: Manning Onstott, Archie Waltz, Murrel Onstott, Hester Knepper and Margaret McDowell.

The seventh grade language class have devoted this week to editing a paper. Ellis Carlisle is editor and other members of the class are in charge of other departments of the paper.

The commercial geography class is taking up the study of fibers and textiles, including the production and commercial value of each. This topic has brought out many interesting discussions and reports.

The basket ball team left Wednesday evening to attend the tournament at Lewiston.

Band Boys Organize

Last Friday night the band boys held a banquet in the dining room of the Commercial Hotel, at which time they made plans for organizing a Kendrick band. Mrs. Erickson served a most bountiful dinner which was enjoyed to the fullest. At its conclusion everyone was in the proper frame of mind to get together on the proposition of organizing the best band that the Potlatch has ever known. After talking the matter over it was found that at least 25 good musicians were available here and in the surrounding territory so that it will not be necessary to fill in with inexperienced musicians to get the band started. All present were enthusiastic for the organization and expressed themselves as highly in favor of getting down to business at once.

The following officers were elected: N. E. Walker, president; O. E. MacPherson, secretary; Carl Porter, treasurer. Walter Thomas, was by unanimous consent, made band leader. He has expressed himself as very well pleased over the outlook for a band. An executive committee of non-members was appointed as follows: A. Wilmot, Tom Long and Ralph Knepper.

The following Monday night the band boys assembled at the Fraternal Temple for rehearsal. A goodly number turned out and the evening proved to be a very satisfactory one. After the rehearsal there was no doubt in the minds of anyone but that Kendrick was due for the best band in its history.

A Good Thing—Don't Miss It.

Send your name and address plainly written together with 5 cents (and

this slip) to Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa, and receive in return a trial package containing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for



GET IN LINE WITH THIS STORE

For your spring shoes. Hundreds of pairs just unpacked. We sell all-leather shoes for the entire family.

This Snappy
All-Leather
Oxford

\$4.75



Star Brand Shoes
Are Better

Ladies' Pumps and Oxfords

At astonishingly low prices.

Ladies Brown Kid Oxfords

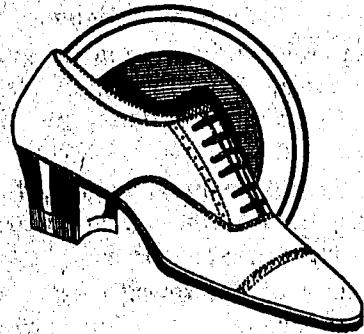
\$3.45

Ladies Patent 1-strap Pump

\$3.50

Ladies 1-strap pump low heel

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Big Showing

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Our Shoes Make Good or We Will

P. S. Visit our new crockery and chinaware department—just completed.

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coughs, colds, croup, bronchial, "flu" and whooping coughs, and tickling throat; Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for stomach troubles, indigestion, gassy pains that crowd the heart, biliousness and constipation Chamberlain's Salve, needed in every family for burns, scalds, wounds, piles, and skin affections; these valued family medicines for only 5 cents. Don't miss it.—Adv.

GROUND GRAIN IS ESSENTIAL

Less Work Is Required of the Gizzard and More Food Can Be Used for Flesh and Eggs.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A mash composed of ground grains or their by-products and some form of animal protein is an essential part of a ration for both growing chickens and laying hens. The reason is that birds



Feeding Grain to the Farm Flock.

putting on growth or producing eggs cannot assimilate enough nutriment from whole or cracked grains to supply the maximum need. When the grain is ground, little work is required of the gizzard, and much more of the feed can be used in making flesh or eggs.

The scratch grain part of the ration, however, is needed to give the gizzard something to do in order to keep the birds in health. For laying hens the scratch grain thrown in the litter provides an incentive to needed exercise.

It was once thought that the mash should be fed wet to produce the best results, but experiments have proved that in spite of the slightly better palatability of the wet feed, the convenience of feeding it dry overbalances any slight gain in production. Feeding it dry is now the usual method. Digestibility is not increased by wetting.

The principal objection to the wet mash is that it requires too much labor. It must be moistened, then carried to the hens once a day, and the troughs must be cleaned after each feeding. Cleanliness is absolutely essential, because indigestion and diarrhea will result from feeding in dirty troughs. On the other hand, the dry mash hopper may be filled once a week or even less frequently, and needs no further attention. Hens do not overeat of dry mash as they sometimes do of wet feed.

Bilious Headache.

When you have a severe headache, a disordered stomach and constipation take three of Chamberlain's Tablets. They will correct the disorders of the liver and bowels, effectually curing the headache.—Adv.

Kendrick Gazette

Ralph B. Knepper, Publisher

Entered as second-class matter 1892 at Kendrick, Idaho, under the Act of Congress of March, 1879.

Subscription \$1.50 a year.

Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

There are few towns in any agricultural section that have pulled through the hard times of the past two years in much better shape than has Kendrick. Business hasn't been as flourishing as it might have been, but we can't blame that on to the town—it's the resulting effect that all towns in agricultural districts have had to face since the slump in the prices of farm products. Everything indicates a vastly improved condition this year. This town will be better than it has ever been.

Big Bear Ridge

John and Ed Galloway and Clarence Morey returned home Friday, having spent the past four months sight seeing and visiting relatives and friends in California. Their overland trip proved very interesting. They traveled almost 7000 miles since they left Kendrick on November 2nd. They all report a most wonderful trip and time.

The closing Literary meeting for this season was held at the hall, Saturday evening.

Dewey Galloway made a business trip to Lewiston last week.

Preaching services at the Lutheran church, Sunday, March 11th at 11 a. m.

A. N. Rognstad made a business trip to Lewiston, Saturday.

Misses Ida and Elsie Morey came home from Kendrick to spend the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Whybark's infant son, who has been very ill the past two weeks is now much improved.

Cavendish News

A party of twelve from Cavendish attended the revival meetings at Southwick, Sunday evening.

Elmer McGuire stopped on his way home from Kendrick to visit his uncle, E. E. McGuire at Cavendish.

Mrs. Russell Daniels returned home from Le'and, Friday of last week, where she has been taking medical treatment.

The Park board met Monday evening to elect new officers. Those elected were as follows: W. E. Tarry, president; Claud Pippenger, treasurer; Earl Akins, E. E. McGuire and J. F. Bowler, trustees.

Earl Akins has taken the contract of clearing a small piece of land back of the park.

Mrs. Floyd Russel and children and Mrs. E. E. McGuire spent the day at the Blackburn home, Tuesday.

Zinn Daniels and family took Sunday dinner at the R. B. Daniels home.

Darwin Tarry and Everett Blackburn were visitors at the Clay home, Monday evening.

The following were the dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. McGuire, Sunday: Mrs. Blackburn and children; Mrs. Jesse Daniels and baby; Letho Reece and family; Elmer McGuire, Mary Clay, Valis Green, Myrtle Shoemaker and Alice Tarry.

D. E. Pippenger went to Kendrick Saturday and returned Sunday.

J. F. Bowler and Chester McIver attended the dance at Cameron, Saturday evening.

Everett Blackburn spent the evening at the Tarry home, Friday.

Mrs. Blackburn and daughters, and Mary Clay spent Friday evening at the Jess Daniels home.

Mrs. W. E. Tarry spent a few days last week with her parents at Southwick.

Miss Fay Pippenger is absent from school on account of having her arm burned.

Many of the people attended the sale at Teakean last week.

James McGuire has purchased a buggy so he could travel while the mud is here.

Gladys Candler has returned to school today after being ill for a few days.



A constant supply of broken charcoal makes a good digestive regulator.

Don't keep meat scraps in a warm, moist place.

The best medicine for poultry of any age is good care.

DEGREASING AND WASHING WOOLS

New Method Has Been Devised by Department of Agriculture.

WASH SAMPLES THREE TIMES

Results Obtained by Various Tests to Be Used in Mating Sheep in Attempt to Improve Fleece of Different Breeds.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In order to compare the grease and dirt contents of various wools and to improve wools in these respects, the United States Department of Agriculture has devised a new method for degreasing and washing dirt from samples. In the course of this work it was found that samples from the side of the fleece are best for the purpose as the contents of dirt and grease in this part are closely related to the average for the entire fleece.

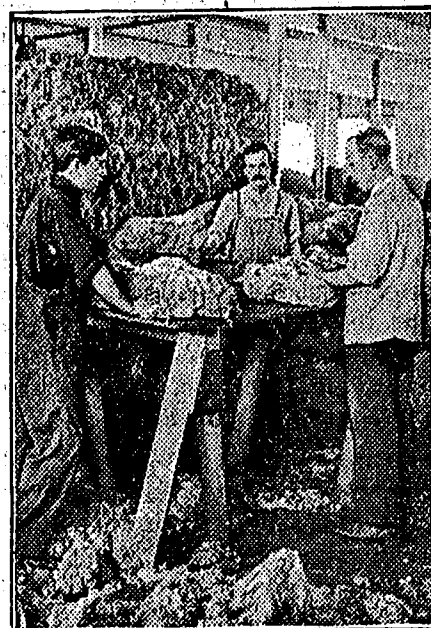
Washed With Gasoline.

In the method for determining grease, as now used by the department, the samples are washed three times with gasoline, which is drained off through a filter paper that retains all foreign matter. It has been found that this treatment leaves only 0.17 per cent of grease in Rambouillet wool and only 0.28 per cent in wool of the crossbred sheep used.

Dirt is taken out of the samples by washing with soap and water. The wool is cleaned well if the water is at a temperature between 40 and 45 degrees C., which is not hot enough to felt the wool.

Aim to Improve Fleeces.

Results obtained by testing various samples of wool for grease and dirt will be used in planning the mating of



Wool Sorting—Grading Fleeces.

sheep in an attempt to improve the fleece in these respects.

Details of this experimental work have been published in Department Bulletin 1100, A Method of Determining Grease and Dirt in Wool, by D. A. Spencer, J. I. Hardy and Mary J. Brandon. Copies may be obtained by addressing the Department of Agriculture, Washington.

METHODIST CHURCH.

C. A. PICKERING Pastor

Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
Preaching service either at the Methodist or Presbyterian church 11:00 a. m.
Epworth League 6:45 p. m.
Prayer service 7:30 p. m.
Prayer service, Thursday 7:30 p. m.

We wish to thank Rev. Bramblet and Rev. Jones for delivering their very fine messages to us Sunday and hope to hear them again sometime.

We will be brave enough to announce preaching service on the ridge again Sunday morning and hope not to disappoint the folks out there again.

THREE "IT'S"

If all children belong to God and are lost only by being permitted to wander away from him, and

If some far seeing folks have provided Sunday schools to materially assist parents in preventing such loss and

If the parents do not see to it that their children attend these schools then verily are they guilty of their children's lost condition.

EMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH

Cameron, Idaho,

Rev. Edward A. Rein, Pastor

English services 9:45 a. m.
Sunday school 10:30 a. m.
German services 11:15 a. m.
Choir rehearsal, Thursday, 7:30 p. m.
Catechetical instructions, Saturday 8:30 a. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Sunday school 10:00 a. m.
Mr. Thomas McDowell, Supt.
A class for all.

Junior Endeavor 3:00 p. m.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Aids Nature

Medicines that aid nature are always most effectual. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It allays the cough, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Thousands have testified to its good qualities. Try it when you have a cough or cold.

J. J. PICKERD

Licensed Embalmer
and Undertaker

Auto Equipment. Lady attendant. Stock of goods in Kendrick. Phone 462K, or 376 Troy, or see

G. F. WALKER

Butterwrappers printed at the Gazette Office.

Increase Your Alfalfa and Clover Yield

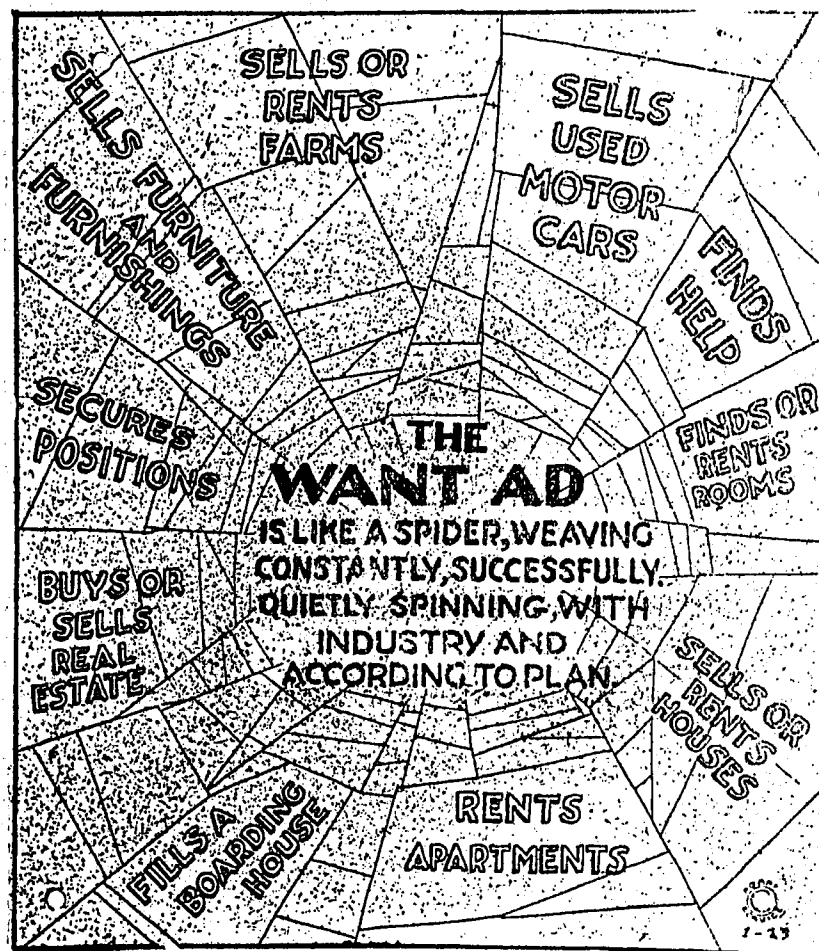
Use Land Plaster

Those who use it claim for it that it practically doubles the crop. Experiment has proven that it does not add to nor detract from the soil and only aids leguminous plants.

By the Ton \$18.50

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"EXCEPTIONAL SERVICE"



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If you want a nice hot lunch without waste of time, we can serve you. We carry a good line of lunch goods to supply your wants.

Our Pastry is Delicious

Always a fresh stock of fine pastry on hand. When you want cookies, pies etc. call on us.

PERRYMAN'S CONFECTIONERY

DEFINITE STATEMENT SHOWING IT PAYS TO RAISE PUREBRED STOCK



Purebred Cattle on Pasture in Virginia.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A certain number of farmers have long recognized the superiority of purebred animals over scrubs and grades. By them no exact figures were needed. There are many men, however, who demand definite statements of facts showing that it pays to raise animals of known blood lines. The United States Department of Agriculture now has statements from a large number of farmers which go to show that the experience of nearly all of more than 500 of these raisers of purebreds is in favor of these animals as profit makers.

Purebreds Far Superior.

An analysis of the large number of estimates made by these men shows that they consider purebreds of all kinds more than one-third better or more efficient than common stock. The difference seems to be most marked in the case of dairy cattle, the average dairy farmer in the list questioned considering that the cow of pure breeding was 47.8 per cent better than the common cow. The superiority of other kinds of farm stock, according to the investigation, was as follows: Poultry, 40.7 per cent; swine, 38.8; sheep, 37.8; horses, 37.2; beef cattle, 36.8, and goats, 36.8 per cent. The average superiority of all kinds of purebred stock over common stock was given as 40.4 per cent.

Cows and hens show up better than other kinds of farm animals probably because it is easier to measure their production and consequently easier to improve them. A New England dairyman attributes his increased returns from purebred dairy cows to the fact that "more attention is paid to testing and feeding. Consequently there is more weeding out of the poorer cows, which results in building up a better herd." A Florida poultryman described how by trapping his flock he increased the annual egg production per hen from 80 to 150. This was accomplished by selection and feeding without introducing new blood.

How do purebreds excel ordinary stock? Here are the different points in the order of their importance as listed by the Department of Agriculture: Better conformation and quality, better selling price of animals, increased production, stock more salable, more product for the feed, interest and price (results in greater returns), uniformity (factor in making

sales), early maturity, ease of fattening and finishing, better prices of products, increased vigor and docility and ease of handling.

"My purebred stock," says one farmer "weigh as much at 15 months as my scrubs did at three years—a saving of 21 months in feed and labor, besides getting a better price. They are early maturing, easy keepers and good producers." A dairyman says: "My cows have more than doubled in milk production. Scrub and grade cows used to give me about 4,000 pounds of milk a year, while my purebreds average more than 8,000 pounds."

Worthy of High Price.

There appears to be a determination among experienced breeders to get sires of the desired type and breeding even at great trouble and high price, because of their faith in ultimate results. "They come high," says one breeder, "but are worth what they cost. I saw the need of better cattle and sold my scrubs and bought registered Herefords. They have more than paid for themselves." For the most part, users of purebred sires are reasonably well satisfied with them as individuals. Of 450 users, 380 report general satisfaction, 71 are satisfied except for the desire for still better, and eight are dissatisfied. In general, about 93 per cent of the owners appear to have obtained satisfactory purebreds as sires. The average estimated increase in financial returns "traceable to the use of purebred sires" was 48 per cent. The profitable results are due largely to the fact that such a sire gradually improves an entire herd or flock. Especially in the case of poultry and hogs, which multiply rapidly, a few animals of pure breeding may in a few years become the ancestors of hundreds of purebreds.

Men change their ways of doing things for various reasons. The farmers questioned by the department changed to purebred animals as a result of various influences, but principally as a result of reading, observation, talks with county agents, lessons learned at meetings and institutes, sales, fairs, shows, home influence, college instruction, natural liking for good animals, live-stock club work, and various other reasons. "As a boy," said one stockman, "I saw that my father never would make a success with scrubs."

IMPROVING SOIL FOR VEGETABLES

Preparations Should Begin in Autumn for Bumper Crops of Potatoes, Cabbage, Etc.

MANY GARDENERS FAVOR RYE

Roots Spread Out and Pick Up Every Choice Bit of Plant Food They Can Find—Good Stable Manure Cannot Be Beaten.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

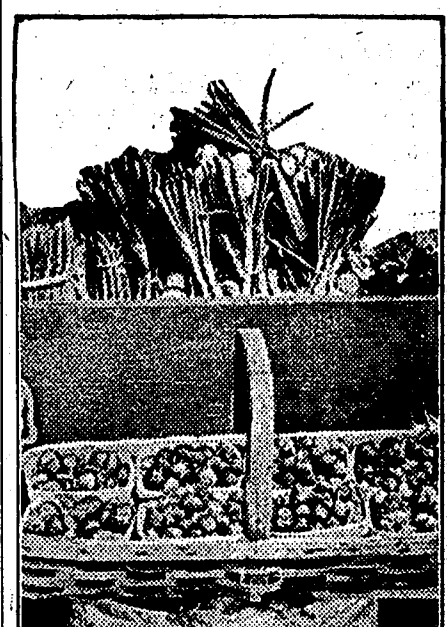
North, South, East, West, autumn is best to begin next year's home vegetable garden. Nature is never idle, even when the ground is hard and frozen, and our efforts should be directed to adding natural agencies. The greatest good can be accomplished by improving the soil and preparing it for growing bumper crops of potatoes, cabbage, tomatoes, beans, beets and other vegetables next season, says the United States Department of Agriculture.

Crop to Improve Soil.

Most of our garden crops have matured and been cleaned off the land. In many parts of the country it is too late to plant anything on this vacant land, except rye, barley or some other crop to improve the soil. Some of the most successful gardeners follow the practice of sowing rye on every foot of garden soil that becomes available. The roots of the rye spread through the soil and pick up every choice bit of plant food they can find. Next spring when the ground is spaded or plowed these same roots form a network of fibrous material which quickly decays and forms new plant food for the garden crops to feed upon. Don't let it get more than two or three inches high next spring before it is turned under. Other crops will give the same results, but rye is one of the most practical.

Frost Breaks Up Heavy Soils.

Spading or plowing clay soils in the autumn and leaving them lying in a rough state over winter is also a good practice. Heavy soils are broken up by the action of frost, but care should be taken that they do not wash away. Sandy and all light soils are liable to wash or blow away during the winter if left loose and exposed, and for this



Get Your Garden Plot in Condition This Fall So That You Will Realize a Crop Like This Next Year.

reason should be kept covered either with a green crop or by a heavy coating of manure.

Nothing beats good stable manure for improving the soil of a garden. Manure is good to plow under in the autumn and it is good as a top dressing over the soil after plowing. Manure prevents the washing and adds fertility. As soon as the crops are off, plow the ground and give it a heavy coat of manure. The remnants can be turned under in the spring.

LIVE CHICKENS FOR MARKET

Fowls Will Often Net Shippers as Much as When Dressed—Slatted Crates Are Best.

Poultry of all kinds can be shipped alive and will often net the shipper as much as when dressed, says the United States Department of Agriculture. For shipping live poultry to market well constructed, slatted crates are desirable, as these crates provide for ventilation. Overcrowding is to be avoided, and if large crates are used they should have partitions to prevent the birds from being thrown together at one end when the crate is tipped in handling. If possible, ship only one variety in a coop or in one division of a coop.

COST OF KEEPING UP ROADS

According to Reports of Automobile Chamber of Commerce It Was \$4 Per Capita.

The cost of keeping up American roads and building new ones last year was \$4 for every man, woman and child—after deducting money from auto license fees. So reports the national automobile chamber of commerce.

It is equivalent to a cent and a tenth a day for each of us. To save that much few of us would surrender even the street in front of their house. Roads are about the greatest blessing of civilization, also the cheapest.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE U. S.

120 Broadway, New York

The year 1922 was the most successful in the history of THE EQUITABLE. A copy of the 68rd Annual Statement, from which the following figures are taken, will be sent to any address on request.

Outstanding Insurance, Dec. 31, 1922.....\$3,061,423,952
New Insurance, Issued and Paid for in 1922.....\$495,249,040
Exclusive of \$48,296,733 of Group Insurance
Paid Policyholders in 1922.....\$111,022,000
Paid Policyholders Since Organization.....\$1,569,676,000

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 1922

ADMITTED ASSETS	LIABILITIES and RESERVES
Mortgages on Real Estate, 1st lien.....\$170,167,336.85	Insurance Reserve \$542,999,880.00
Real Estate.....13,905,711.14	All other liabilities 20,487,912.48
Bonds.....349,248,723.13	Surplus Reserves:
Stock.....5,604,025.00	For distribution 1923:
Loans on Society's policies.....96,619,681.85	On annual dividend policies.....18,900,000.00
Loans on collateral 700,800.00	On deferred dividend policies 16,071,653.00
Cash [\$6,795,980.95 at interest].....7,454,839.88	Awaiting apportionment on deferred dividend policies 21,597,805.00
Other Assets.....20,045,946.77	For contingencies 43,690,313.84
Total.....\$663,747,064.32	Total.....\$663,747,064.32

Broad Scope of Equitable Life Insurance

THE EQUITABLE issues insurance to protect the family and the home; to provide life incomes for wife or children; to pay for the education of boys and girls; to strengthen the business and credit of individuals, firms and corporations; to pay inheritance taxes; to settle estates; to safeguard mortgages; to extend death benefits to families of employees; and to support men and women in old age. There is an equitable policy for every life insurance need.

W. A. DAY, President

W. H. STUMP, Special Agent

SOUTHWICK, IDAHO

Coming To
PALOUSE
United Doctors
Specialists
Do Not Use Surgery
Will be at
Palouse Hotel,
Saturday, March 17

Office hours 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

One Day Only

No Charge for Examination.
The doctor in charge is a graduate in medicine and surgery, and is licensed by the state of Washington. He visits professionally the more important towns and the cities and offers to all who call on this trip, consultation and examination free, except the expense of treatment when desired.

According to his method of treatment he does not operate for chronic appendicitis, gall stones, ulcers of stomach, tonsils or adenoids.

He has to his credit many wonderful results in diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, skin, nerves, heart kidney, bladder, bed wetting, catarrh, weak lungs, rheumatism, sciatica, leg ulcers and rectal ailments.

If you have been ailing for any length of time and do not get better do not fail to call, as improper measures rather than disease are often the cause of your long-standing trouble.

Remember above date, that examination on this trip will be free and, and that his treatment is different.

Address: 336 Boston Block, Minneapolis, Minn.

MOST DAMAGE TO MACHINERY

Water Seeping Into Bearings and Forming Coat of Rust Around Journals Is Harmful.

The greatest damage to any machine standing in the weather is caused by water seeping into the bearings and forming a coat of rust around the journals. This rust must be broken when the machine starts operating, and causes much heavier draft and rapid wear because the journal will not become entirely smooth and bright until the metal has worn down to the depth of rusting.

Take a large nozzle oil can, draw some of the heavy oil, 600-W Steam Cylinder, from the gearcase of the automobile and fill each harvester bearing full and around the ends. This coats the journal so that it will scarcely rust at all. Then paint the knives and wooden parts, also knotters bills, sprockets, latches and other bright parts with asphaltum. Next year all you need to do is squirt kerosene into the bearings and over the wearing parts to cut out the grease and asphaltum, wipe clean with cotton waste or old rags, oil well and the machine will start off smoothly and easily. Be sure and oil well after using kerosene, as kerosene is the greatest destroyer of lubricants readily available, and the journals will run dry enough to cut in a very short time if the operator is not careful.

ALFALFA PASTURE FOR HOGS

There is No Form of Grass That Produces Gain at Such Low Cost as Does This Legume.

Alfalfa pasture should be found on every farm where hogs are kept. There is no form of pasture that produces the gain at such a low cost as does alfalfa. One acre of alfalfa will produce, when fed with grain equaling 1 per cent to 2 per cent of the live weight, between five and six hundred pounds of pork with very little or no labor cost outside of the first cost of seedling. Mature sows thin in flesh have often gained as high as one-half pound per day on alfalfa alone.

NEW LIGHT SHED ON CAUSES OF CORN ROT

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Reducing the losses from these rots is a complex problem, requiring much more investigation. At present the department can go little farther than to say that primarily it involves a careful consideration of environment, soil fertility, and the nature of the particular strain of corn.

A SAVINGS ACCOUNT

Is a developer of character, thrift and energy. It is also a wise counsellor and a steadfast friend of every young person who wishes to rise.

Sound ideas should be instilled into the minds of the children. A very important one is the advantage of money-saving.

Open an account for your child today. A SAVINGS PASS BOOK is an encouraging helper.

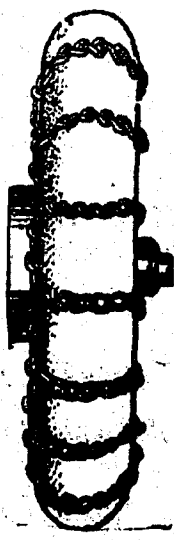
One of our beautiful steel Savings Banks is given with each account opened of one dollar or more.

The Farmers Bank

Hotel Kendrick
Taylor & Erickson, Props.
GOOD ROOMS
Soft Drinks and Candy
Cigars and Tobacco
Commercial Trade Solicited
Kendrick, Idaho

Dr. S. I. Ringsage
Sanipracter
Hours:
1 to 5 p. m.
And by appointment.
Phone 462
Walker Building
KENDRICK, IDAHO

The Midget Cafe
Regular Meals
7 Days a Week
or at any time during the day, also
Bread, Doughnuts,
Maple Sticks, Cinnamon
buns, cookies, pies,
Candies, Soft Drinks.
Mrs. Minnie McDowell



SAFETY FIRST

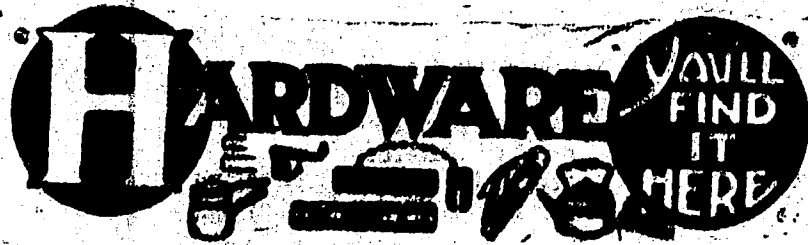
Use
Weed Chains

DO IT NOW

Have Your Car Overhauled

It will soon be spring and it will pay you to have your car in first class shape so it will be ready for the seasons run.
Our Work Guaranteed

Kendrick Garage Co.
Deobald Bros. Props.



For 1923

Superior and Peoria Drills

Rock Island and Oliver
Implements

Winona Wagons

The Great Majestic Range

W. P. Fuller & Co's Paints

Fone 172 The Fone 172
FARMERS HARDWARE COMA NY
OR Andy Commodities

Spring is here



Pigs, calves, colts, lambs coming along. Make the most of them. Keep them healthy, their stomachs full.

Dr. Hess Stock Tonic

will give them good appetites and good digestion, keep the worms away and guard them against disease.

It's a great spring-time tonic for mothers, too. Cows need it for its system toning, bowel cleansing, appetizing effects. Brood Sows are relieved of constipation and conditioned for farrowing. Excellent for Mares in foal—and Ewes at lambing time.

Red Cross Pharmacy

Tell us how much stock you have. We have a package to suit.

Dr. Hess Dip and Disinfectant
For Sheep Ticks - for Hog Lice - for Health

GRASS SEED

Clover, Alfalfa and Timothy

POULTRY SUPPLIES

Ground Bone, Oyster Shell
Cracked and Whole Corn

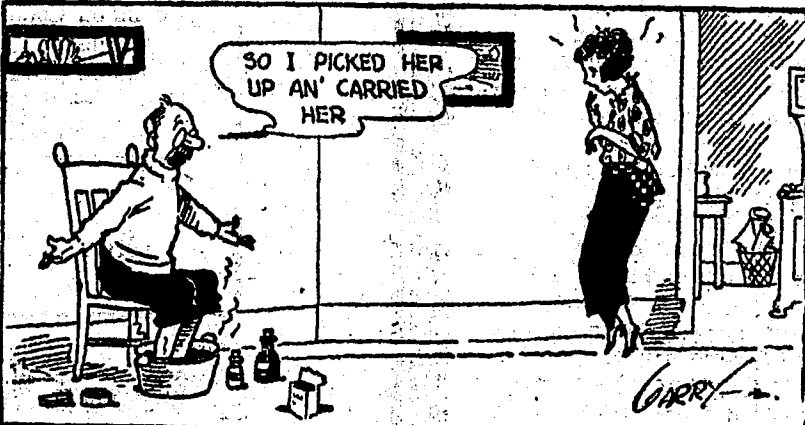
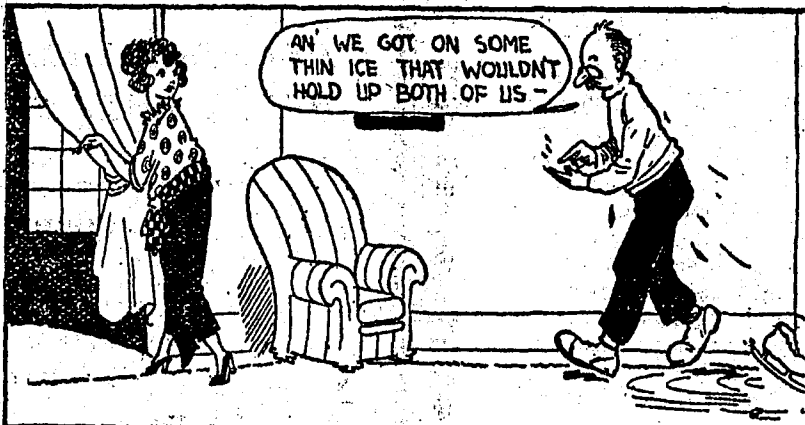
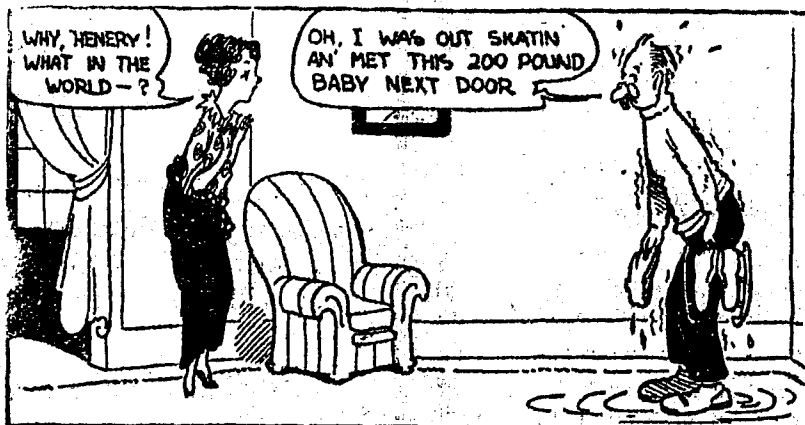
Reasonable Prices

Phone 812

Kendrick Rochdale Co.

The Henery Hoozits

By Garry



VERY UNUSUAL

A SINGLE strawberry plant sells for \$50,000. This plant was originated by Harlow Rockhill of Iowa. He pockets the money, paid by a big fruit-growing corporation.

Rockhill's one strawberry plant, which brings him a fortune, is nearly as large as a bushel basket. Experts predict that the descendants of this plant will revolutionize the strawberry industry, producing larger, better and more berries than any now grown commercially.

Think it over. Selling a single plant for \$50,000 seems like a page from a book of fairy tales. But it's true. After all, we live in an age of fairy tales.

A HUGE wire cage is constructed entirely around an apple tree on the farm of Lewis Mood, near Ferrell, N. J.

This naturally arouses the neighbors' curiosity. They ask questions, are dumfounded to learn that Mood recently sold a "slip" or "graft" from this tree for a sum that makes the tree worth \$8000.

Why? Because the tree produces an entirely new variety of fruit. From it may come hundreds of thousands of trees bearing something new, the Mood apple. And all from one original seed!

FANCY prices paid for berry plants, trees, prize livestock and hardier grains emphasize how science and the farmer are trying their utmost to give the nation better food and more of it.

Plant life is our slave. And almost miraculous is how it thrives and multiplies. The soldiers of Alexander the Great filled their knapsacks with dates in India. Eating them as they returned home, they cast the seeds to the ground. And from these seeds sprouted the date groves of Syria. It's so with most of the other forms of plant life that keep us alive today.



TURKEY FATTENED ON RANGE

Flesh Gains in Flavor and Tenderness in Way it Cannot if Fowl is Confined.

It is just as important to have turkeys in good plump condition before marketing as it is chickens. However, a good many farmers regard this as a hard job simply because there is considerable misunderstanding as to the correct way to go about the matter.

Turkeys, if taken aright, are easily fattened; in fact, easier than most other fowls. But if turkeys have had free range all summer, you cannot fatten them with any satisfaction in an enclosure. The change will cause them to fret and refuse to eat and thus they will lose instead of gain in weight. On the other hand, if they range too much while being fattened, they will "run off" the beneficial effects of your extra feeding. The right plan is therefore a compromise between these two extremes. Teach the turkeys to come up every evening at least, and then stuff them with all they will possibly eat. You will soon find them ranging at short distances only and coming up even between feeding times, where they should always be able to find some sort of attractive food.

Don't try to fatten the turkeys on corn alone. A close diet of new corn often results in bowel troubles for the turkeys just as it does for hogs, and a sick turkey is usually a dead turkey. Mix the fattening ration; variety is desirable for several reasons. Equal



Turkeys Fret and Refuse to Eat if in an Enclosure.

parts of wheat, oats and corn, make a good ration. Give also an occasional mash feed of equal parts of cornmeal and wheat middlings which makes a very rich feed, especially if a quantity of ground beefscrap or green cut bone is added.

As the turkey takes on fat, the flesh turns to a rich golden color. If allowed reasonably free range while the fattening process is going on, the flesh gains in flavor and tenderness in a way it cannot if the bird were fattened in close quarters.

Take note of the cornmeal used in mash for chicks. If this is bought in large quantities there is danger of spoiling and mold.



TUBERCULOSIS CAUSES LOSS

Insidious Manner of Attack of Disease Makes it Most Difficult to Detect.

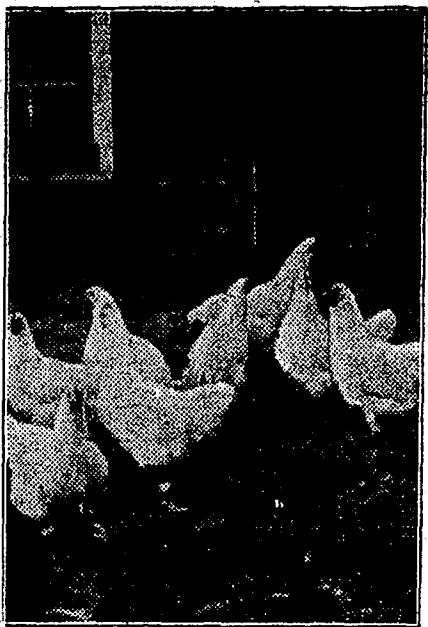
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Tuberculosis of fowls is more widely distributed over the United States than is generally supposed. It is especially destructive to flocks in the North and West. The course of the disease is slow, symptoms are apparent only in the late stages, and the mortality is high. The danger to man, however, is slight, especially since cooking the flesh of fowls destroys the tubercular bacilli. Treatment of fowls affected is declared to be useless, but the disease may be stamped out by methods described in Farmers' Bulletin 1200, which may be had upon application to the division of publications, United States Department of Agriculture.

Of all domesticated birds the fowl shows by far the highest mortality from tuberculosis. The disease has spread so extensively in some states as to cause very serious losses to the poultry industry. The insidious manner of attack makes it most difficult to combat, because affected birds show no visible symptoms until the disease processes are far advanced, and in the meantime it has been communicated to others of the flock.

Avian tuberculosis, as it is sometimes called, is caused by a micro-organism closely resembling the bacilli of human and bovine tuberculosis. While, primarily, it affects birds, it may also attack other animals. Pigs exposed to tuberculous flocks frequently are affected, and display localized tubercles in the lymph glands of the head, neck and mesentery. Rats and mice also may contract the disease naturally. Bacilli of the avian type have been found in tuberculous persons. The principal danger to humans is in eating eggs from tuberculous fowls, as eggs may be infected with the bacilli; however, as man is considered quite resistant to the avian type of tubercle bacilli, the chances of infection are doubtless slight.

Tuberculosis may be introduced on a farm in several ways, such as receiving infected fowls, exposure to neighboring infected flocks using the same



Healthy Flock of Fowls.

range, infection of premises by free-flying birds, carriers, such as man or animals, whose shoes or feet may carry infected droppings from nearby infected farms. Most eggs harboring the organism fail to hatch, thereby reducing to a minimum the danger of infection from this source, but if infected eggs are thrown to the fowls the disease may be established in the flock.

One of the first symptoms is gradual emaciation, which becomes especially noticeable in the breast muscles. These diminish in size until in advanced stages there is scarcely any flesh left on the breast bone. Feeling the breast region will readily detect this wasting. The appetite continues good. Lameness in one or both legs, or drooping of one or both wings is another symptom.

The bulletin mentioned describes these and other symptoms at length. Paleness of comb, wattles, skin on the head and about the eyes is evidence of the last stages. A skilled operator can apply the intradermic tuberculin test to detect the presence of the disease but medical treatment for fowls is futile. Preventive measures, the most usual being slaughtering, are the wisest. Fowls in good flesh may be used for food if they show no lesions or only slight ones. Those fowls that are badly diseased and all visceral organs should be burned. The premises should be disinfected thoroughly, including all drinking, eating and other utensils.

PROPER FEEDING BIG FACTOR

No Matter How Good the Breeding (May Be, Good Care Must Be Given for Best Results)

Breeding plays an important part in successful poultry operation, but the factor of good feeding and the proper management of the flock plays a far more important part than many poultry keepers have been led to believe. Breeding, no matter how good, can accomplish but little in producing results unless backed by proper feeding and care. The best of breeding will give but poor results if the proper care and feed are not completed with.

Professional Cards

DR. A. OTTERAAEN
PHYSICIAN
Phone 832
KENDRICK, IDAHO

Dr. William T. Seeley
Physician
and
Surgeon

Leland, Idaho

Dr. S. A. Roe

Practice Limited to Diseases of the
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted
Office Over Beach's Store
LEWISTON, IDAHO

KENDRICK LODGE NO. 26.

A. F. O. A. M.

Meets every second and
last Thursday of the month
M. O. Raby, W. M.
M. B. McConnell, Secretary.

A. H. OVERSMITH

Attorney-at-Law

Urquhart Building Third Street
Moscow, Idaho.

EQUITABLE

Life Assurance Society of U. S.

Wm. H. Stump

Representative

Southwick, Idaho

WANTED

Cattle, hogs and sheep

Hides and Wool.

Call

Holbrook & Emmett

N. R. Shepherd

The Auctioneer

TROY, IDAHO.

Horseshoeing

General Blacksmithing
Wagon and Carriage Shop
All work Guaranteed.

ALL KINDS OF
Repairing neatly done.

Frank Crocker

Draying

Residence Phone 726

Kendrick Dray and Ice Co.

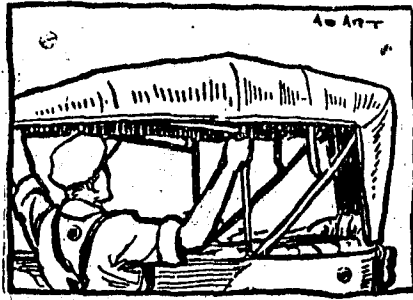
Frank Chamberlain, Prop.

H. M. F. SILOS

How about that silo you have been intending to install, for the last two or three years? Now is the time to plan for it. Let me show you the H-L-F. double wall; it is a practical and reasonably priced silo and will give you the best of satisfaction. J. C. Hamil, local representative. Phone 3425, Juliaetta, Idaho. 9-1f

Term Gasoline is Modern. The geological survey says that there were some materials like our present gasoline used as far back as the second century, but the name gasoline was coined within the last twenty or thirty years.





Does Your Top Leak?

Right now is the time to have a new top put on the bus, so if you are caught out in the rain you will have that comfortable feeling of security. A new top makes an old car look newer.

KENDRICK HARNESS SHOP

Wealth That Works

Money saved and deposited in a bank is wealth that works. Wealth that works is capital. Unlike brain and muscle, it does not wear out or deteriorate. It grows and improves.

The only gain from labor is what is saved. Labor, therefore, makes wealth and when wealth works it is capital.

Capital at work pays wages, which, when saved, creates more capital. Labor is the producer when labor saves.

Savings bring independence. A savings bank is a public servant.

One Dollar Starts an Account!

The Kendrick State Bank
Kendrick, Idaho

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This is a pleasant, safe and reliable medicine for coughs and colds. It has been in use for many years and is held in high esteem in those households where its good qualities are best known. It is a favorite with mothers of young children, as it contains no opium or other harmful drug. Try it when you have need of such a remedy.—Adv.

AMENDMENT TO ORDINANCE NO. 98

Section 4. Each person desiring to dray within the corporate limits of the Village of Kendrick, Idaho, must pay to the Clerk of the Board the sum of \$20 per year for each two-horse vehicle and the sum of \$10 per year for each one-horse vehicle, payable in advance; and \$20 per year for each motor truck or car, and no license shall be granted for a shorter or longer period than one year.

N. E. Walker, Chairman
Attest: Ralph B. Knepper, Clerk
Read the first time February 6, 1923.
Read the second time February 6, 1923.
Read the third time and passed February 7, 1923.
Approved by the Chairman February 7, 1923.
Published March 9, 1923. 10-1t

isolate the first hen that shows signs of a cold and it will help to prevent other cases. Place the sick bird where she will not be forgotten and neglected at feeding time.

Chamberlain's Tablets For Indigestion and Constipation.

"The nicest and pleasantest medicine I have used for indigestion and constipation is Chamberlain's Tablets," writes Melard F. Craig, Middle Grove, N. Y. They work like a charm and do not gripe or leave any unpleasant effect.

HOW'S THIS?

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which quickly relieves the catarrhal inflammation, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, thus assisting to restore normal conditions. Sold by druggists for over 40 Years. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Stony Point News

Sylvester and Alfred Evans visited last week with their sister, Mrs. Ike Steensma.

George Babendorf of Asotin visited last week at the home of his nephew, Will Schetzle.

Albert Heimgartner and daughter Mabel, went to Lewiston Saturday, where Miss Mabel had dental work done.

Mrs. Garout and children spent Sunday at the Leonard Fairfield home.

Chas. Hill and family spent Monday at the home of Lester Hill.

Joe Davis of Kendrick spent the early part of the week at the Davis ranch here.

Jim Barnett helped Clarence Dygert butcher hogs, Monday.

A. A. Dobson, who has been ill for some time was taken to Lewiston to the hospital, Tuesday. Mr. Dobson is very seriously ill with Bright's disease. Dr. Alley is attending him.

Several Potlatch farmers prepared with plow and hoe to go to work last Monday, but instead they waded snow.

Cameron News

Mr. and Mrs. Blum entertained Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Meyer and family and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Uttke, at dinner, Sunday.

Miss Henrietta Blum of Lewiston is visiting her parents this week.

Miss Emma Entman of Keisling, Wash., is the guest of Miss Ida Silflow, this week.

Miss Alice Freytag of Kendrick has been helping Miss Woller for the past week.

Special Saturday—sugar \$10.29 at Woller's Store. 10-1t

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Meyer were Lewiston business visitors, last week.

Aug. Meyer is transacting business in Spokane this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ehlers and family were the dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Carl L. Wegner, Sunday.

Our new pongee, tissue gingham, crepe, Devonshire, percales and sheetings have arrived. We invite your patronage, A. H. Woller. 10-1t
Wm. Hartung of Spokane is visiting relatives and friends in Cameron.

Herman Meyer and Charie Harris were the dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brammer, Sunday.

Miss Gladys Keller was transacting business in Lewiston, the last of the week.

Southwick News

Rev. Gamble was called to Frazer last Tuesday to conduct a funeral service. He was formerly pastor there.

Revival meetings conducted by Rev. Clarke are continuing thru this week with good attendance.

Miss Case returned from Lewiston, Monday.

Phil Elvy had dental work done in Lewiston Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

Edw Craddick arrived here Friday from Chicago and is staying at the Julius Hoppe home.

J. Kimes is reported on the sick list.

Frank Souders returned home from Lewiston Wednesday of last week.

Albert Winters went to Spalding Sunday to visit his brother, Will.

L. J. Southwick went to Lewiston, Sunday, to meet with the county commissioners, Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Herriman visited at the Wm. Berriman home, Sunday.

Given Mustoe and family moved home the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Southwick were overnight guests at A. Mustoe's Monday.

The Floyd Russell family spent the day Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. R. King.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Whiting returned from Leland Saturday.

Mrs. Blanche Whiting is taking medical treatment in Leland this week.

Wm. Stump returned from Lewiston, Sunday, after spending a few days there on business.

Miss Pearl Stump returned home from Asotin, Sunday. She has entirely recovered after her operation and is again in school.

Quit a number from here attended the Ray Garrison sale at Teakean, March 1. Potatoes sold there as low as 25 cents per sack and they furnished the sack.

Milton Benjamin went to Juliaetta, Monday, to help his father move their household good to their new home.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Ziemann returned from Lewiston, Monday.

Ben McCoy found a dead coyote on his door step Wednesday morning when he went to the ranch. Ray Triplett shot another with a small revolver a short distance away, that seemed to be hurt. It was that that the animals were poisoned. They seem to be getting real numerous in that neighborhood.

The robins and bluebirds are here again.

Mr. Allison left for Lewiston, Sunday.

Linden News

Quite a number of the ladies met at the Weyen home Thursday to make dress forms. Three were made that day.

Dr. Otteraaen was called Wednesday evening to attend the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Langdon and Thursday evening to see the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Granvill Wall, who were suffering from bronchitis, but who are much better at this writing.

Mrs. Gilchrist and four sons spent Sunday with the Misses Sweeney and Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Farrington and family, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Dorendorf and Mrs. Bess Keeler were Sunday visitors at the Bud Harris home.

Mrs. Lou Alexander and children and Mrs. Hattie Alexander spent Tuesday of last week with Mrs. Clem Israel.

TIMBER SALE SHOULD BE ARRANGED AHEAD

Quick Action Needed to Prevent Deterioration.

Logs and Other Rough Material Should Not Be Allowed to Remain Long on Ground After Cutting—Ends Should Be Painted.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

To prevent the deterioration of felled timber farmers and owners of woodlands should allow as little delay as possible between the cutting of the tree and its manufacture into rough products, advises the forest service of the United States Department of Agriculture. This means that sales should be arranged for prior to beginning cutting. It is often necessary or desirable, however, to put off the de-

livery of logs, bolts, or poles until some months after cutting, either to allow them to season or because a good sale cannot be arranged at once. Much of the weight of freshly-cut timber is due to the water it contains, and a few months' seasoning will often reduce this to a marked degree, the amount of reduction depending, of course, on the climate, the weather, and the exposure to sun and air. At the same time, unless preventive measures are taken the products are sure to deteriorate through decay, insect attack, checking, or some other agency.

Logs and other round timber should never be allowed to remain long in the woods after cutting. As soon as possible they should be taken to a dry, well-aired, and unshaded area and placed on skids well off the ground; otherwise the opposite extreme should be attempted—keeping the timber in water. Within a few days after the trees are felled the bark should be removed from poles, posts, and other material which will not be injured by checking or season cracks. The ends of the logs should be coated with paint, creosote, or tar. This will aid in preventing decay and keep the logs from checking badly.

Poles should be peeled and hauled or dragged to a place free from debris or rank vegetation and freely exposed to the sun and wind. When ties are cut, it is usually cheapest and most desirable to haul them, at any convenient time without regard to seasoning, directly to the railway, and pile them according to the specifications furnished by the tie buyer.

Cordwood should be stacked in loose piles in a sunny, well-aired, and well-drained place free from rank vegetation. Two sticks on the ground running the length of the pile will keep it from contact with the soil and thus prevent decay in the lower layers.

Additional information on this subject is contained in Farmers' Bulletin 1210, Measuring and Marketing Farm Timber, copies of which may be had free upon application to the division of publications, United States Department of Agriculture.

PROPER SIZE OF HEN FLOCK

Number Which Can Be Kept Most Efficiently Will Depend Upon Space Available.

The size of the flock which can be kept most efficiently will depend upon the space available and upon the amount of table scraps and other waste available for feed. It is a mistake to overstock your land, says the

United States Department of Agriculture. Better results will be obtained from a few hens in a small yard than from a large number. The back-yard flock rarely should consist of more than 20 or 25 hens, and often of not more than eight or ten. For 20 or 25 hens you should have a yard 25 by 30 feet in size.

WINTER HOUSE FOR POULTRY

Openings on South Side of Building Should Be Covered With Muslin or Burlap.

On stormy nights, windows or openings in the south side of the chicken house should be covered by a drop curtain. The curtain should be made of muslin or burlap. The floor of the house should be covered with a deep litter of straw in which the grain is scattered in order to make the hens work. Keep a mash mixture before the hens at all times. This can be composed of a mixture of bran, shorts, cornmeal, ground oats, etc. To this must be added a good grade of meat meal which should compose 20 per cent of the mixture.

Success With Hogs

1. Good brood sows should always have a balanced ration, sufficient exercise, and a good bed.
2. Farrowing rails, no matter of what material they are made, will be worth their cost.
3. Many of the pigs are farrowed between midnight and dawn, and it pays to be there.
4. A good dry bed, changed often, makes up for a lot of other imperfections. Plan to have a supply of dry bedding handy at all times.
5. Contrary to popular belief, hogs cannot thrive in filth. Avoid manure piles, dusty stalls, and stagnant pools. Probably more trouble with pigs starts with suckling a sow that has been lying in a stagnant mud hole than from any other cause, unless it be dusty pens.
6. Plenty of clean water should be handy at all times, for the pig drinks often if he has the chance.
7. Plan to have clover, alfalfa, rape, rye or soy beans at all times on the farm and cheapen the cost of production.

DREAMS COME TRUE

HENRY FORD negotiates to buy 195,000 acres of coal lands in the Elk Horn district of Kentucky and West Virginia. He has made several such deals already. Is he planning to become a big coal operator?

In the background of everything, you find romance and human suffering.

For instance, in the case of the Elk Horn coal lands Ford has his eyes on:

Forty years ago John C. C. Mayo, poverty-stricken country school teacher, had enough imagination to see the great future wealth that would be taken from the Elk Horn lands, then next to worthless.

That became Mayo's life dream.

Capitalists laughed at him. So Mayo set to work alone. He pinched, deprived, denied himself—a dollar here, a dollar there. Finally he began quietly buying options on the coal lands.

His wife, as usual in such cases, carried half the burden. She kept the books and looked after details while John taught school to get more dollars to invest in coal.

Capitalists suddenly sat up with a start, realizing that Mayo was on the road to fabulous riches.

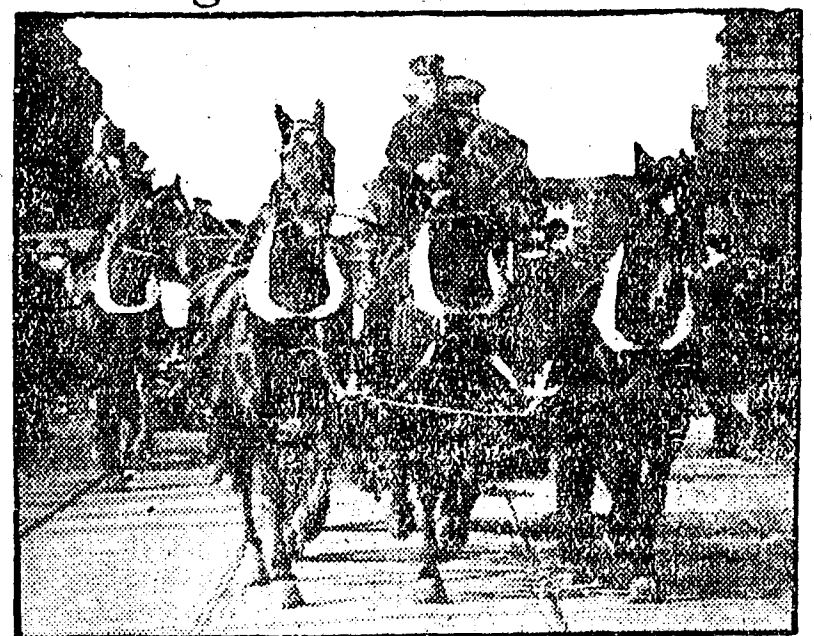
They rushed to his aid.

Mayo died about eight years ago, age 48.

He left a fortune of \$20,000,000 to his heirs.

The lesson in this is: If convinced that you are on the right track, stick to it, don't let any one or any circumstance stop or even dishearten you. Reward comes slowly in this life, usually years after we do the tasks that create it. But it comes surely to the man who never gives up the fight.

Manhattan's Last Fire Horses Making Their Farewell Run



THIS is the last team of fire horses left in Greater New York making their farewell run. They belonged to Company 205, Brooklyn. An auto fire engine has taken their place. Wholly extinct in New York now, the fire horse soon will be as much a bygone animal as the giant lizard, throughout the entire United States.



Heed the words at the top of this picture

It will pay you to do so, for without question the made-to-measure method is the only logical way to buy clothes.

You get certainty of fit and the satisfaction of selecting the model and fabric you prefer.

When you order an

International

you get rock bottom prices and the very finest of workmanship as well as a real and genuine all-wool fabric.

Stanton Bros.

"Where the New Things Are Newest"

Local Ads

FOR SALE: Baled alfalfa hay. Harold Roberts, American ridge. 8-4p

FOR SALE: Several fresh cows; also one Hereford bull for sale or trade. D. F. Waltz. 7-4p

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From 2 and 3 year old S. C. White Leghorns, selected and mated by Pren Moore, poultry specialist of the University of Idaho. Cockerels from the A. J. Hanson farm, Corvallis, Oregon. Single setting \$1.25; 3 settings \$3.50; 5 settings \$5.00; 100 eggs \$6.00. A few choice cockerels for sale. J. C. Hamil, Phone 3425, Juliaetta, Idaho. 8-tf.

FOR SALE: No. 1 timothy hay. Phone 578, R. A. Hughes, Big Bear ridge. 10-tf.

Bring your eggs to Woller's Store, Saturday; 35c a dozen in trade for dry goods. 10-1t

Texas ridge propagated strawberry plants for sale. No better grown. 75c per hundred, \$5.00 a thousand. G. E. Drury, Deary. 10-tf

FOR SALE: Ford touring car, good condition, cheap; terms. Inquire Gazette. 2-tf

Used car for sale at a bargain. Price \$300 cash or good note. Inquire Gazette office. 2-tf

Look for special on Saturday. A. H. Woller. 10-1t

WILL BUY or TRADE for Sulkey plow, write or phone, A. E. Spekker, Cameron, Idaho. 8-3p

PRUNES! PRUNES! PRUNES!

A No 1. prunes while they last, 8c a pound f. o. b. Kendrick. Any amount from 5 pounds up. J. L. Johnson. 9-3p

GLEANINGS

A. R. Locke of Leland was a Lewiston visitor, yesterday.

County Agent Fletcher has prepared a very interesting article on growing sweet clover in Latah county. The article is valuable as it gives the experience of a number of prominent Latah county farmers in the growing of sweet clover. The article was too long for publication this week but will be published in full in next week's issue. Watch for it, as it is worth while.

H. C. Stapleton of the Stapleton Royalty and Holding Co. of Shelby, Montana, was transacting business in Kendrick, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Erickson were Lewiston visitors Wednesday afternoon.

✓ Mrs. Edgar Long and son, Roy, returned Thursday afternoon from a trip to Lewiston.

Mrs. Mildred DesVoignes has been nominated for the position of postmaster of Deary.

Mrs. J. L. Kelly arrived Tuesday afternoon from Lewiston to visit friends here.

✓ Born to Mr. and Mrs. Carrol Cox, Tuesday, February 27, a daughter.

✓ R. B. Parks of Leland returned, Tuesday afternoon, from a business trip to Lewiston.

Mary V. Stevens, district organizer of Neighbors of Woodcraft is in Kendrick and expects to remain long enough to secure a large class for the local circle, who already have quite a membership but most of them have moved away. There will be a meeting at Mrs. Thos. McDowell's, Saturday March 10 at 2 p. m., to which the Woodmen's wives and all friends of Woodcraft are invited. Mrs. Stevens will make a short talk on the order.

Mr. and Mrs. Tony Agrell of Troy spent the week end at the home of Mrs. Agrell's sister, Mrs. Ray Snyder.

Mrs. Stevens, of Lewiston, organizer for the Women of Woodcraft, was in Kendrick Monday looking after the interests of the local order.

Miss Esther Fairley of Pullman spent the week end here with Miss Booth.

Wesley Thomas of Clarkston arrived the first of the week to visit his brother, Martin.

"First the world was flat," says the Junior Bystander in the Aurora Advertiser, "then it was round and now—it is crooked."

Walter Thomas went to Spokane Tuesday to spend a few days on business.

A. K. Carlson came over from Nez Perce the first of the week on business.

Otto Schupfer is making a small radio set for Mr. Petrick, who has been in a Moscow hospital for months. Some time ago the business men of Moscow passed a subscription list to purchase a radio set for the bedridden man. The set was installed but was not efficient so that it was of little use. It was finally taken away from the hospital. We'll bet the one that Otto makes will handle the sound waves properly.

A. N. Rognstad of Big Bear ridge is advertising hatching eggs for his Plymouth Rocks, in this issue of the Gazette. The picture in the ad is a hen that has a record of 324 eggs in a year. It's safe to say that the hen earned her board and it probably cost no more to feed her than a scrub hen that wouldn't lay over 50 eggs a year.

A. Wilnot made a business trip to Spokane, Wednesday.

Harry Stanton went to Lewiston on business, Wednesday.

Last week there was an error in the advertisement of the Kendrick Store Co.. The price of 15c a pound for peanut butter should have read 25c a pound. The price a year ago was 15c but since the tariff, peanuts and peanut butter have advanced greatly in price.

There will be a "get-together" meeting of the Neighbors of Woodcraft and the Woodmen of the World, their families and friends, at the hall, Wednesday, March 14 at 8 o'clock. Everyone bring something for picnic lunch. Mary V. Stevens, district organizer for the Neighbors of Woodcraft and E. G. Dirks, district manager for Woodmen of the World will be present.

Spokane, Wash.: The purchase of 58 new locomotives has been ordered by the Great Northern railroad, at a price of \$4,500,000, according to a dispatch from railroad headquarters. The locomotives will be built by the Baldwin locomotive works. The order consists of 28 mountain type passenger locomotives and 30 Santa Fe type freight engines, both of which will be the largest in the Northwest.

Missing Manners

A feminine voice was heard from

the steps of a crowded car: "Oh, get in dear; some one will give you a seat." The next moment two young women entered. The men in the car were on their mettle. They read papers sternly. Those who had no papers closed their eyes and pretended to slumber. The two certain women glared down the car in vain. The car went for half a mile, and then a man alighted.

"There's a seat for one," said the conductor.

"Don't take it, dear," said one of the young women, "some man will want it."

In the moment of defeat she triumphed.—Ex.

Fairview Notes

✓ Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Vincent and son, Chester, were dinner guests Wednesday, at the James Helton home.

✓ Mr. and Mrs. Dawson of Agatha are spending several days visiting at the Herman Lohman home.

Mrs. Ray Hill and two children from Fraser, spent several days last week visiting her sister, Mrs. M. Kuykendall.

Dinner guests at the Frank Wilken home, Sunday, were: Mr. and Mrs. Will Wolf and son, Kenneth, Misses Eoyth Boyd and Edna Fleshman and John Vincent.

Mrs. Elbert Kuykendall and two sons are visitors at the home of Mrs. M. Kuykendall.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Corkill visited Sunday at the Wilfred Corkill home.

✓ Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Freshman made a business trip to Lewiston, Wednesday, returning Friday. While there they called to see Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zeyen, who are former Potlatchers.

✓ Jack and Clair McCall visited Sunday with Albert and Freddy Glenn.

✓ Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Freshman and family were Sunday visitors at the Amiel Peters home and spent Sunday evening at the T. H. Daugherty home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Glenn were Juliaetta visitors, Sunday.

✓ Mrs. Stewart Hefle and two children, were callers, Sunday, at the Byrne home.

Leland Items

✓ Mrs. DeWinter entertained the Missionary society Thursday. There were twenty-one members, and a number of visitors present. A lovely dinner consisting of everything good to eat including ice cream, was served at noon by the hostess.

✓ Mr. and Mrs. Emil Larson of Cameron have purchased the Dumbald property on the hill and will make it their home. They expect to move to it next fall.

The Ed Johnson family have moved to the Oylear property four miles east of Leland, where Ed expects to farm.

✓ Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Powell and Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Parks were Sunday dinner guests of Mrs. Hund.

The Vester Whiting family were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hogrefe, Sunday.

✓ Mrs. Jesse Hoffman, who is at a Lewiston hospital, is reported much improved.

Claude Hall, Ernest and Virgil McVicker, Myrl and Theodore Oylear had dinner with Raleigh Smith Tuesday evening and helped him to celebrate his twelfth birthday. They played games in the evening having a general good time.

✓ Mrs. Woodward spent Saturday with Mrs. R. M. Smith.

The Epworth League will give a program and box social at the school house on Friday evening, March 16. The girls are all expected to bring boxes and boys bring your pocket books and see that the other fellows don't get your girl's basket.

LELAND SCHOOL NOTES

The spelling try-out was held Friday afternoon in the intermediate room, Zella McVicker won first and Ivan Craig and Nellie Goudzward tied for second in the first class. Raleigh Smith won first and Alva Craig second, Kenneth Hund third in the second class. Visitors were Mrs. McVicker, Rev and Mrs. Hall and Mrs. Hund.

The fifth grade made political maps of South America.

Georgia and Mildred Freshman were absent from school on account of illness.

The second grade have just finished their Young & Field readers and will begin in the Free & Treadwell.

Lloyd Slater received a hard fall in the basement Tuesday, but seems none the worse for it.

Woodrow Freshman was excused from school Tuesday on account of illness.

Helen Russell is reported to be still quite sick and may not be able to return to school for some time.

Margaret Schmidt was absent

from school, Friday.

The 9th grade are beginning to study modern history.

Kenneth Hund was absent from school Monday forenoon.

MUCH PROGRESS MADE FOR PUREBRED SIRES

Movement Having Noticeable Effect in Many Sections.

Farmers Are Discarding Scrub and Grade Animals and Using Registered Bulls Instead—Letter From Virginia Agent.

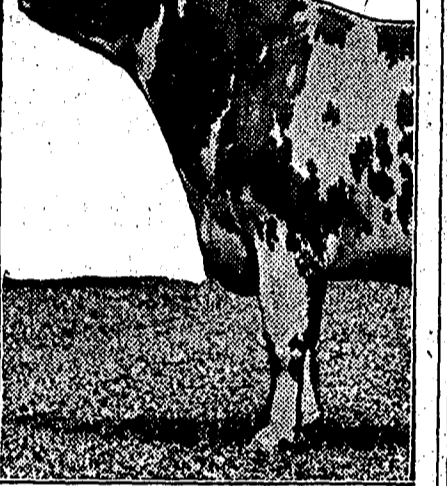
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

There is every reason to believe that the replacement of scrub and grade sires by purebreds is on the increase. Reports received by the United States Department of Agriculture from county agents in various parts of the country show that the "Better Sires—Better Stock" movement is having a noticeable effect. A recent statement by M. G. Lewis, county agent of Rockbridge county, Virginia, is typical of a large number. "The purebred bull movement," says Mr. Lewis, "is progressing rapidly. Since January 1, 16 farmers have disposed of grade or scrub bulls and are using registered bulls instead. On the

other hand, there are no less than 50 men in the county who still persist in holding out against the progress and development of the live stock interests of the county by keeping inferior grade or scrub bulls. I have a list of 56 owners of such bulls. Some of these men have grades that are fairly good individuals, while others have scrubs that are the worst kind of a disgrace to the community and to the county.

"The cost of a good registered bull is so small now that it is a mystery why any farmer will keep anything else. Many records have been kept during the last few years to prove out the actual value of a purebred bull in dollars and cents."

Some of these actual figures were obtained recently by the Department of Agriculture through an inquiry sent out to more than 500 farmers throughout the United States. These men gave it as their opinion that in all kinds of farm stock purebreds have a learning power more than 40 per cent better than common stock. It is noteworthy that in the case of dairy cattle, whose productive power can be easily measured, purebreds were considered to be 47.5 per cent better than common cows. The lowest percentage given for any kind of stock was 36.3 per cent.



Records Prove Big Value of Registered Bull.

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Hard Times Dance

There will be a Hard Times Dance at Cameron, Idaho, Saturday, March 17. Lunch served; good music, good floor and good management. Tickets \$1.00. 10-1p

NEW Kendrick

Tonight and Saturday "The Sagebrush"

A thrilling story of the West from the book by Emerson Hough, also comedy reel.

Coming "Man to Man"

They Appeal to Our Sympathies.

The bilious and dyspeptic are constant sufferers and appeal to our sympathies. Many such, however, have been completely restored to health by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. These tablets strengthen the stomach, invigorate the liver and improve the digestion. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels. When you have any trouble with your stomach, give them a trial.

SPRING ARRIVALS

The new material for ladies summer underwear is **Lingette**, a soft, satin finished goods of much the same appearance as silk. 36 inches wide and only, yd. **95c**

Every lady would like at least one dress of crepe and here is her opportunity: Silk and cotton crepes in pretty tints or blue, pink, white and yellow. adapts itself beautifully to soft drapery lines so much in vogue now. The price is only 65c per yard.

Ladies, did you know that black Ranger Galatea cloth makes fine wearing bloomers? A yard **40c**

Men's Chance

To get the first pick of the swellest line of knitted silk ties we have ever shown. priced 65c to \$1.75.

THE BARGAIN TABLE

Is the center of attraction. Do not fail to visit it every time you come in as it is being added to every day.

Fish market comprises large, fat herring, red salmon bellies, Boston mackerel, whole salt codfish and boneless herring and kippered salmon.

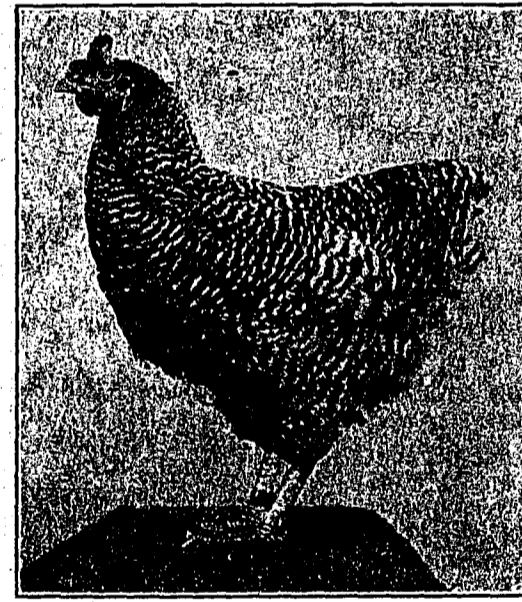
Evaporated sweet corn is delicious and makes your corn cost you about 5c a can; sells for 35c a pound.

Ask for your saving checks—it helps to reduce the cost of living.

Kendrick Store Company

The Quality Store

The Hand That Rules the Hen's Nest, Is the Hand That Gets the Money



The following table taken from Agriculture Bulletins which are the averages of actual experiments, shows that O. A. C. Barred Rocks are more profitable than the Leghorns, or the so-called egg strains, granting that they will only equal these strains in egg production.

100 BIRDS

O. A. C. BARRED ROCKS		LEGHORNS	
Value of pullets at 6 months	\$160.00	Value of pullets at 6 months	\$150.00
Feed consumed in 12 months	6500 lbs. at 2c per lb. \$130.00	Feed consumed in 12 months	5500 lbs. at 2c per lb. \$110.00
Average wt. at maturity 7 lbs.	at 20c per lb. \$140.00	Average wt. at maturity 4 lbs.	at 20c per lb. \$80.00
200 eggs each bird at 2c	\$400.00	200 eggs each bird at 2c	400.00
Balance of profit	\$250.00	Balance of profit	\$220.00

This shows a profit of \$30.00 for the Barred rocks over the Leghorns. In addition to this you must figure that half the chix are cockerels. Taking the average weight of Leghorn Cockerels at three months of 2 lbs. at 20c per lb. and the Barred Rock Cockerels of 3 lbs. at 20c per pound you have again a difference of 20c per bird. Furthermore, suppose you caponize the Barred Rock cockerels, they will weigh at least 8 lbs. at 9 months at 25c per lb. or \$2.00 each for the capons, while the Leghorns bring 40c each.

My breeding stock is pure O. A. C. strain, selected for type and high egg production and are closely related to the hen pictured above. My pullets won 1st and 2nd in their class at the Panhandle Poultry Show this winter. Hatching eggs \$1.25 per setting of 15; \$6.00 per 100 by express collect.

A. N. ROGNSTAD KENDRICK IDAHO