

LATAH COUNTY NEWS PARAGRAPHS

Clipped From The Columns of Neighboring Papers.

Julietta Record: While E. Gallaher was taking a load of tomatoes to the Potlatch ridge section, Monday, his car went over the grade at the first long turn a short distance from town and rolled about 300 feet landing in the canyon a total wreck. Mr. Gallaher had stopped the car and placed a rock under the hind wheel to hold it. When he went to crank it to start it again the hind wheels slid over the rock and before he could do anything to check it the car backed off the grade and plunged down the steep hillside. His daughter, Clea, was with him, but was out of the car when it left the grade. After viewing the wreckage, a party came along and Mr. Gallaher sold the car and cargo of tomatoes to him for \$10.00 and says he never wants to own another automobile.

Troy News: The hum of the threshing machine can be heard from daylight to dark these days. Despite the hot, dry spell we had this year, some very good yields are reported. C. W. Thompson states that his wheat averaged 16½ bushels. Floyd Blaylock reports a field of 37 acres that went 32½ bushels and his crop averaged about 25. This seems to be about the average run of wheat on Driscoll Ridge. As the season advances there might even be yields that surpass these, which are surprising considering the weather conditions.

Genesee News: Something that looked a good deal like a local gasoline war has hit Genesee. Ray Edwards, local agent for the Continental Oil company, announced Thursday morning that his company had reduced the price from 31 cents to 26½ cents a gallon.

The direct cause of the reduction is laid to the fact that all the local garages have put in Red Crown gasoline, a product of the Standard Oil company, which is brought in from Uniontown by truck and sold for 28 cents a gallon.

It is hardly probable that those handling the Red Crown brand will reduce the price as the Standard Oil company has nothing whatever to do with the little scrap, which is entirely local. However, in the mean-time, in between-time the gas consuming public will reap the benefit for a short time. This is the lowest price ever made on gasoline since cars came into general use in this section.

Star-Mirror: A petition has been filed in the probate court by Ione S. Adair as public administrator upon the estate of Lorenzo D. Odium, who died at the county home in September, 1916.

Subsequent to the death of the deceased, the petition sets forth, a claim was allowed and placed in the hands of a public administratrix growing out of the estate of Joseph Wild, deceased.

An amount of \$200 is involved. There are no heirs to the estates so far as is known to the petitioner. Mr. Odium was a resident of Kendrick when committed to the county home.

Thornton-Lohman

Miss Viola Thornton and Herman F. Lohman, both of the Leland community, were married Monday evening at Lewiston by Rev. E. M. Finn at his home on N. Street. None but immediate friends and relatives were present at the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Lohman are well known young people of Potlatch ridge. They will make their home near Leland where Mr. Lohman is engaged in farming.

Secure Promise of Road

A delegation of Kendrick business men and Ole Lein of Big Bear ridge, commissioner of Kendrick highway district, met with the Lewiston commercial club last Tuesday noon for the purpose of taking up the matter of extending a surfaced road from Kendrick to Arrow Junction. The members of the Lewiston club voted unanimously that if Kendrick and Julietta would build the road to the county line, a distance of approximately six miles, they would guarantee to build the remaining link from the county line to Arrow. They assured the Kendrick delegation that they were anxious to see this road built and they would do everything possible to see it accomplished.

HAIL STORM DOES MUCH DAMAGE

Shattered Beans, Late Wheat to Some Extent.

It is difficult to estimate the damage done in the vicinity of Kendrick by the hail storm Wednesday afternoon. It was a freak storm and hit hard in spots while other nearby localities suffered little damage. Some of the bean crops in the vicinity of Cameron and Leland were badly damaged. The most severe part of it struck along the breaks of the Clearwater. Several slides were formed across the railroad tracks along the Clearwater by the heavy rain and trains were held up. The work train went through Kendrick Thursday morning to clear away the debris.

Near the Peter Mox Mox place below Julietta the hail stones bursted the watermelons and practically demolished many acres of them.

Bean crops suffered most as the hail and hard wind threshed out quit a heavy percentage of the crop in some localities.

Leland Items

Bean threshing started Monday, but was delayed by the rain and hail, Wednesday. The hail did considerable damage to beans and other vegetation. The ground was white and the hail stones were as large as marbles. One big window was broken in the school building by the hail. The storm is reported as being almost a cyclone along the ridge south of Leland. It took the roof off of Mr. Yennie's granery and blew his garage down on his car and broke the top.

The Arthur Locke family were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Woodward, Sunday.

Dr. Seeley was called to Walter Hoffman's, Tuesday, to see their baby which had become ill from the effects of fly poison. The doctor reports it to be getting along nicely.

Mrs. Marvin Vincent spent the day Monday with Mrs. Hogrefe.

Rev. Hall returned, Monday, from Milton, Oregon, where he attended annual conference. He was returned to Leland for another year.

James Winegardner drove over to Genesee, Tuesday. He was accompanied as far as Julietta by his mother and Mrs. R. M. Smith.

Claude Hall took his mother and Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Smith and son, Raleigh, to Cavendish, Sunday afternoon, in his car, to visit the LeBaron families.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Hoffman drove up to Cheney, Monday, to visit the latter's parents. Mrs. Spears, mother of Mrs. Hoffman, came home with them.

Mrs. Seeley left, Monday, for southern Idaho to spend a few days.

Mrs. Joe Piper spent Tuesday and Wednesday with Mrs. Julia Fleishman.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Davis and daughter, Helen, were Kendrick visitors, Monday.

Mr. Mushletz was here Monday looking after a house preparatory to moving, to be ready for school, Monday.

Herman Lohman and Miss Viola Thornton were married Tuesday evening.

Poultry Meetings Draw Crowds

Two Meeting Held Last Week Were Well Attended By Interested Poultrymen.

A total of 238 people interested in better and more profitable poultry attended the ten poultry improvement meetings held in Latah County last week. One of these meetings was held at the J. C. Hamil farm, near Julietta, and one at the John Reid farm northwest of Kendrick. Pren Moore, poultry specialist of the extension division of the University of Idaho, was the principal speaker at the meetings and worked in co-operation with County Agent O. S. Fletcher. Interest shown at these meetings indicates that farmers of Latah County are coming more and more to appreciate the importance of good poultry on the farm. Attention is called to the fact that there was an average attendance of almost 24 at each meeting, even tho the meetings were held during the rush of harvest work.

At each meeting Mr. Moore discussed culling, breeding, feeding and housing of the farm flocks. He pointed out that for a flock to be profitable, one must cull out the low producing hens, and gave a demonstration on how to select good hens from poor ones. He emphasized that while one could be reasonably successful in culling out poor individuals, the best way to get profitable production was to breed good chickens so that little culling need be done. Information was given on the proper mating of flocks and on the care and management of young chickens.

Mr. Moore stated that at the present time the egg market seemed to be somewhat depressed, but predicted a better future. He pointed out that the many strikes that are on in the country at the present time are depressing the egg market, and that Chinese eggs are brought into this country at a price that depresses the market here. He also pointed out that a tariff was to be laid on imported eggs, but that it would not be as high as it should be to give proper protection to the American egg producers.

Among the points Mr. Moore stressed, are the following:

1. "Keep only good hens. You need not start with several hundred high producing hens. In fact, it is better to start with a limited number and increase the flock from this foundation. One stands a better chance to succeed if he builds up from the bottom.

2. "A flock should average 200 eggs per hen. A flock averaging 150 may be profitable but the 200 egg flock will eat little more and will be much more profitable.

3. "Good cows and good hens are a combination that is hard to beat on the farm. If one is to produce eggs economically, he must have good cows to produce skim milk with which to feed the laying hens. Skim milk is the cheapest and best source of animal protein.

4. "Feeding is one of the greatest problems in profitable egg production. Conditions vary so that no set feeding formula can be given. However, the first requirement is a balanced ration. A balanced ration is not a difficult thing to figure out. It is simply a ration

in which the protein feeds are the proper proportion to the carbohydrates, or starchy feeds. Following are good formulas for dry mash, scratch feed, and green feed:

Dry Mash, to be kept before the chickens at all times

1. 8 lbs. bran
2. 4 lbs. finely ground corn
3. 4 lbs. finely ground oats or barley. (Oat flour can be used, but one cannot afford to buy this commercial product if good feed oats are available.)
4. 4 lbs. finely ground peas. (Do not feed peas unless you have sour milk, as the peas will not be properly digested.)

5. All the sour milk the hens will consume.

6. 1½ per cent ground charcoal.

Scratch Feed, to be fed night and morning

1. 10 lbs. whole wheat
2. 5 lbs. whole corn
3. 2 lbs. cracked peas
4. 2 lbs. whole barley, if you have it.

"Feed three quarts of this scratch feed in the morning and five quarts at night for every 100 hens. You may have to feed a little more or a little less, depending upon the condition of the hens. If you want to feed oats as the main feed, soak them 24 hours before feeding them."

Green Feed.

"Feed alfalfa leaves, chopped mangels, or chopped cabbage. Alfalfa leaves can be kept before the chickens at all times, but the succulent green feeds should be chopped thoroughly and just enough fed a day so that the chickens will eat it up quickly and not have to work for it."

"Do not feed any wet mash, as you are apt to cause indigestion. Do not cook potatoes or other feeds for the chickens. When it begins to get cold, heat the skim milk before you feed it. Do not feed any frozen feed. If the cabbage or other green feed is frozen, thaw it out before you feed it."

5. If the hens are to produce, they must be kept comfortable. They should not be allowed to set their feet on the ground during cold weather. Growing chickens should be allowed to range. In winter, they should not be allowed on the ground, but in summer weather they can be allowed a small range not larger than the hen house. The whole chicken house should be used as a scratching shed. A special scratching shed is not necessary."

In concluding his lecture, Mr. Moore stated that one need not expect to get more out of the poultry industry than he puts into it. He stated that to be successful one must study chicken and poultry production and apply the knowledge gained. Mr. Moore called attention to three bulletins which he has written and which have been published by the University of Idaho and the Experiment Station, and stated that copies of these bulletins can be secured by writing to County Agent O. S. Fletcher, at Moscow. These bulletins are: "Housing Farm Poultry," "Feeding for Egg Production," and "Poultry Husbandry in Idaho."

Receives Bridal Shower

Miss Amy Rognstad was the happy recipient of another bridal shower last Friday evening at the home of her sister, Mrs. M. S. Fite on East Pomeroy road. She received many presents of glassware, chinaware and beautiful linen. The presents were hidden throughout the house and Miss Amy had to hunt them, much to the amusement of the other guests. The invited guests were the Misses Emma Haase, Lillian and Edith Nelson, Lela Anderson, Ethel Brown, Helen Lomasson, Gladys Lefler, Frances Hauser, Agnes and Amy Rognstad, Mrs. D. Hickey, Mrs. Gordon Henderson and Mrs. M. S. Fite.—Clarkston Republic.

Experienced Pedestrian

The motor car driven by a determined looking woman had knocked a man down, without, however, injuring him much. She did not try to get away. Not she. Instead, she stopped the car, descended to the solid earth, faced him manfully, or rather, womanfully. "I'm sorry it happened," she said grudgingly, "but it was all your fault. You must have been walking carelessly. I am an experienced driver. I've been driving a car for 7 years." "Well, come to that," replied her victim, airily, "I'm not a novice myself; I've been walking for 57 years."

Installing Oil Station

The Continental Oil Company has a crew of men working on the installation of their oil station here. Another big oil tank was unloaded here the first of the week so that the company now has two tanks already on the ground for the local station. Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Johnson arrived the first of the week and are located in one of the Freytag houses. Mr. Johnson will have charge of the construction work on the station. The tanks will be mounted on concrete bases and a system of piping installed to empty gasoline in carload lots. The company will also put in a storage warehouse for oils and greases.

KENDRICK SCHOOL ENLARGE COURSE

Also Eliminates Several Unpopular Subjects.

Changes in the High School course of study have added some new subjects to the curriculum and have omitted some for which there seemed to be little or no demand. History is rapidly losing in favor and so only one year of the European history instead of the customary two years is being offered. A course in Community Civics for the 9th grade is replacing Ancient history. It is believed that this is a much more practical study for future citizens. A course in Civic Problems will be offered in the 12th grade. These changes bring our course of study up to the latest and most progressive tendencies in providing very practical materials for the high school students.

A copy of the course of study may be of interest to some of the patrons of the school.

1st Year	Elective
Required English I	Manual Training
Community Civics	Domestic Science
	2 General Science
	2nd Year
English II	Manual Training
Algebra	Domestic Science
	European History
	1. Biology
	3rd Year
1. U. S. History and Civics	2. English III
Geometry	Bookkeeping
2. Physics	Typewriting
	2. Economics and Sociology
	4th Year
1. English IV	1. Chemistry
	2 Civic Problems
	Bookkeeping
	Typewriting

Students may elect any subject given in the year ahead or the year past that they are fitted to take.

One year of science besides Physics is required and must be elected.

English III may be substituted for English IV where advisable.

Subjects marked thus 1. will be given this year but not next year.

Subjects marked thus 2. will not be given this year but will next.

Zumwalt-Roberts

Thursday afternoon, August 24, at three o'clock, Miss Bernice Zumwalt of Moscow, daughter of Mrs. Laura Zumwalt, became the bride of Francis Roberts, son of Mr. and Mrs. Cryus Roberts of American ridge, at a pretty church wedding at Moscow. Rev. J. Orrin Gould of the university officiated. The church was very beautifully decorated with an abundance of flowers and evergreens.

The bride was tastefully gowned in blue messaline with a net veil and carried a bouquet of sweetpeas. Miss Galatha Zumwalt, a sister of the bride, was bridesmaid and Harold Roberts, brother of the groom, was best man.

Dance September 8

The American Legion will give a Harvest Dance at the Fraternal Temple, Friday night, September 8. There will be good orchestra music and a big time assured.

IDAHO VALUATIONS INCREASE A MILLION

State Board of Equalization Boasts Values.

Net increases amounting to approximately \$1,000,000 were made in the reported valuations of all Idaho property, except public utilities, by the state board of equalization, which adjourned its 1922 session, Saturday. The equalized value of all property in the state last year was \$370,073,730. This year the reported value of this same property, according to the assessors' rolls, was \$351,363,339, or a decrease of about \$20,000,000. The board's increase raised this reported value to about \$353,500,000.

Valuations for taxation of all public utilities in the state remained practically steady. The Oregon Short Line Railroad company received an increase in assessed value at the hands of the board amounting to \$2000 per mile on the Bliss-Rupert branch. This branch line runs through the counties of Jerome, Gooding and Minidoka.

Other changes in utilities were: Utah Power & Light company, increased from \$7,000,000 to \$7,250,000; Kootenai Power company, raised from \$100,000 to \$115,000; Wood River Power company, raised from \$60,000 to \$70,000. The Idaho Power company's valuation of \$6,500,000 was untouched. Representatives of the power company were advocating a reduction to \$4,000,000 before the board.

Attorneys for the Oregon Short Line made representations to the board that the assessed valuation of that company's Idaho property should be cut from \$55,000,000, the 1921 figure, to \$35,000,000. The board however, made no changes except the Rupert-Bliss branch line increase, in the company's valuation.

Changes in other taxable property were made by the board in only five counties of the 44 in the state. Agricultural lands in Gooding county were raised 10 per cent on the value reported by the assessor. The reported value is 13 per cent less than the equalized value for 1921, so that in reality the county is not assessed so highly as last year.

Irrigated land in Cassia county was raised 15 per cent on the value reported by the assessor. The reported value is 9 per cent less than the equalized value for 1921, so the value of irrigated land in the county has been increased 6 per cent by the board.

Irrigated land in Kootenai county was increased more than 9 per cent over last year.

Perhaps the largest change came in Minidoka county land, residence lots and business lots 40 per cent, or 11 per cent less than the 1921 equalized value. Although residence and business lots were increased 40 per cent this year over the reported value, the net result is that business lots are 17 per cent less than the equalized value of last year, and residence lots 14 per cent less.

Agricultural land in Twin Falls county decreased 5 per cent under the reported value of the assessor. This places this class of property at a value 14 per cent less than the equalized value of last year.

The state levy was fixed for 1922 by the board at .5391 cents on the \$100 valuation. This levy is a reduction from last year's, which was .557 cents on the \$100. In 1920 the levy was .616 cents on the \$100, and in 1919 .738 cents. The distribution of the state levy for this year follows:

	Cents on the \$100
State ad valorem	.3580
Second highway redemption	.0200
Third highway redemption	.0040
Fourth highway redemption	.0200
Public building interest and sinking	.0299
General interest and sinking	.0175
Third state highway	.0900
Total	.5391

FALL SHOWING

of HARDEMAN HATS



Genuine velour is the big thing in Hats for this season. We have them in the very latest. These hats, last season, sold for \$7.50 now

\$5.00

We are showing a big assortment of blacks, drabs and browns, at

\$3.00 and \$4.00

See that the name **HARDEMAN** appears in your next hat

These Prices Help to Make Business Good at This Store:

36 inch cotton challie	20c yd.
36 inch cretonne, 10 patterns all different	20c yd.
Pepperill sheets, 81x90, each	\$1.75
Jap lunch cloth, 48x48, each	95c
60 inch all wool tweeds,	\$1.95 yd
Shepherd checked worsted, per yd.	75c
27 inch outing, light. per yd.	15c
39 inch outing, light and dark, per yd.	25c

We are showing the largest assortment of Barretts and Combs we have ever had. Be sure to see them.

Tomatoes and Watermelons
\$1.00 per 100 pounds



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TOMORROW NIGHT

(SATURDAY)

Goldwyn and Rex Beach present Basil King's "Earthbound"

This feature is a photographic marvel that startled even Pershing Is called one of the greatest of movie productions

Paramount Week

At *The Grand Theater*

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6th

Jesse L. Lasky presents Thomas Meighan in William DeMille's wonderful production

"Conrad in Quest of His Youth"

The golden romance of a world-weary bachelor who tried to journey back to the old town, the old love the old glad days.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 9th

Another Paramount picture from the story by Jeanie Macpherson

"Something to Think About"

A tale of green lanes and gay streets, of blind youth and grim reckoning, of love, luxury, beauty—and something else that never before has appeared in a motion picture!

Grand Theater

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PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

G. A. Morton, Pastor

Sunday school - 10:00 a. m.
Preaching - 11:00 a. m.
Junior Endeavor - 3:00 p. m.
Get the go to church habit.

Five thousand persons, three hundred horses, droves of camels, gigantic scenes, in "Queen of Sheba", opening at the New Kendrick theater, tonight and tomorrow night, Sept. 1 and 2. 35-1t.

AFTER THE BALL WAS OVER

Years ago I was a government clerk in the capital. Through pull with a certain representative, I obtained an invitation to the inaugural ball and invited a charming girl to go with me. I purchased a dress suit, engaged a cab, bought flowers—in fact, set myself back a month's pay.

The night of the big event I started to dress early, but after my bath and shave decided to lie down a few moments to rest, warning my roommate that if I should happen to doze off, he must rouse me in plenty of time to finish dressing.

I awoke at 11:30, alone and deserted—Jim had gone off with the fellows and forgotten all about me! —Chicago Tribune.

UNCLE HANK



If you want to know "Who's Who," just use one of your wife's hand embroidered guest towels.

Crop Should Not Be Overlooked by Progressive Farmer in Adjusting Corn Acreage.

Soy beans should not be overlooked by the progressive farmer in the re-adjustment of his corn acreage. They require careful attention like corn, but they will make his decreased acreage of corn worth more money. It is a high protein, high oil crop in one.

Kendrick Gazette

Ralph B. Knepper, Publisher

Entered as second-class matter 1892 at Kendrick, Idaho, under the Act of Congress of March, 1879.

Subscription \$1.50 a year.

Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

OUR BREAKFAST TOAST

Perhaps you made it in an electric toaster; perhaps on your gas range. But, before the bread reached you—

The fertilizers which fattened the wheat crop had been ground and mixed by electric machines.

The wheat had probably been threshed, certainly had been ground into flour, by electricity.

The milk which went into the dough may have come from cows milked by electricity.

The loaf was kneaded, shaped, and carried to the oven by machinery run by electricity. It was baked in an oven heated by gas. It was wrapped by an electric machine. It was delivered to your grocer in a truck run by electricity or one, at least, that depends on electricity for ignition and lighting.

The butter you spread on your toast probably was churned in an electrically-operated churn.

In other words, electricity or gas plays a most important part in every phase of modern housekeeping.—The Manufacturer.

Exports totaled \$3,770,000,000 in the last 12 months. This is \$2,746,000,000 less than the previous twelve months. Imports dropped \$1,046,000,000. We still are over a billion a year to the good. The exports averaged about \$35 for each American, and imports about \$24. We are ahead about \$11 apiece. Yet, economists say, the difference between normal foreign trade, and no foreign trade, is the difference between prosperity and hard times.

The war department issues a general order to discontinue the manufacture of poison gas except in limited amounts for experimental purposes. This is in accordance with the agreement of the disarmament conference. The poison gas experts of the department will continue their experiments until all countries agree to abolish poison gas in warfare. That is only common prudence.

With a saving of about 2 million dollars a day in the government's ordinary daily expenses, Uncle Sam's business still requires about 10 millions a day to keep it going. A little more than half this amount, \$5,685,000 a day, is contributed by income, excess profits taxes. The tariff brings in about \$970,000 a day, but we no longer get the three million dollars we used to collect from war taxes on tobacco, movies, theaters and luxuries. These taxes have been repealed. If we have to raise more taxes to meet a deficit of about 400 million dollars a year now looming up, it should not be done with a sales tax on necessities, but with one placed on luxurious extravagance.

More than 1,000,000 Americans have taken up horseshoe pitching, says the magazine, Horseshoe World. This ancient game still runs neck-and-neck with rando. Horseshoe pitchers held their national tournament at Des Moines, Ia., beginning August 28. Croquet is another old-fashioned game that is sweeping back into popularity. Kads always come back, like the rubber ball you used to bounce against the barn.

Andy Gump, who has made a deep study of the subject, says you cannot tell a thing about women. To see them from the back—bobbed hair and short skirts—you think they are on the way to school. Then they turn around and they look as if they are on the way to the old folks home.—Ex.

A cow died in Nevada recently after swallowing several nails, an automobile key, 3 screws, a long strand of wire, a general line of Ford accessories. Someone twisted the cow's tail which made her jump into high, and she ran herself to death.

Butterwrappers printed at the Gazette Office.

Let Us Do Your Baking

Tasty, "homey" baking that puts smiles in and takes away the fumes and tuss of home baking.

Our cakes and pastries are as delicious as wholesome ingredients and skillful baking can make them.

Let us do your baking for Sunday and every day.

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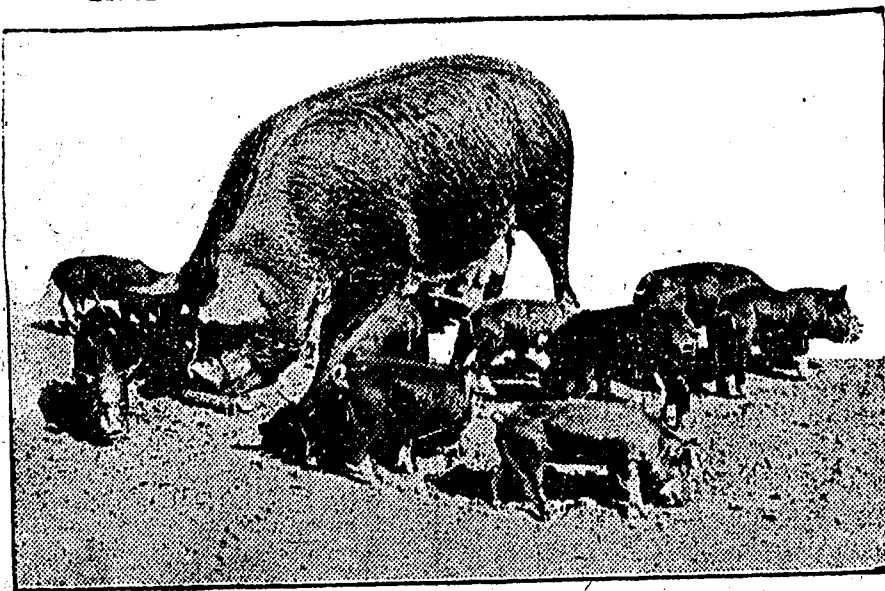
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mend Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea
Remedy, when the best medicine
for diarrhoea is asked for, and do
so because they know from what
their customers say of it, that it
can be depended upon.—Ad.

A GREAT DAY

"Had a great day at the golf club
yesterday."
"Lowered your score, eh?"
"No. Better than that. Stuck
the club tightwad for lunches."
—Detroit Free Press.

**THREE FUNDAMENTAL FACTORS IN
IMPROVEMENT OF FARM BUSINESS**



Survey Shows Increase of 14 1/2 Per Cent in the 1922 Pig Crop Production.

(Prepared by the United States Department
of Agriculture.)
"Help the farmer to help himself,"
was the keynote of an address by Dr.
H. C. Taylor, chief of the newly cre-
ated bureau of agricultural economics,
at a recent meeting of New England
extension workers at Amherst, Mass.
Three fundamental factors in improv-
ing the farm business were outlined:
Adjustment of production to market-
ing conditions, co-operation, and utiliz-
ing the services of government
agencies.

"I believe that when farmers have a
well-balanced view of the relative im-
portance of these three lines of ac-
tion, they will look more to individual
effort in solving the marketing prob-
lem," Doctor Taylor said.

"In adjusting production to market-
ing conditions, knowledge of the statis-
tics of production and marketing
and their interpretation in the light of
past experience are primarily essen-
tial. It is the job of public agencies
to collect these data, but it remains
for the farmer himself to act upon them."

Discusses Hog Situation.
The present situation regarding
prospective supplies of hogs was given
by Doctor Taylor as a case in point.
Last November and December prices
of hogs were low. No adequate statis-
tics were available with regard to
the supply of hogs coming to market,
and the packers overestimated the
supply yet to come from the country.
As a result prices were lower than
was justified by the conditions of sup-
ply and demand and at the end of the
winter run the storage houses had low
stocks of pork.

The Department of Agriculture
made a survey of pig production, so as
to have a fair estimate of the supply
of hogs available for market this fall.
The figures show an increase of 14 1/2
per cent in the 1922 spring pig crop
over that for 1921, and an increase of
49 per cent in the number of brood
sows being kept for fall litters. This
information has been widely dissemi-
nated among producers of hogs
through the press and orally by exten-
sion workers, thereby enabling pro-
ducers to decide whether they should
sell at once some of the sows they had
intended to keep for fall litters.

"In the light of these figures it is
probable that American farmers would
be better off and the American con-
sumers suffer no injustice if a third of

competent teachers will train county
agents to grade grain; grain-testing
laboratories in the office of the county
agent where farmers may bring sam-
ples of their grain to be tested, and
where they themselves may learn how
to test their own wheat, and training
schools for county grain buyers so
that they may introduce more accurate
methods in grading grain delivered to
them."

In discussing co-operative market-
ing, Doctor Taylor said that "success-
ful co-operation must be based upon
efficient service to the 'other fellow'
at a fair price, even though its prime
objective be the welfare of the co-
operators.

"Agriculture includes too large a
proportion of the total population to
prosper without the prosperity of the
nation as a whole. I am thoroughly
convinced that just to the extent that



This Farmer Knows the Quality of His Wheat.

the motive of fixing prices as an ob-
jective in the organization of co-opera-
tive marketing is kept in the fore-
ground and the hope of a monopoly
price for farm products is the domi-
nant motive on the part of farmers in
entering co-operative organizations,
the movement is doomed to fail. Agricul-
tural co-operation promoted and or-
ganized in the spirit of extortion, in a
spirit of price fixing on a monopoly
basis, or, in any way in the spirit of
"doing the other fellow" cannot suc-
ceed."

Doctor Taylor also believes that the
salient factor in solving the problem
of fair charges for middleman services
in central markets is the study of the
whole question from the standpoint
of their effect upon both producer and
consumer. He stated that the federal
government working in close co-opera-
tion with the state governments which
are themselves co-operative institu-
tions is the logical agency to do this.
The fruit and vegetable inspection
service was given as an illustration of
this point.

"A carload of spinach is shipped
from Austin, Tex. Upon arrival in
New York city there may be more
spinach on the market than is needed.
In olden days the dealer who had
contracted for the spinach might re-
port that the car arrived in bad con-
dition and refuse to accept it. The
farmer at Austin could not afford to
go to New York to look into the mat-
ter and without some system of gov-
ernment inspection he was at a dis-
advantage. Under the present sys-
tem of inspection he can call for gov-
ernment inspection upon the car, and
if the spinach is in good condition he
is in position to enforce the original
contract. If it is in bad condition he
has the basis of a claim upon the rail-
way company if the spinach was in
good condition when received by the
carrier."

Introduction of standard grades and
their administration in business trans-
actions is also regarded by Doctor
Taylor as of great importance in ad-
ding to secure a square deal for the
farmer.

CHARD IS GOOD FOR POULTRY

Plant is Simple Beet With More
Leaves and Less Root—More
Space is Necessary.

Chard is a good plant for the poul-
try yard. The bulletin of the New
York State College of Agriculture
says of this vegetable:
"Chard is simply a beet with more
leaves and less root than other beets.
If you like beet greens you will like
chard. It is a 'cut and come again'
crop, the outer larger leaves only be-
ing gathered each time and the young
inner leaves left to develop. The cul-
ture is the same as that of other beets,
but more space, eight inches at least,
should be allowed between plants."

SEES ANOTHER GREAT WAR

English Preacher Deduces From the
Scriptures That Armageddon
is Yet to Be Fought.

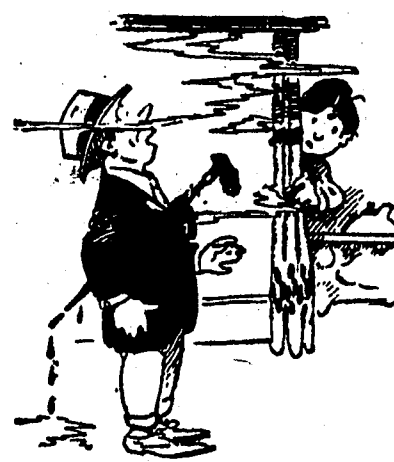
"All devout students of prophecy
agree that there must be another
war," says Rev. E. L. Langston,
English preacher and historian.

"The 1914-18 war," he states,
"changed the whole face of Europe
and the Near East and has altered
the politics of the world. That war,
if prophecy is read aright, is only
a preparation for tremendous devel-
opments.
"The Scriptures state that there
are likely to be two Leagues of Na-
tions, and the situation is more
thrilling because of the entente
between Russia and Germany at
Genoa.

"The one certain fact in the fu-
ture is that the Jews are to play a
very great part in the politics of the
world. Throughout the whole of
Christendom we see Jews coming to
the front as never before—in law,
politics, arts, science, newspapers,
banking, diplomacy—wherever in-
tellect is demanded there the Jew
excels.

"The Jewish question, right to
the second advent of Christ, will be
at the bottom of all world unrest
and will eventually lead to the last
great war—Armageddon!"

MAY BE RIGHT, AT THAT



Hubby (entering home, sniffs the
air)—Ah, do I smell a goose?
Lena (from the kitchen)—No;
it's the missus curling her hair.

FEW STREET-CAR FATALITIES

According to the national safety
council, street railway transporta-
tion in the largest cities of the United
States has come to rank with the
safest forms of traffic. The council
finds that street car fatalities are
gradually decreasing while automo-
bile, truck and bus accidents are on
a serious upgrade. In 1915 the
council report states, the number of
people who lost their lives by street
car accidents in 35 American cities
with a population of 17,500,000, was
659; in 1916, 688; 1917, 785; 1918,
787; 1919, 576, and 1920, 525. The
sudden drop in the last two years
is credited to safety education and
development of traffic control. Auto-
motive fatalities, meanwhile, present
these totals: 1915, 1,274; 1916,
1,565; 1917, 2,057; 1918, 2,330;
1919, 2,478; 1920, 2,670.

LIVE STEAM NEAR SURFACE

Borings into Kilauea volcano,
island of Hawaii, recently started
under the auspices of the Hawaiian
Volcano Research association, have
resulted in the finding of live steam
registering a temperature of 90 de-
grees centigrade at depths of only
about ten feet below the surface of
the lava.

It is planned to extend the bor-
ing operations to cover the entire
volcanic area in the vicinity of Ki-
lauea volcano. Those places showing
the greatest possibilities of
power development will be selected
for deeper and more extensive bor-
ings.

EASY TO PREVENT GOITER

"Simple goiter is the easiest of all
diseases to prevent," wrote Doctor
Marine, the great specialist in this
disease, some time ago. Iodine is
known to be necessary to the normal
function of the thyroid gland. Go-
iter is an expression of deficiency of
iodine in the thyroid, and the elabo-
rate experiments made recently by
Dr. O. P. Kimball on the school
children of Akron, O., furnish con-
clusive evidence that administering
a minute quantity of iodine every
day acts as a preventative in such
regions where goiter prevails.

BEN HUR AND HER BEN

"When they film a story it always
gets a new name and more heart in-
terest."
"I know. I suppose Ben Hur will
now be featured as Her Ben."
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Youth Will Be Served"

And for the "Prepare for School Period" now at
hand we have made startling reductions in prices of
seasonable and serviceable footwear on display in
window and store.

Canvas Shoes and Oxfords

	Former Price	Reduced to
Men's brown work shoes heavy rubber soles, a dur- able, easy shoe	\$2.75	\$1.95
Boys', same as above, 2 1/2 to 9	2.50	\$1.75
Youths' brown canvas, 11 1/2 to 2	1.85	.95
Ladies' white canvas oxfords, leather soles and heels	2.75	\$1.90
Misses white canvas 1 strap ox- fords, size 11 to 2	1.15	.85
Same as above, child's 6 to 10 1/2	1.00	.75

Leather Shoes and Oxfords

Boys' gun metal lace blucher, 2 1/2 to 5, former price \$3.75, now selling at	\$2.85
Youth's gun metal lace blucher, 11 to 2, regular \$3.40 value, now priced at	\$2.45
Misses' mahogany brown lace shoes, size 12 1/2 to 2, regular price \$2.50, now quoted at	\$1.95
Children's shoes, same as above, size 8 1/2 to 12, priced regularly at \$2.25, now	\$1.65
Misses' brown leather lace oxfords, size 11 1/2 to 2, formerly \$2.85, now	\$1.95

Ladies' and girls' oxfords and pumps selling at
\$2.35, \$3.25, \$3.95

The merchandise is good—our usual high standard.
Note how very, very low the prices are. Reduced
prices are net. Also a full line of hosiery at low
prices.

Stanton Bros.

"Where the New Things Are Newest"

"WAYSIDE"

BATTERY SOLUTION

Saves time, Saves you money,
Saves you repairs, Saves you
rentals, Saves recharging
bills and eliminates trouble.

Keeps battery free from crystal
sulphation.

Prolongs life of your old battery.

Come in and have your battery filled with "Way-
side" battery solution.

Kendrick Auto Company

Roberts Bros.

Call And ask for prices and
about styles of

Auto Top Recovers

Kendrick Harness Shop

N. E. Walker, Prop.

The Most Famous Chef

could not put up more appetizing
lunches than you will find right
here at our lunch room.

We cater to particular people.

Anything-- Hot or Cold

at

Perryman's

The Key that Unlocks the Door to Long Living.

The men of eighty-five and ninety years of age are not the rotund, well-fed, but thin, spare men, who live on a slender diet. Be as careful as he will, however, a man past middle age will occasionally eat too much or of some article of food not suited to his constitution, causing indigestion or constipation and will need a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets to move his bowels and in vigorous his stomach. When this is done, there is no reason why the average man should not live to a ripe old age.—Ad.

Wm. H. Meyer

Blacksmithing, Wagon Work and Horseshoeing

All Work Guaranteed

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists.

Horseshoeing

General Blacksmithing Wagon and Carriage Shop All work Guaranteed. ALL KINDS OF Repairing neatly done.

Frank Crocker

Barber Shop

Courteous Treatment

Satisfaction Guaranteed

William Rogers

FOR SALE: Six room modern house with furnace, on large lot, on paved street in best section of Moscow; \$3,000 with \$500 cash and payments of \$50 a month. Inquire C. H. Patten, Moscow. 33-1f

CALL FOR BIDS

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of G. F. Walker, Kendrick, Idaho, up to 8 o'clock p. m., of the 8th day of September, 1922, for repairing the Potlatch bridge which extends from Good Road District No. 1 to Kendrick Highway District.

The work is to be done in accordance with plans and specifications on file at the office of G. F. Walker. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved, as is also the right to award the contract for all or any portion of the work.

Good Road District No. 1, Frank Lyons, Sec. Dated August 19, 1922. 34-4t.

J. J. PICKERD

Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker

Auto Equipment. Lady attendant. Stock of goods in Kendrick. Phone 462K, or 376 Troy, or see

G. F. WALKER

Hotel Kendrick

Taylor & Erickson, Props.

GOOD ROOMS

Soft Drinks and Candy Cigars and Tobacco

Commercial Trade Solicited Kendrick, Idaho

Dr. S. A. Roe

Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Glasses Fitted

Office Over Beach's Store

LEWISTON, IDAHO

MODERN STABLES HELP KEEP MILK

It is of Utmost Importance to Have Them Clean and Free From Disagreeable Odors.

AVOID FILTHY PLANK FLOORS

Dairyman Must Be Constantly at War With Filth—Cows, Utensils and Barn Must Be Kept Unpolluted at All Times.

(By W. G. KAISER, Agricultural Engineer.)

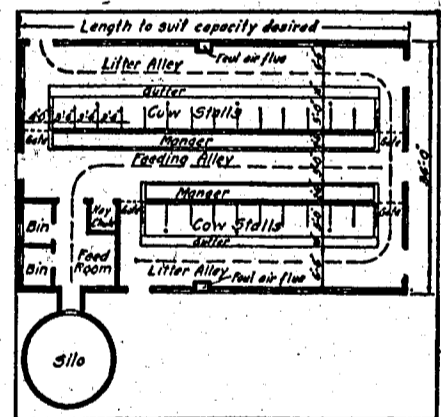
From the very fact that milk is used as a human food it is essential to exercise the greatest care to keep it clean and wholesome. Milk is a product that absorbs disagreeable odors very quickly and if left stand in a stable where bad odors are present it will in a surprisingly short time be contaminated.

"The old filthy plank floored, poorly lighted, ill-ventilated barn is the harbinger of disease, especially tuberculosis," says W. B. Barney, state dairy and food commissioner of Iowa, in a report to the governor of that state. If all ordinances on floor construction were summed up in a single sentence they would read about as follows: "No building shall be used for stabling cows which is not provided with an easily cleaned, impervious floor." The dairyman must be constantly at war with filth. The cows must be kept clean, the utensils in which milk is kept must be kept clean and the barn must be clean. An easily cleaned impervious floor in the dairy barn is very necessary. Concrete is used in many sections of this country for dairy barn floors. Plank floors with cracks full of filth are being taken up and a permanent concrete floor put in their place. This work can be done at any season of the year when there is time to do the work. The floor can be laid in winter if the interior of the barn can be kept above freezing for four or five days until concrete has hardened.

Avoid Costly Mistakes. A good plan is necessary so as to avoid costly mistakes. Once concrete has hardened it is difficult to remove. Most agricultural colleges have suggested dairy barn layouts which they furnish free to farmers. Many barn equipment manufacturers also furnish this information without charge.

The first step in the construction of a dairy barn floor is to clear out rubbish and bring the area to proper level. All holes should be filled, and if there are any soft spots these should be tamped solid.

The manger curb is usually built first and it is very important to do this job right so that steel stanchions will fit. The curb should be 5 or 6 inches thick and project about 6 inches above top of floor level when finished. For the curb a 1:2:3 mixture is recommended. This means that each sack of cement will be mixed with 2 cubic feet of clean sand and 8 cubic feet



Floor plan prepared by the American Society of Agricultural Engineers after a study of several thousand plans. Whether the cows face in or out is largely a matter of personal preference. Here they face in.

of pebbles or crushed rock. Sand should all pass through a screen with quarter-inch mesh. Stone should be clean, rough and vary in size from one quarter inch up to 1 1/2 inches. Concrete must be placed in form immediately after mixed and should be tamped or spaded to make sure that all holes are completely filled.

Plan for Stall Platform. The stall platform is usually built next and it is very similar to building a sidewalk. A 1:2:3 concrete mixture is used. The full thickness of the floor is placed at one time. This is known as one-course construction and is generally more satisfactory than two-course work. A wood float should be used for finishing. It will produce a smooth surface yet leave it just gritty enough so that it will not get slippery. Do not use a steel trowel as it is likely to give a surface that will become slippery which is very objectionable in a dairy barn.

WAYS TO DESTROY INSECTS

Arsenate of Lead May Be Sprayed or Dusted to Kill Pests on Various Plants.

When dry arsenate of lead is used for chewing insects from four to six tablespoons of the arsenate may be put into one gallon of water. A small sprayer or watering pot may be used to apply it. All insects that bite and chew their food may be destroyed by arsenate of lead. Another way to use arsenate of lead is to mix it with air-slaked lime and dust on tender plants.

WAR GASES PROPOSED TO ERADICATE PESTS

Some of Them Promise to Be Quite Efficient.

Particularly Useful When Heavier Than Air and Used on Burrowing Rodents and Insects in Stored Products.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Deadly gases that were developed for war purposes are now being tried out by the United States Department of Agriculture as a means for destroying noxious birds, animals, and insects. Some of them promise to be useful when applied under proper conditions, particularly those that are heavier than air and can be used on burrowing rodents, and possibly subterranean insects and pests in stored products.

The most recent proposal is to use gas to kill destructive birds that congregate in marshes. In the coming fall the biological survey, in cooperation with the chemical warfare service, is planning to make a trial of the method on blackbirds in the Imperial valley of California. In that region these birds are said to do at least \$50,000-worth of damage to the milo crop each year. Because of their feeding habits it is impossible to destroy these birds with poisoned baits, but, as they roost on the reeds in the marshes, it is thought that they can be killed by a gas cloud at night when the wind is favorable. The blackbirds are migratory and return to the same places year after year. It is thought that a big killing in a certain locality will probably free it of the pests for many years.

Arrangements also are being made by the biological survey with the chemical warfare service for investigating the possibility of using poison gases on such burrowing rodents as rats, prairie dogs, ground squirrels, and wood chucks.

Entomologists of the department have already worked in cooperation with the War department in testing various gases on insect pests of growing plants and those that infest stored grain, but it has not yet been found advisable to recommend anything to take the place of hydrocyanic-acid gas or carbon bisulphide.

The serious disadvantages of many of these new gases is that they are dangerous or very irritating to men, horses, and mules, and require the use of masks and great care in handling.

ADVICE FROM THE YOUNG

Billy was visiting the Woman. Billy, whose dimpled cheeks and golden curls made him look more like a little girl than like a sturdy boy of four. But besides the dimples and the curls there was nothing girlish about Billy. He could double up his chubby fists and fight like a man. He wasn't "afraid of snakes and mice and such," and he had as hearty disapproval of feminine idiosyncrasies as most men have.

Therefore he lost patience completely with the Woman, when, having spilled something or other, which made a spot on her best dress, she kept fussing about it. The lad watched her for a moment in silence, as with wrinkled brow she contemplated the ugly spot. Then he went up to her and in his best grown-up manner said, "Auntie, don't worry—wash it."—Chicago Journal.

HER LAST CHANCE GONE

Dorothy had been warned by her mother not to play in the road, which was very muddy. Several times Dorothy disobeyed, and had to be brought in and cleaned up.

At last, exasperated, her mother exclaimed: "Dorothy, I'll give you one more chance. If you play in the road again I shall have to put you to bed."

The child went out again, but in a short time appeared at the door, wet and bedraggled.

"Well, mother," she remarked, in a tone of cheerful resignation, "I've used up my last chance!"

NO EXPERT

Judge—What had the defendant been drinking when you arrested him?

Cop—Whisky, I think, your honor.

Judge—You think? You think? Aren't you a judge?

Cop—No, your honor, only a patrolman.—The American Legion Weekly.

BEST HEN-FEEDING PRACTICE

Fowls on Many Farms Are Compelled to Shift for Themselves and Then Stop Laying.

The best practice is to always feed the hen the proper amount of feed. This practice is not always done on the general farm. There is a tendency to let the hens shift for themselves, and as a result the hens cease to lay and molt earlier than they should.

POST TREATMENT IS MONEY SAVER

Experiments at Iowa College With Water Gas Tar in Conjunction With Creosote.

BY-PRODUCT OF GAS PLANTS

Creosoting Will Lengthen Life of Posts of Any Kind of Wood—Is Especially Valuable With Cottonwood or Willow.

A new economy in the preservative treatment of fence posts is in sight, if experiments with the use of water gas tar in conjunction with creosote, which are being conducted by foresters of the Iowa agricultural experiment station, justify the belief that the tar can be utilized.

Water gas tar, a by-product of artificial gas plants, is much cheaper than creosote. The purpose of the experiments is to determine whether or not the tar can be successfully used in a mixture with the creosote and in what proportions to give the best results. The economic value of the preservative treatment of posts has been demonstrated in many cases, says G. B. MacDonald, head of the forestry department at the college. Creosoting will lengthen the life of posts of any kind of wood, but it is especially valuable with soft woods.

Tests have shown that such soft woods as willow and cottonwood, which last only three or four years if untreated, will serve as posts for from 20 to 25 years when treated. This fact makes possible the utilization by the farmer of woods of this kind on the farm which would otherwise be practically useless.

It is practicable, Mr. MacDonald points out, for a farmer to set out a small plantation of quick-growing trees, such as the cottonwood, and in five or six years have the start of a permanent supply of posts. It is estimated that a post per acre is needed every year. A considerable saving can be made by the farmer who grows and treats his own posts.

Two methods of creosoting posts are recommended by Mr. MacDonald, one in which one tank is used and another which requires two tanks. In the first method posts are put into the creosote tank with the creosote at a high temperature, and are allowed to cool in the same tank. When two tanks are used the posts are transferred, after their bath in the hot creosote, to the other tank, which contains cold creosote.

On medium-sized farms, where 100 or more posts are needed annually, a satisfactory treating tank, made of galvanized iron, about 36 inches in diameter and 45 inches high, can be purchased for about \$10.

This tank is mounted about a foot from the ground on a brick foundation, which contains a firebox. Wood is used for fuel. If the posts are to be



Removing Posts After Treatment in Creosote—The Posts Are Allowed to Drain in the Barrels.

given a top as well as a butt treatment, they can be inverted in the tank. This should be done in the case of soft woods.

In the single tank treatment the creosote is heated to a temperature of 200 to 220 degrees Fahrenheit. Enough creosote is put into the tank to submerge the lower three or three and one-half feet of the posts. The temperature is maintained at about 220 degrees for from two to six hours, depending upon the kind of wood being treated. The harder the wood the longer it should be immersed. The fire is allowed to die down and the posts are left in the cold creosote for from four to fourteen hours.

For two tanks are used the work can be speeded up, since the cold bath is applied in the second tank. The creosote should penetrate the posts to a depth of from one-quarter to one inch. Tests should be made to see that this penetration is secured.

NO SECRETS WITH CHICKENS

Nothing but Hard Work, Painstaking Thought and Firm Determination to Make Success.

There are no short cuts in the poultry business, no secrets and no schemes save those of hard work, painstaking thought and firm determination to make a success. This sounds a little contrary to the general idea of poultry, but it is true just the same.

COURTESY SERVICE FIRST



The Bank For Farmers

The Farmers of the Potlatch Region are prosperous and their prosperity is largely the result of hard, intelligent work, combined with practical banking co-operation.

The Farmers Bank has for many years co-operated to the fullest possible extent with the Farmers of this region and we cordially invite more business of this desirable kind.

Make our bank your bank.

The FARMERS BANK

The Farmers Elevator And Warehouses

Receivers of bulk and sacked grain and pay current market price.

We sell Grain Sacks, Binder Twine, and Rolled Feed of all kinds.

We also handle the celebrated Martin's Best Flour

Farina, Graham and Peacock Rolled Oats at lowest market price. Give us a trial and be convinced.

Phone 312

Kendrick Rochdale Co.

WORTH WHILE



Mr. Wise—Of course you went up the Nile?
Mr. Bluffer—You bet! And what a view from the summit!

FIND PREHISTORIC VILLAGE

A prehistoric village with pottery 4,000 years old has just been discovered during the laying-out of private grounds at Sidmouth, Devon, England. Over three hundred articles, the majority of the Neolithic age, have been unearthed. They include flint weapons, adzes, boring tools, a scraper, and other relics of the period. Probably the most valuable find is a profile portrait of a woman on an inner flake of flint, the features being shaped by numerous small cuts, giving indisputable proof of secondary working. It is similar to other specimens found several years ago. Some of the articles, it is claimed, establish continuous occupation of the site for many centuries before Christ. Several of the specimens have been submitted to the British museum, from which reports have been received confirming the antiquity of the finds.

111 cigarettes



10¢ They are GOOD!

WANTED

Cattle, hogs and sheep Hides and Wool.

Call

Holbrook & Emmett

Draying

Residence Phone 726

Kendrick Dray and Ice Co.

Frank Chamberlain, Prop.

HUNTING SEASON

On Grouse and Native Pheasants
Opens Sept. 15

Have you seen the new Remington Wet Proof Shells?
 ur stock is the largest shown for years.

10 to 15 Per Cent Reduction

In guns and ammunition this year. We have something new in a shotgun. It may be just what you have been looking for. May we show it to you today?

We will be glad to help you make plans for that big hunt this fall.

Kendrick Hardware Company
 "Exceptional Service"

Overland Cars Samson Trucks

Always Glad to Demonstrate to
 Prospective Customers

**U. S. L. Batteries Give
 Service**
 Reasonable in Price

Our Repair Department

Is always ready to serve you.
 Every job we do carries with it
 our guarantee. All kinds of re-
 pair work and overhauling.

Kendrick Garage Co.
 Deobald Bros. Props.

IN ERUPTION MANY MONTHS

Last Exhibition of Activity of Lassen
 Peak Was in 1914 and Much
 Damage Was Done.

Lassen peak, in the Lassen Vol-
 canic National park, northwestern
 California, is the last exhibit of ac-
 tivity of the dying volcanism of the
 Cascade mountains, the Detroit
 News states.

Lassen peak broke its long sleep
 in the spring of 1914 with a series
 of eruptions covering a period of
 nineteen months. May 22, 1915, oc-
 curred the greatest eruption of the
 series. A mushroom cloud of smoke
 burst four miles up in the air. The
 spectacle, one of grandeur, was
 plainly visible even from the Sacra-
 mento valley.

Another interesting phenomenon
 was the blast of superheated gas
 which swept down Lost creek and
 Hot creek valleys. For ten miles it
 withered and destroyed every living
 thing in its path. Large trees were
 uprooted. Forests were scorched to
 a cinder. Snowfalls were instantly
 turned into water, and flooded the
 lower valleys with rushing tides.

Local Ads

Ranch for Rent: about 100 acres
 in cultivation. Inquire G. F. Walker.
 34-tf

House for Rent. Three rooms,
 opposite school house. Inquire Mrs
 Heck, Kendrick. 32-tf

WAGON FOR SALE: High wheel,
 light wagon for sale cheap. In-
 quire C. C. Blackburn. 27-tf.

For Sale: Used Maxwell car at a
 very reasonable price. Inquire at
 Gazette office. 33-tf

FOR RENT: The store building
 being vacated by the Carlson Hard-
 ware Co. Inquire Frank Thomp-
 son, Lewiston, Idaho. 35-4t

FOR SALE: 2 head horses, 3 good
 milk cows, 1 yearling heifer, 2 male
 calves, pig, wood, hay and corn fod-
 der, some wagons. Cheap for cash
 if taken at once. Joseph Slouber,
 phone 394, 2 1/2 miles north of Julia-
 etta, up the middle Potlatch. 35-1t

Sale Bills printed at the Gazette
 office. 35-tf

Good residence property for sale
 cheap. See G. F. Walker. 34-tf

Wonderful ballets with gorgeous
 costumes, daring Hippodrome rac-
 ing, acres of handsome and elabo-
 rate sets in "Queen of Sheba," play-
 ing at the New Kendrick theater,
 tonight and Saturday. 35-1t

Will swap my Ford runabout for
 a good team of work horses. In-
 quire Wm. Behrens, Leland. 35-2t

WANTED: A good saddle pony, to
 ride to school, for the feed of pony.
 Call 293 or write Minnie Blum,
 Cameron, Idaho. 35-2t

FOR SALE: 200 purebred White
 Leghorn pullets, May hatch of the
 Hanson strain. Best in the West.
 Cheap if taken at once; also about 50
 Rhode Island Red purebred pullets
 from Needham's high producing
 flock of Seattle; several purebred
 Silverlace Wyandotte cockerels and
 pullets. 100 pullets ready to go
 into the laying pen now. Will pay
 your grocery bill of \$300.00 by next
 fall, above the cost of feed, so here
 is your chance. W. F. Behrens,
 Leland. 35-1t

Chariot races and great battle
 scenes are part of the great love
 spectacle "Queen of Sheba," at the
 New Kendrick theater, tonight and
 Saturday, Sept. 1 and 2. 35-1t

GRAIN ALLOWANCE FOR HENS

If Scattered in Litter Fowls Are Com-
 pelled to Take Necessary Ex-
 ercise to Find It.

The backyard flock should have in
 addition to the table scraps a light
 feed of grain every morning.

Four or five handfuls of grain—
 about one-half pint—scattered in the
 litter will be sufficient for a flock of
 20 to 25 hens. By handful is meant
 as much as can be grasped in the
 hand. By scattering it in the litter
 the hens will be compelled to scratch
 in order to find the grain and in this
 way to take exercise, which is decid-
 edly beneficial to them.

In case not enough good, sound,
 substantial table scraps are available
 to furnish full feeds, both at noon and
 at night, another feed of the grain
 mixture should be thrown into the lit-
 ter at the night feeding and should
 consist of as much as the hens will
 eat up clean, poultry specialists in
 the United States Department of Agricul-
 ture say. In summer or during
 suitable weather the grain can be fed
 by scattering it on the ground outside
 the house. A good grain mixture for
 this purpose is composed of equal
 parts by weight of wheat, cracked
 corn, and oats. Another suitable
 grain mixture is composed of two
 parts by weight of cracked corn and
 one part of oats.

The Ideal Purgative

As a purgative, Chamberlain's
 Tablets are the exact thing requir-
 ed. Strong enough for the most
 robust, mild enough for children.
 They cause an agreeable movement
 of the bowels without any of that
 terrible griping. They are easy
 and pleasant to take and agreeable
 in effect.—Ad.

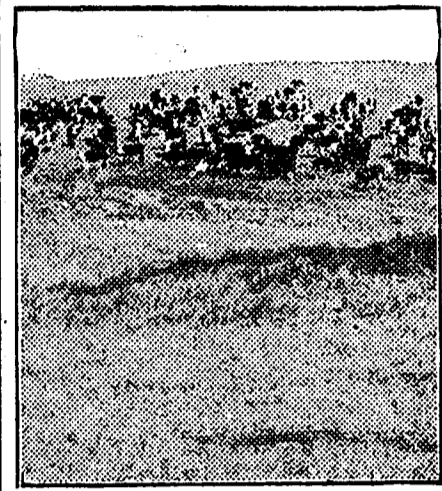
SILAGE MIXTURE TO FINISH OFF CATTLE

Steers Make More Economical
 Gains and Shrink Less.

Test Made by Department of Agricul-
 ture in Co-Operation With Louisi-
 ana Station—Value of Different
 Crops Worked Out.

(Prepared by the United States Department
 of Agriculture.)

To get results economically most
 cattle feeders should use some kind
 of silage in the rations, says the
 United States Department of Agricul-
 ture. Steers fed on silage usually not
 only make more economical gains,
 shrink less, and make more profits
 than steers fed on dry roughage, but



Herd of Hereford Steers on a Texas
 Ranch.

also make it possible to utilize crops
 grown primarily in a rotation for re-
 storing the fertility of worn-out lands.

The comparative value of a number
 of different silage crops for steer feed-
 ing was recently worked out by the
 department in co-operation with the
 Louisiana experiment station. In one
 instance similar lots of cattle were
 fed a ration of cottonseed meal and
 blackstrap molasses in combination
 with corn silage, corn and Biloxi soy-
 bean silage, sorghum silage, sorghum
 and Biloxi soy-bean silage.

The best gain was made by the
 steers fed the straight corn silage, but
 it was shown that the capacity of a
 farm for fattening or wintering cattle
 may be greatly increased by the use
 of heavy-yielding silage crops such as
 sorghum and Japanese cane. Imma-
 ture Biloxi soy beans mixed with corn
 or sorghum were not so satisfactory,
 but with late-maturing crops like Japa-
 nese cane these soys gave very good
 results. Sorghum silage and Japanese
 cane and Biloxi soy-bean silage are
 practically equal in feeding value for
 steers when supplemented by cotton-
 seed meal and molasses.

TIME TO SOW SWEET CLOVER

Best Plan Is to Plant it in Winter or
 Spring With Nurse Crop or Dur-
 ing Mid-Summer.

It is not generally recommended
 that sweet clover be sown in corn in
 the fall. A better way is to sow it
 either in the winter or spring with a
 nurse crop or during mid-summer on a
 firm seed bed free of other crops. By
 having a compact seed bed and giving
 a heavy application of seed, it is
 possible that a good stand can be
 secured in standing corn but much
 depends upon the weather. An added
 advantage results from cutting the
 corn off for silage, since this gives
 the small plants more sunlight. There
 is great risk, however, in sowing any
 kind of seed in corn after the last cul-
 tivation because of the usual dry
 weather period that follows. Some
 farmers make a success of this sort of
 seeding but ordinarily it is a better
 policy to seed in another way if that is
 possible.

RECIPE FOR FLY REPELLENT

Cattle Can Be Greatly Relieved From
 Pests by Application of Coal-
 Tar Mixture.

Cattle can be greatly relieved from
 flies by spraying in the morning be-
 fore going to pasture with some fly
 spray. For this the following home-
 made spray is efficient and cheap:
 Four and one-half quarts coal-tar dip,
 four and one-half quarts fish oil, three
 quarts coal oil, three quarts whale oil,
 one and one-half quarts oil of tar,
 three pounds laundry soap.

Dissolve the laundry soap in water
 and mix the other ingredients thor-
 oughly and bring the whole up to 30
 gallons. This spray can be applied
 with an ordinary spray pump and will
 give relief from flies the greater part
 of the day.

Some provision for shade will offer
 relief to a certain extent from heat.

SPRAY POTATO LEAF HOPPER

Bordeaux Mixture Should Be Applied
 Thoroughly to Under Side
 of the Leaves.

You can get the potato leaf hopper
 by using bordeaux mixture. The
 formula employed consists of four
 pounds of copper sulphate, four
 pounds of unslaked lime to fifty gal-
 lons of water. The spray should be
 applied to the under side of the leaves
 thoroughly, using at least 150 pounds
 pressure. This pressure gives a fine
 mist spray. At least three applications
 are recommended and a fourth might
 be given to advantage. Both sides of
 each row should be thoroughly
 sprayed to make the job complete.

The profiteer's wife was dining
 out. During the evening the con-
 versation turned on Dean Switt.
 After some time she turned to the
 man at her side, who happened to
 be an author, and said:
 "Who is this Dean Switt who is
 so amusing? I should like to invite
 him to one of my receptions."
 "I'm afraid," answered the auth-
 or, "that the dean has done some-
 thing that has shut him out of so-
 ciety for good."

"Oh, how very interesting," said
 the lady. And what was it he did?"
 "Some hundreds of years ago," re-
 lied the author, he died."—Ex.



No power on earth can save
 your crop when once the
 flames are sweeping over the
 fields. But you can protect
 yourself from money loss
 through Hartford Grain in-
 Field Insurance.

The cost is moderate, the
 protection complete. From
 seeding time to harvest your
 crop is covered from all dan-
 gers of fire. If your crop burns,
 the Hartford pays the loss
 promptly and in full.

Kendrick State Bank

Arkansas in First Place.

Arkansas is first among the states
 in America in the production of two
 minerals, bauxite and novaculite, the
 former being the ore of aluminum and
 the latter the source of the larger
 part of the olstones produced in the
 United States.

New Kendrick
 DIRECTOR G. G. GODFIELD

Tuesday, Sept. 5th

Charming Marie Provest

a pleasing comedy drama

**"Don't Get
 Personal"**

also comedy entitled
"Those Dog-Gone Kids"

MEN WANTED

The Northern Pacific Railway Com-
 pany will employ men at rates pre-
 scribed by the U. S. Railway Labor
 Board as follows:

Machinists.....70c per hour
 Boilermakers...70c to 70 1/2c per hour
 Blacksmiths.....70c per hour
 Electricians.....70c per hour
 Sheet metal workers...70c per hour
 Freight car men....63c per hour
 Stationary engineers... Various rates
 Stationary firemen... Various rates
 Passenger car men... 70c per hour
 Helpers, all classes... 47c per hour

Mechanics and helpers are al-
 lowed time and one-half for time
 worked in excess of eight hours per
 day.

Young men who desire to learn
 these trades will be employed and
 given an opportunity to do so.

A strike now exists on the North-
 ern Pacific Railroad.

Apply to any roundhouse or shop
 or superintendent.

Northern Pacific Railroad
 Spokane, Wash.

PROPERTY FOR SALE

6 room house, 2 brick cellars,
 chicken house, large barn, 2 brick
 wells, also city water in house, and
 3 lots. Price very reasonable. In-
 quire Gazette office. 29-tf

Public Auction Sales

Mr. Walks, the auctioneer of Moscow and Pull-
 man, having left the country, I have opened an
 office in Pullman as well as in Moscow, for the pur-
 pose of carrying on my auction business. Due to
 the fact that I sell practically every day thru the
 sales season, I would not be in either office very
 regularly. I have authorized Mr. Geo. Venergerholz
 to date my sales for me in this territory. The Kend-
 rick Gazette or either bank will be only too glad to
 make your date thru Mr. Venergerholz.

I have conducted more farm sales than any
 other auctioneer in the northwest and my references
 are many satisfied farmers.

HARRY C. CRANKE
 Auctioneer
MOSCOW and PULLMAN

DAVENPORT'S CANDY

A Fresh Shipment Just Received

Delicious, Wholesome, Invigorating

These candies have reached the highest point of the
 confectioner's art. None better.

Exclusive for

The Red Cross Pharmacy

GLEANINGS

L. J. Herres left the first of the week for Kellogg, Idaho, where he has a very desirable position in a drug store. His family will follow him as soon as he is able to secure a residence. Kendrick will regret very much to lose these good people as they have a host of warm friends here.

Mrs. O'Brien and two children left Wednesday for Lead, South Dakota to make their home. Mrs. O'Brien has a good position in the schools there.

Mrs. F. E. Erickson was called to Genesee the first of the week on account of the serious illness of her brother.

N. M. Talbott of Juliaetta was transacting business in Kendrick, Wednesday.

Miss Oakes, who has been visiting at the Frank May home on American ridge, returned to her home in Spokane, Thursday.

Ray Snyder, Tom Long, George Carlson, Dr. Veon and A. E. Wilcox drove to Lewiston to see the ball game between a Spokane team and Lewiston. The latter won by a small margin.

Prof. Waters of Moscow, candidate on the democratic ticket for county superintendent of Latah county, was in Kendrick on business several days last week.

Instead of sending only 5 students to the University of Idaho this fall, the Kendrick community will furnish 9 students. Following is the list, and we hope that even more will be added by next week: Mabel Eichner, Margaret and Agnes Cox, Kester Dammarell, Donald and Walter McCrea, Harold Hanson, Norla Callison and Rex Pickering.

Miss Day of Asotin, Wash., has accepted a position as book-keeper and stenographer with the Farmers Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dilly left the first of the week for Moscow, where they will make their home. Mr. Dilly gave up his mail route here and Emulus Brown is substituting in the absence of a regular carrier.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. McAllister and daughter, Nona, moved from their ranch in the Crescent community, to Kendrick this week. They rented one of the McDowell houses. Mr. McAllister will be janitor at the school house during the school year.

Tony Agrell drove down from Moscow the first of the week in his new coupe to visit at the Frank May home on American ridge. From there he went to Lewiston for a short visit.

Miss Elsie Klock of Pullman returned home Wednesday after visiting her sister, Mrs. A. L. Daniel.

Buster Brown is expected home from Alaska about the fourth of this month. He will attend school here. His brother, Bob, will remain in Alaska for at least another year as he likes it there.

Herman Wegner of Asotin is spending the week here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wegner.

Wm. Rogers was called to Spokane Thursday afternoon by the serious illness of his sister, Mrs. Nora Hazeltine.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Walker were Lewiston visitors last Tuesday.

Walter Thomas left the first of the week in his car for a trip to Everett and other coast points.

Rev. C. H. Coberly of Helena, Montana, spent Monday and Tuesday at the N. B. Long home. Rev. Coberly was pastor of the Leland church some seventeen years ago.

Lester Crocker left the first of the week for Clarkston, where he has a position as assistant cashier of the State Bank of Clarkston.

E. E. Bechtol was in Moscow last Saturday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Lutz and children spent the week end in Spokane.

Miss Teresa Baken of Moscow arrived the first of the week to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Leith.

Ira Knowling of Clarkston, a former Potlatch, was transacting business in Kendrick, Saturday.

The boys of the American ridge Epworth League will entertain the girls at a social this evening. Plans are being made for a lecture, beginning at 8 o'clock. The social will be held at the American ridge school house and everybody is invited to attend.

Dr. Wendle of Sandpoint visited at the Harry Hupp home on Little Bear ridge over the week end.

Timber owners in the Bovill district, Idaho, have made arrangements for special fire patrol for the remainder of the season, with pilot Nick Mamer who owns and operates a standard four cylinder plane. This is said to be the first private contract for aerial forest fire patrol. Fire Warden Mallory, after a two hour flight with Pilot Mamer pronounced aerial patrol the most practical and economical method of protecting timber.

One day last week while Dr. Wendle and Harry Hupp were coming to town from Little Bear ridge in the Doctor's Ford coupe, they met a team on the grade in a narrow place. The brakes on the coupe were worn out so the driver couldn't stop. He had a choice of turning into the bank, driving over the edge or running into the team. He chose the first method. The Ford started to climb the bank and turned over. The occupants of the car escaped with minor bruises but the Ford was rather badly crippled.

Big Bear Ridge

The Girls' Sewing Club will hold their annual Fancy Work Sale at the Community hall, Saturday evening, September 2. Ice cream and cake will be served, after which a social good time will be enjoyed by all. You are cordially invited. Come and bring your friends.

Miss Ruth Edwards of Pullman is visiting Miss Neva Nelson.

Miss Adeline Hupp of Little Bear Ridge is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. K. D. Ingle.

Miss Bertha Kleth went to Lewiston, Monday, to visit her sister, Mrs. Dewitt Penland.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Sather of Jackson Minn., arrived here Friday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Slind.

Miss Josephine Berglund of near Deary has been engaged to teach the Rimrock school.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Field and son, Lief, of Moscow spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Rachel Reid has gone to Colfax, having visited at the home of her son and, with other relatives here.

Miss Opal Jones has been engaged to, teach the Applequist school while Mrs. Ferguson will teach at Steele.

Miss Alice Ingle was visiting her grandmother, Mrs. F. Hupp on Little Bear Ridge last week.

Mrs. Lester McGraw and little daughter, spent last week in Moscow.

Chas. Bowers, W. H. Fairhead and Olson Bros., will finish threshing on the ridge this week. The average yield was much better than could be expected, owing to the dry and hot weather throughout the summer.

Bean, cutting is the present rush.

Miss Carrie Munson of Moscow was visiting Miss Anna Lien last week.

A large number from here will enter the Kendrick High School at the opening of the school term.

Stanley Sneve is spending some time in Lewiston.

Dr. A. Otteraaen of Kendrick was called to the A. Hooker home Monday by the illness of Miss Marit Vognild.

Miss Bessie May has returned home from Little Bear ridge.

Miss Lucile Antonson is spending the summer in Lewiston.

Whenever you know an item of interest, help your local paper by mailing or telephoning it in. This will be appreciated by all the Gazette readers.

Miss Christina Torstad of Sandpoint, arrived here Wednesday for a visit with her uncle, A. Hooker.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Rogstad and children, Vernon and Doris, were Sunday visitors at the A. M. Johnson home near Deary.

Fairview Items

Mrs. Alexander and Mrs. Adams of Juliaetta and their aunt, Mrs. Lee, who is visiting here from California, were dinner guests, Friday, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Glenn.

Mrs. Herman Keopp was a visitor, Tuesday, at the Virgil Flesman home.

Mrs. Jesse Walker and little daughter spent Saturday and Sunday visiting relatives on Fix ridge.

Mr. and Mrs. James Helton were callers, Sunday afternoon, at the John Carelton home.

Mr. and Mrs. Edd Flesman of Leland were callers at the J. I. Flesman home Monday afternoon.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Will Wolff, Tuesday morning, August 29, a baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Daugherty and two sons, were dinner guests at the Virgil Flesman home, Sunday.

Bean threshing is in full swing on the ridge and the beans are making an average of about four sacks.

Cameron News

Gus Kruger, Mr. and Mrs. Silflow and daughter, Miss Martha, motored to Lewiston, Tuesday in

Mr. Kruger's car.

Gus Blum returned to Cameron, Tuesday, after harvesting near Genesee.

Otto Silflow and the Misses Laura and Minnie Blum, motored to Genesee, Sunday, Miss Henrietta Blum returning with them Sunday evening.

Mr. Hedge, the Buick agent, from Moscow, was in Cameron, Monday. Miss Alma Finke was the guest of Miss Bertha Hartung the first of the week.

Uproosing of Jean.

Enoch, of the age of seven, was discussing with his grandfather the exciting details of an imaginary trip of adventure, including all hazards of land and sea and air. They had just summarily dispatched a lion which might spring upon them unawares from the jungle, when grandfather suddenly asked: "Enoch, what about Jean?" (his little playmate). "You can't take her on such a dangerous journey." "Oh," said Enoch, complacently, "Jean—I'd kiss her and leave her at home."

CHIEF REQUIREMENTS FOR STORING POTATO

Tubers Must Be Protected From Extreme Heat and Cold.

Satisfactory Temperature Is About 35 to 40 Degrees—Provide Ventilation to Remove Foul Air and Moisture.

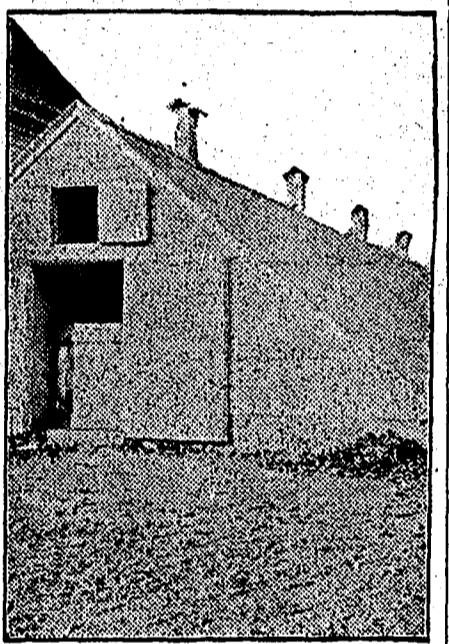
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The requirements for the successful storage of potatoes are summed up by the United States Department of Agriculture as follows:

The tubers must be protected from extremes of cold and heat. A temperature ranging from 35 to 40 degrees F. is considered satisfactory.

Sufficient ventilation must be provided to remove foul air and excess moisture.

The storage house must be so constructed as to make it possible to ex-



Exterior View of Satisfactory Potato Storage House.

clude the light, as the table quality of potatoes quickly deteriorates if they are exposed to light.

The tubers should be dry and reasonably free from dirt when put into storage. An excess of moisture or of soil increases the amount of heat generated in a newly stored pile of potatoes. The soil tends to close up the spaces between the tubers, thus cutting off air circulation and helping to retain heat that would otherwise escape.

All diseased, badly cut, or bruised tubers should be removed before putting potatoes into storage.

It is not advisable to store potatoes in bulk at a greater depth than 5 or 6 feet, and the floor dimensions of the bin should not be greater than 12 by 12 feet unless provided with a series of ventilating shafts for the escape of moisture and heat. Ventilated division walls and floors are also desirable.

THRASH GRAIN UNDER COVER

Small Tractor and Outfit Make It Possible to Store Bundles and Thrash in Winter.

One of the interesting ideas that is developing along with the growth of the small tractor and the small threshing outfit, is the storing of bundled grain in the barn and threshing it out at leisure in the fall or winter. Sev-

eral farmers in Illinois have found this a good plan.

The small threshing outfit can be left set up, and any day when there is a little time it can be started and some of the grain worked through. The straw goes back into the barn or a nearby shed for use with the live stock. There is no rush, and no extra help is needed. It helps to ease up on the work during the rush season, and keep everybody busy during slack times. This is one way the big barn helps pay a profit.

STORE BEET PULP FOR FEED

Best Way Is to Spread It Over Beet Top Silo—It Effectually Seals Silage Mass

The best way for the beet grower to store pulp for winter feeding is to spread it over the beet top silo. It effectually seals the silage mass and the heat from the silage warms the pulp and thus hastens the curing process; it also reduces the annoyance of handling frozen pulp.

SUMMER FEEDING FOR EGGS

Plan Differs but Little From Winter Rations Except in Regard to Amount of Grain.

Summer feeding for egg production differs but very little from winter feeding except in regard to the amount of grain fed. A good grain ration for egg production is corn and oats equal measure, feeding but little if any in the morning, and all the hens will eat at night.

The most beautiful woman in the world will appear at the New Kendrick Theater tonight and Saturday, in "Queen of Sheba," a great Wm. Fox super-special production. 35-1t

Gee Whiz!

here comes

SCHOOL DAYS AGAIN

And of course you want to look your best.

We will fix you out with real quality merchandise at very reasonable prices.

COME IN

Kendrick Store Company
The Quality Store

NEW Kendrick
DIRECTION G.G. OLDFIELD

Thousands have seen it!

Many more will see it!

The Most Gigantic Spectacular
Picture ever shown in
Kendrick

"QUEEN of
SHEBA"

Tonight and Saturday

Special prices

50c and 25c including tax

SEE IT!

Early fall planting of the following seeds, puts you one year ahead: Alfalfa, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Sweet Clover, Orchard Grass, Kentucky Blue Grass, English Blue Grass, Meadow Fescue, Bromegrass, Canadian Blue Grass, Vetch. MARK MEANS CO. Importers and Growers of Garden and Field Seeds. Lewiston, Idaho. 34-4t

A Pronounced Success

The uniform success that has attended the use of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the relief and cure of bowel complaints, both for children and adults, has brought it into almost universal use, so that it is practically without a rival and as everyone who has used it knows, it is without an equal.—Ad.

FALL OPENING

Friday, Sept. 1

HATS

Of Panne Velvets combined with Duvelyn and metal cloth in large capeline effects; matrons' turbans, Angora-felt Sports for the bobbed hair Miss and many others which at once suggest distincton. Ranging in price from \$2.50 up.

The FRENCH SHOP