

LATAH COUNTY NEWS PARAGRAPHS

Clipped From The Columns of Neighboring Papers.

Julietta Record: The federal land bank of Spokane completed during December 439 first mortgage loans amounting to \$1,141,300 which makes a total of 20,047 mortgage loans completed to December 31 for \$55,334,185. In all 41,461 loan applications have been filed with the bank asking for loans totaling \$131,401,865. Many of the applications were canceled or rejected following examinations and investigations and large percentage of those actually closed were, completed in sums less than applied for.

Genesee News: Constructive criticism is beneficial to any community. Nagging and fault finding are destructive. Yet both are to be found everywhere.

Constructive criticism points out the weak spots in a scheme or undertaking in a fair-minded but forceful manner. Nagging picks it to pieces without reason or remedy.

Often a man is sincerely desirous of doing something for the general improvement of the town and community in which he lives. The improvement he advocates may be of no more benefit to him than to any other citizen yet there is invariably some one ready to impute a selfish or ulterior motive to his efforts.

In time such a man, if he is not endowed with extraordinary patience, becomes weary of repeated nagging and ceases his efforts for the community good.

The town gains nothing from this nagging, but loses much through the future apathy of the one whose efforts may have been unjustly attacked.

Legitimate commendation is a booster and a builder.

Nagging is a grave digger!
Which is best for the community?

Deary Press: The dwelling house on Dr. R. C. Faust's Texas Ridge farm, occupied by D. C. Ohms and family was destroyed by fire at six o'clock last night. Mrs. Ohms and the five children escaped with nothing but the clothing they wore. Mr. Ohms was not at home at the time. Everything in the house was burned and there was no insurance on building or contents. It is not known how the fire started. This is a bad time to be burned out. This misfortune will appeal to the generosity of the people of this community, as misfortune always does, and sympathy will be shown in a substantial way.

Visitors From Alaska

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Jones arrived the first of the week from Anchorage, Alaska, to visit Mrs. Jones' parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Brown. Mr. Jones is superintendent of the construction on the new railroad out of Anchorage. He tells some very interesting stories regarding the manner in which the construction is carried on during the cold, winter months. He says the past year has been a very satisfactory one, particularly along his line of work as there has been no difficulty in getting good men for construction work and plenty of them.

Mr. Jones was a captain during the World War. While he was overseas his wife lived at Seattle and also visited her parents here for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones are good Alaska boosters. They think there are many splendid opportunities for investment, and good chances for those who wish to follow agriculture. The oil fields are also very promising at this time.

After visiting here they expect to go to Texas and other southern points of interest.

George Carlson was a Spokane visitor the first of the week.

Dr. Rothwell at Toronto

Dr. Rothwell, who visited a short time in Spokane, left last week for Toronto, Canada, where he is under the care of physicians. His health is very poor and it is not likely that he will be able to return to Kendrick until spring.

GET PRIZE CAR OF SEED POTATOES

Moscow Firm Buy Winning Spuds of P. N. Show

Star-Mirror: The Washburn & Wilson Seed company, in keeping with their policy of developing the best products possible in the Inland Empire have purchased the car of Nettle Gem seed potatoes which took the grand sweepstakes prize at the Northwest Potato Show, Spokane recently. The potatoes were grown by J. J. Stutz of Dudley, Idaho and, as is indicated, won over potatoes of all classes at the show, and are perhaps the finest car of seed potatoes ever produced in the northwest. There were several bidders for the potatoes, but the local firm, realizing their value, succeeded in securing them.

Herman Wilson, manager of the Washburn & Wilson company, states that the potatoes are among the finest he has ever seen, being almost perfect in every respect. The bulk of the car will be used to supply growers with whom the company makes contracts this year, but there will be some available for other growers.

Northern Idaho has come to be recognized as the ideal place for growing seed potatoes, and the industry promises to develop with great rapidity. The seed for use in the irrigated sections of Idaho and Washington is grown, to a great extent, in the Inland Empire, and especially in north Idaho.

Honor Dr. Stoneburner

The following resolution was recently passed by the Idaho District Medical society:

Whereas, the all-wise Father has deemed it fitting to remove from our midst our worthy and esteemed fellow physician, Dr. Joseph W. Stoneburner; and whereas Dr. Stoneburner was a faithful and efficient member of the North Idaho District Medical society since its organization, it is fitting that we honor his name and show our respect and appreciation of him as a valued fellow worker, therefore be it

Resolved, that the loss of such a capable physician after a life so replete with fine deeds and of such assistance to his community, be recorded with our sincere sorrow and regret, and be it

Resolved, that to the wife and friends we extend our sincerest sympathy in the time of their bereavement and be it further

Resolved, that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the North Idaho Medical Society and a copy of the same be sent to the bereaved wife.

Paul W. Johnson, M. D.
W. F. McMahan, M. D.
Committee on Resolutions.

"Bashful Mr. Bobbs"

Members of the Leland high school will present a farce-comedy in three acts at the I. O. O. F. hall at Leland, Thursday, January 26. The title of the play is "Bashful Mr. Bobbs" and it will be put on by a cast of eleven characters, who are well chosen for their various parts. Their names appear in an advertisement in this issue.

This promises to be one of the most entertaining features that has been put on in Leland for a long time. It is a really comical production and will please everyone. The young people who will put on the performance should be well supported at the box office.

Bear Ridge Social

The new community hall on Bear ridge was dedicated last Saturday evening with a literary program and pie social. A crowd numbering approximately 200 attended from various parts of the surrounding country, many taking advantage of the fine sleighing to drive from a considerable distance.

The hall is not entirely completed but it is already a very comfortable and spacious meeting place and the minor details of construction work that are still unfinished will be taken care of in the spring. The floor space of the building, exclusive of the stage, is 40x60 feet. The stage is 12x25 feet.

After a most enjoyable program, given by members of the literary society, the pies were auctioned by Sheriff Woody, and brought over forty dollars, which amount will be turned into the building fund of the hall. Sandwiches, cake and coffee were also served.

School Notes

Semester examinations are in full swing, consequently there is no idleness about school this week.

Mrs. Deobald is conducting the State 8th grade examinations. Several students from outside districts are taking these examinations.

The following new students have enrolled in high school for the second semester: John Lewis, Rex Arthur and Mary Pickering.

The dinner served by the domestic science girls to the merchants of the town was very successful. The total proceeds was twenty-three dollars.

The sixth grade language class has been doing good work in letter writing. Some have sent letters to foreign countries and eagerly await a reply. The fourth grade has been studying Eskimo life which they have represented on the sand table. The third grade has made an Indian village on their part of the sand table and have written language papers about Hiawatha.

The first grade have a very interesting sand table illustrating the story of the Three Bears.

The attendance of all of the rooms has dropped, owing to the weather and a few cases of illness.

The Health Crusade contest between the different rooms has resulted as follows:

Pages Squires Knights		
1 and 2 grade	3	5
2 and 3 "	0	1
3 and 4 "	3	10
5 and 6 "	5	5
7 and 8 "	1	1
Total for school	12	22

The prize of a Health Crusade pennant will be awarded to the 3rd and 4th grade room. A new contest extending for another 10 weeks will be started very shortly. The prize for this contest will be a very beautiful Knight Banneret Banner. The contest is expected to be very close and every student will need to do his best for his room.

American Ridge Meetings

The series of meetings which have been in progress on American Ridge, were suspended Wednesday afternoon, on account of the extremely cold weather. A very warm spiritual tone has been evidenced thruout and they have proven so helpful that it has been decided to continue them for at least one night in each week. The next meeting will be held at the church, Tuesday evening, January 24. We desire to make these meetings as helpful as possible to everyone. A free will offering will be taken Tuesday evening to apply on the benevolences of the church. Please come and help make the meetings a success.—C. A. Peering, Pastor.

The Okoke Kloothman Club met at the home of Mrs. Leo C. Raaberg, Wednesday evening. Mrs. A. R. Shumaker and Mrs. Jody Long were guests of the Club. Dainty refreshments were served.

Big Land Deal

One of the biggest land deals made in some time in the Kendrick district was closed Tuesday, when Julius Carl Giese secured title from Thomas D. Parsons to 280 acres of choice land on Driscoll ridge. The consideration was \$56,000. Negotiations had been pending for the purchase of this land since 1919, the owner, who lives in Minnesota, having some difficulty in clearing the title.

An interesting thing in connection with the deal is the fact that Mr. Parsons bought the land in 1903 for \$9,520, thus making more than forty thousand dollars on the deal, besides getting a good profit from his farming operations. This is but a fair example of the advance in land values on the productive ridges in southern Latah county. Mr. Giese has other land holdings in the Kendrick district and was glad to secure the additional land at \$200 an acre.—Star-Mirror.

Bank Directors Meet

The annual directors meeting of the Kendrick State Bank was held Wednesday morning in the offices of the bank. The most important matter of business before the meeting was the election of a director to fill the place left vacant by the death of Alec Galloway. The honor fell to Leo Raaberg, assistant cashier of the bank. The other officers of the institution remain the same as last year. The directors found the bank to be in a most flourishing condition.

Following is a list of directors: Martin V. Thomas, K. D. Ingle, E. W. Lutz, H. B. Lutz and Leo C. Raaberg. The officers were re-elected as follows: Martin V. Thomas, president; K. D. Ingle, vice-president; E. W. Lutz, cashier; Leo C. Raaberg, assistant cashier.

Painful Injury

Aaron McCreay suffered a painful wound while working with the section crew. The head of a sledgehammer flew off and struck him in the face, cutting his upper lip entirely through. While the wound is a painful one and will leave a scar, it is not a serious injury. Mac is having more than his share of hard luck this winter.

Game Cancelled

The basket ball game which was scheduled for tonight between the high school teams of Peck and Kendrick, had to be postponed because of the fact that Peck is quarantined for smallpox.

Big Bear Ridge

Miss Claribel Ingle has returned to Clarkston having spent the past two weeks at home.

Otto Alber has gone to Moscow to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. Earl Wilson of Troy has been visiting relatives here.

Bernard Jones went to Lewiston Saturday, where he is under a doctor's care.

Edwin Forest, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia is slightly improved.

Miss Marie Kiehl spent last week with her sister Mabel in Kendrick. The result of the Christmas Seal Sale of the ridge was \$10.55. Miss Alma Aas of the Taney school sold the largest number of seals, of any pupil in the four districts.

RED CROSS NOTICE

The annual business meeting and election of officers of the Big Bear Ridge Red Cross branch will be held at the U. B. church, Saturday afternoon, January 28th, at 2 o'clock, p. m. You are urged to be present as some important business matters will be decided upon. Johanna Hooker, Secretary.

Latah county, Idaho, has shipped two cars of flour from Moscow as its contribution toward relief in the Near East. A quantity of clothing was also forwarded.

Bradshaw Sold Farm

L. E. Bradshaw sold his 23 acre tract north of town to A. J. Mounce of Lewiston. The deal was closed this week. The land is located on the Nez Perce county side of the Potlatch, about a mile from Kendrick. Mr. Bradshaw has moved to one of the Freytag houses in town.

BAND DANCE AND BASKET SOCIAL

To Be Given Here Friday Evening, January 27

At a special business meeting of the Kendrick band held Monday evening after the regular weekly rehearsal, it was decided to give a band dance and basket social. The date for this function will be Friday night, January 27. A committee consisting of six members of the band, was appointed to make all necessary arrangements to carry out the idea. A. K. Carlson, president of the band, was elected chairman of the committee. R. D. Newton, Marvin Long and Lester Crocker were appointed as a committee to look after the matter of securing baskets, as the financial success of the basket social will depend upon the number of baskets brought. There should be fifty at least, and maybe there will be more. O. E. MacPherson and Leo Raaberg have charge of the advertising and ticket sales.

John L. Woody has consented to act as auctioneer for the occasion, which is a position in which he has had considerable experience.

The band boys have been practicing diligently all winter and are making excellent progress. The funds derived from the dance and social are very much needed at this time so that the good work may be continued. Everybody pull together! And remember, you are all invited to attend.

Kendrick Filed Two Suits

Two suits were filed Monday in the district court of Latah county, by the Village of Kendrick. One suit names Emulus Brown and wife as defendants, and was filed for the purpose of abating an alleged nuisance. The second suit is for the purpose of quieting title to a spring on the John Reid place, which is being used by the Village for a part of the water supply.

In the first complaint the action is brought to have the house and barn in block 10 torn down or abated. Block 10 is owned by Mr. and Mrs. Emulus Brown. The Village of Kendrick is seeking permission through the courts to have the buildings torn down on the grounds that they are considered a fire trap, unsanitary and a public nuisance.

Otis Stone Robbed

As Otis Stone, care taker of the Lewiston tourist park, was walking from Lewiston to his home in east Lewiston about 6:30 o'clock Monday evening, two men with handkerchiefs over their faces stepped in front of him and demanded that he throw up his hands, accentuating their demands with flourishes of revolvers, according to police.

Mr. Stone did as directed and was relieved of \$11.50 in change. The bandits then allowed him to proceed on his way and disappeared in the darkness.

The police were at once notified and Chief of Police Eugene Gasser and Deputy Sheriff Charles Monroe went at once to the scene and were engaged until a late hour last night with investigations.

The hold-up took place near the Thiessen barn in East Lewiston.—Tribune.

Jene Chinaman has been quite ill for some time, due to a fall which he sustained last week. A Chinaman came up from Lewiston to care for him.

LYCEUM PROGRAM NEXT MONDAY

DeMarco-Aistrup Entertainers Here January 23

The DeMarco-Aistrup Entertainers, the third number of the Kendrick Lyceum course will be held at the Methodist church in Kendrick, Monday night, January 23, at 8:15 sharp. The following press notice gives an idea of the talent which this entertainment will present:

All through the DeMarco-Aistrup program is woven a charming Italian atmosphere—subdued and dignified—and yet most fascinating at all times. In Miss DeMarco's harp and piano numbers it is there. In Lowell Aistrup's renditions of the Italian masters, in the popular costumes numbers of the company, and in Miss DeMarco's clever little lecturette, "Italy and Its Customs"—in all these is visualized the land of sunny skies—the charm of Venetian life.

The DeMarco-Aistrup Entertainers are artists first—and then entertainers. This is why they have been such a success. They give a program of irresistible charm—a distinctive entertainment, crowded with pleasant surprises.

Miss DeMarco is one of Lyceum's best known artists. Prior to heading this company she was a well known concert and symphony star—on both piano and harp—under the baton of Van der Stuchen, and other noted conductors.

Lowell Aistrup is a young American artist who is rapidly coming into his own. He is a composer of considerable note, and has both studied and taught in important American conservatories.

The harp, the piano, the violin, the readings, the impersonations, the costumed numbers—all these round out a program of exceptional merit.

The Weather

All cold weather records for 1922 were smashed this week when the thermometers took on sub-normal temperatures and fell from 10 to 20 degrees below zero, according to whose thermometer it happened to be. About three o'clock Thursday morning seemed to be the lowest temperature period of the cold snap, when an old reliable thermometer registered 18 degrees below in Kendrick.

Most of the plumbing in the houses of this section was not put in to withstand such extreme cold, consequently blow torches have been in great demand and the electrical pipe-thawing equipment of the local light company has been doing good service.

Can't Catch Fish

C. B. Green, S. P. Callison and son, Ben, returned Sunday, from their fishing trip to the Clearwater. They report fishing very bad, only four trout being caught. Considering the time, energy, work and fun it required to capture these three specimens, they ought to be worth in the neighborhood of \$25 apiece. C. B. Green is considered to be, under ordinary conditions, the most expert fisherman in Latah county; Sam Callison is not very far behind him in experience and ability, and Ben won't concede that his dad can catch any more fish in a day than he can, so the only conclusion possible is, there are no more fish in the Clearwater.

Bear Ridge Dance

A free dance will be given at the new hall on Big Bear ridge tonight (Friday). This will be the first dance held in the hall and the only charge to be made is the nominal sum of 25c for lunch. The Kendrick orchestra will furnish the music and will also donate their services for this occasion. Quite a crowd is planning to go from here.

Saturday Night

"Beyond the Crossroads"

With
ORA CAREW
and an All-Star Supporting Cast
A Pioneer Feature
A story of dramatic force and appealing paths intertwined with gripping situations.

Learn to Live Forever
See
The 2nd Episode
of the
"Screaming Shadow"

The GRAND

Battery Storage and Repairing

Storage per month .50
Charging batteries \$1.00
Reinsulating batteries
6 volt - \$9.00
12 volt - \$11.00
All makes of batteries repaired and rebuilt.

Bring in your car this winter and have us overhaul it. Work guaranteed.

Kendrick Garage Co.
Schupfer & Deobald, Props.

Hotel Kendrick

Taylor & Erickson, Props.
GOOD ROOMS
GOOD MEALS UP STAIRS
Soft Drinks and Candy
Cigars and Tobacco
Commercial Trade Solicited
Kendrick, Idaho

Barber Shop

Courteous Treatment
Satisfaction
Guaranteed

William Rogers

N. R. Shepherd

The Auctioneer
TROY, IDAHO.

DR. J. H. KELLY

Physician and Surgeon
Kendrick, Idaho

A. H. OVERSMITH

Attorney-at-Law
Urquhart Building Third Street
Moscow, Idaho.

DR. A. OTTERAAEN

PHYSICIAN
Phone 832
KENDRICK, IDAHO

Kendrick Gazette

Ralph B. Knepper, Publisher

Entered as second-class matter 1892 at Kendrick, Idaho, under the Act of Congress of March, 1879.

Subscription \$1.50 a year.

Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

It is stated on good authority that Idaho has \$4,276,945 road fund available for 1922. This ought to be enough to at least advertise the so called North and South State Highway.

Just smile, says Charles M. Schwab, times will be better. The trouble is that most people upon reading this advice, are likely to spoil everything by laughing out loud.—Life.

The following appeared in a recent issue of a daily newspaper: After the offertory, Mendelssohn's aria, "It is Enuf," was sung.

The roads have been most favorable lately for wood hauling and for this reason, combined with the fact that the price is around \$8 a cord, there has been much more wood burned this winter than usual.

It may seem like "sour grapes" for one fellow to holler because another is making money, but that new dollar Uncle Sam is turning out is certainly "the bunk." The "Peace" dollar is a grude piece of work, humped in the middle to make stacking difficult—as if anyone got enough of them to stack these days—and the milled work can be so easily duplicated that the piece will surely invite counterfeiting—just like that circumstance of impressionistic history for which the coin is named.—Pend d'Oreille Review.

Cameron News

Mrs. H. Flomer of Genesee returned home, Monday, after spending a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Olday, and her sisters Mrs. H. Blum and Mrs. C. Lohman.

Mrs. H. E. Wessels, Mrs. H. Flomer and Mr. and Mrs. Carl Lohman and family took dinner at the H. Blum home.

Chas. Thornton of Kendrick has been visiting his sister-in-law, Mrs. Bruniek, for the week-end.

The members of the Luther League gave a sleigh-riding party, Tuesday evening. A lunch consisting of oyster soup, sandwiches and coffee was served after the return of the joy-riders.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Blum and family, Mrs. H. E. Wessels, Mrs. Henry Flomer, Misses Ida and Martha Silflow and Otto Silflow, were callers at the Carl Keopp home Saturday evening. The evening was spent in an enjoyable manner playing cards. At 10:30 a delicious lunch was served by the hostess.

The Luther League had its annual official meeting, Wednesday, January 11. The newly elected officers are as follows: August Brammer, president; Elsie Wegner, vice-president; George Wilken, Secretary and Henry Wendt, treasurer. After the business was disposed of the time was spent in playing games. At 10:30 a lunch, consisting of sandwiches, doughnuts and coffee was served.

METHODIST CHURCH.

C. A. Pickering, Minister.
Prayer meeting every Thursday at 7:30.
Sunday school 10 a. m.
Preaching Service 11 a. m.
Epworth League 6:45 p. m.
Preaching Service 7:30 p. m.

Fairview Items

Jeff Fleshman was in Lewiston last week on business.

Miss Edith Boyd spent the week end in Lewiston.

Mr. and Mrs. George Frederickson had as their dinner guests Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Walker Helton and family, Miss Wilson, Mr. Helton, Mrs. Mary McCall and family, John Vincent, Mrs. Chesley and Miss Boyd.

Arnold Woody is visiting at the Glenn home.

The recent snow fall on the ridge has made the sleighing good.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Helton are visiting at the Berriman home near Southwick.

John Glenn and son, Brewster, have been on the sick list for the last week.

Dr. William T. Seeley

Physician and Surgeon
Leland, Idaho

WEIGHTY POINTS ON ALFALFA HAY

Some Important Factors Cited That Help to Determine Market Prices of Product.

SIZE AND WEIGHT OF BALES

Inspection Service Varies Considerably at Different Centers—Few Bales of Off-Grade Hay Will Hurt Grade of Car.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

While supply and demand are the principal factors which determine the market price of a product, there are a number of other factors which may be of considerable importance to the individual producer or shipper of hay. Size and weight of bale, character of inspection existing at prospective market, grading and the manner of interpreting the grades are among the more important of these factors, say marketing specialists of the bureau of markets, United States Department of Agriculture.

Size and Weight of Bale.

The preference for bales of a certain size and weight is so marked in some of the important markets that premiums ranging from 50 cents to \$2 per ton are paid for bales of the size and weight desired. Bales may be roughly classed as small, medium and large in size. The small and medium sizes are sometimes designated as one-quarter and one-third bales. The small bales are made in a perpetual press and are 14 or 16 by 18 inches, variable in length but usually about 36 inches long. Medium bales are also made in a perpetual press and are 17 or 18 by 22 inches and about 36 inches long. Large bales are usually made in box presses and are about 19 by 23 by 46 inches.

The weight varies considerably, even though the bales are of the same size, as hay is pressed under varying conditions and by balers having a wide range in tension. According to the department's marketing specialists hay should be pressed sufficiently tight that the wires will hold well, and so that the required weights can be loaded into cars. Difficulty is experienced in some sections in loading cars to the minimum weight, because the hay is pressed too loosely.

The character of the inspection service varies considerably in different markets. Besides the various



Selling Hay by the Auction Method at a Market Using a "Plug" Method of Inspection.

methods now generally designated as warehouse, car-door, plug and bale inspection, there is a difference in applying the grades. Some inspectors give the entire carload the grade of the poorest quality of hay found in it. Other inspectors endeavor to apply an average grade.

Some of these practices are hardly fair to the shipper, but so long as they exist the shipper must meet the situation in the best manner possible. Uniform loading is probably one of the most important methods of obtaining satisfactory grades.

Mixed Cars Unsatisfactory.
In some sections the alfalfa meadows are allowed to stand until they contain a large quantity of weeds and grass. In other sections other grasses are sown with the alfalfa for hay. When loading any mixture the greatest care should be exercised to have the hay loaded into any one car all of the same degree of mixture. This suggestion applies also to hay of different quality because of bleaching or damage.

Many shippers make the mistake of thinking that a few bales of off-grade hay will not hurt the grade of a car but will be accepted along with the good hay or at only a small discount. Unless the market is very strong the hay usually will be accepted only at a heavy discount, and frequently the whole car will be rejected. If the car is accepted it will be taken only at the price value of the poorest hay found in the car.

For best results in marketing alfalfa bureau of markets officials caution shippers:

To ship bales of size and weight desired by buyer.

To ship grade desired and not to include hay of other grades or mixtures.

To insist upon official inspection certificates which show the actual grade of the hay in the car if cars are officially inspected by regular inspectors located at important markets.

DAIRY

LEGUMINOUS HAYS FOR COWS

Corn Silage is Excellent Feed, but Not a Balanced One—Legumes Furnish Protein.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

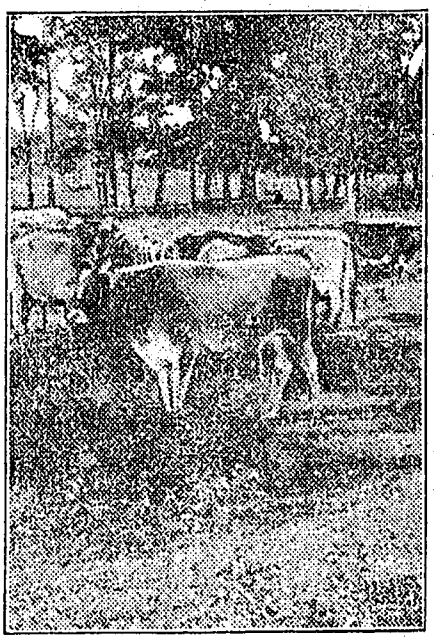
The best kinds of dry roughage for feeding dairy cows in connection with corn silage or roots are leguminous hays, such as alfalfa, red, crimson, or alsike clover, and soy bean or cowpea hay, in the opinion of experts of the United States Department of Agriculture. While corn silage is an excellent feed, it is not a balanced one, as it does not contain sufficient protein and mineral matter to meet fully the requirements of the cow. The leguminous hays, in addition to being very palatable, tend to correct this deficiency. They are also among the best and cheapest sources of protein.

One or more of these hays can be grown on practically any farm. In addition to their value for feeding purposes, they improve the soil in which they grow. Hay from Canada field peas, sown with oats to prevent the peas from lodging, also makes an excellent roughage.

Corn stover, sorghum, etc., also find a good market through the dairy cow. This class of roughage is low in protein, however, and when it is used the grain ration must be richer in this element.

No positive rule can be laid down as to the quantity of dry roughage that should be fed, but from 6 to 12 pounds a day for each cow, in addition to silage, will be found satisfactory in most cases.

When the dry roughage is of poor quality, such as coarse, woolly hay or a poor grade of cornstalks, a large portion can often be given to advantage, allowing the cow to pick out the best and using the rejected part for bedding. With this quantity of dry roughage the cow will take, according to



her size, from 25 to 50 pounds of silage. This may be considered as a guide for feeding, to apply when the roughage is grown on the farm. When everything has to be purchased, it is often more economical to limit the quantity of roughage fed and increase the grain ration.

EMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH

Cameron, Idaho.
Rev. E. A. Rein, Pastor.
Regular German services and installation of officers at 10:30 Sunday morning.
Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.
Choir rehearsal, Thursday at 7:30 p. m.
German school and catechetical instruction, Saturday morning at 8:30 a. m.
Come and worship with us.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Mother's Favorite.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures have made it a favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of young children for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief and is free from opium and other harmful drugs.—Adv.

W. A. Rothwell, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon
Office, State Bank Building
Kendrick, Idaho.

Dr. S. A. Roe

Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted
Office Over Beach's Store
LEWISTON, IDAHO

Draying

Residence Phone 726

Kendrick Dray and Ice Co.

Frank Chamberlain, Prop.

Pocket Knives

The Handiest Tool for the Handy Man
The Most Coveted Possession of any Boy

From January 20th

To February 5th

We will price our pocket knives at

Special Values

We have a good stock of Keen Kutter and

Remington U. M. C. Pocket Knives.

Every knife guaranteed.

Stoves and Sleds

Are still offered at reduced prices.

Fone 172 The Fone 172
FARMERS HARDWARE COMPANY
or Handy Commodities

No. 141

Report of the condition of

The Farmers Bank

at Kendrick, in the State of Idaho at the close of business

December 31, 1921

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	102,259.69
Overdrafts	12.40
Stocks, Bonds and Warrants	2,125.00
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures	9,636.00
Other Real Estate	1,000.35
Cash on hand	\$ 4,591.21
Due from banks	14,667.93
Checks and Drafts on other Banks	56.04
Total	\$134,348.62

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	15,000.00
Surplus	3,000.00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and taxes paid	205.46
Individual deposits subject to check	\$ 65,445.40
Savings Deposits	23,208.13
Time Certificates of Deposit	22,542.19
Total Deposits	\$111,195.72
Cashier's Checks	4,947.44
Total	\$134,348.62

STATE OF IDAHO, COUNTY OF LATAH, ss.

I, M. B. McConnell, cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. B. McCONNELL, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:

A. E. Clark } Directors.
E. W. Eaves }

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January, 1922.

I certify that I am NOT an Officer or Director of this Bank.—H. P. HULL, Notary Public.

The FARMERS BANK

The Farmers Elevator And Warehouses

Receivers of bulk and sacked grain and pay current market price.

We sell Grain Sacks, Binder Twine, and Rolled Feed of all kinds.

We also handle the celebrated

Martin's Best Flour

Farina, Graham and Peacock Rolled Oats at lowest market price. Give us a trial and be convinced.

Phone 312

Kendrick Rochdale Co.

Webster =Man's Man

By PETER B. KYNE

Author of
"Cappy Ricks," "The Valley
of the Giants," etc.

(Copyright, by Peter B. Kyne)

CHAPTER IX.—Arriving at Sobrante, Geary welcomes Webster and is instrumental in helping his friend's quest ashore. The latter is known to Webster as "Andrew Bowers." Geary houses him at Mother Jenks'. Webster gets the idea that Geary and Dolores are in love, and with the intention of giving Geary every chance he smilingly contradicts the girl's statement that they have met before.

CHAPTER X.—Webster receives a warning conveyed by "Don Juan Cafetero," really John J. Caferty, Irishman of good qualities fallen through overindulgence in liquor, that there is a plot to assassinate him. Webster makes a firm friend of Caferty. Later, the American is insulted by a Sobrantean army officer and publicly ridiculed. A challenge to a duel is accepted under such stern conditions that the Sobranteans withdraw it.

That functionary came to their table and handed one of the familiar yellow envelopes to each of them.

"We'll excuse each other," Dolores suggested. She read:

"Go you if I lose. You are a good, game little scout, and I like you fine."

"JEROME"

She glanced across at Webster, whose face was a conflicting study of emotions in which disappointment and amazement appeared to predominate.



"You ancient scoundrel!"

"You ancient scoundrel," she heard him murmur.

"What, he, Caliph! Unpleasant news," she ventured.

"Yes—and no. I had one of the finest jobs in the world all staked out—and now the boss cables me it's filled by a better man."

"What are you going to do about it?"

"Well—as soon as I've had my breakfast, I'm going to cable Neddy Jerome and tell him I'm satisfied—satisfied to stay here and satisfied he's a liar. You see, Miss Roney, he objected vigorously to my coming here in the first place—wanted me to take a 30-day vacation and then manage the Colorado Consolidated Mines company, Ltd., for him. I like Neddy and would have been glad to go to work for his company, but, of course, Billy comes first, and so I declined the offer. Later I changed my mind, and last night I cabled him I'd accept if he'd wait 60 days—possibly 90; and now he replies that he's sorry, but the job is filled by a better man. That's why I know he's a liar."

"See. You figure there isn't a better mining engineer than you—eh, Caliph?"

He looked at her reproachfully. "No, but Neddy Jerome does, and I know he does because he has taken the trouble to tell me so more than once. And as a rule Neddy inclines toward the truth. However, it's just as well— He paused, staring hard at her. "By the way, you foretold this. Why, this is amazing."

She could have wept with laughter. "Well—soberly—I told you some other things equally amazing, did I not?"

"Yes, you told me other things more or less interesting, but you foretold this. How do you account for that?"

"The witness declines to insinuate on the ground that she may incriminate herself and be burned for a witch."

"Remarkable woman!"

"You were about to remark that it is just as well—"

"That Neddy's reconciled to losing me, because since cabling him yesterday evening I've changed my mind again. I'm going to stay here now."

"Indeed! Why?"

"Just to be obstinate. Apparently I'm not wanted here by the powers that be; so just to rile them, I'm going to hang around Sobrante and argue the question with them. By the way, I see you received a cablegram also.

Better news than mine, I hope."

She nodded. "I have a little business deal on back home. Haven't got a great deal invested, but it looks as if I might make \$10,000."

He arched his eyebrows and favored her with a little disapproving grunt. Sounded like the prospectus of a fake mining promoter—yes, by thunder, that was it. Dolores was a school teacher, and school teachers and doctors are ever the mainstay of a swindler's sucker list.

"You won \$10 from me yesterday," he challenged. "Bet you another ten I can tell you the nature of your investment."

"Go you, if I lose!" Unconsciously she was learning the argot of the male of the species, as exemplified in Neddy Jerome's cablegram.

"It's a mining property."

"You win. It is," she answered truthfully, starting to open her purse. "Quartz or placer?"

"I don't know. Explain."

He chuckled at her ignorance. "Quartz is gold-bearing rock, and placer is gold-bearing gravel."

"Then my mining property is placer, because it has lots of sand."

"I knew it, I knew it," he warned her solemnly, and he shook an admonitory finger at her. "Black sand, eh? Is the gold very fine?"

"I think it is."

"Then you're stung good and deep—so don't delude yourself into thinking you have \$10,000 coming. I never knew a proposition for saving the fine gold in black sand that didn't turn out to be a fizzle. It's the hardest thing in the world to save. Now, listen; you tell me the name of the firm-flam artist that got you into this deal, and when I get back to the United States I'll investigate the company; if it's an out-and-out swindle, I'll take that promoter by the throat and choke your money out of him, the scoundrel! It is just these fly-by-night fellows that ruin the finest gambling game in the world and scare off investors in legitimate mining propositions."

"Oh, you mustn't—really, Caliph. He's an old man, and I only did it to help him out."

"There should be no sentiment in business, Miss Roney."

"Oh, well, let's be cheerful and hopeful, Caliph, and discuss a more important subject."

She was very serious now, for by her meddling she had, she realized, so arranged matters that at a time when John Stuart Webster's very life depended upon his immediate departure from Buenaventura, he was planning to stay and face the music, just to be obstinate. "You must reconsider your decision to remain in this country," she insisted. "Your life may be the price of liberty of action, you know. Isn't Billy capable of developing the mine after you advance the cash?"

"I wouldn't advance him a cent for his mine until I had investigated it myself."

"Then you should make some arrangements to safeguard yourself while making the investigation, and leave Sobrante immediately thereafter. Isn't that a sensible proposition?"

"Very—if I felt like leaving Sobrante. But I do not. If that mining concession is a potential winner, I'll have to stick around and make a winner out of it before I go away and leave Bill in charge. Besides, I'm worried about Bill. He's full of malarial fever, and last night I got thinking about him and decided to send him back to the Colorado mountains for a few months. I want some regular doctors to work on him so he'll be fit when he gets back on the job."

"As a matter of fact, this idea of sending Billy to the United States had but that moment occurred to Jack Webster; he reflected now that this plan was little short of an inspiration. It would give Billy and Dolores an opportunity to marry and have a honeymoon. It would leave him free of her disturbing presence, and enable him to leave Sobrante when the Gearys should return. He resolved to speak to Billy about it."

Dolores' voice broke in upon his cunning reflections. "But Billy tells me you already have a fortune sufficient for the needs of a caliph without a court. Why risk your precious life to acquire more? Money isn't everything in life."

"No, but the game is."

"What game? Mining?"

"The game of life."

"But this is the game of death."

"Which makes life all the sweeter if I can beat the game. Perhaps I can better illustrate my point of view with a story. Some years ago I was sent to Arizona to examine a mining property and report upon it; if I advised its purchase, my principals were prepared to buy at my valuation. Well, when I arrived, I found a miserable shanty close to a shaft and dump, and in the shanty I found a weather-beaten couple. The woman was probably forty but looked fifty. The man had never been anything but a hard-rock miner—\$4 a day had been the limit of his earnings in any one day until he stumbled on some float, traced it up, and located the claims. I was there to examine and try to buy."

"His wife had been a miner's daughter, knowing nothing but drudgery and poverty and continuing that existence after marriage. For 20 years she had been washing her husband's rocks, washing his clothes, and cooking his meals. Even after they uncovered the ledge, it wasn't worth any more than the country rock to them unless they could sell it, because the man had neither the money nor the ability to develop it himself. He even lacked the ability to sell it, because it requires real ability to unload any kind of a mine for \$1,000,000, and real nerve on the part of the man who buys. I examined the mine, decided

it was cheap at \$1,000,000, and so reported to my principals. They wired me to close, and so I took a 60-day option in order to verify the title.

"Well, time passed, and one bright day I rode up to that shanty with a deed and a certified check for \$1,000,000 in my pocket; whereupon I discovered the woman had had a change of heart and bucked over the traces. No, siree! She would not sign that there deed—and inasmuch as the claim was community property, her signature was vitally necessary. She asked me so many questions, however, as to the size of the stamp mill we would install and how many miners would be employed on the job, that finally I saw the light and tried a shot in the dark. "My dear Mrs. Skaggs," I said, "if you'll sign this deed and save us all a lot of litigation over this option you and your husband have given me, I'll do something handsome. I will—on my word of honor—I'll give you the exclusive boarding house privilege at this mine."

"And what did she say, Caliph?"

"She said: 'Give me the pen, Mr. Webster, and please excuse my handwriting; I'm that nervous in business matters.'"

Dolores' silvery laughter ripped through the room. "But I don't see the point," she protested.

"We will come to it presently. I was merely explaining one person's point of view. You would not, of course, expect me to have the same point of view as Mrs. Skaggs of Arizona."

"Certainly not."

"All right! Listen to this! In 1907, at the height of the boom times in Goldfield, Nev., I was worth \$1,000,000. On the first day of October, I could have cashed in my mining stocks for \$1,000,000—and I had a lot of cash in bank, too. But I'd always worked so hard and been poor so long that my wealth didn't mean anything to me. I wanted the exclusive privilege of more slavery, and so I staked a copper prospect, which later I discovered to consist of uncounted acres of country rock and about \$25 worth of copper stain. In order to save \$100 I did my own assessment work, drove a pick into my foot, developed blood-poison, went to the hospital, and was nice and helpless when the panic came along the middle of the month. The bank went bust, and my ready cash went with it; I couldn't give my mining stocks away. Everybody knew I was a pauper—everybody but the doctor. He persisted in regarding me as a millionaire and sent me a bill for \$5,000."

"How perfectly outrageous! Why, Caliph, I would have let him sue me."

"I would have, too—but I didn't. I induced him to settle for \$100,000 shares of stock in my copper prospect. The par value was \$1 a share, and I was going to sell a block at 10 cents, but in view of his high professional standing I let him have it for a nickel a share. I imagine he still has it. I bought back later all the other stock I sold, because the property was worthless, and in order to be a sport I offered him \$500 for his block, but he thought I was trying to swindle him and asked \$5,000."

"Oh, Caliph!"

"Wonderful game, isn't it—this game of life. So sweet when a fellow's taking chances! Now that I am fairly prosperous again, the only thing in life that really matters is the uncertainty as to whether, when finally I do leave Sobrante, I shall ride to the steamship landing in a hack or a hearse."

"But you could go in a hack this morning and avoid that uncertainty."

"The millionaire drudge I told you of could have gone to live in a pretty villa on the Riviera, but she chose a miner's boarding house."

"Then why," she persisted, "did you leave the United States with the firm intention of remaining in Sobrante indefinitely, change your mind before you were here eight hours, and cable this Neddy Jerome person you would return in 60 or 90 days—and the following morning decide to remain, after all?"

"My dear young lady, if I changed my clothes as often as I change my mind, the what-you-may-call-'em chaps that manufacture a certain brand of clothes couldn't keep me dressed."

"But why?"

"That," he answered gravely, "is a secret."

"Women delight to pry into men's secrets."

"I know it. Had a friend once—married. Every night after dinner he used to sit and stare into the fire and his wife used to ask him what he was thinking about. He would look up at her owlishly and tell her it was something he couldn't explain to her, because she'd never understand it—and that was all he would tell her, although right frequently, I dare say, he felt like telling her some things she could understand! She brooded over his secret until she couldn't stand it any more, and one day she packed her odds and fies home to mother. He let her stay there three months, and finally one day he sent her a blue print of what he'd been thinking about."

"What was it?"

"An internal-combustion engine. You see, until she let him, he'd never been able to get set to figure out something in connection with the inlet valves."

"Stop right there, Caliph. I'm rebuked. I'll let you get set to think."

"I didn't mean that. You let me get set yesterday—and I figured it all out then—and last night—and a minute ago. I don't care to do any more thinking today. Please talk to me."

"And you refuse to tell me why you rebuked your friend, Jerome?"

"You will never know. I told you

it's a secret."

"Bet you I find out."

"How much? That \$10,000 you expect to make from the flour-gold in your black-sand claim? And, by the way, \$10, please. I won it for guessing you were interested in a mining proposition."

She returned to him the bill she had won from him the day before. "Ten thousand dollars suits me. Of course, I haven't got the money just now, and this is what Billy calls a finger bet, but if I lose, I guarantee to pay. Are we betting even money? I think that is scarcely fair. Under the circumstances I should be entitled to odds."

"Nothing doing! No odds on a bet of this nature to a seeress who has already jarred me from soul to vermiform appendix by making good! You know too blamed much already, and how you discovered it is a problem that may drive me crazy yet."

After breakfast they repaired to the veranda to await the result of Webster's experiment with Don Juan Cafetero. Sure enough, the wreck had again returned, he was seated on the edge of the veranda waiting for them; as they approached, he held up a grimy, quivering hand, in the palm of which lay a five-dollar gold piece.

"What?" Mr. Webster said, amazed. "Still unchanged?"

"I tried to change it at half a dozen cantinas," Don Juan wheezed, "but devil a bit of system did any av thing have. Wan offered this in spiggoty money an' the other offered that, an' sure if I'd taken the best that was offered me in exchange, ye might have t'ought I'd tuk more nor wan drink."

"Bravo! Three long, loud, raucous cheers for Don Juan Cafetero!" Dolores cried. "Was it a terrible task to come back without a drink, Don Juan?"

He shivered. "A shky-blue kangaroo wir' a pink tall an' green ears chased me into this patio, ma'am."

"You're very brave, Caferty. How does it feel to win back your self-respect?" Webster asked him.

"Beggin' the young leddy's pardon—it feels like hell, sor."

"Caliph, don't be cruel," Dolores pleaded. "Call a waiter and give Don Juan what you promised him."

So Webster went into the hotel bar and returned presently with a bottle of brandy and a glass, which he filled and held out toward Don Juan. "One of the paradoxes of existence, Don Juan," he observed, "lies in the fact that so many of the things in life that are good for us are bad for us. This jolt will disperse the menagerie and quiet your nerves, but nevertheless it is a nail in your coffin."

Webster, accompanied by his protegee, strolled uptown on a shopping tour. Here he outfitted Don Juan neatly but not gaudily and added to his own personal effects two high-power sporting rifles, three large-caliber automatic pistols, and a plentiful supply of ammunition—after which he returned to the hotel, first having conducted Don Juan to a barber shop and given him instructions to report for orders and his mid-day drink the instant he should have acquired the outward evidences of respectability.

At the hotel Webster found two messages awaiting him. One was from Billy Geary, up at San Miguel de Padua, advising him that everything was in readiness for a trip to the mine; the other was a note from Ricardo Roney, but signed with his alias of Andrew Bowers. Webster read:

"Dear Friend:

"A certain higher-up has been convinced that it would be extremely inadvisable to eliminate you now. It has been pointed out to this person that you are a prom. cit. up in your neck of the woods and dangerous to monkey with—personally and because such monkeying may lead to unpleasant complications with your paternal government. A far more artistic and effective way of raising hell with you has been suggested to this higher-up individual, and he has accepted it. Indeed, the plan pleased him so much that he laughed quite heartily. Really, it is quite diabolical, but remember, he who laughs last laughs best—and I'm the villain in this sketch."

"Barrish accidents, my dear Webster, you are good for at least six weeks of existence. Beyond that I dare not guarantee you."

"Thine,

"ANDREW BOWERS."

"That makes it nice," the recipient of this comforting communication mumbled. He went up to his room, packed a duffel bag with such belongings as he would find necessary during a prolonged stay in the mountains, and at luncheon was fortunate enough to find Dolores in the dining room when he entered.

"I'm going up to San Miguel de Padua this afternoon," he announced as he took his seat. A look of extreme anxiety clouded her lovely face, and he noticed it. "Oh, there's no risk," he hastened to assure her. "That scamp of a brother of yours, through his friends in high places, has managed to get me a reprieve." He handed her Ricardo's letter.

She looked up, much relieved, from her perusal. "And how long do you expect to be gone, Caliph?"

"Quite a while. I'll be busy around that dratted concession for a couple of weeks, surveying and assaying and what-all; then, while waiting for our machinery and supplies to arrive from the United States, I shall devote my spare time to hunting and fishing and reforming, Don Juan Cafetero. The cool hills for mine."

(To be continued)

LOST: Fox terrier, about three weeks ago; brown spot over one eye, black spot on right side and on tip of tail. Finder please notify Walter Housley, Kendrick. 2-11

No. 8

Report of the condition of the

Kendrick State Bank

at Kendrick in the State of Idaho, at the close of business

December 31, 1921

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	130,533.27
Overdrafts	4.05
Stocks, Bonds and Warrants	18,043.46
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	6,750.00
Other Real Estate	1,850.00
Cash on hand	10,352.13
Due from banks	54,724.90
Checks and Draft on other banks	4.86
Total	\$222,262.67

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	15,000.00
Surplus	10,000.00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and taxes paid	240.31
Individual deposits subject to check	110,465.86
Savings Deposits	34,364.57
Time Certificates of Deposit	48,284.75
Total Deposits	193,115.18
Cashier's Checks	3,277.18
Dividends Unpaid	630.00
Total	\$222,262.67

STATE OF IDAHO, COUNTY OF LATAH, ss.

I, E. W. Lutz, Cashier of the above-named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. W. LUTZ, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:

K. D. Ingle } Directors
Martin V. Thomas }

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of January 1922.

I certify that I am NOT an Officer or Director of this Bank.—G. F. Walker, Notary Public.

BIG BEN Reduced

A Real Clock at a Real Price

The Westclock Co.

The manufacturer claims for the Big Ben that it is the best clock on the market. We believe it!

Old Price \$3.75 New \$3.50

HAVE A CLOCK

Kendrick Hardware Company

"Exceptional Service"

Announcement

Dr. H. R. Veon
Dentist

Prompt and Courteous Treatment

Hours 9 to 12 and 1 to 6.
Other hours by appointment.

Up-to-date methods used

Office Drug Store Bldg.

Kendrick, Idaho

Butterwrappers printed at the Gazette Office.

Taking Desperate Chances

It is true that many contract severe colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding attack and paves the way for the more serious disease. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of bad colds may be had for a trifle.—Adv.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonic known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, etc.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Leland Items

The revival closed Sunday evening. It was pronounced one of the greatest ever held in Leland. Eighty-five united with the church. The weather and the roads were ideal during the two weeks and the church was filled to overflowing every night, after the first three services. Rev. Huges, by his earnest faithful work and jovial disposition, endeared himself to both pastor and people. On Sunday last the pastor baptized eighteen babies.

Mrs. Dick Winegardner and little girls and Miss Zimmerman visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Winegardner.

Mrs. Muhlitz left last week for Pasco, Wash., to visit her parents. Prof. Muhlitz is boarding at R. Winegardner's.

Mrs. Jennie Hund has been quite ill with a severe case of "Grippe".

Mrs. Ellicott, who has been quite poorly for some time, had an attack of pneumonia last week. Dr. Seeley treated her and reports her improving.

There is quite a good deal of sickness on the ridge. Dr. Seeley is kept quite busy and is fast growing in favor with the people.

Mrs. Inos. Cook and Mrs. Frank Bunger spent the day with Mrs. Hund, Monday.

A. H. Smith has purchased the Grandma Hartinger property in Leland.

Chas. Garrison spent several days last week in Lewison.

Mrs. Lucy Hoffman is assisting Mrs. Davis with her work while Mrs. Davis' mother is ill.

POULTRY CACKLES

BEST RETURNS FROM PULLETS

Maturity Can Be Hastened by Right Kind of Care and Feeding—Range Desirable.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A flock of pullets that can be brought to laying in the fall will give the largest yearly profit. The average poultry keeper fails either to hatch early enough in spring, so that the pullets may reach laying maturity in October, or he does not keep them growing rapidly enough to bring this about. Pullets that do not get to laying well before the arrival of cold weather and the short days of December, will seldom start egg production before February. Thus two or three months of additional feeding are required; and the advantage of this period of highest egg prices is lost.

Very few eggs are secured on the average farm during autumn and early winter, but experienced poultrymen by better management secure a fair egg production during these seasons. It is advisable, though not essential, that the cockerels and pullets be separated as early as possible and given separate free range.

Avoid overcrowding at night. A coop that will hold 100 young chickens will not house properly more than half as many growing pullets. Their maturity will be retarded if too many are kept together, or if they are annoyed by lice or mites. Frequent inspection of the houses, especially after the pullets have gone to roost, is advisable. If mites are seen crawling on the perches or are found by a careful inspection of the house, prompt measures must be taken to kill them by spraying the interior of the house, as advised by the United States Department of Agriculture, with crude petroleum, kerosene, cresol solution, cattle dip, or some other effective solution. Body lice frequently cause much annoyance and retard growth and maturity. Individual treatment of each pullet with sodium fluorid or mercurial ointment will clean up these pests on the birds themselves.

Feed freely of a good egg-laying ration; give plenty of range, and be sure

FEED LIBERALLY WHILE MOLTING

Forcing Will Stop Egg Production Without Causing Resumption Earlier Than Usual.

FAT GIVES FEATHER GLOSS

Hens That Begin to Molt Early Do the Job Slowly and Are the Poorer Layers of the Flock—Hen Cafeteria Is Used.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Scarcely anything on the farm is more distressing to view than a lot of hens going into cold weather without enough feathers to keep them warm. It is much like a man wearing a palm beach suit with snow on the ground, and trying to seem unconcerned about it, or the chap who leaves off his overcoat in zero weather to harden himself—so he says.

Forcing the Molt Unwise.

But there doesn't seem to be any help for the unhappy poultry minus their winter clothing. Much was said a few years ago about forcing the molting of hens, controlling it, and so arranging things generally that the hen would get back on the job of laying eggs with less delay. An experienced New York poultryman declared he had solved the problem by cutting down very materially the hens' rations for several days. This was followed by heavier feeding than ordinarily. The menu, or the lack of it, stopped laying, and often resulted in molting at once.

The results were not so satisfactory as had been hoped. In many cases the hens did not finish the molt much, if any, quicker than if they had been let alone. It didn't seem possible by this means to control the time at which the hens could be brought back to laying. Egg production could be stopped all right, but it couldn't be resumed any earlier than usual, and sometimes it looked as if it had been stopped permanently. Obviously, this wouldn't do.

One of the chief attractions of poultry keeping is a constant supply of eggs, let the feathers fall when they may. So the United States Department of Agriculture doesn't advise any one to try systems that seem in conflict with nature, who seems to have a way of her own in such things.

Early Molters.

As a rule, hens that begin to molt early do the job slowly, and are the poorer layers of the flock, while those that molt late get through with it quickly, and are about the best layers. Usually it takes three or four months to complete the process of molting. A few are all through in two months. Some go at it gradually, as if they didn't like to attract attention, while others drop all the feathers they have, or nearly all, at one time, and go about almost naked, with no regard for the proprieties. And while this is going on the hens lay few or no eggs. This is because the growth



Chickens Grow Rapidly When They Are Allowed Free Range.

they get plenty of mash. It is a help to keep it in hoppers, where they can have free access to it. A light feeding of moist mash, especially if mixed with milk, may induce them to eat a little more. If 25 per cent of buckwheat middlings is added to the allotment of mash to be moistened with milk or water it will be eaten eagerly by the pullets. A liberal amount of meat scrap in the mash is advisable at this time, particularly if plenty of milk is not available.

Corn, wheat, oats and barley are the principal grains fed. Kafir and buckwheat also are used, but are not so generally available, and usually cost more. Corn and wheat are the two best grains and are about equal in value, although wheat can be fed alone better than corn, which is inclined to be fattening. Oats and barley, on account of their hulls and higher fiber content, are not so good as corn or wheat. Rye is not well relished, and is seldom fed.

Corn meal, wheat bran, wheat middlings, and meat scrap form the basis of a good mash, with corn chop, corn-cob meal, ground oats, and low-grade flour may be added or substituted to advantage.



When on free range the fowls obtain a little of several different kinds of feed. Grain should not be made the sole feed, for then fat and not eggs is the usual result.

Place setting hens in colony houses or other rat-proof buildings. Brood coops with tight floors are useful for setting hens. Many a promising hatch has been ruined by the rat that stole the eggs.

Old hens may pay their way just by producing meat for the table, but why have a flock working half-time to produce meat when it might as well work full time, producing both meat and eggs?



PROFITABLE DAIRY IN SOUTH

Home Demand Supplied for Products and Soil Fertility Built Up and Maintained.

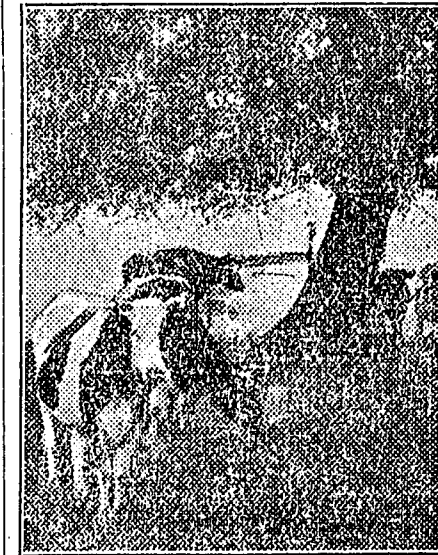
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

More than 9,500,000 pounds of butter was made by 93 creameries in the Southern States in the year ending December 31, 1919. Thirty of the 54 cheese factories scattered throughout the mountain region turned out 481,000 pounds of Cheddar cheese. Silos, modern dairy barns, and purebred dairy cows are becoming common. "Fifteen years ago dairying as an industry had been scarcely started in the southern states," said a specialist in the dairy division, United States Department of Agriculture. "The South probably has made more progress in the last 13 years than any other section of the country. The increase in the number of dairy cows from 1907 to 1920 was more than 50 per cent. The increase for the entire United States during the same period was 13.8 per cent."

While the increase in number of cows has been large, it is pointed out by men working co-operatively with the federal government and the state agricultural college that the improvement in quality has been of even greater importance. Purebreds have been shipped in every year in large numbers, and great interest has been shown in the use of purebred sires. There are now 48 bull associations in these states. The latest census figures available show there are 5,184 head of purebred dairy cattle in South Carolina and 9,586 in Virginia.

"Dairy development began in the southern states shortly after 1900," said one of the specialists, "but the improvement was slow at first. It was difficult to convince growers in my territory that there was anything for them in dairying. But an object lesson was found that finally convinced them. On one side of a road was a field of cotton that yielded two bales per acre; on the other side a field gave half a bale. The farm that grew two bales to the acre had kept cows for five years, and the manure had produced the change. Farmers were taken from miles around to see these two fields.

"This little demonstration illustrates the purpose for which dairy cows were



Purebred Hoistons on a Louisiana Farm—Cows Have Been Dipped Regularly for Ticks Without Loss in Milk.

recommended in sections of the South—not to make dairying a major industry, but rather to establish a system that would supply the home demand for dairy products, and at the same time build up and maintain soil fertility, both by supplying manure and by enforcing a proper rotation of crops. This would make possible the production of cotton and other staple crops at greater profit. This was the aim of the southern dairy extension work, the first large scale extension project attempted, which was started under the direction of the dairy division of the Department of Agriculture in 1906, and carried forward co-operatively by the department and the state agricultural colleges.

One of the first things corrected was the poor feeding methods. Cottonseed meal and hulls formed the basis of the ration; farmers had no knowledge of balanced rations; silos were few in number, and it was not known generally that they could be built by farm labor. A few silos were erected in 1906 as demonstrations, and the idea began to grow slowly in popularity.

The value of silage compared with cottonseed hulls was very striking, even in the days when hulls were only \$4 or \$5 a ton. A dairy farm near Bloxi, Miss., where 40 tons of silage were fed instead of cottonseed hulls, reported a saving of \$250 for the winter.

"From a local standpoint," writes one of the federal agents of the dairy division, "the establishing of dairying in the boll-weevil districts of Mississippi has been one of the greatest achievements. Anyone acquainted with the despondency of farmers in 1912 in southern Mississippi, and who was enabled later to see the change wrought by the dairy cows, will agree that enthusiasm for dairying is well founded in a region that was floundering for some means of a livelihood, now changed to a country in which the farmers are supplying whole milk for New Orleans and other points. This means good methods are being used."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Sarah C. Darby, Deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the estate of Sarah C. Darby, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to-wit, December 23, 1921, to the said executor at his residence at Linden, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in Latah County, State of Idaho.

Edward Darby, Executor of the Estate of Sarah C. Darby, Deceased. Dated at Moscow, Idaho, December 17, 1921.

Orland & Lee, Attorneys for Executor, Moscow, Idaho, 51-5t

KENDRICK AUTO CO.

Roberts Bros.

Bring in your batteries before they freeze.

Battery Storage per mo. 50c
Car Storage per month \$2.50

We rebuild batteries.

Autos Repaired
or
Overhauled

Oxy Acetylene Welding
and Lathe Work

Charges Reasonable
All work is guaranteed.

Terms Cash

Regular Meals 40c

Short Orders
all day

Prompt Service

Lunches Served Any Time

Mrs. Minnie McDowell

Insurance, Notary Public

Real Estate

Phone 462

G. F. WALKER

Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets

"I have frequently used Chamberlain's Tablets, during the past three years, and have found them splendid for headache and bilious attacks. I am only too pleased, at any time, to speak a word in praise of them," writes Mrs. Laura M. Hoyt, Rockport, N. Y.—Adv.

Horseshoeing

General Blacksmithing
Wagon and Carriage Shop
All work Guaranteed.

ALL KINDS OF
Repairing neatly done.

Frank Crocker

KENDRICK LODGE NO. 26.

A. F. & A. M.

Meets every second and last Thursday of the month
E. W. Lutz, W. M.
M. B. McConnell, Secretary.

How Not to Take Cold

Some persons are subject to frequent colds, while others seldom, if ever, have a cold. You will find that the latter take good care of themselves. They take a shower or cold sponge bath every day in a warm room, avoid over heated rooms, sleep with a window open or partly open, avoid excesses, over eating, becoming over heated and then chilled and getting the feet wet. Then, when they feel the first indication of a cold, they take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy without delay and it is soon over.

CALL FOR BIDS

Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned for the furnishing of sixty cord dry seasoned fir or pine 42 inch wood to be delivered and piled in school house yard at Kendrick before September 1, 1922. Bids to be opened February 1.
M. B. McConnell, Clerk,
Joint District No. 24. 3-3t.

FOR SALE: 2 fresh cows. Inquire G. A. Wayland, Kendrick. 3-2t

SNAPPY PRICES

On Warm Goods for
Snappy Weather

Men's heavy all-wool mackinaws, sizes 40 and 42, special this week, \$9.95

Men's heavy all-wool stag shirts, double back, specially priced at \$7.25

Men's medium stag shirts, double back and front, special \$4.85

Children's cashmere hose for 60c and 70c a pair

Youth's 7-inch leather top rubbers, special \$2.95

ECONOMY SPUDS

Solid, edible potatoes but small size—sorted out of our better grade—while they last, a sack .50

SUGAR fine granulated, per sack \$7.00

Post Toasties and Kellogg's Corn Flakes
2 Pkgs. for 25c

STANTON BROS.

Agents for the big IT (International Tailoring)

FRIDAY Jan. 27

Fraternal Temple, Kendrick
Kendrick Band Benefit

Dance and Basket Social

Ladies bring baskets

Everybody invited. Come and
have a good time.

Tickets \$1.50

PEARSON'S



A Local Product

Special for Saturday

Angel Food Cake and Butterhorns

Pearson's Electric Bakery

KENDRICK, IDAHO

GLEANINGS

Mrs. L. J. Herres received the first prize in the guessing contest put on by the Grand Theatre last Saturday night. There were 3877 beans in jar and she guessed 3879. The other three prizes were awarded to Theo Hanson, Harold Hanson, Mrs. Hanson and Walter McCrea, the two last named having the same number.

Mrs. A. R. Shumaker arrived Monday afternoon from Pullman to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jody Long.

Charles McKeever went to Spokane Sunday to attend the hardware dealers' convention.

Mrs. A. Jubilee, who will be remembered here as Miss Agnes Grice, has twin boys, born December 5. Mrs. Jubilee lives at Cloquet, Minn.

Jesse Hoffman of Leland returned Saturday from Nez Perce where he attended a meeting of the Nez Perce County Mutual Fire Insurance Co. The regular election of officers took place at this meeting, all of the old officers being re-elected. Mr. Hoffman is secretary and treasurer of the company.

While polling one of the wards lately, the canvasser, after inquiring for the man of the house and learning that he was not at home, asked the following question of the woman who had answered his knock. "What party does your husband belong to? This was the reply: "I'm the party my husband belongs to." What about it?"

Johnny—"Mother, why did you marry my Dad?"
Mother—"Johnny, I married your father because he once saved me from drowning."
Johnny—"I'll bet that's why he won't teach me how to swim."

Clearwater farmers in the Orofino district have organized a dairy association and will specialize on Holsteins and Gurnseys.

Prosecuting Attorney John Nesbit and Sheriff John L. Woody were in Kendrick on business the first of the week.

J. M. Woodward of Leland went to Lewiston on business, Tuesday.

Raleigh Hughes was a Moscow visitor the first of the week.

Tomorrow is the last day of the Moscow poultry show.

Ote Alber, who went to Moscow the first of the week expecting to undergo an operation for appendicitis, was advised that an operation was not necessary, so he returned home Tuesday afternoon.

Water pipes suffered in a number of places in Kendrick this week, on account of the steady cold weather. The ground was frozen to a depth of 10 inches in the streets where the snow was packed.

Mrs. Jody Long entertained a number of ladies at her home Tuesday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. A. R. Shumaker, who arrived the first of the week from Pullman.

Babe Ruth gets \$35,000 a week for 20 weeks in vaudeville—more than he can make in 2 years playing baseball.

Since he had been in France he was fond of airing his slight knowledge of French. On leaving his friend one evening he said: "Au revoir!" "What do you mean?" asked his friend. "I mean goodbye; au revoir is 'goodbye' in the French language," said the would-be linguist. "Oh, I see," retorted his friend. "Well, carabolic acid to you!" "What on earth does that mean?" "Carabolic acid means 'goodbye' in any language," was the reply.—American Legion Weekly.

Wilfred Olson and Gus Hokanson, both of Troy, and giving their ages as 18 and 19 years, were fined \$20 each by Judge Nelson of the probate court at Moscow last Friday. The young men pleaded guilty on the charge of drunkenness and disturbing the peace at Troy. They were given a suspended jail sentence of 15 days. Carl Cox, also of Troy, pleaded guilty to the same charge Monday and was given a like sentence and as he was unable to pay his fine he is serving time in the county jail.

Mrs. Henderson of Southwick was taken to Lewiston last Friday afternoon by Dr. Seeley of Leland, for hospital treatment. She will remain in Lewiston for some time where she will be given radium and x-ray treatments for cancer.

The local Rebekah lodge took up a collection at the last regular meeting and with the proceeds subscribed to the Gazette for a year for Charlie Sattler, who is at the I. O. O. F. Home at Caldwell. Both the Rebekahs and Oddfellows hear quite often from Charlie and his letters are always cheerful and highly complimentary to the manner in which the home is conducted.

E. W. Lutz and M. B. McConnell were transacting business in Moscow Thursday.

George Ziemann returned from Moscow, Thursday afternoon, after an absence of several weeks. He lost fifteen pounds while at the hospital.

Don McCrea attended the Junior Prom at Moscow last Saturday night.

E. L. White of Lewiston was transacting business in Kendrick Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilken and family, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Helton, Herbert and Leonard Wolff, and Norman Rowley attended the dance at the Will Zumhoffe place last Friday evening.

Leslie Roberts was in Moscow on business Thursday.

Walter Thomas left the first of the week for Spokane to attend the hardware dealers' convention.

Miss Edna Mellison arrived from Everett, Wash., Thursday, to visit her sister, Mrs. W. M. McCrea.

Dr. H. R. Veon, Kendrick's new dentist, started off with a rush. He has had his hands full during the past week. May the rush continue!

A number of retail merchants of Kendrick met in the domestic science room of the Kendrick high school last Friday evening at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a Retail Merchants' Bureau. The domestic science class served a delightful dinner, after which the business meeting was held. A committee of three was appointed to make arrangements for perfecting a permanent organization.

G. N. Baker writes from California that he recently shipped his first orange crop and that he expects to make a good profit on it. He and his family like their home in California very much. Mr. Baker was in business here before going to California.

Linden Items

The revival services closed Thursday night.

Ed. Darby, who has been very sick at his brothers home at Crescent, was reported some better yesterday.

Miss Carrie Allen spent Saturday at the Starr home.

D. McPhee came out from the Meadows, Sunday.

Miss Hammond had the misfortune, Wednesday noon, to sprain her ankle, making it necessary to close school until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Carr spent Sunday at the Shingler home.

Miss Eva Smith and Mrs. J. P. Alexander left Monday, to spend a few days with Leah and Anna Smith in Lewiston.

An item not sent in last week was: Ramee Hunt, while hauling logs was quite badly hurt, but is some better at present.

Mrs. C. H. Fry gave a canning bee last Tuesday.

Those attending Whistler's dance reported a very enjoyable time.

Miss Celia and Cleve McPhee returned to Long Meadows, Sunday.

C. H. Fry and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Whistler.

Mrs. Foster is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. McAllister is visiting at the Earl Langdon home this week.

Elmer Keeler and family were visitors at the Gus Farrington home Monday.

TROUBLE WITH POOR SILAGE

Moldy Condition Not the Result of Leaky Silos, but Due to Lack of Moisture.

Many farmers have trouble with moldy silage. Now, moldy silage is usually not the result of leaky silos, although air leaks in the silo will bring about mold. Practically all silos that are put up nowadays are air-tight; but moldy silage is frequently found in air-tight silos. Whenever mold is found in silage one may be almost certain that there was a lack of moisture when it was put in. When the stalks are somewhat dry it is impossible in packing and in settling the silage to get rid of all the air, which must be forced out if mold is to be prevented.

CLEANLINESS IS IMPORTANT

Utensils Must Be Kept Clean by Sterilizing, Not Simply Washed to Remove Impurities.

Cleanliness is godliness, especially in the dairy business. All the sanitary precautions taken for housing the dairy herd will be of no avail, if the utensils used in handling the milk are not kept clean. To be sure such utensils are clean, they must be sterilized, not simply washed to remove impurities that may be seen.

CURE COLD IN HEALTHY FOWL

Application of Three or Four Drops of Coat Oil in Nostrils of Bird is Effective.

A cold can be cured in a healthy fowl by an application of three or four drops of kerosene in the fowl's nostrils. Never get it in the eyes. Put enough permanganate of potash in the drinking water to color a bright pink. This is good for throat infections of all kinds and will usually prevent the spread of the trouble.

FEEDS FOR PRODUCING EGGS

Poultryman Should Have Full Knowledge of Proper Feed and How to Prepare It.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Everyone in the poultry business hopes to have eggs throughout the year, but of course this is scarcely possible. If the business is gone into on a commercial scale the largest profit should be obtained during the winter. If just two eggs a week extra can be obtained from every hen a good profit will be made, while if one egg a week extra can be recorded in the winter, this one egg will pay for all the feed the hen eats, according to the experience of the poultry specialists in the United States Department of Agriculture. To obtain this greater production not only should the fowls be young and of a good laying breed, but the feeder should have a full knowledge of the proper feed and how to prepare it. And this can be achieved only by study and care.

Nutrition in the feed of laying hens serves a twofold purpose: to repair waste and supply heat to the body and provide the egg-making materials. As only the surplus over what is needed for the body is available for



Purebred Poultry, Properly Fed and Cared For, is a Productive Investment.

egg production, the proper feeds should be given in sufficient quantities to induce this production.

In feeding poultry a valuable lesson may be learned from nature. In the spring the production of eggs is an easy matter. Fowls at liberty to roam find an abundance of green and animal feed on their range, which, with grain, provides a perfect ration for laying hens. In addition to this they get plenty of exercise and fresh air. So far as possible, then, the feeder should try to make these winter conditions springlike.

Two systems are used in feeding fowls—the dry-mash and the moist-mash, although in the dry-mash system a light-moist mash often is fed. By the term "mash" poultrymen mean a mixture of ground feed, either moist or dry. The greatest advantage to be derived from the dry-feed system are the saving of labor and the lessened danger of bowel trouble resulting from sloppy or soured mashes. In the dry-feed system for laying hens, as practiced successfully on a New York poultry farm, the grains fed are as follows, in the proportions indicated.

This mixture is scattered in the litter early in the morning, and again at about 11:30 a. m., and this induces abundant exercise. A hopper containing dry mash is hung against the wall. The mash is made of these ingredients in the proportions indicated (by measure):

200 pounds cracked 120 pounds wheat, corn. 120 pounds oats.
30 parts bran. 15 parts ground alfalfa.
30 parts middlings. 10 parts corn meal. 2 parts oyster shell.
30 parts meal (an- 1 part grit.
mal) 1 part charcoal.

The hopper containing this mash is kept before the fowls all of the time. Corn is the most popular of all the grain feeds for farm poultry, probably because of its abundance and comparative cheapness, and because it is relished over all other grains. It should

IS it not a true saying that none is so deaf as those who will not hear? If you will not use your ears, use your eyes. Look over your own country as well as other countries and make a list of the great men, including rulers who have shown great capacity, not only for great movements, but for great failures. Vanity, power and daredevil spirit living in the soul man often blind him and speed him upon the rocks of pride, prejudice and hate. Go slow and think twice before you start.

Oodles and Doodles of Bargains for One Dollar

Let us help you make the Dollar Eagle stretch his wings from tip to tip. Below we will quote many of the values you can bring to your home for

\$1.00

4 yards of Percale
6 yards outing flannel
4 yards gingham
5 yards cotton challey
3 1/2 yards drapey
3 1/2 yards toweling
6 yards cambric lining
4 yards creton
9 Silkine thread
26 sk Silk art thread
12 handkerchiefs
3 babies rubber panties
6 pairs children's hose
1 child's wool cap
3 pairs children's wool mits

1 child's unionsuit
6 pairs children's stocking feet
1 child's gown
2 ladies' brassiers
4 ladies' hose
1 ladies' sateen pltticoat
1 ladies' apron
3 pair ladie's fleece lined hose
3 lbs cotton batts
1 pair of ladies' overalls
4 ladies' brown hose
3 large Pkgs Alber's Wheat Flakes
3 large Pkgs Alber's Oat Flakes
3 pkgs Crystal White Soap Chips

Extra heavy stag shirts..... \$5.00
All wool stag shirts, double front and back..... 6.00
Men's wool pants..... 3.00
Men's extra heavy wool pants..... 5.00
Men's all wool jerseys..... 2.00
A great big warm blanket for \$5.00, a bigger one for..... 6.00

Kendrick Store Company

The Quality Store

Ford Prices Lower

Beginning January 16th the following prices are in effect:

AT FACTORY

Touring car	\$443.00
Roadster	414.00
Sedan	645.00
Coupe	580.00
Ton truck	430.00

Prices Delivered in Lewiston

Touring car	576.00
Roadster	546.00
Sedan	786.00
Coupe	718.00
Ton truck	560.00

These prices are the lowest at which Ford cars have ever been sold. Equipped with electric starter, and demountable rims. Get your Ford now.

Spiker & Jeffreys

Lewiston, Idaho

Wedding announcements printed at the Gazette office.

When You Are Constipated

To insure a healthy action of the bowels, correct disorders of liver, take two of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. They will not only cause a gentle movement of the bowels, without un-

pleasant effects, but banish that dull, stupid feeling, that often accompanies constipation.—Adv.

FOR SALE: A good light car and some cash buys good 160 acres on Potlatch ridge, 150 acres cultivated, good improvements, well located. A dandy home. Terms. Inquire Gazette. 49-1f.

Statements, Receipts and Expenditures of the Kendrick Highway District, year 1921

Cash on hand December 31, 1920	\$ 501.01	
Latah County levy	523.36	
Motor vehicle license	975.40	
Latah County, tractor hire near Juliaetta	112.50	
District tax levy	9572.86	
Village of Kendrick, tractor hire	86.10	
Moore raking rock after cattle, over grade	10.00	
Interest on Daily Balance	60.79	
Latah County, advance year 1922	2100.00	\$13942.02

Expenditures

District No. 1, as per overseers vouchers	\$1424.45	
District No. 2, as per overseers vouchers	2722.57	
District No. 3, as per overseers vouchers	284.60	
District No. 4, as per overseers vouchers	1005.34	
General Expense—		
Tractor & Graderman salaries	838.09	
Clerk, Commissioners, Expenses	371.20	
Culverts and lumber	364.85	
Bear Creek bridge	811.05	
Employes Insurance	51.10	
Blacksmithing, pick and shovels	112.85	
Printing and stationery	2.60	
Tractor and grader expense, oils and repairs	1100.37	
Paid on machinery	2450.00	\$11539.07
December 31, balance in hand of Treasurer		\$ 2402.95

Signed, E. P. Atchison, Clerk.