

### Over The County

**Juliaetta Record:** W. H. Mahon is here this week making preparations to start the canning plant about the first of the week. There has been a little delay in starting the plant owing to pears coming on a little later than was expected. However, they are about ready and Mr. Mahon expects to get the work started. He expects to can some apples and a few prunes in addition to pears and will employ about 20 people if he can get them.

**Troy News:** The taxes for this municipality are the highest of any in Latah county this year, with Bovill, Deary and Moscow following in the order named. Juliaetta has the lowest assessment. The matter of interest, however, is the disposition of the money. The total tax per \$100 for Troy is \$6.48, and \$3.50 of this is for village expenses, \$1.72 for school tax, 64 cents for highway tax, 57 cents for state and 25 cents for county taxes. The municipal expense item is the highest of any town in the county, while Moscow, Genesee, Kendrick and Deary have a higher item of school tax. The highway tax for this village is among the lowest in the county.

**Deary Press:** A. Wilmot of Kendrick proprietor of the lines which supply electric energy to the towns of Troy, Kendrick and Juliaetta, was in Deary, Wednesday, looking over the town with the view of laying before the citizens a proposition to run his light and power wires from Troy, a distance of 13 miles, to this place. He was favorably impressed with the prospect for business here and outlined his proposition to the village council at an informal meeting called for the purpose.

Within a few days it is expected that the matter will have assumed tangible shape, and that some definite statement concerning it can be made. Mr. Wilmot's activities in the towns mentioned have been successful. He is rendering good service at a very reasonable rate.

**Genesee News:** There is still much agitation going on for an "All Idaho" road from Genesee to Lewiston which will eliminate the half-mile section over in Washington.

This is as it should be. If the road is built it should be built within the state. Washington has no interest in this small piece of road and it is hardly probable that they will ever build it regardless of the fact that repeated promises to do so have been made. An all Idaho road would guarantee a great deal more travel over the north and south road through Genesee, Moscow and on to the north, thence to Spokane. It would give the tourist much finer scenery and would save them several miles travel—consequently much time and gas.

The road, as proposed, can very easily be built, and while it would cost a few dollars more, the fact that the road is to be built in Idaho makes it worth the price—especially since the Washington people do not seem to care whether the Idaho travelers come their way or not.

Let's all boost for an "All Idaho" road—north and south—and thereby allow Idaho travelers to travel in a state that really appreciates them and wants them. Let's go!

Since the above was put in type word has been received from Lewiston to the effect that they were ready to begin work on putting the "missing link" in a passable condition for this winter by putting some 500 yards of rock on it and that Genesee and Rimrock districts are asked to raise \$400 as their share of the expense.

### Philips-Baker

Mr. J. M. Baker of Cottonwood formerly of Kendrick and Miss Venia Philips were married in Lewiston, Wednesday, October 28. They came to Kendrick to visit with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Baker, who are now visiting at the Fred Crocker home.

### A Bad Accident

Little Evelyn Housley, 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Housley of this place, narrowly escaped death Wednesday afternoon when she was struck by a Ford car driven by A. E. Gisness of Spokane. As it was, she suffered a broken leg just above the ankle, was badly bruised and had four teeth knocked out.

The accident was unavoidable and no blame whatever was attached to the driver of the car. The story of the accident follows:

Evelyn was standing on the running board of Elmer Bechtol's car, which was parked near the curb in front of his residence. A puppy had crawled into the seat of the car and she was busily engaged playing with him. Suddenly she jumped for the running board and started to run across the street, passing just in front of the Ford car which was being driven at a very moderate speed. She had almost passed the car when the left fender struck her shoulder and knocked her down. Mr. Bechtol and Otto Schupfer saw it happen but it was over before anything could possibly have been done to prevent it. It is not known whether she was run over by a wheel of the car or not but the fact that one leg was broken, would indicate that a wheel passed over her.

The sun was shining on the windshield of the car so that the driver didn't see the little girl until after the car struck her. Mr. Bechtol and Mr. Schupfer both stated that the car was not going over ten or twelve miles an hour when the accident happened.

Evelyn was rushed to Dr. Kelley's office where she was given first aid. Dr. Carrow of Lewiston was also called on the case, making the trip from Lewiston in an hour and ten minutes.

While the danger is probably not entirely passed, the latest reports from the little girl's condition are to the effect that she is getting along very nicely and if no complications set in she will recover. She is now at the home of Dr. Kelley, where she is under the care of Mrs. Kelley, a trained nurse.

### Injured in Runaway Accident

Mrs. O. C. Aiken was quite seriously injured last Sunday morning while driving up to the gate of her home with a horse and buggy. As she started to get out of the buggy the horse whirled, cramping the wheels and tipping the buggy over. Mrs. Aiken was thrown out and badly shaken up and bruised. It will probably require considerable time for her to recover from her injuries.

### Light in the Wilderness

A note of optimism is sounded by a prominent bulletin service in a recent announcement. The bulletin said:

A gentleman in the inner councils of the nation's financial direction says to us substantially:

"We warned the optimists a year ago of what was coming and they would not listen. Any student of our announcements can see that we are warning the pessimists now.

"Do not be blind to the fact that credit could be extended twenty billions without bringing the legal reserve to the danger point.

"Remember that there is underproduction in almost every basic commodity the world over.

"Government may direct, but cannot control economic law, and there is approaching a conjunction of factors the result of which must be a gradual rising price scale and a revival of markets."

The sale of logging horses at Camp 6 last week, attracted many prospective purchasers, says the Deary Press. George Drury bought three head and others one to two animals each. The big horses were sold at \$50 each—you took your choice and paid your money.

### Bought Kendrick Residence

E. A. Deobald purchased the Elmer Bechtol residence this week. The Bechtol family will move to their other residence property just below the John Brown place, some time this week. Mr. and Mrs. Deobald will move into their new home as soon as it has been vacated. It is a good piece of property. The purchase price is understood to be \$1650.

Mr. and Mrs. Bechtol expect to improve the place to which they are moving. The bungalow is one which they built several years ago and will make a desirable home.

### Shipping Prunes

C. G. Compton has this week been shipping prunes in carload lots to Montana points. He shipped the second car Tuesday. Mr. Compton says that with favorable weather conditions he will probably ship from five to seven carloads from this territory.

The prunes are being "shuffle packed" in 18 pound boxes. They bring the producer about 30 cents a box.

Mr. Compton stated the first of the week that the crop this year is of exceptionally good quality as there is practically no scale or scab. The greatest difficulty has been to get pickers.

Since writing the above a heavy wind storm "picked" the prunes. They now form a purple carpet under the trees in the orchards and are fit only for drying.

### Bought Cedar Creek Farm

W. H. Weyen closed a deal this week for the Walter Knight farm between Linden and Crescent. The place contains 160 acres and is a fine piece of land. The purchase price is understood to be \$14,000, which included the stock and equipment. The deal was made by G. F. Walker, local real estate dealer.

The Weyen family will move to their new home next month. Mr. Weyen is advertising to sell one of his farm outfits at public auction the fifth of October. Walter Knight and family will drive to California in their Chevrolet car which they purchased from Mr. Weyen. They expect to spend the winter there and may buy land if they find anything that suits them.

### School Notes

The enrollment of the school has reached the 175 mark and there are rumors of more coming. Fifty-one are enrolled in the High School and the primary room is crowded with its 44 little people. Several more seats were moved into the third and fourth grade room to accommodate the 36 pupils there and the 8th grade rolls were increased by two new students.

Freda Walker and Kermit Waide, 8th grade pupils, attended the fair at Troy on Wednesday.

The Domestic Science classes have this week canned tomatoes, made pimento peppers, mustard pickles and crabapple jelly. The apples for the jelly were donated to the class by Mr. Ameling and were very much appreciated.

A number of boys were absent from high school Wednesday afternoon on account of the baseball game between the "Kendrick Kids" and the Troy boys.

Basket ball practice will start soon. Games are now being scheduled with several of the nearby towns.

The reception given last Friday evening in honor of the faculty, was very much appreciated by them. All had a very enjoyable time and a very helpful spirit of co-operation was promoted for which special commendation is due the Sunshine Club.

Mrs. Edwin A. Smith of Spokane is visiting this week at the home of her sister, Mrs. H. P. Hull.

### Funeral of Martin O. Lien

Tuesday afternoon a large gathering of relatives and friends assembled at the Lutheran church on Bear ridge to pay their last tribute to the memory of Martin O. Lien, whose life was taken on the field of battle during the World War. The church was packed, there being scarcely standing room for many who wished to witness the last sad rites.

During the impressive service conducted by Rev. Peter Hasby and Rev. Howard W. Mort, many beautiful tributes were paid to the life of the young man who gave his all for his country.

At the beginning of the service a male quartet, composed of Rev. Mort, N. E. Ware, A. N. Rognstad and N. E. Walker, gave an appropriate selection. This was followed by scripture lesson and prayer by Rev. Hasby and a short address by Rev. Mort, who, in a most fitting manner spoke of the splendid character and exemplary life of the deceased. Rev. Hasby delivered an impressive sermon after which the church service was concluded by a number from the male quartet.

The casket, covered by the American flag, was carried from the building to the churchyard by Jack Bechtol, Fred Bolon, Leo Raaberg, Frank Ellis, Gabriel Forest and Ingvald Aas. At the grave a brief service was held and a parting salute fired by a squad from the Kendrick American Legion. After sounding taps the body was reverently consigned to the grave.



Martin Lien was born on Craig Mountain, south of Lewiston, Idaho, March 31, 1894. This was his home until the fall of 1899, when he with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ole Lien, moved to Big Bear ridge near Kendrick. October 7, 1917 he answered his country's call, going direct to Camp Lewis where he joined the 91st Division, which suffered such terrible losses toward the end of the war. From Camp Lewis he was transferred to Camp Merritt, N. J., June 23rd, where he was stationed a short time before being sent across to France. After a brief preliminary overseas training he was sent to the front and was killed in action October 2, 1918, a trifle less than a year after entering the army.

Martin Lien came from a fine family of highly respected people. Besides his father and mother he is survived by five brothers, two sisters and many other relatives. His brother, Isaac, was in the service and is now living in California.

The bank of beautiful flowers was evidence of the esteem in which the dead soldier was held. It was the last material tribute which his friends could give and was a token of the cherished memory which they will always hold for him.

### Freak Corn

Oscar Morey of Big Bear ridge brought a freak bunch of corn to the Gazette office this week. There were 13 small ears in one cluster which grew on top of the stalk where the tassel should have been. One ear, in the center, was a comparatively good ear of corn but the others didn't amount to much as they were small and contained but a small amount of corn.

### Found Dead Body

A dead man with letters and naturalization papers bearing the name of Thomas Snea, and a Seattle address, was found about 4 miles above Arrow Junction last Friday morning.

Upon investigation it was found that the man had been camping along Potlatch creek for about a month with only a bed as camp equipment. A passerby saw him in his bed near the road about eight o'clock Friday morning and returning an hour later saw the body lying on the ground near the bed but thought nothing strange of it at the time. Mrs. J. J. Groseclose went to her garden about nine o'clock and saw the body by the bed which was near her garden fence. She discovered that the man was dead and notified the sheriff's office.

The coroner was of the opinion that the man had died between 8 and 9 o'clock from natural causes.

Apparently he was an umbrella mender by trade. Some letters found in his pocket would indicate this.

### Deary on Cash Basis

Merchants and business men of Deary have unanimously signed an agreement to sell only for cash, beginning October 1st, 1921, says the Deary Press. Old Man Credit, who has stood in the way of the prosperity of both buyer and merchant alike for the past thousand years, has got to beat it from Deary.

The reason cited for this move on the part of local business men is that wholesalers are now exacting cash for purchases of goods made by the merchants. They in turn must require cash on all sales.

The agreement is as follows: "We, the undersigned merchants of Deary, having been forced on a cash basis, due to the wholesale houses having refused us credit, our business on a cash basis on and after October 1st.

"Deary Garage, by L. O. Beyer; Deary Trading Co., Theo Glomb; P. A. Bjorn, Deary Mercantile Co.; Highway Garage, by John Peterson; Deary Dray & Transfer, Lewis Aas; S. E. Anderson, C. E. DesVoignes, Deary Hardware Co., Joseph L. Bower, Constantine Lynch, Mark P. Miller Milling Co., J. A. Fisher, W. E. Gorrja, Farmers Warehouse & Elevator Co., Ltd.

### Kendrick Kids Won

The baseball game between the Kendrick Kids and Troy Juniors, played at the Troy Fair Wednesday, resulted in a victory for Kendrick by a score of 9 to 3. Both teams were somewhat out of practice but they put up a good game just the same and the crowd was well pleased with the exhibition. It was a clean game without wrangling or dissatisfaction of any kind and the Kendrick boys are enthusiastic in their praises over the treatment which they received at Troy.

Otto Eichner's pitching was the feature of the game. He struck out nine men and handled his position like a national leaguer. Egnaz Flaig slammed out a home run and Claud Stanton and Wayne Herres each secured a three-base hit.

Manager Harry Stanton is well satisfied with the game and with the way the boys played their positions. Following is the Kendrick line-up: Herres, c; O. Eichner, p; Clauo Stanton, 1st b; A. Perryman, 2nd b; C. Perryman, 3rd b; Egnaz Flaig, ss; Harry Flaig, lf; E. Dammarell, cf; I. Eichner, rf; Frank Brocke and Buster Brown, subs.

### Red Cross Meeting

There will be a meeting of the local Red Cross organization in the basement of the Methodist church Monday evening, October 3, at 7:30 o'clock. E. H. Dammarell, president of the local branch, has a number of important matters to bring before the organization, which are up for decision by the members. A good attendance is desired.

### Order Your Picric Acid

County Agent Skuse of Nez Perce County, has charge of the assembling of orders for a possible carload shipment of picric acid to Lewiston, says the Tribune. This picric acid is a salvaged war material and has been turned over by the war department to the department of agriculture. The picric acid is given away to stimulate interest in land clearing, the only cost to the farmer being that for carting, packing and shipping. No one farmer can secure more than 1,000 pounds.

The need for this explosive in this part of north Idaho is comparatively limited, so it is necessary to pool orders coming from farmers living in the southern part of Latah, Nez Perce, Clearwater, Lewis and Idaho counties, with the idea of getting a total supply of 24,000 pounds, which would be a minimum carload.

The supply is located in Wisconsin and New Mexico, and as there are 12,500,000 pounds in all, it is expected that it will soon all be taken and no more will be available.

As near as it is possible to estimate, it will cost a little more than half as much laid down here as the ordinary powder. The plan is that each prospective purchaser will deposit with Mr. Skuse at the rate of 6 cents a pound, which is the cost of carting and packing, up to an amount not exceeding 1,000 pounds. If it is possible to secure enough orders to make at least 2,000 pounds, a carload will be shipped to Lewiston and reshipped by local freight to the purchasers. If not enough orders are secured, the deposits will be returned.

The first carload to come to the northwest has recently arrived in Sandpoint; the second carload went to the Potlatch country in Latah county. The final cost of the explosive laid down at Sandpoint was \$12.15 per box of 124 pounds, gross weight, so it is expected that the costs would be a little greater here.

County Agent O. S. Fletcher of Latah county, County Agent C. H. Behkne of Lewis county, County Agent R. M. Pavey of Idaho county and C. H. Ede of the bank of Orofino, are co-operating in the assembling of orders for their respective counties, and so far as possible orders should be handled through them. Those who find it inconvenient to deal through these agencies can send their orders direct to Agent W. W. Skuse at Lewiston.

### A Great Liquidator

You must hand it to the great American dairy cow when it comes to keeping a community in a liquid condition. She is a regular Wall Street as a wealth producer and she never needs any deflation and when she endorses a farmer's note it is universally regarded as "good paper." She is one grand little liquidator. Go out among the country banks where the dairy cow reigns supreme and you will not hear of "frozen credits."

This is an industry with a production around a billion dollars a year. Can you grasp it? The production of milk in this country is about ten billion gallons, one billion and a half pounds of butter and eight hundred million pounds of cheese. Some figures, but then the production does not equal the demand.

The University of Missouri proved that, in a single season, one of its cows produced food equivalent to that in the carcasses of four 1250-pound steers. While these steers could furnish this food but once, the cow would be ready the next season to duplicate her feat or better it.

We notice that about the only country banks which invest in commercial paper at this time are the ones where the dairy cow makes her home.—EX.

Mrs. Floyd Stevens came up from Clarkston the first of the week for a visit with relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Stevens moved to Lewiston some time ago where they will make their home this winter. Floyd has a job in a dairy there.

# Kendrick Gazette

Ralph B. Knepper, Publisher

Entered as second-class matter 1892 at Kendrick, Idaho, under the Act of Congress of March, 1879.

Subscription \$1.50 a year.

Foreign Advertising Representative  
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

To tell the truth is a cardinal virtue, but it isn't a good idea to always tell it.

The mills of the Gods grind slowly, which proves the mills have been unionized.

"Today is the tomorrow you worried about yesterday."

It certainly is a caution the way people devour the daily reports of the Arbuckle case. They are better posted on the "revolting details", so widely published, than on any other current event.

Federal taxes are to be decreased 600 million dollars, but it is nothing for us to get excited about. Most of it is to be taken out of excess profits and the surtax on big incomes.

Like motor cars airplanes are safer for some than for others. In Europe, when there is no war on, they are careful of human life. More than 2,200 passengers were carried in a total of 511 flights from the French aviation field at Bourget during July. 30,000 pounds of merchandise, 800 pounds of mail were transported during this period. No serious accidents were recorded.

Judging from the number of changes of address on the Gazette's mailing list these days, people are doing a great deal of moving around. A spirit of unrest seems to exist among all classes and they are endeavoring to better their condition by change of location. It may be cheaper to move than to pay rent, but it's an expensive business to move too far.

On what wasteful Americans throw away 50,000 junk collectors last year salvaged nearly 2 billion dollars worth of material, says the Waste Trade Journal, published in New York. They reclaimed 1 1/2 million tons of waste paper, 1/2 million tons of old cotton, woolen rags to be made into shoddy all-woolen clothing, 130,000 tons of old copper, 259,000 tons of old brass, 124,000 tons of lead, 50,000 tons of zinc, 23,000 tons of tin, 15,000 tons of aluminum, 200,000 tons of rubber of which 75 per cent were used tires, inner tubes, 6 million tons of scrap iron, and steel. But as this waste keeps 50,000 people busy, perhaps it isn't all waste; after all.

## CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our sincere thanks to our friends and neighbors for their kindness and assistance during our time of sorrow. We especially wish to thank the members of the American Legion and those who so beautifully decorated the church for us.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ole Lien and family.

## METHODIST CHURCH.

Howard W. Mort, Pastor.  
The new library with 50 new books has arrived. There are some mighty fine books among the fifty. If you like to read, here is your chance. It costs you nothing if you take care of the books and return them in two weeks.  
Beginning Sunday, there will be a considerable change in the Sunday school. The school is being thoroughly graded up to the senior department. Why not come with the children? There is a bible class for you. There are classes for everyone. There are going to be things happening this winter. Get in on the ground floor. We are expecting you at 10 o'clock.  
Morning preaching service at 11 a. m.  
Epworth League at 6:45 p. m.  
Evening song service and worship at 7:30 p. m.  
Watch for announcement of that "Trip around the world." in the next issue.

American Ridge: Sunday school 10 a. m. No preaching.

## EMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH

Cameron, Idaho.  
There will be regular German services on Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday school in both languages at 9:30 a. m.

The choir meets regularly on Thursday evening at the church.

The young people will meet at the home of Herman, Otto and Martha Sillow on Friday evening for the purpose of organizing the Luther League. We urge all Lutheran young people to be present on this evening.

Catechetical school in both languages on Saturday morning at 8:30. Tuesday, October 4th, the constitutional committee of the Ladies Aid will meet at the home of the pastor.

Wednesday, October 5th, the Ladies' Aid of the congregation will meet at the parsonage for the purpose of organizing. All Lutheran ladies are invited.

You are most cordially invited to attend these services and we urge all Lutheran families to send their children to be instructed in the school on Saturdays.

Rev. E. A. Rein, Pastor.

## Leland Items

Mr. and Mrs. DeWinters drove down to Lewiston Wednesday.

William Behrens has purchased the Ross Hoffman property and is moving to it.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Winegardner are moving to the Anna Oylear property for the winter.

Miss Nellie Thornton is boarding with Mrs. Ralph Oylear and is attending high school.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Smith visited the LeBaron family at Cavendish, Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. DeWinter and children were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hall, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Denzil Kuykendall have moved into the village for the winter.

Moving seems to be the order of the day around Leland.

Jesse Hoffman is working a number of men this week, filling his silo with "sauer kraut".

Clyde Daugherty, who has been in Portland for sometime taking medical treatments, is at home for a few days and seems much improved we are glad to report.

The Corkill brothers lost a good horse last week, which they thought died from a snake bite.

## American Ridge

Miss Nettie Mae Jacobus left last week for an extended visit with friends in Spokane.

Henry Roberts of Nampa has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Bob Cain, John Roberts and others on the ridge.

Mr. John Waide and family were visitors at the Wm. Watts home, Sunday.

The election of Sunday school officers for the American Ridge Sunday school will be held October 9th. You are earnestly requested to be present.

Mrs. Sam Bigham was a Sunday guest at the John Broeke home.

Taking care of beans seem to be the order of the day.

J. L. Johnson intends to start his prune dryer this week.

Mrs. Whetstone spent part of the day, Tuesday, visiting with Mrs. Deobald.

George Davidson began threshing beans Wednesday.

## DON'T CROWD GROWING CHICK

Where Space Is Limited Youngsters Become Overheated, Causing Outbreak of Colds.

Growing chicks must not be confined to crowded quarters at night. If they are, they will become overheated and this, in turn, will lead to the development of colds of which it is very difficult to rid the flock and which may be carried along through the summer and fall, causing a serious outbreak of colds in the laying flocks the following winter.

How can one tell whether or not the chickens have enough room? One of the best indications is the condition of the plumage. If the plumage is bright and clean it is a good sign that the birds are doing well and have room enough. If the plumage is soiled by droppings, it is an indication that there is not room enough for all of them on the roosts, with the result that some are compelled to rest on the floor beneath the roosts and thus become soiled.

A trip to the growing houses after dark will also determine whether enough room is being provided. If there is not space enough so that all the chickens can find room on the roosts, the quarters are too crowded and some of the chickens must be taken out. If all can find room on the roosts comfortably and if the house is well ventilated, the quarters are not crowded and the youngsters should do well.

## Kansas Family Problem.

An Emporia family takes the family dog to church once in a while. Last Sunday the dog was tied to the motor car during the services. Every time the choir sang the dog howled. It was a question whether to take the dog away to keep from disturbing the peace or stop the choir to keep from disturbing the dog.—Emporia Gazette, 1172.

# CULL "SLACKER" FOWLS IN FLOCK

Poultry Methods Greatly Improved by Campaigns in Communities in Idaho and Iowa.

## FARMERS' WIVES GET \$177.22

Many New Poultry Houses Have Been Constructed and Others Repaired and Cleaned—Breeding Eliminates Nonlayers.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Culling campaigns in Iowa and Idaho have greatly improved poultry methods in the communities where they were carried on. The home demonstration agent, co-operatively employed in Marshall county, Iowa, by the State Agricultural college and the United States Department of Agriculture, states that many new poultry houses have been built and many others repaired and cleaned. In one month, with the assistance of a specialist from the State Agricultural college, 66 demonstrations of culling were given, 950 persons attended and 7,320 birds were handled from which there were 3,003 culled out. Tuberculosis was found in 43 flocks and cholera in 17.

## Records Were Kept.

Thirteen egg records were kept for two weeks before and after the demonstration. The owners found that 2,219 birds laid 5,492 eggs before culling and that after culling 1,527 birds laid 5,379 eggs, which meant that 692 were not producing. The "slackers" were sold for 25 cents per pound, and netted \$177.22 for the farmers' wives.

In another county in Iowa during one month 62 demonstrations were held in the culling of home poultry flocks by the home demonstration agent in which 6,833 birds were handled and 2,000 culled out, at a sav-



Home Demonstration Agent Culling "Slacker" Hens.

ing of \$3,322 on feed. About \$1,200 was realized from the sale of these non-producing birds.

## Big Saving in Idaho.

Six home demonstration agents in Idaho counties report poultry culling with the result of saving \$51,368. Interesting reports from the counties include the building of 25 standard-type poultry houses, a tuberculosis eradication campaign, two poultry excursions with an attendance of 170 interested people, and a community breeding circle to demonstrate that systematic breeding tends to eliminate nonlaying hens. Two counties conducted full culling campaigns followed by co-operative marketing in carload lots. Definite poultry records are being kept by demonstrators in each of the six counties.

## PRODUCE MUTTON FOR TABLE

There Are Many Areas Where Few Sheep Could Be Kept at Advantage—Thrive on Brush.

Sheep are not very generally kept on farms for supplying the family with meat. There are many areas, especially in hilly or mountainous regions, United States Department of Agriculture specialists point out, where nearly every farm could keep a few mutton sheep to advantage. Boys' and girls' clubs in some parts of the country have done much to foster home production of mutton.

Sheep naturally graze over rather wide areas and seek a variety of plants. This habit adapts them to being kept in large numbers on lands of sparse vegetation or which furnish a variety of grasses or other plants. They do better on short and fine grass than on coarse or high feed. They will eat much brush and, if confined to small areas, will do a fair job of cleaning up land. When used in this way or on land producing brush only they cannot be expected to prove very satisfactory in producing good lambs or good wool. Useful information for anyone undertaking the raising of sheep will be found in Farmers' Bulletin 840, while slaughtering and methods of cooking and curing the meat are discussed in Farmers' Bulletin 1172.

# Abnormalcy vs. Normalcy at \$19.00

Sept. 30, 1920

1 sack cane sugar - - \$19.00

Sept. 30, 1921

Note the items you can buy today with \$19

100 lbs. cane sugar  
50 lbs. flour  
5 lbs. roast beef  
5 lbs lard  
1 dozen eggs  
1 lb. butter  
2 lbs. best coffee  
1 lb tea  
25 lbs. potatoes  
1 lb. baking powder  
1 can salmon  
1 can pineapple  
9 lbs. corn meal  
9 lbs oat meal  
1 box crackers  
1 can milk  
4 bars laundry soap  
1 bottle catsup  
1 loaf bread  
All for - - - \$19.00

This space represents the yawning void of pantry shelves that worried housewives a year ago today.

Total - - \$19.00

# N. B. Long & Sons

The Home of Good Things to Eat and Wear  
Kendrick, Idaho

## FARM CHIMNEYS NEED STUDY

They Should Start From Ground and Not Be Placed on Brackets—Make Foundation Solid.

All chimneys for farm buildings should start from the ground. Those placed on brackets are unsafe and often increase the rate of insurance. In a properly designed house of moderate size, one or at most two chimneys, each containing several flues, will serve every purpose. If possible, a flue should be provided for each stove, as much better drafts are thereby obtained, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The chimney should have a solid foundation of brick or stone, and if of brick, of course, an extra footing should be laid. The exterior walls should be two bricks thick and the division walls one brick thick. In case the chimney is lined with one

of the patent fire-clay linings now on the market one brick will prove of sufficient thickness for the exterior walls.

In case it is necessary to carry a stovepipe any considerable distance inside a partition to reach the chimney, a terra cotta thimble should be used, and where a pipe passes completely through a partition it should be protected with a ventilated thimble.

## DR. J. H. KELLY

Physician and Surgeon  
Kendrick, Idaho

## BLACKSMITH

First class work done  
Years of Experience  
Wm. Meyer  
KENDRICK, IDAHO

## J. F. Papineau

Licensed Auctioneer

I make a specialty of Farm and Livestock Sales and can furnish the best of references. I always try to give both buyer and seller a square deal. Church and charity work gladly done free—Call me at my expense or make dates at Kendrick Gazette office or at either bank.

Phone: Farmers 911X1 or Main 45

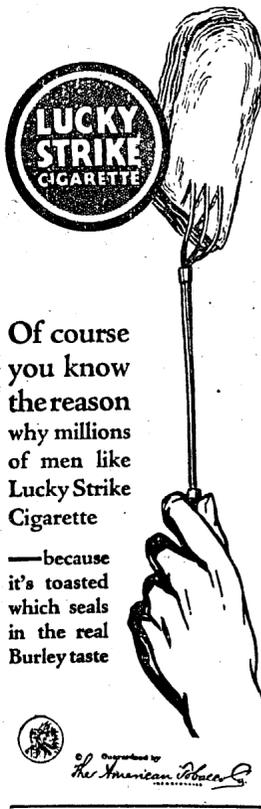
R. F. D. 5, Moscow, Idaho

Keep Well and Be Happy.

If you would be happy you must keep your bowels regular. One or two of Chamberlain's Tablets taken immediately after supper will cause a gentle movement of the bowels on the following morning. Try it.—Adv.

## \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative power of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.



Of course you know the reason why millions of men like Lucky Strike Cigarette

—because it's toasted which seals in the real Burley taste

No. 141  
Report of the condition of  
**The Farmers Bank**  
at Kendrick, in the State of Idaho at the close of business  
September 6, 1921

## RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts.....	121,422.41
Overdrafts.....	657.52
Stocks, Bonds and Warrants.....	2,000.00
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures.....	9,636.00
Other Real Estate.....	1,000.35
Cash on hand.....	\$ 2,550.02
Due from banks.....	34,191.94
Checks and Drafts on other Banks.....	1,106.31
Other Cash items.....	986.26
Total.....	\$173,550.81

## LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in.....	15,000.00
Surplus.....	3,000.00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and taxes paid.....	156.95
Reserved for Taxes.....	
Individual deposits subject to check.....	\$ 79,414.89
Savings Deposits.....	23,706.96
Time Certificates of Deposit.....	32,790.64
Total Deposits.....	\$135,912.49
Cashier's Checks.....	4,481.37
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed.....	15,000.00
Total.....	\$173,550.81

STATE OF IDAHO, COUNTY OF NEZPERCE, ss.  
I, M. B. McConnell cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
M. B. McCONNELL, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:  
E. W. Eaves } Directors.  
E. P. Atchison }

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of Sept., 1921.

I certify that I am NOT an Officer or Director of this Bank.—G. F. WALKER, Notary Public.

W. A. Rothwell, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon  
Office State Bank Building

Kendrick, Idaho.

KENDRICK LODGE NO. 26.

A. F. & A. M.

Meets every second and last Thursday of the month  
E. W. Lutz, W. M.  
A. V. Dunkle, Secretary.

Regular Meals 40c

Short Orders  
all day

Prompt Service

Lunches Served Any Time

Mrs. Minnie McDowell

Chronic Catarrh

Our manner of living makes us very susceptible to colds and a succession of colds causes chronic catarrh a loathsome disease with which it is estimated that ninety-five per cent of our adult population are afflicted. If you would avoid chronic catarrh you must avoid colds or having contracted a cold get rid of it as quickly as possible. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is highly recommended as a cure for colds and can be depended upon.—Adv.

Barber Shop

Courteous Treatment

Satisfaction

Guaranteed

William Rogers

WAGNER'S GARAGE

HASSLER SHOCK  
ABSORBERS

The proper equipment for all Ford cars and trucks.

Autos Repaired

or

Overhauled

Oxy Acetylene Welding  
and Lathe Work

Charges Reasonable

All work is guaranteed

Terms Cash

Draying

Residence Phone 726

Kendrick Dray and Ice Co.

Frank Chamberlain, Prop.

AUCTIONEER

Mr. Farmer:

If you are going to sell and desire my services see me for dates early as I sell nearly every day during the sale season.

Am now located at Pullman, Wash.

Telephone No. 7

Col. Chas. E. Walks

A. H. OVERSMITH

Attorney-at-Law

Ugouhart Building Third Street

Moscow, Idaho.

Dr. S. A. Roe

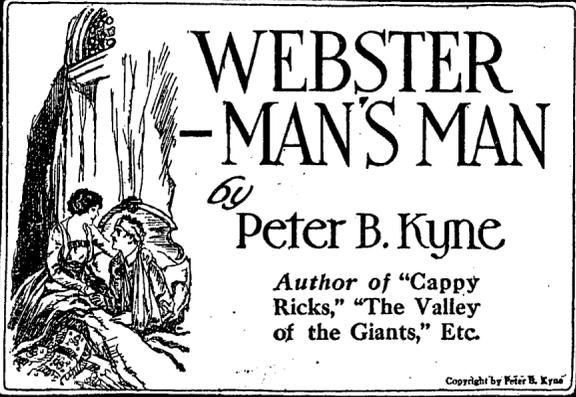
Practice Limited to Diseases of the

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Glasses Fitted

Office Over Beach's Store

LEWISTON, IDAHO



SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.—John Stuart Webster, mining engineer, after cleaning up a fortune in Death Valley, Calif., boards a train for the East. He befriends a young lady annoyed by a masher, thoroughly trouncing the "pest."

(Chapter I Continued)

John Stuart Webster passed a restless night. Sleep came to him in hourly installments, from which he would rouse to ask himself whether it was worth while to continue to go through the motions of living, or alight at the next station, seek a lonely and unfrequented spot and there surrender to outrageous fortune. It was altogether damnable. In a careless moment, Fate had accorded him a glimpse of the only woman he had ever met and desired to meet again—for Webster was essentially a man's man, and his profession and environment had militated against his opportunities for meeting extraordinary women; and extraordinary women were the only kind that could hope to challenge his serious attention. Fate had accorded him a signal opportunity for knightly combat in the service of this extraordinary woman, and in the absence of a formal introduction, what man could desire a finer opportunity for getting acquainted! If only their meeting had but been delayed two weeks, ten days, a week! Once free of his ugly cocoon of rags and whiskers, the butterfly Webster would not have hesitated one brief instant to inform himself of that young lady's address, following his summary disposal of her tormentor.

But in all things there is a limit, and John Stuart Webster's right eye constituted a deadline beyond which, as a gentleman, he dared not venture; so with a heavy heart he bowed to the inevitable. Brilliant and mysterious as a meteorite she had flashed once across his horizon and was gone.

In the privacy of his stateroom Webster had ham and eggs for breakfast. He was lighting his second cigar when the porter knocked and entered with an envelope.

"Lady in the observation-car asked me to deliver this to you, sah," he announced importantly.

It was a note, freshly written on the train stationery. Webster read:

"The distressed lady desires to thank the gentleman in stateroom A for his civility of yesterday. She is profoundly sorry that in her service the gentleman in stateroom A was so unfortunate as to acquire a red eye with blue trimmings."

John Stuart Webster swore his mightiest oath. "By the twelve apostles, Simon Peter, Andrew, James, John, Phillip, Bartholomew, Matthew, Thomas, James, Jude and Simon, and not omitting Judas Iscariot, the scaly scoundrel who betrayed his Lord and Master!" He searched through an old wallet until he discovered a fairly clean professional card, across the bottom of which he wrote, "Thank you, J. S. W.," and sent it to the no-longer-distressed lady.

"The most signal adventure of my life is now over," he soliloquized and turned to his cigar. "For the sake of my self-respect, I had to let her know I'm not a hobo! And now to the task of framing up a scheme for future acquaintance. I must learn her name and destination; so as a preliminary I'll interview the train conductor."

He did and under the ameliorating influence of a five-dollar bill the conductor bent a respectful ear to the Websterian message.

"In Car Seven," he began, "there is a young lady. I do not know what section she occupies neither do I know her name and destination. I only know what she looks like."

The conductor nodded. "And you want to ascertain her name and destination?"

"I do."

"All right. I have the unused portion of her transportation to return to her before we hit Salt Lake; her name is on the ticket and the ticket indicates her destination. I'll make a mental note of both as soon as I've identified her ticket."

A few hours later the conductor came to Webster's stateroom and handed him a card upon which was written:

"Dolores Ruey, From Los Angeles, via San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake, to Salt Lake City. Denver & Rio Grande to Denver, Burlington to St. Louis, Illinois Central to New Orleans. Stop-over at Denver."

John Stuart Webster studied the name after the conductor withdrew. "That's a Spanish name," he soliloquized, "but for all that, she's not a parakeet. All things considered, I guess I'll take a chance and investigate."

CHAPTER II.

Webster's dreams of bliss had, with very slight variations, come true as per schedule. In Salt Lake City he abandoned the beefsteak on his dan-

aged eye for two businesslike leeches, which quickly reduced the nocturnal effect around his orb, enabling him, the third day, to saunter forth among his fellowmen. By the end of the week he was a being reincarnated, and so he packed a huge new wardrobe-trunk with his latest purchases and journeyed on to Denver. Coincident with his arrival there, we again take up the thread of our story.

One hour after his trunk arrived the gentleman from Death Valley might have been observed standing before a cheval glass looking long and earnestly at the reflection of his middle-aged person, the while he marked the fit of his new raiment. John Stuart Webster was all dressed up for the first time in three long, labor-ridden years, and was tremendously glad of it. He lighted a cigar and stepped forth into Seventeenth street, along which he strolled until he came to a certain building into the elevator of which he entered and was whisked to the twelfth floor, where he alighted and found himself before a wide portal which bore in gold letters the words: "Engineers' Club."

The Engineers' club was the closest approach to a home that John Stuart Webster had known for twenty years, and save for the slight job of kalsouning which Father Time had done on the edges of the close-cropped Websterian mustache, the returned prodigal might have stepped out of the club but yesterday. He would not have taken the short end of a modest bet that even a fresh log had been placed on the fire or that the domino-players over against the wall had won or lost a drink or two and then resumed playing—although perchance there were a few more gray hairs in the thickly thatched head of old Neddy Jerome, sitting in his favorite seat by the window and turning the cards in his eternal game of solitaire in blissful ignorance that John Stuart Webster stood within the portals of home and awaited the fatted calf.

Webster struck the upholstery of an adjacent chair a terrific blow with his stick—the effect of which was to cause everybody in the room to start and to conceal Mr. Webster momentarily in a cloud of dust, the while in a belting baritone he sang:

"His father was a hard-rock miner;  
He comes from my home town—"

"Jack Webster! The devil's own kin!" shouted Neddy Jerome. He swept the cards into a heap and waddled across the room to meet this latest assailant of the peace and dignity of the Engineers' club. "You old, worthless, ornery, no-good son of a lizard! I've never been so glad to see a man that didn't owe me money. I've been combing the whole civilized world for you, for a month, at least. Where the devil have you been?"

John Stuart Webster beamed happily upon his friend. "Well, Neddy, you old stocking-knitter," he replied quizzically, "since that is the case, I'm not surprised at your failure to find me. You've known me long enough to have remembered to confine your search to the uncivilized reaches."

"Well, you're here, at any rate and I'm happy. Now you settle down."

"Hardly, Neddy. I'm young yet, you know—only forty. Still a real live man and not quite ready to degenerate into a card-playing, eat-drink-and-be-merry, die-of-inanition, sink-to-oblivion and go-to-h—fireplace spirit!" And he prodded Jerome in the short ribs with a tentative thumb that caused the old man to wince. He permitted his friend to drag him downstairs to the deserted lounge, where Jerome paused in the middle of the room and renewed his query:

"Where have you been, I ask?"

"Out in Death valley, California, trying to pry loose a fortune."

"Did you pry it?"

John Stuart Webster arched his eyebrows in mock reproach. "And you can see my new suit, Neddy, my sixteen-dollar, made-to-order shoes and my horny hoofs encased in silken hose—and ask that question? Freshly shaved and ironed and almost afraid to sit down and get wrinkles in my trousers! Smell that!" He blew a cloud of cigar smoke into Jerome's smiling face. The latter sniffed. "It smells expensive," he replied.

"Yes, and you can bet it tastes expensive, too," Webster answered, handing his cigar-case to his friend.

Jerome bit the end of his cigar and spat derisively. "How much have you made?"

"It's none of your business, but I'll tell you because I love you, Neddy. I've made one hundred thousand dollars."

"Chicken-feed," Jerome retorted. "Johnny, I've been combing the mineral belt of North and South America for you for a month."

"Why this sudden belated interest in me?"

"I have a fine job for you, John—" "King's X." Webster interrupted, and showed both hands with the fingers crossed. "No plotting against my

peace and comfort, Neddy. Haven't I told you I'm all dressed up for the first time in three years, that I have money in my pocket and more in bank? Man, I'm going to tread the primrose path for a year before I get back into the harness again."

Jerome waved a deprecatory hand, figuratively brushing aside such feeble and inconsequential argument. "Are you foot-loose?" he demanded.

"I'm not. I'm bound in golden chains—"

"Married, eh? Great Scott, I might have guessed it. So you're on your honeymoon, eh?"

"No such luck, you vichy-drinking iconoclast. If you had ever gotten far enough from this club during the past fifteen years to get a breath of real fresh air, you'd understand why I want to enjoy civilization for a week or two before I go back to a mine superintendent's cabin on some bleak hill. No, sir-ee. Old Jeremiah Q. Work and I have had a falling out. Dad burn your picture, Neddy, I want some class! I've been listening to a dago shift-boss playing the accordion for three years—and he could only play three tunes. Now I want Sousa's band. I've been bathing in tepid, dirty water in a redwood sluice-box, and now I desire a steam room and a needle shower and an osteopath. I've been bossing Greasers and Italians and was forced to learn their language to get results, and now I want to speak my mother tongue to my old friends. By thunder I'm going to have a new deal all around."

"Very well, Jack. Don't excite yourself. I'll give you exactly thirty days to sicken of it all—and then I shall come and claim my property."

"Neddy, I'll not work for you. I'm mad. I won't play."

"You're it. I just tagged you."

"I require a rest—but unfold your proposition, Neddy. I was born a poor, weak vessel consumed with a curiosity that was ever my undoing. I can only protest that this is no way to treat a friend."

"Nonsense! My own brother wants this job, and I have refused to give it to him. Business is business—and I've saved it for you."

Jerome leaned forward and laid his finger confidentially on Webster's knee; whereas the light-hearted wanderer carefully lifted the finger, brushed an imaginary speck of dirt from it, and set it down again. "Be serious, you ingrate," Jerome protested. "Listen! I've been working for two years on a consolidation up near Telluride, and I've just put it across. Jack, it's the biggest thing in the country. Colorado Consolidated Mines Company, Limited. English capital, Jack. Pay 'em 6 per cent, and they'll call you blessed. There's twenty-five thousand a year in it, with a house and a good cook and an automobile and a chauffeur, and you can come to town whenever you please, provided you don't neglect the company's interests—and I know you're not that kind of an engineer."

"Do I have to put some money into it, Neddy?"

"Not necessarily, although I should advise it. I can let you in on the ground floor for that hundred thousand of yours, guarantee you a handsome profit and in all probability a big cleanup."

"I feel myself slipping, Neddy. Nevertheless, the tail goes with the hide. I'm not in the habit of asking my friends to guarantee my investments, and if you say it's right, I'll spread what I have left of the hundred thousand when I report for duty."

"It's been a tremendous job getting this consolidation over, Jack. When—"

"In pity's name! Spare me. I've heard all I want to hear about your confounded consolidation. News! News! Give me news! I have to beg for a drink—Mose, you black sinner, how dare you appear before me without bringing a drink?"

Mose, the aged colored porter of the Engineers' club, flashed a row of ivories and respectfully returned the democratic greeting.

"Letter for you, sah. The secretary told me to give it to you. Mistah Webster."

"Thank you, Mose. Speak up, Neddy, and tell me something. Ever hear anything of Billy Geary?"

He was tearing the edge of the envelope the while he gazed at Jerome, who was rubbing his fat hands together after the fashion of elderly men who are well pleased with themselves.

"You have a chance to become one of the greatest and richest mining engineers in the world, Jack," he answered. "Now that you've cut loose from that young crook Geary, I don't know what's become of him, and neither does anybody else. For that matter, nobody cares."

"I do—and you can take the brief end of that bet for your last white chip. Don't let me hear you or anybody else say anything against Billy Geary. That boy goes for my money, every turn in the box. Don't make any mistakes about that, old timer."

Webster's face suddenly was serious; the bantering intonation in his voice was gone, and a new, slightly strident note had crept into it. But Jerome waved his hand soothingly.

"All right, old Johnny Pepper-box, have it your own way. Nevertheless, I'm a little mystified. The last I knew of you, you had testified against him in the high-grader trials at Cripple Creek, and he had pulled out under a cloud, even after his acquittal."

(To be continued)

True.

A millionaire can't make "has went" and "I done" sound any better than a day laborer.

The Farmers Elevator  
And Warehouses

Will pay highest market prices for grain and sells Binder Twine and all kinds of feed at the lowest possible margin.

We also handle the celebrated

Martin's Best  
FLOUR

Every Sack Guaranteed

Our aim is to treat you  the year

Kendrick Rochdale Co.

Superior

and

New Peoria

Grain Drills

all sizes

The  
Farmers Hardware  
Company



George Peabody  
Banker and Philanthropist



When eleven years old he was a store boy, at middle age a merchant prince,

friend of royalty and active American patriot. Peabody gave millions for free education in America and England. "Economy and thrift" was his motto.

If you aim to get ahead in life you could adopt no better motto. The man who works steadily and honestly, lives sensibly and saves a portion of what he earns is certain to enjoy some "luck."

Deposit a part of your pay this week in this bank, where it will be absolutely safe and always subject to your call. Add something every week. Get ready thus to meet opportunity half way. Be prepared to endure the rainy day cheerfully.

Multiply your money in our care.

Kendrick State Bank

Kendrick, Idaho

## Hotel Kendrick

Taylor & Erickson, Props.

GOOD ROOMS  
GOOD MEALS

Soft Drinks and Candy

Cigars and Tobacco

Commercial Trade Solicited

Kendrick, Idaho

## C. T. Mulkey

AUCTIONEER

Write me at Crescent, Ida.

Phone 6017, Kendrick

### A Grateful Letter

It is in trying conditions like that related below by Mrs. Geo. L. North of Naples, N. Y. that proves the worth of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. "Two years ago last summer" she says "our little boy had dysentery. At that time we were living in the country eight miles from a doctor. Our son was taken ill suddenly and was about the sickest child I ever saw. He was in terrible pain all the time

and passed from one convulsion into another. I sent my husband for the doctor and after he was gone I thought of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy in the cupboard. I gave him some of it and he began to improve at once. By the time the doctor arrived he was out of danger."—Adv.

## Horseshoeing

General Blacksmithing  
Wagon and Carriage Shop  
All work Guaranteed.

ALL KINDS OF

Repairing neatly done.

Frank Crocker

## TWO QUARTS IS GOOD YIELD FOR MILK DOE

Many Goats Produce Ten Times  
Their Weight Annually.

Milk Can Be Utilized for Same Purposes as That From Cow, but Less Satisfactory for Making Butter—Best for Infants.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

About the first question that most people ask concerning milk goats is, "How much milk will they produce?" This is, of course, a very important consideration, as the value of a doe is estimated largely by her milk pro-

duction. Even if a doe is purebred, she is of little value from the utility standpoint unless she is capable of giving a good quantity of milk. Many persons in purchasing purebred or even grade goats have been disappointed to find that the milk could be measured in pints and not quarts or gallons as expected.

A doe that produces three pints a day is considered only a fair milker.

## CABBAGE BEETLE DOES MUCH HARM

Insect Carefully Avoids Arsenical Sprays Effective Against Many Other Pests.

## BEST METHODS FOR CONTROL

Tobacco Dust Found to Be Most Effective of Repellents Tested—Arsenate of Lead Applications Found Satisfactory.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Evidently the Western cabbage flea beetle was not hatched to die by poison—at least by sprays of arsenicals found so effective against many crop insect pests. It may be driven away, however, by poisonous applications, and herein lies the methods of control discovered by specialists of the bureau of entomology, United States Department of Agriculture, whose experi-

ments in combating the pest are described in Department Bulletin 902, "The Western Cabbage Flea Beetle," recently published. This insect is by no means confined to cabbage, but frequently does serious injury to turnips, radishes, mustard, kale and other cole crops, to sugar beets, table beets and under exceptional conditions to beans and peas.

### Dainty in Habits.

The beetles, it is said, are dainty in their feeding habits, carefully avoiding foliage that has been sprayed, and attacking either unsprayed parts or flying to other plants. Repellents such as tobacco dust were found to be the most effective of those tested, and of the arsenicals, heavy applications of arsenate of lead gave the most satisfactory results.

A formula that gave excellent results was arsenate of lead paste, 1 pound; fish-oil soap, as a sticker, 1 pound; and water, 10 gallons. Half of this weight of powdered lead arsenate, or 2½ pounds in 50 gallons of water, is equally effective, with a corresponding quantity of soap, to act as an adhesive, or "sticker." It should be applied with a sprayer fitted with elbow extension, and special effort should be made to coat thoroughly the under surface of the leaves. Two or three applications at five to eight-day intervals are sufficient, even in case of severe infestation, provided the first application is made promptly on the first appearance of the insect.

### Control by Nicotine.

The pest can also be controlled by nicotine sulphate, one-half pint, 40 per cent solution, in 50 gallons of water, with 2 pounds of soap added, which is a deterrent. It is not possible, however, to control this insect entirely when it occurs in its great-

est abundance.

In addition, it is desirable to keep the plants thrifty and well watered. Mechanical and crop traps can be used with advantage. Clean culture is always advisable.

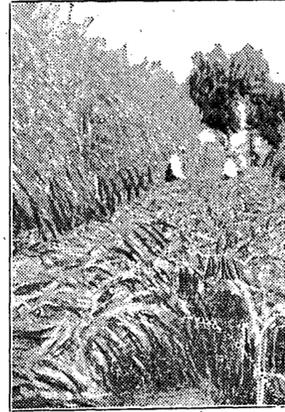
It costs—Brender Matthews thought; and it is worth all the pains it can be achieved by taking. Yet it can be achieved—That is not easy. To write so as to satisfy one's equals and so to appeal also to those who are not specialists—that is not easy. **Worthy Achievement.**

## BROOM CORN FIBER DEMAND

Crop Compared With Many Other Farm Products—Marketing Methods Neglected.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Broom corn is marketed today by practically the same methods in use 70 years ago, according to statements made by specialists of the bureau of markets, United States Department of Agriculture. It is a small crop compared with many other farm products and, owing to its limited use, has



Harvesting Broom Corn.

failed to command the attention of the

**Champion**  
Dependable Spark Plugs

Fisk Tires  
and  
Lee Tires

Overland  
Service

Willard  
Batteries



Kendrick Garage  
Company  
Schupfer & Deobald

marketing agencies which have played such an important part in developing the highly efficient systems for the distribution of the more important products.

## SWEET CLOVER IS SENSITIVE

Crop Seldom Makes Profitable Growth on Acid Soil—Proper Inoculation Important.

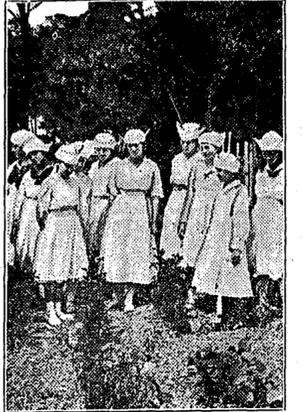
While it is claimed by some that sweet clover will grow on almost any kind of soil, it seldom makes a profitable growth on an acid soil. It is one of the most sensitive crops to this condition. An application of two tons of ground limestone or from two to three cubic yards of marl is usually necessary to secure a good crop on an acid soil. Proper inoculation is important.

## VARIOUS CLUBS GOING GOOD

Reports of Returns of Work Done by Boys and Girls With Poultry and Other Lines.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Supervision of boys' and girls' poultry clubs by the United States Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with state agricultural colleges, was continued during the last fiscal year in seven states, where there were 1-



Canning Club Girls Inspecting a Club Garden.

186 clubs with 29,480 members, of which 12,786 made reports from which the following totals have been compiled: Eggs set, 731,709; chicks hatched, 510,478; value of products sold, \$94,791.32; value of stock on hand, \$382,277.37; exhibits held, 712; members exhibiting, 5,615; prizes received, \$9,681.11. A feature of progress was the improvement in quality of fowls bred by club members.



GENUINE  
"BULL"  
DURHAM

tobacco makes 50  
good cigarettes for  
10c

We want you to have the best paper for "BULL." So now you can receive with each package a book of 24 leaves of **WILLARD**—the very finest cigarette paper in the world.

Supervised by  
The American Tobacco Co.

# PUBLIC AUCTION

Having Purchased a farm on Cedar Creek ridge completely equipped with implements and livestock, I will sell at my place 3 miles south of Leland, at 10 o'clock on

## Wednesday, October 5

The Following described property:

### 8 Head of Horses

Bay team, age 8, weight 3,000  
Bay team mares, age 9, wt. 2,800  
Team mares, age 6 and 8 wt. 2,380  
Bay mare, age 10, wt. 1,450  
Bay horse, age 5, wt. 1,030

### 3 Hogs wt. 90 lbs. each

### Farm Implements

8 foot McCormick binder  
3 inch J. D. wagon and rack  
3 inch high wheel wagon  
Henney hack  
Set heavy bobsleds

16 inch John Deere gang plow  
16 inch walking plow  
John Deere 3 section harrow  
3 section spring tooth harrow  
8 foot disc  
2 two-horse cultivators  
8 foot Acme harrow  
12 foot corrugated roller  
bean cutter  
bundle rack  
3 sets good heavy harness  
saddle  
6 log chains  
small tools  
miscellaneous articles

## FREE LUNCH AT NOON

**TERMS:** All sums under \$20 cash; all over that amount approved bankable note bearing 10 per cent interest and due Oct. 1, 1922. 5 per cent discount for cash on all sums over \$20.

# W. H. WEYEN

OWNER

Chas. E. Walks, Auctioneer

Kendrick State Bank, Clerk

## IDAHO BEST FLOUR

Hard Wheat Blend

Farina, Corn Meal, Graham, Rye Flour

### Feed

Ground and Rolled Feed, O. K. Scratch Feed  
Cracked Wheat, Meat Scraps  
Grit and Shell

## KENDRICK MILL

Famous Haddon Hall.  
The original Haddon hall is two miles southeast of Bakewell, Derbyshire, England. It belongs to the duke of Rutland and is a notable example of the medieval residence of a great English proprietor.

Red Ink for Emperors Alone.  
The Roman emperor used a very expensive red ink in writing signatures, and its use was prohibited to all others except that their sons, if of adult age, could use it; otherwise they must have recourse to green ink.

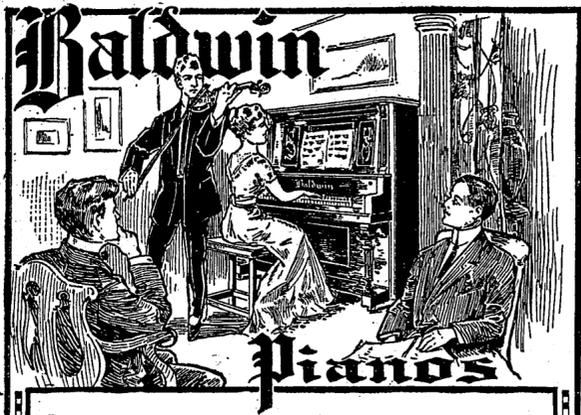
## THINK OF THIS!

240 acre of land, good house and barn, good well, with 80 acres in cultivation and as good land as lays out doors, and balance timber and pasture for only \$8,000 down and balance in the future,

**G. F. WALKER**

Kendrick,

Idaho



AMONG people who love good music, who have a cultivated knowledge of it, the BALDWIN PIANO is recognized everywhere as the best. In such an atmosphere it is happily at home and with every day endears itself more and more to its owners.

The same is true of the

### "Baldwin Manualo"

the successful unification of the most artistic piano with the most scientific player action made in the world. There is absolutely nothing better, nothing more perfect on the market, neither as a piano nor as a player piano.

Contemplating the purchase of either a piano or a player piano, you should not fail to examine these instruments. Prices and terms will suit you.

**Kendrick Furniture Co.**



## N. R. Shepherd

The Auctioneer

TROY, IDAHO.

Let You Forget

Let us remind you that Chamberlain's Tablets not only cause a gentle movement of the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion.—Adv.

## LARD

Carstens Brand, government inspected, guaranteed pure.

No. 5 pails (4 lbs net) .90

No. 10 pails (8 lbs net) 1.75

## Pork and Beans

Libbys, the name guarantees the quality, No. 2 tins .15

## Raisins

Have suffered a decline in price to be enjoyed by you.

15 oz. pkg., seedless or seeded

25c

**We Run High on QUALITY**

**Stanton Bros. KENDRICK**

Official Merchants for International Made-to-measure Clothes.

**We Run Low on PRICE**

## Southwick News

Mrs. George Wells had the misfortune to break her arm, Monday.

Mr. Crawford and son and daughter, arrived at the Philip Elvy home Sunday, and Phil Elvy's father arrived Monday. Newt Crawford who is staying at the Phil Elvy home is quite ill with typhoid fever.

George Jones made a trip to Lewiston the last of the week.

Charlie Hayward and family, James Smith and family, Homer Hayward and family, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Southwick, Mr. and Mrs. Dean Baker, and Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Hayward spent the day, Sunday, at the Dr. Baker home, the occasion being the 60th birthday of Mrs. Wm. Baker.

Una Greenwood returned to Southwick the last of the week.

## Cameron News

A surprise party was given for Mrs. August Meyer, Monday evening, it being her birthday. A delicious lunch was served at 11:30 consisting of coffee, sandwiches, cookies and several different kinds of cake. All enjoyed a pleasant evening.

Rev. Rein, is attending the Lutheran convention at Ritsville, this week.

The Cameron congregation attended the Missionary Festival held at Gifford, Sunday.

August Brammer and Miss Wanda Brunsiek motored to Lewiston, Tuesday.

Martha Brammer celebrated her birthday last Friday afternoon. The following were present: Martha Abitz, Minnie Blum, Laurence, Abitz, Bertha Abitz, Hilga Ehlers, Era and Mildred Wegner, Walter Keopp. Refreshments were served at 5:30. All enjoyed a good time.

## PLAN TO WEAN CALVES EARLY

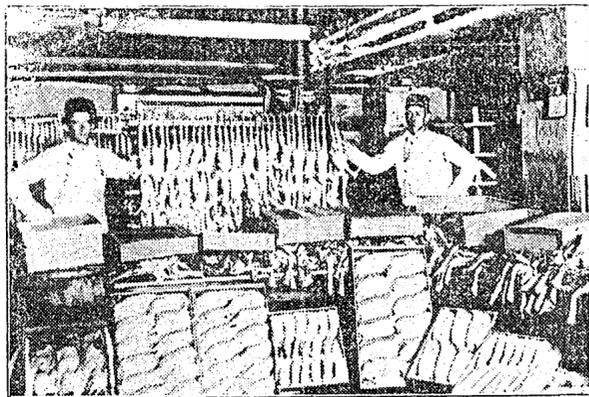
Much Time and Annoyance Saved if Youngster is Taken Away When Quite Young.

The cow owner who neglects to wean his calf because it is too much trouble is making ten times the trouble for himself by letting it nurse its mother. It is surprising how soon a calf can be taught to drink from a bucket, if one is determined enough. And the freedom from bothering with a hungry young bull a few weeks later, charging down, trampling one's feet and insisting upon having his way, is worth a lot.

## Good Art.

Good art always consists of two things: First, the observation of fact; secondly, the manifesting of human design and authority in the way that fact is told. Great and good art must unite the two; it cannot exist for a moment but in their unity.—Ruskin.

## CAREFULLY PREPARING POULTRY INSURES HIGHER MARKET PRICE



Preparing Poultry Under Modern Conditions for Market.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Not a day passes that inspectors employed by city, state or federal government, do not condemn food of one kind or another because it is unfit for human consumption. Sometimes this is due to deliberate adulteration, an intention to defraud the purchasers, but more often it is the result of improper packing, neglect to consider temperatures to be encountered in transporting from point of origin to destination, or failure to consider the time which must necessarily elapse before the product is likely to reach the consumers' tables.

All this entails not only great loss in money, likely to be reflected in prices demanded of the public, but also it endangers the public health, because occasionally some unworthy article slips through inspection and is served as food. Enough food products spoil every week to form a very important part of the amount needed by the people; and practically all of it might be saved through intelligence and care on the part of the producers and shippers.

After your chickens are fattened and ready to kill, it will pay you to study the methods of killing, bleeding, picking, chilling and packing described fully in bureau of chemistry circulars: 3, "How to Pick Chickens"; 52, "How to Wrap Heads"; 61, "How to Kill and Bleed Market Poultry." Issued by the Department of Agriculture, these circulars may be had by application to the division of publications. The man who hopes to succeed should know everything possible about his proposed market, and its demands.

## Broilers in Demand.

Ordinarily the demand is for broilers of three sizes—squab broilers, small broilers and large broilers. Squab broilers weigh, dressed, from three-quarters to one pound; small broilers, the size most in demand the greater part of the year, weigh from one to one and a quarter pounds each, and large broilers from one and one-half to two pounds.

Broilers may be sold alive or dressed, in the discretion of the shipper; but if dressed, this should be done according to the demands of the market, and these demands one can learn only by inquiry and study. Getting the product ready for the buyer in the public market has much to do with the price received. The appearance of the article, the manner in

which it is packed, and its condition—these are the points that make a reputation for the shipper.

## Temperature to Maintain.

The temperature of chickens when they are alive is 103 degrees Fahrenheit. This must be reduced after killing to 32 degrees Fahrenheit or less before they can be packed for long hauls in refrigerator cars. The time required to chill fowls usually is about 24 hours, and the packer must be sure that the body cavity, as well as the skin and flesh, are free from heat before the birds leave the chill room. Failure to observe this requirement is responsible for much of the ill-conditioned poultry found in the public markets. The range of temperature permitted, too, is small. Below 30 degrees Fahrenheit the flesh is frozen; above 35 degrees Fahrenheit decay proceeds too rapidly to permit of long hauls to distant markets. Of course, the birds can be frozen after they are chilled, and so shipped, and this is a very excellent plan, especially if the haul is across a hot country, say the specialists in the Department of Agriculture.

## Packing for Market.

It is customary to pack broilers with the breasts up, and the feet hidden. The prevailing method at present, where refrigeration is available, is to pack the chickens in small boxes holding a dozen each, but small boxes suitable for one or two chickens have recently been placed on the market. If the business is to be permanent the containers should carry the farm name, or the name of the shipper if the farm has no name. An attractive advertisement on the box has a great deal to do with marketing, a fact proved long ago to the satisfaction of shrewd business men.

Small packages are becoming more and more popular. Two layers of chickens in a box are being discarded for a single layer, it being realized that refrigeration is more perfect if the carcasses do not touch, and if pressure on such tender tissue as chicken muscle is eliminated as far as possible. On this account heads are wrapped in waxed paper and turned back where they do not rest against the soft flesh of the breast or thighs. No longer does the packer thrust old cocks, broiling chickens and fowls indiscriminately into a big sugar barrel, pressing them down in his effort to pack tightly, and so bruising the flesh and tearing the skin.

## MOST DESIRABLE POULTRY FLAVOR

Much Depends on Distribution of Both Flesh and Masses of Fat Over Carcass.

## FLESH OF FEMALE IS Milder

Exercise Toughens Fibers and Connective Tissues and Lessens Amount of Fat—Do Not Feed Fowls Onions or Garlic.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

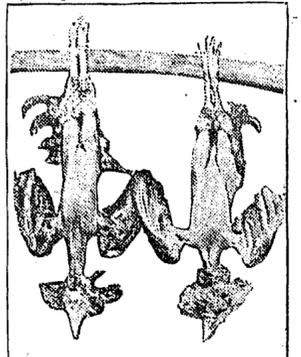
Desirable quality in the flesh of poultry intended for table use depends on the flavor of the flesh; on the texture; on the amount of flesh in proportion to the weight of the bird; and on the distribution of both the flesh and the larger masses of fat over the carcass. Other things being equal, the flesh of the females usually is milder than that of the males, say home economic specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Caponizing makes the flavor of cocks more delicate, tends to produce finer and less tough muscle fibers, and increases the size of the masses of meat, especially in the breast.

## Effects of Age on Flavor.

Age tends to increase flavor, at first advantageously, but later usually, disadvantageously. Most very young birds have a flavor too mild to be satisfactory for stewing or fricassee, but make splendid eating as broilers or fryers. The delicacy of flavor usually is lost in decidedly old birds. As the bird grows older, the proportion of flesh to bone usually increases, at least up to the period of full maturity. Often the large masses of flesh found on such birds can be utilized more satisfactorily than the smaller ones found on young and scrawny chickens.

Exercise affects the flavor and texture of poultry flesh, as in any kind of meat. It toughens the fibers and the connective tissues, and lessens the amount of fat. It may also affect the distribution of flesh on the carcass increasing the naturally strong, tough muscles rather than the less-used, tender ones. In some birds, notably chickens, the exercise can be controlled. Almost any poultry, however, can safely be penned for a few days before killing.

The difference between the flesh of a plump chicken and of a lean one of similar kind and age is due principally to the fat present. The skill of the fatterer, from the consumer's



Caponizing Makes the Flavor of Cocks More Delicate and Increases the Size of the Masses of Meat, Especially in the Breast.

standpoint, lies not only in producing the desirable amount of fat at the least expense for food and care, but also in getting the fat well distributed through the flesh rather than merely in masses within the carcass or under the skin. Such large masses have little value for table purposes, and unless they are carefully saved and used for cooking they are practically wasted. When the amount of flesh is increased by the fat between the fibers the proportion of edible material is increased, and the larger masses of meat make better portions in serving. The quality of the flesh is also improved.

## Importance of Special Feeding.

Chickens fattened on a mash of grain and milk acquire a delicate flavor. Special feeding often imparts a very desirable flavor. This is found in canvasback ducks, for example, which are considered at their best when they have fed on wild celery. Celery and chestnuts sometimes are used to give turkey flesh a special flavor. Birds intended for table use should not be allowed to eat onions or wild garlic habitually, because the sulphur compounds in these plants pass over into the flesh and give it a taste objectionable to most persons.

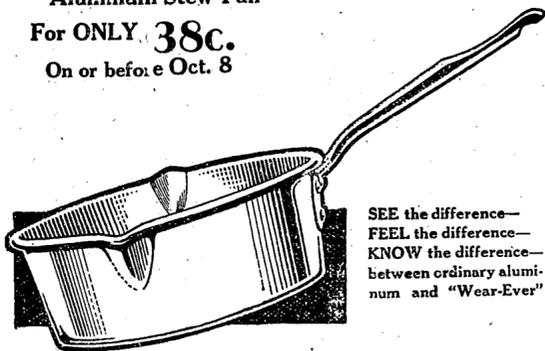
## COAL ASHES AS FERTILIZER

Their Use is Mainly to Loosen Up Soil and Make it More Workable—Most Useful on Clay.

Coal ashes have little value as fertilizer, their use being mainly to loosen the soil and make it more workable. They are most valuable on heavy clay soil, but should be screened to take out coarse material before they are applied, and should be spread evenly over the surface and thoroughly mixed with the soil. Wood ashes have fertilizing value, but should be applied before they become leached.

## "Wear-Ever"

1-quart Aluminum Stew Pan  
For ONLY 38c.  
On or before Oct. 8



SEE the difference—  
FEEL the difference—  
KNOW the difference—  
between ordinary aluminum and "Wear-Ever"

This Special Offer is made so you can see for yourself that aluminum utensils are NOT all the same.

"Wear-Ever" utensils are made from hard, thick, cold-rolled sheet aluminum—metal which again and again has been passed through gigantic rolling mills and subjected to the pressure of huge stamping machines.

Get your Stew Pan today!

**Kendrick Hardware Co.**  
"Yours for Service"



10 per cent off on Aluminum all of next week, October 3 to 8.

## INCREASED NITROGEN SUPPLY

Element May Be Added by Proper Soil Treatment, Rotation of Crops and Phosphate.

The supply of nitrogen, the most costly element of food for plants, can be increased through proper soil treatment, rotation of crops, the addition of phosphate and limestone and the growing and plowing under of legumes. All stable manure is to be utilized, and on the older, worn soils of the East and South some commercial nitrogen may be profitably used. Following a crop that is a heavy nitrogen consumer with one that is a light user is good farm practice.

## PLAN TO DESTROY CUTWORMS

Pests Work at Night and May Be Killed With Aid of Paddle and Flashlight.

Cutworms sometimes give considerable trouble if the nights are cool and the weather unsettled. A good way to get rid of cutworms in the garden is to go out in the evening after dark with a flashlight and paddle and kill the pests. They may be found on the surface at work at night. It will take but a short time to get rid of cutworms in the garden. This is a quick and more reliable way than using poisoned mash.

## GIVE HARNESS PROPER CARE

Made of Good Leather and Heavy Enough, Set Will Last for at Least Fifteen Years.

Harness made of good leather and heavy enough for the work required of it will last for many years if cared for properly. It is more economical to buy harness that is too heavy than to buy that which is too light for the work. With good care, harness of the proper weight and quality will last at least 15 years, and in many cases harness used on the farm has been in service for 25 years or longer.

## KEEPING DOWN STABLE FLIES

Give Stable Refuse Proper Care and Stack Straw So That It Will Not Be Breeding Hole.

The numbers of stable flies can be kept down by caring properly for stable refuse and by properly stacking or otherwise disposing of straw in a way that will not make it attractive as a breeding place for the flies. Flies cause much distress among animals and at times heavy losses. Control measures are described in Farmers' Bulletin 1097. It can be had free of charge by writing Division of Publications, Washington, D. C.

## BIG VALUE OF FOREST TREES

Material Supplied for Use on Farm, Such as Poles and Wood—Protect Live Stock.

Forest trees grown on the farm add to its value and beauty. They supply material for farm use, such as poles, posts and cordwood; and they afford shelter for live stock, and protect crops and buildings from the hot winds of summer and the cold winds of winter. Moreover, they often can be grown successfully on soils too poor or on slopes too steep for the successful production of the ordinary agricultural crops.

## APPLY LIMESTONE ANY TIME

Usually Done to Best Advantage in Late Summer When Teams and Men Are Available.

Limestone may be applied at any time when men and teams are available, but this usually is done to best advantage in late summer, fall or early winter. It will seldom, if ever, pay to put on less than a ton to the acre, and more should be used if the soil is very sour. Applications usually are not made more frequently than once in four to six years. The usual application varies from one to two and one-half tons an acre.

# FOR TWO DAYS ONLY

Big Display of Ladies' Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, Sweaters, Etc.

## Friday and Saturday, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1

This will be your opportunity to see the newest creations in ladies' attire.

### How Is This?

New felt hats, the latest style and color. Gordon make for

**\$3.50 and \$4.75**

Get yours while the supply lasts.

New nobby caps for men for fall wear. Prices range from \$1.50 up.

Men's flannel shirts from \$2.50 and up.

Big line of real wool mackinaws. Price from \$7.75 up. Ask your neighbor about the quality of Kendrick Store Mackinaws and Stag Shirts.

Last call for canning tomatoes, a pound . . . . . 3c

2 large cans Hebe . . . . . 25c

Jello, all flavors . . . . . 10c

Crabapples a pound . . . . . 4c

### Men's Suits

More new suits for the young men. Splendid all wool suit, brown stripe, nobby style. Special This Week.

**\$23.68**

# KENDRICK STORE COMPANY

### News Items of Local Interest

Miss Gertrude Keeler of Linden returned home from the hospital in Spokane. She underwent an operation some time ago and is slowly recovering.

Miss Dirks, local high school teacher, spent the week end at her home in Lewiston.

Otis Stone of Lewiston was in Kendrick Monday transacting business.

The reception to the teachers, given last Friday evening by the Sunshine Club, was a most pleasant affair. A large crowd was present and spent a jolly evening. A short program was rendered and at a late hour light refreshments were served.

E. Erickson returned this week from a visit with friends at Reubens.

Mr. and Mrs. John Baker returned to their home in the Salmon River country, Thursday, after visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John Carr near Linden.

N. B. Long went to Lewiston Thursday afternoon on business.

A. G. Peters of near Leland finished plowing 70 acres of stubble ground this week. He said the ground plowed up in fairly good shape. He believes the dry plowing in the fall will put the ground in good shape for beans in the spring and it is at least better than not to have it plowed at all.

George Mathay of Hermiston, Oregon visited at the Hotel Kendrick with Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Erickson.

The Nez Perce Herald last week reported five cases of infantile paralysis in that town. Schools closed there last week for a period of ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilken and family and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gladden spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schutz at Cameron.

Miss Josephine Zoyer of Spokane arrived the first of the week to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Grinolds.

Mrs. Harvy Smith and little son of Moscow visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Newton this week. Mrs. Smith is Mrs. Newton's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hill have moved to St. Maries, Idaho, where they will make their home. Mr. Hill expects to put in a plumbing shop there. They shipped their household goods by auto truck the first of the week. Will Reece of the Southwick country has rented their house in the east end of town.

Miss Elsie Thomas was a Lewiston visitor the first of the week.

Wallace McKeever started for Portland Tuesday to resume his work at the dental college. This will be his third year studying dentistry.

Rev. Howard W. Mort returned Tuesday afternoon from a business trip at Lewiston.

Mrs. Katherine Hunter of Coeur d'Alene was in Kendrick the first of the week on business.

Owing to an accident on the high tension line between Moscow and Spokane last Tuesday, the electric current was off all afternoon.

Band practice will be held at the city hall Monday night at the usual hour. It is hoped that there will be a full attendance as regular meetings for practice will be held once a week. There will be a revival of interest after the first practice.

A picric acid demonstration was given by County Agent Fletcher near Potlatch the first of the week. About 25 farmers were present and agreed that picric acid is superior to dynamite for land clearing. Light charges of the explosive served to split and loosen large stumps, while heavier charges would have blown them clear of the ground.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Bigham attended the Troy Fair this week.

A magnavox, or amplifier, was secured through A. V. Dunkle for the Troy Fair. It proved to be quite a novelty and was a most efficient means of making announcements to the crowd in attendance. The machine can be used with a phonograph and amplifies the tones so that it can be heard for nearly two miles. There is a transmitter on the machine that can be used by public speakers or for making announcements. The mechanism is controlled by electric current.

Mrs. J. S. Putnam returned to her home in Portland the first of the week after visiting several months with her daughter, Mrs. Howard W. Mort.

W. M. McCrea went to Orofino, Wednesday, on business.

The Okoke Klootchman Club met with Mrs. Ralph Knepper Wednesday of this week. Mrs. Harvey Smith of Moscow was a guest of the club.

### Big Bear Ridge

Miss Bessie May and grandmother, Mrs. Snell, departed Saturday for a visit with Mrs. Snell's son at Cashmere, Wash.

R. W. Bigham of Troy spent Sunday with friends here.

John Heath was called to Portland, Oregon, Sunday, by the serious illness of his brother, Gordon.

Mrs. A. Galloway spent the first of the week with her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Bowers.

Dan Jones was a Lewiston visitor the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Zack Aus and children, Alma and Adolph, were Pull-

man visitors last week.

With the following teachers in charge the local schools are progressing nicely: Bear Creek, Miss Bailey; Applequist, Miss Dammarrell; Fern Hill, Miss Smith; Steele, Miss Jeffries; Taney, Miss Lacey; Runrock, Miss Johnson.

Allie and Claribel Morey have entered the Kendrick schools, while Ida Morey, Ruth Albar, Jack Whv-bark, Stuart and Robert Reid are attending school in Deary.

Mrs. Emma Gladden is slowly improving at the St. Lukes hospital in Spokane.

A. W. Jones arrived here Saturday from Montana.

Preaching services at the Lutheran church, Sunday, October 2nd, at 3:30 p. m.

Union Sunday school at Steele each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. You are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. K. D. Ingle and children and Miss Lacey were Sunday visitors at the Hupp home on Little Bear ridge.

Louie Rogstad came up from Clarkston, Wash., to attend the funeral of Martin Lien.

Mrs. Stuart Compton and children of Peck are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Ware.

### Hats at Big Reduction

The French Shop expects to close during the quiet hat season, probably about the 1st of November until the 1st of March, when it will open again with a new Spring line. All winter hats will be sold at a big reduction. Anyone in need of a hat or of sewing done for the winter, come in before that time. Mrs. French and son, Harold, will spend the winter in Spokane.

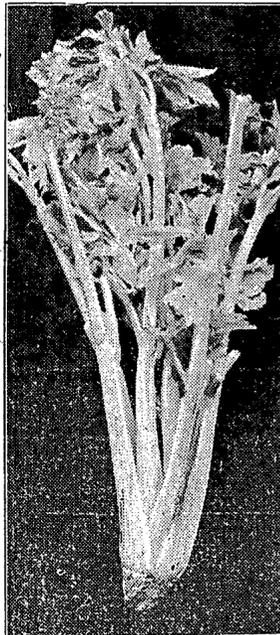
### SPRAYING CELERY TO PREVENT LEAF SPOTS

Application of Bordeaux Mixture is Recommended.

Treatment Should Continue Throughout Growing Season and More Especially in Moist, Cool Weather—Apply With Pump.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Celery plants should be sprayed with bordeaux mixture every ten days to two weeks to prevent leaf spots, which often seriously injure the crop for market purposes. These leaf spots occur generally in celery-growing districts in the United States during cool, moist weather. Home-made bordeaux, composed of 4 pounds bluestone (copper sulphate) and 4 pounds stone lime to 50 gallons of water, is the cheapest and best fungicide for the purpose. The spraying should be begun while the plants are still in the seed bed and continued throughout the season. The sprayings should be more frequent during moist, cool weather favorable to the development of the leaf spots.



Healthy Stalk of Celery.

and further apart in dry, hot periods. Apply the mixture thoroughly with a pump which will give a very fine misty spray that will cover the plants but not run down the stalks and thus disfigure the stems.

Since the disease is carried over winter on the seed and in the soil where diseased celery was grown the previous year, it is important that new soil be used in the seed bed or the old soil sterilized by steam, hot water or formalin solution and that disease-free seed be planted.

### CONCRETE FLOORS ARE BEST

Promote and Protect Health of All Farm Animals and Increase Profits for Farmer.

A concrete barnyard makes a fine exercise lot in all kinds of weather and always affords a dry spot for the animals' bed. Every shower washes the surface clean and flushes the droppings into the manure pits. Concrete yards lighten the work of the housewife, as there is no mud to be tracked on the walks and kitchen floor. The use of rubber boots is unnecessary. On concrete floors not a particle of grain need be wasted. The way to the water trough is always dry, smooth and passable. Concrete floors promote and protect the health of farm animals and increase the profits of farming, stock raising and dairying.

### What Kind of Pipes?

The Literary Digest prints an article on "No Smoking in Shakespeare." What about the "piping times of peace?"—San Francisco Bulletin.

Registered Poland China boars and gilts. Otis Stone, Lewiston. 39-4p.

Watch for the big 1c sale at the Red Cross Pharmacy. 39-1f



Be Sure and Work The Horse THE GENUINE BICKMORE'S GALL CURE

Guaranteed to cure a saddle or collar gall while the horse is worked. Also for any kind of a wound or sore on horses or cattle. SHOULD BE IN EVERY STABLE.

And while you work the horse be sure he is well fitted with WALKER'S HAND MADE HARNESS.

Also one of those good collars for only

**\$7.50**

### Kendrick Harness Shop

N. E. Walker, Prop.

### Notice of Sale

In The Probate Court of Kootenai County, State of Idaho

In the matter of the Estate of Alexander Hunter, deceased.

Under authority of an order granted by the Probate Court of Kootenai County, State of Idaho, dated September 8, 1921, I the undersigned executrix will sell at private sale the following described property:

The South half of the Southwest Quarter of Section thirty-six (36), Township thirty-eight (38), North of Range three (3), W. B. M., all of the interest of said deceased in and to the South half of the Northeast Quarter and Lots one and two (1-2) of Section two (2), Township thirty-seven (37) North of Range three (3) W. B. M., and the South half of the Southwest Quarter, the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter and the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter of Section thirty-five (35), Township thirty-eight (38), North of Range three (3) W. B. M.

The sale will be made on and after October 18th, 1921 and bids will be received at the office of Bert A. Reid, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho or at the office of the Probate Court, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho or at the residence at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho of the undersigned executrix here-in. The terms of the sale will be cash upon confirmation of sale by the court, or part cash and the balance to be secured by a first mortgage on said real estate.

Katherine Hunter, Executrix of the Will of Alexander Hunter, deceased. 39-3f

### Local Ads

FOR SALE: 2 sows weight about 250 lbs, one has 6 pigs and one has 8 pigs about a week old. Sell or trade one for fat hogs to kill. 38-1f

FOR SALE: Maxwell car, bargain it taken at once. Inquire Gazette office. 8-31f

FOR SALE: Good Phonograph in excellent condition with about 50 records consisting of good instrumental and vocal music. Will sell at reasonable price. Inquire Gazette Office. 39-ft

The Red Cross Pharmacy's big 1c sale will take place soon. 39-1f

FOR SALE: combination baby buggy and go-cart, with top. Cheap. Inquire Gazette office. 38-1f

FOR RENT, Brick house, across the street from Commercial Hotel. Mrs. Minnie McDownell. 36-1f

FOR SALE: .22 caliber Savage Rifle, repeater; a bargain. Inquire Gazette office. 37-ft

### MR. FARMER!

The sale season is now on. Who are you going to have to cry that sale? I have been on the block here in Latah county for 20 years. A salesman can make or lose you hundreds of dollars.

I urgently solicit that sale. First, because I claim to know values. Second, I am capable of getting the money. Last, but not least, in all of my 20 years experience in this county I have never called an unsuccessful sale. For dates call 295, Troy, or Kendrick Gazette office. All phone calls at my expense. N. R. Shepherd, Troy, Idaho.

If you have anything around the ranch that you don't need, try a "for sale" ad in the Gazette, and get rid of it. 37-ft