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# The Kendrick Gazette.

IT IS A FACT That the Potlatch Empire, the garden spot of the great Northwest, is the source of new home-made THE GAZETTE, as its mouthpiece, leads all other papers.

VOL. IX.

KENDRICK, LATAH COUNTY, IDAHO, FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1900.

NO. 21.

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Attorney-at-Law

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**The Gazette...**

Is the representative paper of the Great Potlatch Country, comprising 2,000 square miles of unsurpassed farming country.

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## EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

General Buller occupied Dundee. Senator Clark, of Montana, has resigned.

President Steyn's brother captured by General Buller.

Great rush is on from Dawson to gold diggings of the Koyukuk.

There is no hope of action by the senate on the Nicaragua canal bill this session.

Germany is seizing Congo Free State territory, and now occupies about 8,000 square miles.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, introduced a bill making it a crime for railroads to blacklist employees.

The United States court of appeals holds that a boycott is malicious interference with business.

London papers want to ostracise Richard Croker in revenge for the position Tammany has taken in the Boer war.

Democrats complain of Kansas City hotel men. They object to paying five dollars per day for a bed in a room with four others.

President J. J. Hill paid \$140,000 for a Spokane flour mill in order to get an entrance to the city for the Great Northern.

Porto Rico and Hawaii will send delegates to the Democratic national convention. Each island will be accorded six delegates.

The grandstand, famous glass betting ring and all the buildings of the race-track at Clifton, N. J., were entirely destroyed by fire, with a loss of \$100,000. The fire was the work of incendiaries.

Assistant Attorney-General Boyd has rendered a decision in the case of express companies, in which he holds they are not liable to taxes as brokers, by reason of their issuing money orders and checks.

An explosion of a tank in the gasoline works of A. G. Wyckoff, at Raritan, N. J., called out the fire engines. While the firemen were at work, a second tank exploded and its flaming contents enveloped and fatally burned two men.

Mrs. Leland Stanford, on the anniversary of her deceased son's birth, has delivered over to Bishop Grace the deed to the old Stanford mansion, which shall henceforward be known as the Stanford Lathrop Children's Home. At the same time she made a \$75,000 transfer was made which is to serve as an endowment fund for the institution.

Congress will adjourn about June 30.

Burglar rifled the postoffice and store at Jefferson, Or.

Buller has taken Boers' stronghold on the Biggarsberg.

The British were received at Kroonstad with open arms.

The minority report on the ship subsidy bill is strongly against a subsidy.

The governor of Missouri has offered aid to the police in the St. Louis strike.

Nationalists won two-thirds of the vacant seats in the Paris municipal government.

The Chicago & Rock Island railway will probably build to Portland, Or. Surveyors are now in the field.

Dreyfus is in Paris and France is worried. Officials will try to hurry him away, owing to fear of demonstrations.

Landing privileges at Manila are held by an unscrupulous monopoly that is accumulating a fortune and throttling trade.

The number of cases of bubonic plague at Sydney, N. S. W., officially reported to this date is 216, of which 76 proved fatal.

Chicago and other Mississippi valley cities are expecting the hottest May weather in years. There were four prostrations in Chicago.

Joe Barker, found guilty of manslaughter for the killing of Charles Johnson, in Seattle, three months ago, was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment.

In the United States supreme court at Boston, Charles H. Cole, former president of the now defunct Globe National Bank, who recently pleaded guilty on an indictment charging him with misappropriation of funds of the institution, was sentenced to serve eight years in Greenfield.

Alec Whitney, aged 25, a society leader, was shot and killed on a street car at Augusta, Ga., by a negro in a quarrel over a seat. The negro, Gus Wilson, was taken off a Georgia railroad passenger train at Harlem, 25 miles from Augusta, by a mob and lynched. He was being taken to Atlanta for safekeeping.

An American laundry plant has been exported to China.

Over \$5,000,000 capital is invested in this country in the manufacture of playing cards.

Coal is worked so easily in China that in Shansi it sells for 13 cents per ton at the mines.

David T. Haraden, who died a few days ago at Roxbury, Mass., had been 76 years in the service of one firm of piano makers.

## LATER NEWS.

London is enthusiastic over the relief of Mafeking.

British forces under Lord Dundonald have advanced as far as Laing's Nek.

Fire destroyed the main portion of St. Mary's school at Belmont, S. C. Loss is estimated at \$200,000.

William H. Hunt, of Montana, has been selected to be secretary of state for the island of Puerto Rico.

Street-car strikers of St. Louis are restrained from interfering with mail cars by a temporary injunction.

Texas has declared a quarantine against San Francisco on account of the prevalence of plague in that city.

Fenian sympathizers with the Boers made an attempt to blow up the British fortifications at Esquimalt, B. C.

Congressman George B. McClellan, son of "Little Mac," the federal general, is being urged as a running mate for Bryan.

Washington Democrats in convention at Spokane, endorsed Bryan for president, James Hamilton Lewis for vice-president.

The Boers announce they will defend Johannesburg, and the consuls of the neutral powers have been advised to look after their citizens.

Owners of Chicago breweries have defied the city ordinance requiring them to pay \$500 license fee the first day of May each year.

American warships are leaving Manila for Chinese ports to escape the hot weather which comes to that city every April, May and June.

In the coast towns of Colima and Jalisco, Mexico, an earthquake caused houses to be submerged, boats swamped and several natives to drown.

The statue of General Grant, presented by the G. A. R. to the nation, was unveiled in the great rotunda of the capitol with impressive ceremonies.

In the senate, the proposition relating to the transportation of mail by the pneumatic tube system, was laid on the table by a vote of 32 to 16.

A work train on the Guadalupe branch of the Mexican Central road ran into an obstruction, wrecking the engine and a number of cars and killing 11 men.

Assistant Surgeon A. S. Lloyd, of the United States marine hospital service at Chicago, has been ordered to San Francisco to assist in the work of prevention of the spread of the bubonic plague.

General Brabant has occupied Ladybrand.

More Christians have been massacred north of Tien-Tsin by the "boxers."

Kentucky Republicans endorsed the administration of President McKinley.

Disease is causing the deaths of many American soldiers in the Philippines.

Filipinos reject civil marriage, claiming it as no more than concubinage.

Boer peace envoys will be allowed to present their credentials at the state department.

Collector of Customs Ivey has withdrawn his resignation and will serve out his term in Alaska.

F. P. Dengal, who eloped from Prosser, Wash., with a Mrs. Brackenbury, was arrested in Spokane.

There is a strong sentiment in favor of Hepburn, of Iowa, for vice-president on the Republican ticket.

Manila editors and correspondents protest against the press censorship. Many papers are shutting up shop.

Four persons perished in the fire in the Hotel Helena, in Chicago. Guests were forced to jump from windows.

Elijah Moore, aged 19, who murdered Rev. Jesse Moore, his father, at Dexter, Mo., November 1 last, was executed.

Americans in Yucatan lose contracts on electric and bridge work through being underbid by Englishmen and Germans.

Fire destroyed the works of the Canadian Cycle & Motor Company of St. Catharines, Ont., causing a loss of half a million dollars.

Columbian rebels threaten Panama, great excitement prevails in that city and United States vessels have been ordered to the scene.

An alleged nobleman, charged with forgery, in a Victoria, B. C., court, swallowed glass during the trial and will die. His name was Elliott.

A factory is now constructing at Corvallis to manufacture many articles of hardware, thus utilizing valuable timber that has been going to waste.

Webster Davis was called upon to speak at the Missouri Republican convention, but a debate on the question of appointing a committee to escort him to the stage came near disrupting the convention.

Secretary Gage, in response to an inquiry from the house of representatives as to the extent of the influx of Japanese, has submitted a letter from immigration Commissioner Powderly, stating that the arrivals for the nine months ending March 31, last, were 4,427.

Governor Roosevelt has signed the bill compelling provision of seats for waitresses in New York restaurants.

Average wages in Germany: Housemaids, \$2.38 a month; laborers, \$3.14 a week; carpenters, \$5 a week.

Minneapolis has established and maintained for a year three public playgrounds for children at a cost of \$300.

New York ball players saved persons in a burning building by catching them as they fell.

## MAFEKING RELIEVED

Boer Forces Withdrew From the Inverment.

LONDONERS ARE ENTHUSIASTIC

Buller Occupies Newcastle, in Northern End of Natal, the Federals Retreating Through the Passes.

Pretoria, May 21.—It was officially announced today that when the laagers and forts around Mafeking had been severely bombarded the siege was abandoned.

London, May 21.—From the mention of laagers in the Pretoria dispatch, it is understood here that prior to the raising of the siege of Mafeking, the Boer laagers around that place were vigorously bombarded by the British relief column and the burghers practically compelled to abandon the siege.

Buller Takes Newcastle. London, May 21.—General Buller, in a dispatch to the war office, dated Newcastle, May 21, says: "Newcastle was occupied last night, and today the whole Second division and the Third cavalry brigade will be concentrated here. I have sent the mounted force through Nqutu to expel a small force of the enemy and to reassure the natives. The enemy have burned the chapel, broken much glass, plundered many houses and taken cash from the banks, but otherwise they have not done much harm. The railway is badly damaged, the Ingagane and Nkader bridges are destroyed, as are many culverts and the pumping station and water works. Of the 7,000 men flying before us, about 1,000 seem to have gone to Wakkerstrom and some by Muller's Pass to the Free State. The remainder, who are described as disorganized rabble, have gone north and they intend to make a stand at Laing's Nek."

British at Christiansburg. Pretoria, May 21.—President Steyn, who arrived here Wednesday and has been in close conference with the Transvaal authorities, left for the Free State last night. Addressing a crowd on the platform, he urged them to be of good cheer.

It is reported that 5,000 British troops have surrounded Christiansburg, and the laagerist and other officials have been taken prisoners.

James Milne, the correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company, who has been prisoner here, was liberated and escorted to the border this morning.

MAGINNIS VS. CLARK. Governor Smith Appoints a Senator to Fill Vacancy.

Butte, Mont., May 21.—Governor Smith today sent dispatches from here to Senator W. A. Clark, Senator Chandler, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, and Senator Frye, president of the senate, saying he had disregarded and revoked the action of Lieutenant-Governor Spriggs in naming Mr. Clark to succeed to the vacancy caused by his own resignation, and saying he had named Martin Maginnis, of Helena, to fill the vacancy. The governor gives as his reasons his opinion that the appointment of Mr. Clark by the lieutenant-governor was tainted by collusion and fraud. The dispatches are practically the same, that to Mr. Clark reading:

"I have this day disregarded and revoked your appointment as United States senator, made by Lieutenant-Governor Spriggs on the 16th inst., as being tainted with collusion and fraud, and have this day appointed Hon. Martin Maginnis United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by your resignation."

Those to Frye and Chandler are of the same tenor, notifying them of his action. The governor also sent a formal protest to Chandler, detailing his reasons. He has also issued an open letter to the people of the state, denying he had any knowledge of the contemplated step when he left Montana for California. He says he went to California at the request of Thomas R. Hinds to look into the title of some mining property in which Miles Finlen was interested. He owed Finlen \$2,000, and thought by going he might earn a fee that would be applied on the indebtedness. "I shall prove by my conduct in the future," he concludes, "that I was not guilty of any wrong doing or any idea of wrong."

Miles Finlen is one of the Democrats in the legislature who voted against Clark. Martin Maginnis was delegate in congress for the territory, and, with Clark, a Democratic contestant for senatorial honors when Montana became a state.

Tagal Guerrilla Warfare. Yokohama, May 6, via Victoria, B. C., May 19.—The United States transport Thomas arrived unexpectedly from Manila Saturday last. Returning officers and men of the army disagree with the optimistic views of the Philippine situation lately held by the press and the public. Everything seems to point to a long and devastating guerrilla warfare, and altogether the outlook is not reassuring.

A Memphis Tragedy. Memphis, May 21.—At an early hour this morning the bodies of Henry Reichman, of Memphis, and Mrs. Lily Badakin, wife of a newspaper man of Forest City, Ark., were found in the woman's apartment on Jefferson avenue. Reichman had been shot six times, while the woman's body received one bullet. The affair is shrouded in mystery. No weapon was found about the premises, and it is believed to be a case of murder.

## MAY LOSE MILLIONS.

By a Word Being Omitted in a Government Treaty With France.

New York, May 21.—A decision just rendered by Judge Townsend, who is hearing in the United States circuit court the appeals from the decision of the board of general appraisers, under the customs administration act, lessens the duties on French brandies and liquors 50 cents a gallon, and in the particular suit which was brought by George S. Nicholas, an importer, takes \$45,000 out of the treasury of the government.

Nicholas, on June 10, 1898, received from France 80,000 gallons of the cordial known as "Chartreuse." Collector Bidwell assessed the duty on this importation at \$2.25 per gallon. The importer appealed to the board of general appraisers, and they affirmed the collector's action. Then the matter was brought into the circuit court and, when the hearing came up, counsel for Nicholas insisted that under the new treaty with France, made in 1898, a year later than the passage of the tariff under which the appraisalment had been made, the duty should have been only \$1.75 per gallon. Copies of the treaties made between France and the United States were produced as evidence, and in the French copy the word "liquors" appears, while from the American copy the word "liquors" is missing. This decision is in favor of the importers, and if it holds, means a loss of many million dollars to the government annually.

AGUINALDO HEARD FROM. His Latest Proclamation to the Insurgents.

Manila, May 21.—A proclamation purporting to have been issued by Aguinaldo and dated May 4, from Pulo Island, one of the Philippine group east of Luzon, is circulating in Manila. It says the commission appointed by President McKinley was appointed without the authority of congress, and hence it cannot treat officially. It urges the Filipinos not to surrender their arms at the investigation of the commission and on promises which congress may not ratify, and also urges the Filipinos to enthusiastically welcome the commission when it arrives in the towns and provinces, asking boldly for the form of government they most desire, as the Americans permit freedom of speech. The proclamation closes with asking the Filipinos to strive for liberty and independence and again warns them against deception.

In the Cataram district about 600 of the enemy attacked a portion of the Forty-third regiment. The Americans killed 308 of the rebels. Only three Americans were wounded.

Major John C. Gilmore and 100 men of the Forty-third regiment were ambushed May 6 near Pambagan, Samar. Seventy-five of the enemy were killed and there were no American casualties.

The transport Lennox has returned here after landing four troops of the Eleventh cavalry to reinforce Colonel J. F. Bell. Two troops, Major Sims commanding, were landed at Legaspi and proceeded across the country to strengthen the garrison at Ligo. They found numerous entrenchments manned by insurgents between the towns, and were two days on their way. Their only loss was three horses. The officers report they killed 40 insurgents, but the natives declare 80 were killed.

Panama Canal Plot. Washington, May 21.—Soon after the senate convened today, Morgan (Dem. Ala.), chairman of the committee on inter-oceanic canals, offered a resolution directing the committee to make an investigation, sweeping in its character, of the dealings of individuals or corporations with a view to monopolizing the Panama canal at Panama or in Nicaragua, and whether the individuals or corporations propose to obstruct the United States in the construction of an isthmian canal. Morgan stated that the object of the inquiry proposed is to enable the president of the United States to check and destroy a conspiracy founded on fraud, corruption and arrogance, against the highest rights and privileges of the people and government of the United States.

Explosion in a Boarding House. Chicago, May 21.—Twenty persons at the dinner table in Mrs. Anna Smith's boarding house were started last night when, following an explosion in the kitchen, the proprietress of the place ran into the dining room wrapped in a sheet of flame. The guests started to her rescue, but when the door into the dining room was thrown open, it was found to be in flames also and they retreated in fear. Two other persons were burned during the fire, which originated from the explosion of a kerosene can. The injured are: Mrs. Anna Smith, face, hands and body severely burned, taken to the hospital, will die; Lee Leahy, asleep on a couch in kitchen when the explosion occurred, hands, shoulders and face severely burned, may die; Edward Leahy, burned and hair singed while rescuing Mrs. Smith from the burning room.

Nordlund's Horrible Crime. Stockholm, May 21.—A dispatch received today from Eskilstavarna says that Philip Nordlund, who was arrested there, has now fully confessed that he deliberately planned the crime he committed on board the steamer Prinz Carl, on Wednesday night, when he murdered seven men and a woman.

Grand Vizier of Morocco Dead. Tangier, Morocco, May 21.—The grand vizier, Ahmed Ben Massa, died Sunday, May 19. A convulsion in internal affairs is threatened, but it is believed Germany, Italy and Great Britain have agreed to maintain the status quo, so it is hoped the threatened anarchy will be averted.

Tacoma, May 21.—William Patterson, a waiter, fell from a window in the Lexington hotel last night and later died from his injuries.

## BOERS FOR PEACE

Kruger's Message to the Prime Minister.

BUT ONE REPLY IS POSSIBLE

Authentic News Reported to Have Been Received From Mafeking—Riotous Demonstrations.

London, May 22.—Displayed in the most conspicuous style in the Daily Express, the dominant war news of the morning:

"We have the best reason for stating that in the last 24 hours a telegram has been received at the foreign office, addressed personally to the prime minister, from President Kruger, proposing terms of peace. The exact terms of the message cannot be stated; but we believe it is couched in an exceedingly humble strain."

It is inconceivable, of course, that Lord Salisbury can have sent any reply except the one that stands ready on the lip of every Briton—unconditional surrender.

Authentic News of Mafeking. An extraordinary issue of the Gazette at Cape Town announces that in consequence of what is believed to be authentic news of the relief of Mafeking, Sir Alfred Milner will close the public offices today.

The boisterous rejoicings over the news of Mafeking have become riotous in parts of London, Aberdeen and Belfast, and elsewhere in the United Kingdom. In the Finschley district of suburban London, a mob stoned the railway station master's house and smashed the windows of a draper's shop, setting the building on fire also, although whether by accident or design it is not yet known. Two clerks were injured. The house of a Boer sympathizer at Harleston was attacked by a large mob and the windows were shattered. The police charged the mob and were greeted with a shower of decayed eggs. Numerous arrests were made and the police reserves were called out.

QUARANTINE IS IN FORCE. Chinese Passengers to Be Detained at Astoria.

Astoria, May 22.—For the first time in the history of this port a quarantine has been established here against vessels arriving from San Francisco. This relates particularly to Chinese passengers, as thus far all others have been allowed to pass. Both State Health Officer Fulton and Quarantine Officer Hastings have received official notification of the existence of the plague at the bay city, and, while the latter has received no instructions from the department to establish an interstate quarantine he deems strict precautions necessary to guard against the possible introduction of the disease here, and, together with the state health officer, will inspect all incoming vessels from that port and isolate all the Chinese passengers.

The first vessel affected by the new regulations was the O. R. & N. steamer Columbia, which arrived here this morning. She was detained in the quarantine grounds until a thorough inspection was made and then allowed to come to the dock. Two Chinese passengers were, however, taken to the government quarantine station, where their baggage will be fumigated, and they will be held for about 10 days.

Railroads in Nome District. San Francisco, May 21.—Articles of incorporation of the Nome Railroad Company have been filed. The company propose to have a main line four miles long with a branch line two and a half miles long. The incorporators are C. D. Lane, E. J. Cutochen, C. X. Willard, P. J. Miller, and F. W. Wynn. The capital stock is \$100,000. The road will run from Nome toward Anvil creek in Alaska.

The same persons have incorporated the Wild Goose Railway Company, with \$100,000 a capital stock to operate 4 1/2 miles of road from the shores of Behring sea near Nome, towards Anvil creek, with a branch line 1 1/2 miles long.

Molnoux as a General. New York, May 22.—Roland B. Molnoux did his utmost today to console Fritz Meyer, who, in an adjoining cell in the condemned men's quarters in Sing Sing prison, was looking forward to the occupation of the electric chair tomorrow for the murder of Policeman Frederick Smith. General Molnoux visited his son on Saturday and told him to be brave during Meyer's execution.

An Insurgent Ambush. Manila, May 22.—Five hundred insurgents, half of whom were armed with rifles, ambushed 80 scouts of the Fortieth volunteer infantry in the hills near Aquasan, in the northern part of Mindanao. The Americans routed the natives, killing 51. The American casualties were two killed and three wounded.

Judge W. C. Hook of the United States district court at Topeka, Kan., decided that the section of the law prohibiting people from coming into the state and taking orders for liquors is unconstitutional.

Coal-Miners Fatal Quarrel. Memphis, May 22.—Edward Whittington and Dennis Brogan, coal miners, entered the lunch house of T. F. McKenna and became involved in a quarrel, during which Whittington was shot by Mrs. McKenna, and Brogan was fatally wounded.

Return of the Philadelphia. San Francisco, May 21.—The cruiser Philadelphia arrived today from San Juan del Sur, after a cruise in South American and Central American waters.

## SERIOUS FACTS ABOUT FOOD.

How Can the Danger from Alum Baking Powders Be Avoided?

The reported cases of poisoning from the use of alum baking powder have awakened the public to the serious danger which menaces the health of the people of this country in the numerous alum powders which are urged upon consumers.

Among the leading physicians and scientists there is no question as to the detrimental effects which alum baking powders produce upon the system. In many foreign countries and in many cities of this country, the authorities have absolutely prohibited their sale or the sale of bread containing alum.

Even small doses of alum given to children, have produced fatal results, while cases of heartburn, indigestion, griping constipation, dyspepsia and various kindred gastric troubles from irritation of the mucous membrane, attributed to the continuous use of food prepared with the alum or alum phosphate powders, are familiar in the practice of physicians generally.

Congress has recently been investigating the subject of food, and in its official report to the senate the committee says "So far as the use of alum in the manufacture of a food product, such as baking powder, is concerned, the committee, in view of the overwhelming mass of evidence antagonistic to its use, recommends that its use in food products and baking powders be prohibited by law."

It is not possible that any prudent housewife, any loving mother, will knowingly use an article of food that will injure the health of her household, or perhaps cause the death of her children.

How shall the dangerous alum powders be distinguished? And how shall the danger to health from their use be avoided?

Generally alum powders may be known from the price at which they are sold, or from the fact that they are accompanied by a gift, or are displayed under some scheme. The alum powder costs but a few cents a pound, and is often sold at 20 or 25 cents a pound, sometimes as low as 10 cents.

It is impossible to name all the alum powders in the market, but any baking powder sold at a low price, or advertised as costing much less than the well known high class powders, or accompanied by a present, or disposed of under any scheme, is of this class, detrimental to health and so to be avoided.

These facts should induce consumers to turn a deaf ear to all importunities to buy the inferior powders. The wise housekeeper will decline in all cases to take them.

Good Will Be Took to Drink. A few years since a large farm-house on my country place being vacant, I offered, through one of the settlements, to take some poor woman with small children who seemed to need it for a two-months' rest and fresh air. Among those sent up was a good looking and soft spoken young woman with three small children. She had just come from the hospital, and had a scar nearly all around her

Entered at the Postoffice at Kendrick, Idaho, as second-class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year \$1.00
Six Months .50
Three Months .25

ADVERTISING RATES.

Local notices, first week per line, \$0.10
Each subsequent week .05
Display locals, first week .15
Each subsequent week .10
Display advertisements per month single column, per inch .1.00

FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1906.

PECULIAR CONDITIONS.

Like all comparatively new countries, some peculiar conditions prevail in this section of the country. For instance, taking the year through, there are not enough dairy products to supply more than one half the demand, and for seven to nine months large shipments of butter, cheese etc., from the east are necessary. Just at the present time, the products of creameries and dairies in the Northwest is sufficient to meet the demand. In a short time the market may be over supplied. During the late fall, winter and spring, when dairing products command a high price, they are unable to supply them and the money goes east. No way of remedying or even improving this condition has yet been made available.

It has been pointed out that the adoption by the producers of the Inland Empire of diversified farming is the solution of the problem of maintaining in this country a fair balance between supply and demand, and this is no doubt true. There is a growing tendency in this section toward diversified farming and the condition may be said to be improving from year to year, but until the country gets better settled with a more economical class of agriculturists, and the large farms are cut up, into tracts more suitable for thorough cultivation it can not be arrived at completely. It is a pleasure to note that the advantages of the country are attracting a class of settlers such are eminently to be desired and who are imbued with the idea of more diversified farming.

A TRUST SHEET.

The prince of American liars in the news line is the American Economist. This paper is kept up by the trusts and the "fido" press dances to its music like mechanical monkeys. Here is one of its misleading statements, to show what the tariff has done for wool: "Imports, 1897, \$350,852,026. Imports '98 \$182,795,202. Imports '99, \$76,736,209." The Wilson bill went out of effect August 12, 1896 and the Dingley bill went into effect. The purpose is to try and show that the tariff was the cause of the falling off in importation. This is on a par with the usual argument of a blind republican whose imaginative faculty is well developed. The American wool grower is prosperous because the wool growers of Australia and France have been most unfortunate with their sheep in the last two years. In Australia 2 years of drought has nearly ruined the sheep business while the conditions are almost paralleled in France. In Free Trade England wool has advanced 61 per cent, in protectionist America about 45 per cent. Of course a republican sheet could not be honest enough with itself and readers to give any thing further than would help out their cause.

Next to the wage earner, the class most benefited by the revival of prosperity under a republican administration are the farmers. The general rise in prices in all agricultural products has transformed their industry from depression to thrift. Experts have estimated that the products of agriculture last year were worth a billion and a half more than any year during the Cleveland-Wilson depression from 1892 to 1896. This is an average increase of 31 per cent.—Lewiston Teller.

First count—You're looking through the small end of the telescope at the farmer and wage earner, and cannot see the trusts, bondholders and syndicates in the foreground.

Second count—There has been no general rise in agricultural products. Ask the Oregonian what the result of 50-cent wheat is in the Willamette Valley, and what the prospects are for next year.

Third count—Products show an increase in value over '96 because there are more products. The population is steadily growing, and the agricultural classes are increasing in a natural ratio to other classes—more people are raising cereals and more land is constantly coming under cultivation, and the consumption is increasing likewise. The 31 per cent represents a natural increase in bulk, in quantity, but not in value. This is the general proposition. Special conditions or local causes may create exceptions.

Deduction—Your "spell" is too thin for the voters this year.—Signal.

The sentiments expressed in the resolution adopted by the democrats of Latah county in their convention last Saturday represent the views of a large percentage of the reform forces of this country, and our first duty is to merge the democrats, populist and silver-republican parties into one solid organization, having for our purpose one platform and one ticket of good, honest men, and a sweeping victory will be ours all along the line in November. Such action would command the support and administration of all honest, patriotic citizens. We find the sentiments throughout the country almost unanimous in favor of a consolidation of the reform forces. No matter what brought about this result, it must be admitted as a fact, and this is no time to quarrel over personal differences. Let us begin the work at once in every precinct and prepare ourselves to meet the common enemy. Organize Bryan clubs everywhere and consolidate our forces that we may better prepared to meet the issues.

The best sugar factory at Waverly is a splendid institution for the country and deserves to be supported in every way possible. If the history of such enterprises in other places is worth anything, however, it is quite likely that in a year or two the company will have to raise its own beets if it would procure a steady supply. The farmers of the northwest are not accustomed to a crop that requires so much cultivation as does the beet crop. They have gotten into the habit, as we heard it expressed recently, of planting their crops and then loading up and going to the mountains or elsewhere to have a good time while they are growing—New West Trade.

With the growing tendency among the farmers of this section to more diversified farming we have no doubt that an institution of this kind would receive the hearty co-operation of everyone and that it would have no trouble in securing an abundant supply of the very best quality of beets.

Wheat and fruit, and the two banner products of the Potlatch region, promise better this year than ever before. Even with low prices, this should produce a large degree of prosperity. Wheat prices are almost certain to be low, but fruit, it is to be hoped, will fare better, and although the price will not be so high as it has been the past two seasons, it will undoubtedly make a very profitable crop, and with improved facilities for handling it, in the establishment of a frost-proof warehouse in Kendrick, should make the farmers of the Potlatch some money.

The actual number effected by the famine in India is over ninety millions—twenty millions more than the population of the United States—and now a new horror is added by prevalence of cholera. Thousands are dead and dying. The affliction is so incomprehensibly horrible as to seem to warrant the question of where is the Merciful God of the Bible.

Lead was out 45 points last week by the smelting trust. Why don't the tariff get in its work and hold the price up.

If John Bull and Wm. McKinley have so much money to spend for the sake of civilization, as it is costing them in the Philippines and South Africa, why don't they spend it in India, where it will do more good?

All the usual indications point to the fact that Clark, the millionaire senator elect for Montana will finally secure his seat, and the republican campaign fund increased by an additional half million dollars. What a pure administration we have any way?

The speech of congressman Wilson on the Free Homes bill is a splendid one directly affecting Idaho, more particularly the Nez Perce country. Mr. Wilson gives credit to all parties as having favored the measure, but it will be claimed by the republicans this fall as their special party work for the dear people of Idaho.

Two republics on the other side of the world are engaged in a life and death struggle for existence, and the right of self government. All the monarchial powers of Europe are combined against them. And to this is added the moral support of the present McKinley-Mark Hanna and money administration of the United States of America. All this in face of the fact that 98 per cent of the American people condemn such a venal abandonment of American principles. The main plank in the next republican platform should read, "Resolved, that as a party we endorse, as the most potent force for the debasement of man kind, money, monarchies and divine right of kings, and the republics are a success in theory only,"—and then say some thing about the flag.—Weiser Signal.

Durango King 2007

Will stand during the season of 1906 at my place on Big Potlatch Ridge, 3 miles east of Leland, Idaho. Saturday of each week the horse will stand at Kendrick.

PEDIGREE.

DURANGO KING, 2007, was sired by Durango 1116, record 2:23, by G. M. Clay Jr., record 2:35-1/2, sire of Henry Day, 2:23, and also sire of 10 sons, sires of 19 2:30 performers, and 12 dams of 2:30 performers. 1st dam GULNARE, record 2:32, by Duffly horse, by Shenandoah 925, sire of Daisy Burns, 2:29, and the dams of Bonner 2:23, Wormwood 2:24, Slander 2:25, Lady Danson 2:28, Harvey 2:29, and of Erwin Davis, sire of 2 in 2:30 list. DURANGO KING, 2007, is a dark brown stallion, no white, stands 16 hands high and weighs 1200 pounds. His sire has a record of 2:23, his dam a record of 2:23, and is a full brother of Sir Albin 2:23, trial 2:27. He has a fine disposition, has never been worked for speed, but in stud condition can show a 2:40 gait. His colts are highly prized by all who own them.

Season, \$5. Insure with foal \$8. Mares coming from a distance will be furnished free pasturage during the season. All reasonable care will be taken to avoid accidents, but will be responsible for none.

MARION SHEPLER, Leland, Idaho.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Digests what you eat.

Artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation in approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn, flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. Dewitt & Co., Chicago. White & Co., Druggists.

McCall's 10c and 15c Patterns advertisement.

McCall's 50c Magazine Year advertisement.

After You as a Customer! McGrew & Carmean, General Merchants, Kendrick, Idaho. \$5 and up. Our Stock is turning over and over daily so it's bound to keep fresh.

1890. HAMLEY & CO., 1900. DEALERS IN HARNESS AND SADDLERY. We have been here nearly ten years. We guarantee everything we sent out to be satisfactory.

Idaho Meat and Provision Co. J. M. WILD, Proprietor. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS. FRESH AND SALT MEATS. POULTRY AND GAME IN SEASON. KENDRICK IDAHO.

Pioneer Dray and Express Line, KENDRICK, IDAHO. Wood, Ice and Sound Shingles kept constantly on hand. I am prepared to do any and all kinds of work in my line in and about Kendrick.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES. Assets \$280,191,287. Insurance fund 219,073,809. Surplus \$6,117,478. Outstanding Assurance, \$1,054,416,422. Applied for In 1899 \$237,356,610. Examined and Declined \$34,054,778. New Assurance issued \$203,301,832. JAMES W. ALEXANDER, President. JAMES H. HYDE, Vice-President. Allenberg & Vedder, Manager. 202 Trades Block, Spokane, Wash.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Rotary Motion and Ball Bearings. THE NEW HOOK SIMPLEST & BEST EVER INVENTED. Sold by W. R. Graham.

St. Elmo Hotel, CLINTON & SHARP, Proprietors. Kendrick, Idaho. NEW MANAGEMENT, NEW WHITE COOKS. Special care given to the comfort of the public. St. Elmo Bar (In Connection) Where the best brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, ARE KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

KENT'S MARKET M. E. Kent, Proprietor, Kendrick, Idaho. BUTCHER and PACKER, fresh and Cured Meats. fish and Game in season. I have fitted up a neat and commodious market, where I will keep on hand a complete stock in my line, and I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

H. SCHWITZER, (SUCCESSOR TO L. L. CARMEAN.) Is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, In a perfect and workmanlike manner. Wood and Wagon shop in connection. My prices right. Give me a call. Kendrick, Idaho.

NORTHERN PACIFIC VESTIBULE TRAINS—DINING CARS. TIME CARD—KENDRICK EAST-BOUND ARR. DEPART No. 10 Daily 8:15 am 8:15 am. WEST-BOUND No. 9 Daily 1:50 pm 1:50 pm. GET PERMIT AT TICKET OFFICE FOR Pullman First Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Bear Creek Bridge Collapsed.

The wagon bridge across Big Bear creek, located about two miles above Kendrick, collapsed yesterday about 10:30 a. m., while El Barker and Joseph Campbell were crossing it with a load of wood. Joseph Campbell was killed and El Barker was lashed about the legs and hips. The bridge had been damaged by the January flood and had not been repaired, although it was in use daily. The wagon had reached about the center of the bridge when it gave way throwing the wagon, team and men to the creek bottom below. The wagon, wood and timbers of the bridge falling upon Mr. Campbell killing him almost instantly. The brake staff and staks of the wagon saved Mr. Barker from meeting with a similar fate. After extricating himself from the wreck, Mr. Barker secured help at once and assisted in taking Mr. Campbell out. It was found that Mr. Campbell's head had struck upon a large rock, fracturing the skull which caused unconsciousness, and that death had resulted from drowning, his head being held under the water by the load. He was about fifty years of age, and lived on the bench of Big Bear creek. He was unmarried and has no relatives in this section. The coroner's inquest to enquire into the cause of the death of the deceased, held this morning, rendered a verdict, "That the deceased came to his death by the breaking down of the Big Bear creek bridge." The county commissioners were notified of the unsafe condition of the bridge several weeks ago, but never took any action towards repairing it. The result will be a damage suit against the county.

Death of George Hechtner.

(Special Correspondence to the Gazette.) Leland, May 23.—The funeral of Geo. Hechtner, son of Fred Hechtner, the prominent Potlatch hunter, who was shot accidentally while hunting on Dick's creek, Friday evening, May 18, by Ed. Thompson, was held at the M. E. church, South, in Leland Monday at 11 a. m. Rev. Miller officiating, and notwithstanding the very inclement weather was one of the largest funeral gatherings ever held in Leland. Mr. Hechtner was 20 years of age and was known and highly respected by a large circle of friends, he having lived near Leland from childhood, who are grief-stricken by his sudden and accidental death.

Mr. Hechtner, with Arthur Webster was camping on Dick's creek at the cabin of Messrs. Taylor and Thompson who were mining Friday afternoon. Messrs. Hechtner and Thompson started for what are known as the Mason Meadows, about three miles from Dick's creek. Mr. Webster starting to prospect with Mr. Gill, who is working the old Dutchman claim. In the evening about 7 o'clock, while returning from the meadows and on top of the mountain at an open space of country, surrounded by a dense growth of brush, the young men decided to go around their in opposite directions and see if they could find any game. After proceeding some distance Mr. Thompson returned to the point where they had left their horses, and when he heard the same, seeing a movement in the brush, raised his gun—a 40-82—and fired two shots in rapid succession, one of which took effect in Mr. Hechtner's back, ringing slightly upward, coming out in his left breast. After being shot the latter walked about sixty feet and laid down in the road, exclaiming "Ed, you have shot me; go for Art." Upon Mr. Webster's arrival he asked him to do a few things for his personal comfort, telling him that he was "done for," and requesting him to go for Doctor Stoneburner, who, together with Dr. Watts, of Southwick, hasten to the relief of the wounded man, but nothing could be done to save his life.

The country where Hechtner was shot being very densely timbered, it was necessary for a number of men to work faithfully until nearly 3 a. m. Saturday before it was possible to get Hechtner to a cabin where he peacefully passed away at 7 o'clock Saturday morning.

A great relief to the friends of both parties is the fact that Mr. Hechtner fully exonerated Mr. Thompson before his death.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our most heart felt thanks to the many friends for the kindness and sympathy shown to us in our loss by the sudden and accidental death of our son and brother, and especially to Mr. Gill and others who worked so nobly for his welfare and comfort while in the timber.

MR. AND MRS. FRED HECHTNER AND FAMILY.

Commencement.

The Fifth Annual Commencement exercises of the University of Idaho, will be held at the University Auditorium from June 10th, to 13th. The following program will be rendered:

- SUNDAY, 11:00 A. M. Baccalaureate Sermon.....Rev. Geo. W. Wallace SUNDAY, 8:30 P. M. Address to Young Men and Young Women's Christian Associations.....Rev. W. C. Fowler MONDAY, 8:30 P. M. Annual Concert.....Department of Music TUESDAY, 2:30 P. M. Senior Class Day.....TUESDAY, 8:30 P. M. University oration.....Hon. J. W. Huston WEDNESDAY, 10 A. M. Commencement. Annual Address to the Graduating.....Class.....Gen. Charles King Conferring Degrees.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers purify the blood, clean the liver, invigorate the system. Famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. White & Co.

ROYAL Baking Powder Made from pure cream of tartar. Safeguards the food against alum. Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

At the upper American Ridge School house May 19, 1900 State Inspector Alex McPherson gave a lecture upon bugs—their habits and what is necessary for their destruction. Mr. McPherson spoke upon the conditions of the orchards in various districts in north Idaho. Starting on the Clearwater and Snake river district with the San Jose Scale and Codlin Moth—the Potlatch districts Codlin Moth and the Coeur d'Alene district with its pests.

After Inspector McPherson concluded Prof. Aldrich of Moscow University gave a short out line pertaining to the Horticultural law from 1899 up to the present date and its working. State Inspector McPherson is making a vigorous fight on insect pests and fungous diseases—and upon his recommendation an organization was formed to be known as the North Idaho Fruit Growers Association. This association was organized for the purpose of assisting our local and State inspectors in the enforcement of the law and upholding them in their struggle to eradicate the pests that now threaten the fruit trees of the entire north part of the state namely the San Jose Scale. This pest is spreading rapidly and is very destructive, in most cases fatal to fruit trees unless taken in time. This pest is now confined upon the rivers but is gradually spreading. The scale, for a long time, was confined to Lewiston then spread to the orchards adjoining the city until now it has reached up and down both rivers and threatens to attack the upland orchards. The local inspector seems to have had no control of the pests heretofore, but under the present inspector, Mr. Isaman, we hope the law will be enforced so that the scale will be eradicated from North Idaho. The history of all fruit countries—every dog has his day, and every bug his enemy. But not so with the scale and Codling Moth—two pests that man only is their enemy, and unless man slays the pests the pests will down the man and all his trees. This district according to last report has 8000 acres of orchards which adds wonderfully to the value of the state. Now for the scale get the start in those upland orchards which it is bound to do unless eradicated in its present location, will ruin hundreds of acres of trees and North Idaho as an ideal fruit country. We therefore endorse Inspector McPherson's work in eradicating this dreaded pest and shall be glad to assist local inspectors Isaman and Russell in their never tiring vigilance in carrying out the State Inspector's advice and the law of the State of Idaho. U. S. G. EVANS, Secretary.

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J. W. Vaughan, Photographer. Portraits, Views and Enlarged Work. All work Guaranteed to be First-Class and up to date. Gallery Opposite Depot. Kendrick, Idaho.

Democratic Convention.

The democratic county convention to elect delegates to the Lewiston convention June 5, and to the one at Pocatello, July 17, was held at Moscow last Saturday. Every precinct was represented by a full delegation and the proceedings throughout were marked by the utmost harmony. A resolution was passed instructing the chairman and secretary of the democratic county central committee to confer with like officials of other reform parties in the county with the view of having the various county nominating conventions held at the same time and place; the resolution being the initial move toward effecting a union of all the reform forces in the county for the coming campaign. The delegates elected to the conventions are as follows:

- To Lewiston: J. H. Gaffney, Fred Follett, Geo. Langdon, W. L. Payne, Miss Isa Whitworth, F. E. Mix, Thos. Stinson, Mrs. C. D. Huffman, J. W. Plummer, J. F. Collins and J. S. Vincent. To Pocatello: W. J. Herman, F. K. Bressler, T. Driscoll, C. W. Shields, F. L. Moore, F. N. Gilbert, P. J. Scallion, Samuel Gray, Virgil Raudall, Math Jacobs and R. M. Walker.

The issues of the convention developed no contest. Both delegations are friendly to Governor Steunenberg and the one to Pocatello will support his state administration. The delegates to the convention were confident that the reform forces throughout the county would effect an honorable union and that their ticket would be victorious in Latah county this fall.

Facts to Remember.

- That Hull keeps a full line of Fancy and Staple Groceries. That for fruit jars go to Hull's. That you will find at Hull's a large line of Men's Dress and Working shirts. That Hull's line of Shoes consists of the best makes and latest styles and every pair warranted. That the place to buy Chinaware, Glassware and Lamps is at Hull's. That Hull will close out his line of Clocks at prices never before heard of. That Hull's Silver and Plated Ware will stand the test. That Hull is the only one in town that keeps a full line of Embroidery and Linen Silks. That Hull sells goods at a small profit—his expenses being so small he can afford to.

See the spring hats at Mrs. S. E. Hazen's.

Math Jacobs did business at Moscow yesterday.

For SALE—A coal oil, cast iron cook stove. Call at this office.

Did you see those Shirt waists at Kasper's? The very latest and best.

Born—At Gardfield Wash. May 21st to the wife of A. W. Trine, a daughter. A good, three-room dwelling for rent. For further particulars apply at this office.

W. A. Stevens, of the contracting firm of Stevens & Collins, did business here Wednesday.

D. S. McCrea made a business trip to Spokane early in the week, returning home yesterday.

The Kendrick Tannery, C. Sattler, proprietor, is always ready to purchase hides at market prices.

A number of good, fresh milk cows for sale cheap. For further information apply at this office.

A daughter was born to the wife of A. D. Keller, Wednesday, May 23, 1900, in this city. All doing well.

Mrs. W. E. Kerr and son are visiting relatives and friends at Dayton, Wash. this week. Mr. Kerr accompanied them as far as Pullman.

Work was commenced on the Potlatch bridge at this place the first of the week and Contractor Oliver hopes to have it completed by June 10.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Keller came in from their claim in the white pines on Saturday and will visit with friends here for several weeks.

Mrs. R. Churchill, Berlin, Va., "Our baby was covered with running sores, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her." A specific for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits. A. C. White & Co.

Geo. W. Goutts is loaning money for the Deming Investment Co., on three, five and seven years time, with privilege to pay off at any interest payment. Interest low. Plenty of money. Bank building, Kendrick, Idaho.

J. De Clarke, Portland, Ore., says, "I suffered from piles for many years, but I cured them with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve." It is infallible for piles and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. A. C. White & Co.

Mr. E. G. Farris of Gardfield, Wash. and E. P. Atchison of this place let the contract Tuesday for two buildings to be built on their Gardfield property to Stevens & Collins. The buildings are to be 32x88 and will cost about \$8,000.

L. R. Clinton, of the firm Clinton & Sharp, received the sad news of his sister's death at Salt Lake Tuesday, and left here Wednesday for the latter place to be in attendance at the funeral. Mr. Clinton will be accompanied home by his mother who will remain here with her son during the summer.

It takes but a minute to overcome tickling in the throat and to stop a cough by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. This remedy quickly cures all forms of throat and lung troubles. Harmless and pleasant to take. It prevents consumption. A famous specific for grippe and its after effects. A. C. White & Co.

The firm of Walker & Hall, of Moscow, has been dissolved; J. R. Hall will continue the business. Capt. J. M. Walker has retired from the business and has returned to Kendrick to make his home among us again. The GAZETTE joins his many old friends in extending to him a hearty welcome.

One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy I ever used for coughs and colds. It is unequalled for whooping cough. Children all like it," writes H. N. Williams, Gentryville, Ind. Never fails. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Cures coughs, colds, hoarseness, croup, pneumonia, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Its early use prevents consumption. A. C. White & Co.

A freight train on the Northern Pacific ran down a hand-car on a high trestle near Cheney, Wash., on Wednesday, and Fred. Mohr, brother of Mrs. C. F. Hamlin of this city, was thrown to the bottom of a deep gulch and killed. The other men on the hand-car with Mohr escaped by hanging to the cross timbers of the trestle. The remains of Mr. Mohr will arrive on this afternoon's train and will be buried on American Ridge. The funeral will take place this afternoon.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough. Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure—John E. Clifford, Proprietor Norwood House, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by White & Co.

4th. of JULY! Citizens' Meetings will be called all over the U. S. in the next 30 days to determine the question of Celebrations. You are sure to go to some of these Gatherings and it is none to early to determine what you must purchase in the way of Clothing and Dry Goods. Later Stocks will be broken up, choice selections gone and you then must take what others have refused. Never before was such an assortment in every line placed in any store in Kendrick as you can now find at the store of J. Kasper.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. Lynch, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is sold by White & Co.

Having been appointed census enumerator for Kendrick, Big Bear and Gold Hill precincts and realizing the extent of territory and the work to be done during the month of June as required by law, I would kindly urge upon the farmers of the district assigned me, to have prepared before my visit a careful estimate of the amount of all products of every kind produced on their farms during 1899, and the cash value of each article, including the increase of all stock and their value; also the present condition of all farming implements; the amount of acreage used and kind of grain, and value, whether sold, used or on hand. As my time will be so limited, I will greatly appreciate such a prepared estimate. W. D. PEMBERTON.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demonic enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by White & Co.

The University Summer School opens June 20th, and continues six weeks. Courses of instruction are offered in the Common and High School branches, Music, Physical Culture, Naturg-study, Pedagogy, Psychology, Mathematics and in the Ancient and Modern Languages, including Spanish. A daily lecture of a popular character will be given on some literary, scientific or pedagogical subject. Tuition Free. Meals at University Club \$2.00 a week. Furnished rooms 50 cents a week, unfurnished \$1.00 a month. For circular address J. E. Bonebright, Chairman Faculty Committee on Summer School. J. F. BLANTON, President.

Notice to Take Depositions. In the District Court of the State of Idaho, and for Latah county. L. H. Roberts plaintiff vs. Ida P. Roberts defendant. State of Idaho, } County of Latah, } To Ida P. Roberts defendant: You will please take notice that the deposition of E. E. Hill, a witness on behalf of plaintiff in the above entitled action, to be used on the trial thereof, will be taken at the office of C. H. Jacobson, room 1 Iron Building, 17th and Arapahoe Street, Denver, Colorado, before competent authority, on the 4th day of June, 1900.

That the deposition of S. E. Roberts, a witness on behalf of plaintiff in the above entitled action, to be used on the trial thereof, will be taken between the hours of nine o'clock A. M., and four o'clock P. M., on said days respectively, and if not completed on said days will be continued from day to day successively until completed. Dated May 7th, 1900. L. H. ROBERTS, Plaintiff. By T. W. Bartley, his attorney.

Mr. J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., saved his child's life by One Minute Cough Cure. Doctors had given her up to die with croup. It's an infallible cure for coughs, colds, grippe, pneumonia, bronchitis and throat and lung troubles. Relieves at once. A. C. White & Co.

Wienerswurst at Kent's Market.

For empty kegs and barrels go to Terry's. Fresh home-made lard at Kent's Market. Fresh Salmon and Crabs at Kent's Market. Fine watch repairing a specialty. L. A. Kerr.

For a cool glass of beer go to the Court saloon.

For A No. 1 liquor call for a bottle of Old Jug Rye at the Court Saloon.

A fine lot of pickled pigs feet and tripe just received at Kent's Market.

FOR SALE—A good second-hand hack for sale cheap. Enquire at this office.

For all eye troubles, either requiring medical treatment, operations or spectacles address Washington Optical Co., Eye Specialists, Riverside Avenue, Spokane.

"I was nearly dead with dyspepsia, tried doctors, visited mineral springs, and grew worse. I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. That cured me. It digests what you eat. Cures indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn and all forms of dyspepsia. A. C. White & Co.

Will Close Out at Cost. In order to make room for my spring stock I will close out my entire stock (excepting solid gold goods and watches) at a discount of 25 per cent. L. A. KERR, Postoffice building.

A Follower of Measles.—In many instances a persistent cough follows an attack of measles. In speaking of this Mr. Walter B. Beel, editor of the Elkin (N. C.) Times, says: "Three weeks ago I had an attack of measles which left me with a bad cough. I took several doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the cough has entirely disappeared. I consider Chamberlain's medicines the best on the market." For sale by White & Co.

Miss Annie E. Gunning, Tyre, Mich., says, "I suffered a long time from dyspepsia; lost flesh and became very weak. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure completely cured me." It digests what you eat and cures all forms of stomach trouble. It never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases. A. C. White & Co.

THE RAILROAD HOUSE,

M. C. Normoyle, Proprietor. Spokane, Washington. The largest and best \$1 and \$1.25 a day house in the city. Street cars pass the door every 10 minutes to all parts of the city.

S. L. McFARLAND,

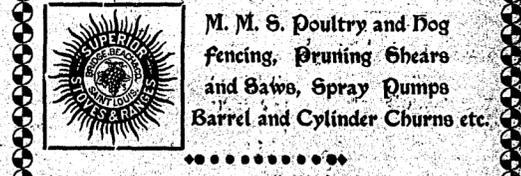
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW LEWISTON, IDAHO. Practice before all the Courts and the U. S. Land Office.

Geo. W. Goutts,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Kendrick, Idaho. All business promptly and carefully attended to. Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office in First National Bank building. NOTARY PUBLIC. B. F. MORRIS, LAND ATTORNEY, Lewiston, Idaho. Attend to contests, makes up all papers, and does any and all business before the U. S. Land Office at Lewiston, Idaho, and the Land Department at Washington, D. C. Office next door to U. S. Land Office.

We Call Your Attention

To Our Line of M. M. S. Poultry and Hog fencing, Pruning Shears and Saws, Spray Pumps Barrel and Cylinder Churns etc.



Before Buying Examine

The Mitchell Wagon, the Mitchell and Racine Hacks, Demney Buggies, Oliver Plows, J. I. Case Harrows.

Clark's Right-Lap Cutaways.

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M. C. Normoyle, Proprietor. Spokane, Washington. The largest and best \$1 and \$1.25 a day house in the city. Street cars pass the door every 10 minutes to all parts of the city.

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FOR MIDDLE-AGED WOMEN.

Two Letters from Women Helped Through the "Change of Life" by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When I first wrote to you I was in a very bad condition. I was passing through the change of life, and the doctors said I had bladder and liver trouble. I had suffered for nine years. Doctors failed to do me any good. Since I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, my health has improved very much. I will gladly recommend your medicine to others and am sure that it will prove as great a blessing to them as it has to me."—MRS. GEO. H. JUNE, 901 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Relief Came Promptly "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had been under treatment with the doctors for four years, and seemed to get no better. I thought I would try your medicine. My trouble was change of life, and I must say that I never had anything help me so much as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Relief came almost immediately. I have better health now than I ever had. I feel like a new woman, perfectly strong. I give Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound all the credit, and would not do without her medicine for anything. I have recommended it to several of my friends. There is no need of women suffering so much for Mrs. Pinkham's remedies are a sure cure."—MAMALA BUTLER, Bridge-water, Ill.

Another Woman Helped "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during change of life and derived great benefit from its use."—MARY E. JAMES, 130 Coydon St., Bradford, Pa.

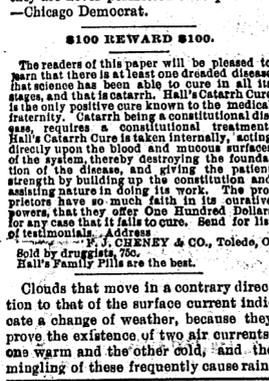
Help Wanted. Mistress—How did you happen to let the fire go out? New Girl—I'm sure I don't know, ma'am, unless you happened to forget to tell me to put coal on.—Chicago Evening News.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It cures itching, swollen, smarting, red, raw feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discoverer of the age. Allen's Foot-Powder makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for itching, swollen, sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Critics. Affairs can easily reach a crisis, but they are never permitted to stop there.—Chicago Democrat.

\$100 REWARD \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical community. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. F. J. CLEGG & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Clouds that move in a contrary direction to that of the surface current indicate a change of weather, because they prove the existence of two air currents, one warm and the other cold, and the mingling of these frequently cause rain.



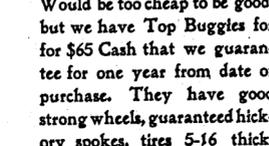
A TOP BUGGY FOR \$50.00...

Would be too cheap to be good, but we have Top Buggies for \$65 Cash that we guarantee for one year from date of purchase. They have good strong wheels, guaranteed hickory spokes, tires 5-16 thick, round edge and projecting over the felloe, to protect same. We have others at \$70, \$75, \$80, \$85 and up. Road Wagons at \$40 and up. Mitchell Farm Spring Wagons and Harness.

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SOLDIER OF '68 JOINS THE NORTH AND THE SOUTH.



Since the close of the war with Spain Memorial day has assumed a new significance. The dead of two wars are honored, and the real meaning of the day is brought home to the later generation as it never has been before. The business that time gives memories of those who have gone to their last resting place brushed aside and the real import of the day stands out with more distinctness. One day in the year may well be given over entirely to honoring our soldier dead. It is not too much. They gave up their lives, some to hold the country undivided and some to relieve a down-trodden people at the threshold of our republic. We owe them a debt of gratitude that we never can repay, whether they fought in the civil war or the war with Spain. Their devotion and their courage entitle them to the grateful remembrance we show, and the recent additions to their number make the real significance of the exercises more distinct.

DECORATION DAY.

Why, now, it don't seem like a year her goes to his day year. Since we was fallin' into line to celebrate this here. It don't seem possible, yit that's the trick of time allus plays. 'N' every year 'll git more short 'twixt Decoration days. 'N' every year the roll-call 'll be gittin' shorter, too. We're missin' one of our boys that we didn't use to do. The names is droppin' off—no tellin' which one of us may be. Be counted out at muster on next Decoration Day. It's gittin' kinder funny, too, to see the 'ol' gray heads. For blame it is every one of us ain't showin' signs of age. Or fellers yers, the youngest ain't got nothin' in 'em to say. 'N' ten years ago on Decoration Day.

Why, we was on'ly boys—mere boys—ten years ago; but then we'd somehow got the notion up to think we'd be here. 'N' so, p'raps ten years from now, if any of us stay, we'll think that we was on'ly boys this Decoration Day. Then close in, veterans, close in, men; of touch elbows again—that's right—it warms you up like wine. P'raps 'll be here more 'll meet—brace up 'n' step out say; We might be angels touchin' wings next Decoration Day.

ON THE ROLL OF HONOR. He always knew when Mike was coming; the manner of his entrance never left room for doubt. There was always the confused murmur of a wordy dispute with the elevator boy downstairs who refused to operate his machine for newboys, the quick rush of bare feet up the stairs to the shrill accents of "Mah Coal Black Lady," the door would fly open with a crash and Mike would be in the center of the room shouting "E'ven Journal! Lat'st war news!" from a golden imagination yellowing the already very yellow news of his paper in a manner that must have won him an editorship could the proprietor of the sheet have heard him. This particular May afternoon the method of his entrance differed in no way from the usual routine, save that the door flew open a little more suddenly and swung to again with a little louder crash if possible. But once inside it was evident that Mike was unduly excited. The papers which he usually held out in front of arm's length to display to the best advantage, were tucked under one arm; his black eyes glared jubilantly and he entirely forgot business and the startling news of his papers in the vastly greater importance of his own news. "Say, wot yer tink! De ol' man's list-ed for a sojer; he's got'n t'war! Ain't he a bird?" he shouted; "I inquired. "Mine! Me dad! Whoed'er yer suppose? Git de wood out of yer tinker!" he replied scornfully. "But, Mike, who is going to support the family?" I inquired, remembering a vivid description Mike had once given me of six little Murphys of whom he was the eldest and only "fever" at that. "De family's all right. Dad says dat it's his go-off to de scrap de folks wot stays home is bound to take care uv his family. Say, yer ought to see 'im. He's all right, yer bet! De reg'ment marches to-morrer."

It was the first time I had ever heard Mike speak of his father with anything like respect. I knew him to be a drunken, self-centered, who abused his wife and children and contributed little to their support. The days were on. Regiment after regiment passed through the city en route for the South and Mike was joyously full of excitement. Every afternoon he blew into the office and every day his stories of the news grew bigger and more colorful. He followed every move of the army and his imagination ran riot with the possibilities of the world-changing drama being enacted. Every scrap of news in regard to his father's regiment was on his tongue's end, and I soon found that with the coming of his blue coat his father had become a hero. As for Mike himself he was the same impudent, shrewd, dirty, rascally little rascal as of yore, one of the most successful newboys on the street, an inveterate scrapper and rambler, and on his own confession, rarely at night having more than half his day's earnings to take home. When I demonstrated with him and pointed out that he should take his father's place, he was always ready with an answer, fol-

ing back on the old argument that it was his father's place to look after his family. The summer wore on. The Fourth of July dawned hot and sultry. The temperature rose with the sun; at 10 o'clock it was 80; at 11 o'clock 90 and at noon it registered 90 in the shade. The glare from the asphalt streets blinded the eyes. Men panted for breath and now and then one fell. The water front and the parks were thronged with women and children seeking relief. Those who succumbed were taken to the hospitals, but no one minded them. Down before Santiago 16,000 men in dingy brown canvas blue trimmed uniforms in the blistering heat of a tropical climate were fighting against overwhelming odds. On the day before had come the news of a disastrous defeat, and the night had closed down in gloom. To-day the defeat had been turned into a victory and the cable had flashed home the details of a great naval victory besides. The great city sweltered and sweated and waited for confirmation and for the list of dead.

That afternoon business called me to the office. For an hour I worked and then fell to thinking of the great tragedy being enacted. Suddenly I became aware that someone was standing by my desk. "E'ven Journal, sir? List uv dead and wounded." It was Mike, but I hardly recognized the voice. All the impudence, the old-time braggadoocio was gone, and he had come in so quietly. "Why, Mike—how began. Then I noticed the trace of tears furrowed through the dirt on the two grimy cheeks. There was an unwonted seriousness in the deep black eyes and an unmistakable quiver in the voice as he repeated, "E'ven Journal, sir? Extra, jes' out. 'Plete list uv dead 'n' wounded."

snatched the paper eagerly and tossed Mike a nickel. "Never mind the nickel, I said, and plunged into the details of the fight. When I glanced up Mike was still there. "If yer please, sir," he began, standing on one leg and uneasily rubbing it with the dirty brown foot of the other. "If yer please, sir, could I count yer reg'lar for a polper every night? Ol—Ol got ter 'port dat fam'ly now 'cause Ol'm t' head uv it. He—he dere, sir," he finished with a dry sob, pointing to the open page before me. Glancing down the column in heavy black, bold-faced type, I saw the name of Private Dennis A. Murphy on the roll of honor with the brief, explanatory line, "Shot through the head."

Mike drew a step nearer. "Say," he said, with a touch of his old-time coarseness, "he's here now, t' head of Mike has several regular customers in the office now, but he no longer blows in like a miniature hurricane. He comes and goes quickly but quietly. He is full of business, and although his former impudence now and then flashes out it is in a guarded way that will lose him no customers. He is always ready for a scrap when anyone intrudes upon his rights, but he has given up fighting for the fun of the thing, and he no longer carries pennies and gambles away his hard-earned money. "Yer see, Ol'm de head uv de fam'ly now, an' have ter help me mither," he explains.

The other day he came into the office with the old-time rush. "They've got me father's body, an' it's ter be buried here," he cried. Then after a moment's thought he inquired wistfully, "Say, do yer s'pose de sojers'll march ter his grave an' put a flag an' flowers on 't Morial' day?" "Thornton N. Burgess, in Orange Judd Farmer.

Their Tents of Green. Marching steadily, loyal and true, Come the survivors clad in blue. While the Old Flag floated overhead, Greeted the living, honors the dead. Worthy of honor as king or queen, Silent 'neath their tents of green. With sleeping lions dipp'd in dew, Youth and beauty their graves shall strew. To memories grim, of bygone years, We tribute pay—in falling tears.

There's many a grave we cannot place, That hides an unforgetful face. May oracles sing their sweetest lay, Or mounded earth of blue or gray. For those that sleep 'neath the ocean's blue, Our hearts are throbbing ever true. Beyond the sunset's beautiful gate, Are glancing tents where angels wait. To guide the swaying columns through, The golden streets beyond the blue. —American Cultivator.

The British government makes no examination to determine the validity of a device for which a patent is asked, but takes it for granted that every invention is new and grants a patent to every applicant, leaving his claim, if contested, to be subsequently determined by the courts.

Listy's "The Flood" which was sold by the artist in 1876 for \$8, was recently sold in Paris for \$8,900. Nature begins fools, and women do them and do a humane job.

ON THITHER COAST.

New Gold Fields on the Siberian Shore Will Be Opened to American Miners.

New gold fields rivaling in richness the deposits of Cape Nome will be opened to American miners, if the expectations of the members of the Russian expedition, which arrived in New York on the Campania, on its way to Northeastern Siberia, are fulfilled.

Vladimir Woularsky, a colonel of the Russian Imperial Guard, obtained the concession of the Siberian tract which the expedition is to examine. There were more than 40 applicants for the grant, which had been sought with eagerness since the discovery of gold on the American side of Behring sea. By means of court influence, Woularsky carried off the prize. He formed a company in Russia, which planned the present expedition, headed by A. Rogdanovitch, a Russian engineer. It is understood that a subsidiary company has been formed in England in connection with the concession, but secrecy is maintained in regard to the English and American interests.

Miners who have visited the Siberian coast by stealth have reported that it is practically the same as the Nome coast, consisting of a strip of beach, behind which lies a tundra, or belt of gold-bearing sand. Many companies have been formed to work dredges and pumps off the coast of Cape Nome, in order to draw up the precious sand where it reaches the beach. It is expected that the operation of these appliances will be prevented by the beach miners, and that apparatus in which large capital has been invested will be idle, unless new fields are opened to it. If the expedition to Siberia finds what it expects, the company will invite pumps and dredges to cross to the Siberian shore and operate there upon payment of a royalty.

Hookey, the English promoter, has nothing to do with the plan. George D. Roberts, who is a veteran California miner, will be a member of the exploring party. Mr. Roberts has made a study of gold deposits in sea sands, and has a plan for extracting the gold from the frozen tundra. The expedition will sail from San Francisco about June 1, after the Russians have conferred with the Russian minister at Washington. It will return about November 1, and expects then to make a complete report of the possibilities of the region.

Mr. Roberts said today that, from information he had received, the deposit of gold on the Siberian coast promised to be the most valuable ever discovered. No attempt will be made to work the tundra this year, but the party hopes to be able to make some contracts with American owners of pumps and dredges.

Northwest Notes. The Oregon Hogrovers' Association last week sold 670 hogs of hops. A telephone exchange with 20 subscribers is to be established in Canyon City, Or.

The Umatilla Indians have invited the Nez Percés of Idaho, to join them in a Fourth of July celebration that will last about a week.

The Shamokawa, Wash., creamery is now turning out 175 pounds of gilt edge butter daily. It finds a ready market in Portland at top-notch prices.

The new creamery located at Norway, Or., has commenced operations. The plant is complete in every respect and is in charge of a competent manager.

Camas Prairie, southeast from Heppner, Or., is a great dairy region, and 800 cows are being milked there. The creameries pay 62 to 82 cents per 100 pounds for milk.

The original townsite of Prairie City, Or., was 80 acres. A land company has just platted additions to the extent of 394 acres, providing liberally for depot grounds, repair shops, etc.

Asotin, Wash., will soon have a bank, arrangements having been made to establish such an enterprise there by E. J. and W. L. Thompson, recently of Wisconsin. The bank will be organized under the state banking laws and will begin with a paid in capital of \$25,000.

The Anti-Saloon League, at Colfax, Wash., has a membership of about 80 persons, who are antagonistic to the saloon, and more especially to such as may violate the liquor selling laws. Active work is to be begun by the organization against the liquor traffic in the near future.

Grant county offered a reward of \$450 for the recapture of Al Keeton, held for murder, and William Wallace, charged with horse stealing, and it was divided equally between William Byram and Ray Short, of Canyon City; Ed Luce and Hamp Officer, of John Day, and W. C. Gibbs, of Susanville.

G. W. Kiger has a contract from the government to furnish 2,000 tons of rock to be placed behind the spur dikes recently constructed in Tillamook bay. As it is seen that the dikes are doing the work for which they were intended, the rock is for the purpose of making them permanent. Mr. Kiger will receive \$1 a ton for the rock.

Failing to get all the saw timber needed into the river last winter, because of lack of snow, William Codd, the Colfax sawmill owner, has determined to haul the necessary logs to water on wheels. An outfit of 10 or 12 big teams was sent into the woods on the upper Palouse river for this purpose. The necessary feed and supplies were taken from Colfax. This will be a rather costly method of floating sawlogs, but the lumber demand is good and it is found necessary in order to meet the call.

A hardware man of Independence, Or., sold nine incubators and nine brooders recently, and the inference is drawn that chickens will be numerous in that market this year.

John S. Herrin, who owns one of the finest bands of sheep in the Hogue river valley, numbering 2,500 head of the French merino breed, is engaged in shearing, having a force of six men. He has introduced a sheep shearing machine, run by footpower, the three clippers being the first in this section. They take off more wool than the old shears and do a humane job.

BRADSTREET'S REPORT.

Inactive Demand and Weaker Prices Are the Features.

Bradstreet's says: The trade situation this week may be summed up in the phrase, inactive demand and weaker prices. While in many respects the industrial situation is easier than it was, the unsettlement in the building trades continues marked, the reflex action being exhibited in the unsettled demand for building material and weaker prices for lumber and for many products used in the building industry.

Iron and steel buyers are still holding off, most of the business done being for small lots for immediate consumption. Relatively good reports come from the retail trade at most centers, notwithstanding the backward spring, but as yet the volume of reorder business from wholesalers and jobbers has proved disappointing. Finished cotton and woolen goods remain steady.

Wool is weaker, owing to the restricted demand from manufacturers and in sympathy with lower prices set at many grades at the London wool sales. Relatively a good report comes from the distribution trade in shoes, but manufacturers are hanging back in their purchases of leather, and hides are rather weaker.

Relatively the best trade reports still come from the Pacific coast markets, but better weather conditions at the South have tended to brighten trade reports from that section. Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 3,480,704 bushels, against 5,537,023 last week. Business failures in the United States for the week number 174, as compared with 163 last week.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Markets. Onions, \$9. Potatoes, hot house, 40@45c doz. Potatoes, 16@17; 17@18. Beets, per sack, 60@60c. Turnips, per sack, 40@60c. Carrots, per sack, 75@85c. Parsnips, per sack, 50@75c. Cauliflower, California 85@90c. Strawberries—\$2.00 per case. Celery—40@60c per doz. Cabbage, native and California, \$1.00@1.25 per 100 pounds. Apples, \$2.00@2.75; \$3.00@3.50. Prunes, 60c per box. Butter—Creamery, 22c; Eastern 22c; dairy, 17@22c; ranch, 15@17c pound. Eggs—17c. Cheese—14@15c. Poultry—14c; dressed, 14@15c; spring, \$5. Hay—Fugot Sound Timothy, \$11.00 @12.00; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$15.00@16.00. Corn—Whole, \$23.00; cracked, \$23; feed meal, \$23. Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$20. Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.25; blended straight, \$3.00; California, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$6.00; graham, per barrel, \$3.00; whole wheat flour, \$3.00; ry flour, \$3.80@4.00. Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, \$18.00; shorts, per ton, \$14.00. Feed—Chopped feed, \$19.00 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$20; oil cake meal, per ton, \$30.00. Fresh Meats—Choice dressed beef steers, price 8c; cows, 7c; mutton 8c; pork, 8c; trimmed, 9c; veal, 8 1/2 @10c. Hams—Large, 18c; small, 13 1/2; breakfast bacon, 12 1/2c; dry salt sides, 8c.

Portland Markets. Wheat—Walla Walla, 51@52c; Valley, 52c; Bluestem, 54c per bushel. Flour—Best grades, \$3.00; graham, \$2.50; superfine, \$2.10 per barrel. Oats—Choice white, 80c; choice gray, 38c per bushel. Barley—Feed barley, \$14@14.50; brewing, \$16.00@16.50 per ton. Millstuffs—Bran, \$18 per ton; middlings, \$19; shorts, \$15; chop, \$14 per ton. Hay—Timothy, \$9@11; clover, \$7@7.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton. Butter—Fancy creamery, 80@85c; seconds, 45c; dairy, 25@30c; store, 22 1/2 @25c. Eggs—13c per dozen. Cheese—Oregon full cream, 18c; Young America, 14c; new cheese 10c per pound. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$4.00@4.50 per dozen; hens, \$5.00; springs, \$2.50@3.50; geese, \$3.50@3.00 for old; \$4.50@6.50; ducks, \$6.00@7.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 14@15c per pound. Potatoes—40@65c per sack; sweets, 2@3 1/2 c per pound. Vegetables—Beets, \$1; turnips, 75c; per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cabbage, 1 1/2 c per pound; parsnips, 7c; onions, 8c per pound; carrots, 60c. Hops—2@8c per pound. Wool—Valley, 12@13c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@15c; mohair, 27@30c per pound. Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 8 1/2 c; dressed mutton, 7@7 1/2 c per pound; lambs, 5 1/2 c. Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed, \$5.00@6.50 per 100 pounds. Beef—Gross, top steers, \$4.00@4.50; cows, \$3.50@4.00; dressed beef, 6 1/2 @7 1/2 c per pound. Veal—Large, 6 1/2 @7 1/2 c; small, 8 @8 1/2 c per pound. Tallow—5@5 1/2 c; No. 2 and grease, 8 1/2 @4c per pound.

Paris in 1900. For the benefit of those who intend visiting Paris during the exposition, the Rio Grande Western railway has gotten out an attractive folder illustrative and descriptive of the main features of the exposition. It contains some valuable hints for intending visitors and descriptive articles upon Place de La Concorde, Arc de Triomphe, the Madeleine, the Column of July, the Trocadero, Hotel de Ville, Column Vendome, the Louvre, the Grand opera house, the Bourse and the tomb of Napoleon, in addition to a bird's eye view of the exposition grounds. The folder, or pamphlet, is gotten out in handy form, and is written in a pleasant and attractive style. It, in fact, gives in little space everything one going to the exposition would like to know before starting on his journey.

For copies of the Paris exposition folder and other advertising matter descriptive of the Rocky mountains' famous scenery, tributary to the Rio Grande Western railway and its connections, write J. D. MANSFIELD, Gen'l Agent, 253 Washington St., Portland, Ore.

The Automobile in South America. In the enterprising cities of Buenos Ayres automobile carriages are no uncommon sight, in the form both of private vehicles and of delivery wagons. Cycle roads now radiate from Buenos Ayres to distances of 60 and 70 miles in the surrounding country, and under the care of the Argentine Touring Club these roads are reserved for the use of bicycles and automobiles.—Youth's Companion.

I am sure Pisco's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. T. R. ROBINSON, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Uncompromising. Small Boy—Wanter buy a dog, mister? Mr. Dignified—Not that kind of a dog. Why, he looks as if he had fleas! "He has got 'em, but yer got ter give 'im dat dog credit for wun' ting." "And what's that?" "He don't like 'em."—Ohio State Journal.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period. The Acme of Bliss. Cholly—My brother is in luck. He's got a place as floor walk in a dry goods store. He is there 16 hours a day. Awtner—I can't see the luck. Cholly—You cawn't? Why, his pwants can nevah get at the knees.—N. Y. Weekly.

Food for the Caribs. Cassava and fish form the chief articles of food of the Caribs, of Guatemala, and the former is cultivated only in sufficient quantities for their daily needs, as a vegetable to eat with their fish and to make their strange bread.

Stones as Diet. Crocodiles, like ostriches, swallow pebbles and small stones, which serve the purpose of grinding their food. The natives assert that it is possible to tell the age of a crocodile by the number of stones in its stomach, for they swallow one each year. In point of fact fifteen stones have been found in the stomach of a crocodile twelve feet long, whereas the average number for younger ones vary between four and eight. So says Mr. Volkow, who has been studying this matter for several years.

A London Railway Station. Waterloo station, in London, boasts one of the largest signal boxes in the world. To control the number of trains which pass in and out of the station, 18,000 distinct lever motions and 20,000 electrical signals are required. The shuntings alone in the course of four hours number 173, the actual cause and time of each shunt being duly reported.

Men never have much respect for a unpecked man.

Morning Tiredness. Is a serious complaint. It's a warning that should be heeded. It is different from an honest tired feeling. It is a sure sign of poor blood. You can cure it by making your blood rich and pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla. That is what other people do—thousands of them. Take a few bottles of this good medicine now and you will not only get rid of that weak, languid, exhausted feeling, but it will make you feel well all through the summer.

Tired Feeling—"I had that tired feeling and did not have life or ambition to accomplish my usual amount of household work. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me relief and also cured a scrofula tendency." Mrs. R. MERRITT, Dowagiac, Mich.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Is the Best Medicine Money Can Buy.

To Be the Highest Bridge.

The Buffalo branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which will run through Bradford from Wilcox, Pa., across the bridges, by way of Lafayette, McKean county, will cross a deep and mountainous gorge in the latter vicinity with a steel viaduct nearly 600 feet high. The bridge, says the Philadelphia Ledger, will be over 3,000 feet in length, and its construction will be one of the greatest engineering feats on record. It will be the highest bridge in the world.

Curiosity Saves Life. A package marked quinine was secretly sent to a bright woman, but being curious she took it to a druggist who said it was not quinine but arsenic. A like inquiry into some of the medicines offered will certainly detect the false from the true. For half a century Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been curing indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles and has never once failed. Try it if you feel weak and tired.

Had a Sense of Humor. A sense of humor is a great thing in helping a man over a hard place, and the Biddleford Record thinks one of that city's rumssellers must be possessed of the aid of this cheerfulness. It was just after the big seizure of liquors the other day that a man who didn't know of the raid stepped up to the dismantled bar and asked for a drink. The proprietor looked at the man for a second and then spreading his arms out on the bar, said, as pleasantly as he could under the circumstances: "I'm very sorry, but I have just let the last of my stock of beer go."

PARIS IN 1900. For the benefit of those who intend visiting Paris during the exposition, the Rio Grande Western railway has gotten out an attractive folder illustrative and descriptive of the main features of the exposition. It contains some valuable hints for intending visitors and descriptive articles upon Place de La Concorde, Arc de Triomphe, the Madeleine, the Column of July, the Trocadero, Hotel de Ville, Column Vendome, the Louvre, the Grand opera house, the Bourse and the tomb of Napoleon, in addition to a bird's eye view of the exposition grounds. The folder, or pamphlet, is gotten out in handy form, and is written in a pleasant and attractive style. It, in fact, gives in little space everything one going to the exposition would like to know before starting on his journey.

For copies of the Paris exposition folder and other advertising matter descriptive of the Rocky mountains' famous scenery, tributary to the Rio Grande Western railway and its connections, write J. D. MANSFIELD, Gen'l Agent, 253 Washington St., Portland, Ore.

The Automobile in South America. In the enterprising cities of Buenos Ayres automobile carriages are no uncommon sight, in the form both of private vehicles and of delivery wagons. Cycle roads now radiate from Buenos Ayres to distances of 60 and 70 miles in the surrounding country, and under the care of the Argentine Touring Club these roads are reserved for the use of bicycles and automobiles.—Youth's Companion.

I am sure Pisco's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. T. R. ROBINSON, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Uncompromising. Small Boy—Wanter buy a dog, mister? Mr. Dignified—Not that kind of a dog. Why, he looks as if he had fleas! "He has got 'em, but yer got ter give 'im dat dog credit for wun' ting." "And what's that?" "He don't like 'em."—Ohio State Journal.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period. The Acme of Bliss. Cholly—My brother is in luck. He's got a place as floor walk in a dry goods store. He is there 16 hours a day. Awtner—I can't see the luck. Cholly—You cawn't? Why, his pwants can nevah get at the knees.—N. Y. Weekly.

Food for the Caribs. Cassava and fish form the chief articles of food of the Caribs, of Guatemala, and the former is cultivated only in sufficient quantities for their daily needs, as a vegetable to eat with their fish and to make their strange bread.

Stones as Diet. Crocodiles, like ostriches, swallow pebbles and small stones, which serve the purpose of grinding their food. The natives assert that it is possible to tell the age of a crocodile by the number of stones in its stomach, for they swallow one each year. In point of fact fifteen stones have been found in the stomach of a crocodile twelve feet long, whereas the average number for younger ones vary between four and eight. So says Mr. Volkow, who has been studying this matter for several years.